

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

FEBRUARY 1, 1896.

THE CIVIC CONTEST.

Good progress has, in the past week, been made in preparation for the contest of the 12th inst. At this moment there are in the field—

For Mayor—W. E. Dawson and Horace Hazard.

For Councilors—

Ward 1—Dawson and Clarke.

2—McCarron and McEachen.

3—Taylor.

4—Crawbe and Beer, Johnson and Nicholson.

5—Horne, Hughes, Hooper, Morris, Tanton, Wheatly.

Not much fault will, we think, be found with the personnel of most of these candidates; and we may find hope that the canvass will not be conducted upon the defamatory principle. But when seeking for public reasons why one candidate should be preferred before another, it is exceedingly difficult to discover a live civic question about which the candidates differ. None of the candidates for the City Council has, so far, published a card or given any indication of the course he will pursue, if elected. It is presumed that all are agreed to practice civic economy, keep the streets in repair and carry forward the work of sanitary reform. It seems to be presumed that all are in favor of the park roadway, that all are agreed that the time has not yet arrived for submitting to the people at the polls the question of sewerage. At any rate we have no inkling as to the opinions of the candidates concerning these matters. The question of a reduction of taxation has been raised by the Mayor, but no one except His Worship and Mr. Horace Hazard seems to be willing to express an opinion concerning it. One candidate for the Mayorality believes that a reduction of taxation can be made; another believes that it cannot. Here is an issue which may well be discussed. But those who will be elected, have to deal particularly with the question of sewerage to express their views. Certainly, the matter of reduced taxes ought to be considered worthy of investigation and discussion. If all necessary civic services can be well maintained on the smaller revenue consequent upon the proposed reduction, let us, by all means, vote for it; but if not, then let us vote against it. Having in view the experience of the Provincial Government and Legislature, the citizens of Charlottetown are not likely to permit a recurrence of civic deficits. On the other hand, if with reduced taxation the civic ends can be made to meet, every taxpayer will be pleased. The issue between the two candidates for Mayor is one that may fairly be submitted to the people; and it ought certainly to be discussed. As between the two men, many electors will find difficulty in making their decision for whom to vote. Both are men of high character and position, both have served the city well, and both have personal claims upon the electors. When Mr. Dawson is in the civic chair we know that acts and enterprises the wisdom of which is questionable, will not be permitted without the sanction of the people. On the other hand, there is in Mr. Hazard's past services for the city, good ground for his claim to the only public recognition and reward that the citizens can give. The good government of the city is, after all, of paramount importance. By those citizens who make the public good their motive for voting, the question between the two candidates for the Mayorality will probably be decided in this way: if the City Council is likely to be made up of able and discreet men for business, they will vote for Hazard; if not, they will vote for Dawson.

But some of our correspondents propose to solve the difficulty by inducing both candidates for the Mayorality to retire in favor of Mr. Peake. It seems to us that the time for this has gone by. It is to be remembered that as an elector is bound to vote as he has promised, so also is a candidate bound to run for the elector from whom he has obtained a promise. As there has already been a good deal of canvassing; many mutual obligations of this kind have been entered into; these obligations cannot be thrown off without the consent of all the electors who are bound by them,—and this consent cannot now be easily obtained. But the field is still open for Mr. Peake, and many warm friends whose votes have not yet been promised, stand ready to welcome him into it.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

—Since the writing of our Ottawa correspondence, published to-day, the grins have in canvas apparently watched up their family quarrel about the Manitoba school difficulty. We shall see what they will do about it when the Government bill is brought down.

—In the course of one of his speeches in Cape Breton Sir Charles Tupper said: "No where on the face of the globe to-day can you point to five millions of people more happy, more contented, more prosperous, or more united than the free and intelligent people of Canada. (Applause.) We have made Canada a nation. We have constructed public works that have excited the admiration of the world. We have attracted the attention of Europe as well as of the United Kingdom. We have reached a position in which all that remains to do is to persevere in the course we have undertaken to reach the highest, the grandest and most elevated position of which any Canadian has ever dreamed. (Great applause.) Under the circumstances I ask you to again rally around the standard we have so often borne to triumph in the past and strengthen our hands in accomplishing still more for the country, still more for the people than we have hitherto done. (Tremendous cheering.) Cheering as these plaudits, it will be still more cheering to find a magnificent majority rolled up at the polls." (Cries, "We will do it.")

OTTAWA LETTERS.

The Liberal Disagreement on the Manitoba School Question—See at Events, &c.

The political events of the past week at Ottawa have not been of an exciting character, and the readers of THE EXAMINER have been supplied with a synopsis of them. The principal development during the week was the back-down of the Liberal party on the Manitoba school question. Mr. Davies in his speech on the address gave the signal for the retreat, and that night the scene in room No. 6, the Liberal headquarters, was one that by no means pleased the leader. The French wing of the party was violent, and recriminations were freely indulged in. Mr. Tarte was almost to be seen in the arms of the Liberal headquarters, and the effect his words would have on their Ontario constituents. Mr. Craig on the Conservative side, was also anxious to see himself right with his constituents, and to call off their men. This was locally carried out by the Conservatives. But Mr. Tarte would not consent to do so without consulting Mr. Laurier, and the leader of the Liberal party was allowed to go ahead. But what a break he made. One moment advocating the reference of the question to a commission, or committee, of the House to report on a future date, and the next breath claiming that the matter should be dealt with without delay. The fact was evident that there was more division among the Liberals than there was among the Conservatives, and Mr. Tarte, the Liberal candidate, sent telegrams to his constituents that he would oppose Mr. Laurier's policy of submitting the question to a commission. The fact is evident that notwithstanding the division of the Conservatives on this matter, their differences sink into insignificance when compared with the disagreement of the Liberals. From reliable sources the information has been obtained that the Government remedial bill will pass with a large majority.

The work of the session is now well under way. The estimates for the year ending June, 1897, have been tabled, and the Budget Speech is promised for Thursday. It is said that Mr. Foster was ready for Tuesday, but in consequence with the request of the Opposition for delay, postponed its delivery. The Opposition, as usual, are bringing in all kinds of motions in order to make speeches on them. The redoubtable McMillen has a motion to allow corn to be imported free of duty, which, if adopted, would be a serious matter for many of the farmers of Canada. This project was tried by the Grit party in 1884, and on several occasions since, but the Conservatives voted it down. Free corn would mean the destruction of the oat trade in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, where P. E. Island farmers now get their livelihood. While the selling of oats of the farm is not the best kind of farming, yet for many years our farmers will depend on that product for a considerable portion of their income. So under the protection of a duty of 10 cents per bushel, and a duty of 10 cents per bushel on cheese and butter have become general, the objection to free corn will be of less force.

Social events in Ottawa are of unusual gaiety this year. In the fancy dress ball to be given in the Senate Chamber in February is anxiously looked forward to by the ladies of the city. It is expected to be one of the grandest functions of the kind in the history of the city. The carnival at Quebec is the great attraction this week, although something of a damp has been put upon it by the fact that Lord and Lady Aberdeen will not attend on account of the death of Prince Henry of Badenburg. The dress of the ladies this year is particularly bright and attractive. The large, brilliant plaids worn as blouses make a most pleasing picture when a number of them are grouped together. These goods are sold cheaply at from 40 cents to \$1.25 per yard in silk, and at all prices down to 20 cents in wool.

In answer to Mr. Perry, the Finance Minister said that several borings had been made in the Northumberland Straits last year, and that he would lay on the table of the House shortly a map of the borings that had been made. Mr. Macdonald, of King's, has a notice of enquiry respecting the continuance of Government supervision of the dairy experimental stations in P. E. Island.

Never use a liniment for rheumatism, says a high authority. Don't rub it in—drive it out. Take something that removes the acid poison from the blood—take something that will improve your digestion, and keep up the body to the perfection of robust health. That "something" is Scott's Sarsaparilla, a remedy that obtains the best results in the shortest time. \$1, of all druggists.

Latest advices from China tell of the uttering by Chinese bankers on the Island of Java, upwards of \$3,000,000 in Java bank notes. Many prominent Chinese merchants have been placed under arrest.

ALL KINDS OF SLEEVES.

It doesn't matter whether your sleeves are of the softest silk or the heaviest tweed, you should always use light weight No. 10 of the Clifton soap. It is heavy and stiff enough when cut across the goods to lend buoyant grace to all sleeves, however voluminous or of whatever material.

The great look out of tailors in New York is concluded, and 20,000 clothing workers have been taken back by the contractors.

A dress that will look well, and at the same time defy rain or dust, would seem to be the ideal after which ladies have been longing. These merits meet in Gravette Water-proof, a thoroughly porous, thoroughly stylish, while defying the deluge from above or the dust from beneath suitable either for dress, or cloak or wrap. Gravette meets a need long-felt. In Navy, Merle, Brown, Grey, Castor or Black. The ideal costume for spring and summer. Light and medium weights. j22 d 36

This evening from 6 till 10 o'clock the usual rush will take place at Carter's Bookstore for the latest news from all parts of the world. February magazines now on news counter; also the latest fashion books.

Mr. W. B. Scarth, Deputy Minister of Agriculture, is reported seriously ill with pneumonia.

Exposure to cold, damp winds, may result in pneumonia unless the system is kept invigorated with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Crosse & Blackwell's devilled ham is just the thing for making sandwiches. For sale in small time at Beer & Goff's.

Our great sale of crocoats and ulsters is now in full swing. Call early, as we are bound to sell them at any price.—S. A. McDonald, fashionable tailor. jan 31 3i

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

WARD THREE.

Sir,—Are we opposing to allow Ward Three without opposition? To be present incumbent, who is well known to be an opponent of ours, to be allowed to go in without a contest.

TEMPERANCE.

A GOOD SUGGESTION.

Sir,—"Admirer" in yesterday's Patriot, hits the nail on the head when he suggests that Messrs. Dawson and Hazard retire from the Mayorality contest and allow George Peake, Esq., to be elected by acclamation. It goes without saying that a more deserving man it would be hard to find, and Mr. Peake would be a credit to the office and to the city where he has spent his life. By all means let this be done. Who will be the first to move in the matter?

I would like to hear your views on this question, Mr. Editor.

ANOTHER ADMIRER.

Charlottetown, Feb. 1st 1896.

THE MAYORALTY ELECTION.

Sir,—The writer of the following letter, which appeared in the Patriot last night, voices the opinion of almost the entire community:—

Sir,—Would it not be a graceful act on the part of Messrs. Dawson and Hazard to retire from the contest, and allow our old and respected citizen, George Peake, Esq., to be elected by acclamation? Mr. Dawson has held the office, if my memory serves me right, for eight years, and while I believe Mr. Hazard would make a splendid officer, he is still a young man, and is wanted badly in the Council. The nomination of Mr. Peake would be a popular one, and his election a tribute to his integrity and worth.—ADMIRER.

There remains but little time before nomination day. If Messrs. Dawson and Hazard do not do the graceful and fitting act suggested by the above writer—and it is the opinion of many that they will at once do so—a resignation should, without any delay, be prepared for signature, and Mr. Peake be induced to allow himself to be nominated. A gentleman without any prejudices, the nominee of no particular party, a new man for the position with long business and executive training, impartial, energetic of good judgment, and, above all, possessing the fullest confidence and friendship of all the people, Mr. Peake would undoubtedly lead the poll. It will be no easy matter to induce voters who have already promised to vote for one or the other of the present candidates to transfer their support to Mr. Peake under the altered circumstances of being in the field. But public opinion believes that Messrs. Dawson and Hazard will retire.

CHALLENGE ACCEPTED.

Sir,—I notice by your paper of some days ago, a challenge from Duncan H. Robinson, which I have pleasure in accepting, and name Hilary Robinson, Esq., to meet him on Wednesday, Feb. 7th, at place and time for self race, as Messrs. Dawson and Rogers offer a medal for the race if held there in connection with hockey match.

Charlottetown, Feb. 1, 1896.

A BOOMERANG.

Asked to Curse the N. P. the President of the Dominion Coal Company Blesses It.

In reply to Premier Fielding, Mr. Whitney wired from Boston that the Dominion Coal company, being a purely business concern, would not entertain any such "but" he said, "I consider the maintenance of the Canadian duty of the most vital importance to the welfare and continued prosperity of the coal interests of Cape Breton and Nova Scotia. It is doubly so at the present time, when our company is making such vigorous and expensive efforts to widen our market by introducing the coal into the United States. Our only hope of success in this effort is that while we are making it nothing shall happen to interfere with our Canadian market. I consider that your province confronts a great crisis. You stand on the threshold of a great future, and it is your duty to improve your conditions. If no backward step is taken in the protection of the coal industry of Cape Breton we shall be enabled to largely increase our market in the United States that your province will on a career of prosperity which it has never before dreamed of. I am unwilling to believe that any political party, if charged with the sobering responsibility of power, could seriously propose at this time so mad and rash an act as to lessen the protection which Canada now wisely gives to the coal industry. It would be like turning back when in sight of the promised land."

(Signed) H. M. WHITNEY, President Dominion Coal Co.

Venezuela Must Pay Up.

London, Jan. 29.—A despatch from Berlin to Times says a British official statement has been published warning President Crespo, of Venezuela that he cannot count upon the help of the United States to enable him to shirk his obligations to pay Germany taxes imposed to enforce the payment of every claim. The Monroe Doctrine can be applied to territorial disputes, the statement says, but it cannot be invoked to protect defaulting debtors against the claims of the European States.

British Empire League.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—The Lord mayor of London, Sir Walter Henry Wilkins, presided to-day at the inaugural meeting of the British Empire League, formed to continue the work of the Imperial Federation League. Sir John Lubbock, bart, F.R.S., M.D., for London university, explained the objects of the league. The Duke of Devonshire was elected president. Among the speakers were Richard Dodsell of Quebec, who referred to the loyalty of Canada, and said that the formation of the British Empire League would be hailed with great satisfaction in the dominion.

Pover's and Starvation.

ST. JOHN'S N. F., Jan. 29.—A petition from the unemployed requesting work or bread, was presented to Governor Murray last night, and work was begun in this city to-day, nearly two hundred men being employed in cleaning the streets of the accumulation of snow in the recent storm. Despatch to the local papers from Fortunate Bay, say that such poverty was never seen there before, and it is hard to tell what the end will be. From a knowledge of the condition of the people there, and the consequences of the failure of the herring fisheries it is well known in this city that these statements are in no wise exaggerated.

Ladies, you will find it to your advantage to make your purchases at Prows Bros. 500 ends of grey cotton, ends of dress goods, ends of gingham, flannellet, all odd lines, top shirts, underclothing, closing out awful cheap.—Prows Bros. Jan 31, 2i.

Carter's "Tested" Seeds.

You can buy Seeds at almost any price, BUT they are not CARTER'S SEEDS.

We seek the trade of merchants, farmers and gardeners who appreciate the value of First Class Seeds, and supply (wholesale and retail) the high quality of goods which has built up for us the largest seed trade in the Maritime Provinces.

Our prices are fair—as low as you can buy good seeds for—higher than you should pay for poor.

It is not their cost, number, or how advertised, that makes good seeds—it's what the seeds themselves are.

Our best customers are those who know us best.

It is our business to sell the best seeds that grow. This has been our business during the past sixteen years. We can safely claim that we know seeds.

We are now registering applications for our Illustrated Seed Catalogue for 1896—ready in February. Free to all. Address

GEO. CARTER & CO., SEEDSMEN.

Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

OPERA HOUSE.

Wednesday, February 12th.

The Officers and Members of Nos. 2 and 2 Companies, Garrison Artillery, have much pleasure in announcing the presentation, on the above date, of

"OUR REGIMENT,"

a Farjical Comedy in Three Acts, by Henry Hamilton, with Full Costumes and Complete Stage Settings, under the distinguished patronage of His Honor Lieutenant-Governor Howland, the Deputy Adjutant-General of Military District No. 12, the Officers of the 4th Prince Edward Island Regiment of Canadian Artillery, the Charlottetown Engineers and the 82nd Battalion of Infantry.

CASTE OF CHARACTERS.

Mr. Dobbinson (a retired merchant)..... Mr. G. R. G. Bagnall
Mr. Ellaly (his friend)..... Mr. Frank Cotton
Capt. Featherston (5th Lancers)..... Mr. Ernest Del. Peake
Batters (Dobbinson's servant)..... Mr. J. E. Owen
Guy Warrenner (8th Lancers)..... Mr. Walter Osborne
Mrs. Dobbinson..... Miss Bessie Brown
Oliver (his daughter)..... Miss Annie Hyndman
Emil Thurston (Dobbinson's niece and ward)..... Miss Emil McLean
Maud Ellaly (Ellaly's niece)..... Miss Minnie Moore

Stage Manager—Mr. H. J. Bullman.
Musical Director—Prof. Vinnicombe, with full Orchestra.

Admission at popular prices—25 and 35 cents. Reserved Seats, 50 cents.

Plan of Hall will be on exhibition on and after Friday, 7th inst., at 10 o'clock, a.m. Balcony at Rankin's Drug Store. Dress Circle at Reddin's Drug Store. Doors open at 7.30. Curtain rises at 8.

H. M. DAVISON, Capt.
ARTHUR G. PEAKE, Lieut.
A. A. BARTLETT, Lieut.
feb 1—col Committee.

More Seasonable Than White Goods Sales.

A piece of Flannel and a bottle of some good Liniment. The former we don't keep—the latter we do.

MIRARD'S, JOHNSON'S ANODYNE, PRUSSIAN OIL, ELECTRIC OIL, PERRY DAVIES', etc.

A. W. REDDIN, Phm. B., CENTRAL DRUG STORE.

Inland Steam Navigation Co.

The Annual General Meeting of the Inland Steam Navigation Company will be held in the room (up-stairs) in Mr. John McEachern's Building, corner of Queen and King Streets, on THURSDAY, the 20th inst., at 3 o'clock, p.m.

L. C. OWEN, Secretary.

Charlottetown, Feb. 1, 1896—613 dtc

TELEGRAPHIC.

SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER.

THE BUDGET SPEECH.

Hon. Mr. Foster Deals with the Deficit, SHOWING THAT IT WAS LESS THAN ANTICIPATED, And Due to Reductions of Taxation.

OTTAWA, Feb. 1.

Hon. Mr. Foster delivered his Budget speech yesterday. He had estimated the revenue for the past year at \$33,800,000, believing that there would be a betterment between April 30 and June 30 over the corresponding period of the preceding year of \$419,724. Sir Richard Cartwright had taken exception to the reliability of his estimate, but he was glad to say that his estimate was within the mark, the increase being \$597,851. (Cheers.) The whole falling off in the revenue last year was \$2,395,563. The exports exceeded the imports by \$2,857,121—such an occurrence having taken place only once before since Confederation. Whatever there might be in the balance of trade theory, the fact that the exports exceeded the imports was so much gain to the business interests of the country. (Hear, hear.) The revenue was the smallest since 1885-86; the expenditure \$48,132,000, and the deficit \$14,331,975. When looking at that deficit it must be remembered that \$2,062,311 was accounted for by the amount laid up in sinking fund. So that the real result of last year's operations, so far as the consolidated revenue and expenditure are concerned, left the net deficit of \$2,151,564. The deficit was less by \$350,000 than he had anticipated. Adding to the deficit that of the previous year, the total was \$5,364,207. It should be remembered, however, that last year there was remitted to the people in taxation on sugar alone to the value of \$5,475,000, so that had this money been collected it would have wiped out the deficit of the past two years and left a slight surplus of \$100,000 or \$200,000. (Cheers.)

In 1894-95 the per capita amount of the interest paid on the public debt was \$1.83, and in 1895-96 \$1.90 per head. So that, notwithstanding the increase in the debt, the burden fell less heavily last year than it did years ago. (Cheers.)

Hon. Mr. Foster in his speech set out at length the glorious record of the Liberal-conservative policy and the wonderful expansion of the country's industrial life. The N. P. free list has increased \$26,500,000 compared with a decrease of the free list under the Grit rule of \$23,000,000. Mr. Foster quoted figures to show that the Dominion has come through the commercial depression of 1890-91 up to the present time in a most satisfactory manner. Trade, traffic, shipping, savings and all show increases; while there was a deficit of only a million and a half last year, during the same time the debt increased but about fifteen millions, despite a reduction in the tariff on raw sugar, also, involving a loss of revenue amounting to nearly nineteen millions of dollars. He also quoted statistics to show that during this period our industries were not only maintained, but they made advances, as shown by the export returns. Mr. Foster closed as follows: "Sir, all the way through; it is a problem which only requires time and good statesmanship to solve, and as I said before, it is for Canada, it is for Australia, it is for the other colonies of Great Britain, and for Great Britain herself, to ponder seriously and carefully whether or not an arrangement cannot be come to which will make the Empire and its dependencies sufficient with themselves to feed the empire, and by doing that will add to the force of business, and will add to remunerative production in each. (Cheers.) And what is better and greater than all that, Sir, it will make these outlying dependencies of Great Britain and Britain itself, having common interests of trade and common defence,—it will make them strong and united to begin that race of imperial rule and imperial progress which I believe is in store for the Briton in Canada, the Briton in Australia, the Briton in Asia, the Briton in Africa, and the Briton in the Isles of the Sea. (Prolonged cheers.)"

The Minister of Finance spoke for two hours and ten minutes.

MR. CRAIG AT ALBERTON.

Enthusiastic Meeting to Promote Fruit Growing. Organization of a Fruit Growers Association.

ALBERTON, Feb. 1.

Despite cold weather and blocked roads the horticulturist's meeting at Alberton was a splendid success. Woodman's Hall was filled with representative farmers and their wives. John T. Weeks, Esq., presided. Father Burke read a valuable paper on the status of fruit culture. Then Prof. Craig spoke for two hours, his speech being of great interest to everybody. Gratification was manifested and much questioning done. Dairy Superintendent Dillon made a stirring speech, endorsing Mr. Craig's plea for the British market, cold storage and fast steamers.

The British allusions were enthusiastically cheered, and the meeting closed with "God Save the Queen," something unusual for a agricultural gathering.

Delegates were appointed to organize a Provincial dairymen's and fruit growers' association.

B. Rogers, Esq., moved, and Father Burke seconded, a hearty vote of thanks.

BELOW ZERO.

CHEST PROTECTORS, CHAMOIS VESTS, LARGE CHAMOIS, At Low Prices.

REDDIN BROS

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

Cold, Cold, Felt, Felt.

Twenty per cent. reduction off all our Women's New Felt Boots and Shoes for cash only.

NOTE—See our window of Slippers at 35 per cent. discount

GOFF BROS.

Charlottetown, January 23, 1896—246

THIS STORE

always has and always will LEAD in REAL Bargain giving.

No misleading statements—disappointments—exaggerated announcements or catch-penny devices so deplorably prevalent now-a-days can be laid at our door. Our advertisements are substantial bargain facts—plainly and truly told.

Read To-Night's Offer.

One Counterful of Pillow Cottons, 40, 42 and 44 inches wide, 10, 11 and 12 sheets, \$1 and 94. Twilled and Plain, 19, 21, 22 and 24 cents.

The above is extra quality. Toweling, Towels, Ends of Grey Cotton, Ends of White Cotton, Table Linen, Counterpane, Ladies' Underwear, Embroideries, Toilet Covers, etc.

JAS. PATON & CO.

CARRYING FIRE INSURANCE

is like putting \$1,000 of another man's money into the bank to your credit for a contingency. Failing to carry it is like staking your whole business on an uncertain game.

E. R. BROW, Insurance Agent. Office, Brown's Block

The shoes we have are the shoes you want, and our prices are always right.

J. M. McLEOD & CO., Money Saving Distributors of Boots, Shoes & Rubbers, Charlottetown.

WATSON'S ROSEMARY HAIR WASH

Removes Dandruff, Prevents Falling of the Hair. 25 Cents per Bottle at

WATSON'S DRUG STORE.

Charlottetown, January 31, 1896.

DR. H. D. JOHNSON BIG DISCOUNT SALE

EYE AND EAR, NOSE AND THROAT NOW ON!

Office - Kent Street Aug 16, '94-ly

NOTICE.

Having sold out my business, Le Pag's Old Stand, to Mr. Frank Beales, I would respectfully thank the farmers and public generally for their generous patronage and solicit the same for my successor.

D. W. FINLAYS ON, jan 18

MONTAGUE Carriage Factory

We are showing this season a finer line of Sleighs than shown by any herebefore. The assortment consists of Single and Double Box Sleighs, Round Back, Square, etc.

Prompt attention to Repairs. Painting especially. Terms reasonable.

JOHN McLEAN & SON. dec 6—dy & wky

LEAGUE OF THE CROSS.

Grand Musical Entertainment IN THE LYCEUM. On Wednesday Evening, Feb. 5th.

PROGRAMME.

- PART I.
- 1 Grand Overture—"Good Fortune".....Goetz
 - 2 Piano Solo—"Chasse au Papillon".....Miss F. Gailard
 - 3 Vocal Solo—"The Old Turkey".....C. A. White
 - 4 Reading—"The Great Waters".....Miss E. Bennett
 - 5 Vocal Solo—"The Old Turkey".....C. A. White
 - 6 Mandolin Selections.....Miss E. Bennett
 - 7 Vocal Solo—"This Time Last Year".....Miss Annie Hyndman
 - 8 Recitation—"The Witch Dance".....Goetz
 - 9 Vocal Solo.....Miss E. Bennett

PART II.

- 10 Grand Selection—"Bohemian Girl".....Balle
- 11 Violin Solo—"The L. C. Band".....Prof. Vinnicombe
- 12 Character Song—"Hallelujah".....McGlenon
- 13 Instrumental Quartet—"Boys Own".....M. M. G.
- 14 Vocal Solo—Selected.....Miss E. Bennett
- 15 Cornet Solo—"Sounds of the Alps".....Mr. F. T. Sullivan
- 16 Reading—"The Grenadier Soldier Saved".....Mr. M. M. G.
- 17 Fantasia—"The Witch Dance".....Goetz
- 18 Optical Illusion.....Miss E. Bennett

Admission—Reserved Seats, 25 cents; unreserved, 10 cents. Doors open at 7.30. Concert at 8 o'clock. jan 31—262

St. Dunstan's

—VERSUS— Prince of Wales.

In a Challenge Game of Hockey at the Rink, On Friday Evening, Feb. 7th.

One Mile Amateur Race

for a Medal and the Championship of the City, between GAUDET and ROBINSON.

A good evening's fun guaranteed. J. E. DAWSON, GEO. J. ROGERS, feb 1—6245 Managers.

Feb. 13, 14, 15, at Crapaud.

DR. McDONALD, Dentist, will be in Crapaud on the above dates, at Dr. Robertson's. Shall not visit Crapaud again before October.

J. E. McDONALD, D. D. S. Summerside, Jan. 27, 1896.

BIG WHITE GOODS SALE NOW ON!

STANLEY BROTHERS.