

The Daily Examiner.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1884.

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ALMANAC FOR DECEMBER, 1884.

MOON'S CHANGES.
Full Moon, 2nd day, 2h. 47.2m., a. m.
Last Quarter 9th day, 7h. 18.0m., a. m.
New Moon 17th day, 9a. 17.0m., a. m.
First Quarter, 25th day, 9a. 8.7m., a. m.
New Moon, 1st Jan., 1885.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	High water	Days length
1 Monday	7 28	4 10	3 47	9 23	8 42
2 Tuesday	31	10 4	3 39	10 12	40
3 Wednesday	31	9 5	3 30	10 58	39
4 Thursday	32	9 6	4 11	11 44	37
5 Friday	33	9 7	5 56	12 29	36
6 Saturday	34	9 9	6 14	1 4	34
7 Sunday	35	8 10	7 2	1 33	33
8 Monday	36	8 11	8 24	2 52	32
9 Tuesday	37	8 10	9 30	3 50	31
10 Wednesday	38	8 0	10 29	4 59	30
11 Thursday	40	8 1	11 27	6 2	29
12 Friday	40	8 2	12 34	7 16	28
13 Saturday	41	8 3	1 34	8 10	27
14 Sunday	42	8 4	3 33	8 54	26
15 Monday	43	9 5	5 31	9 34	26
16 Tuesday	44	9 6	7 25	10 13	25
17 Wednesday	44	9 7	9 16	10 47	25
18 Thursday	45	10 8	7 11	11 25	25
19 Friday	45	10 8	8 45	11 57	24
20 Saturday	47	10 9	9 22	12 24	24
21 Sunday	47	11 9	9 55	1 31	24
22 Monday	47	11 10	10 27	1 6	24
23 Tuesday	47	11 10	10 56	1 44	24
24 Wednesday	47	12 11	11 23	2 26	25
25 Thursday	48	13 11	11 53	3 15	25
26 Friday	49	14 11	12 23	4 19	25
27 Saturday	49	15 0	1 54	5 37	26
28 Sunday	49	15 1	3 37	6 57	26
29 Monday	49	16 2	5 22	8 7	27
30 Tuesday	49	17 3	7 17	9 4	27
31 Wednesday	50	18 4	9 19	9 58	28

H. W. VINNICOMBE,
PIANO TUNER

Pianos Tuned, Re-wired and Regulated.

CHURCH ORGANS

Voiced, Tuned, and Regulated with Care.

CABINET ORGANS

Tuned, Re-tuned and Repaired.

Having nearly twenty years' experience with the construction of English, American and German Pianos, and under the patronage of Government House, the Convent and the leading musical families on the Island, feels sure of giving universal satisfaction.

Mr. V. will engage professionally for public or private concerts the coming season.
Office—C. P. Fletcher's Music Store.
Ch'town, Oct. 25 1884.

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R. O'DWYER,

Commission and General Merchant

FOR SALE OF P. E. I. PRODUCE.

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St. John's Newfoundland.

In connection with the above is Captain English, who is well known in P. E. Island, who will take special charge of all consignments, and will also attend to the chartering of vessels for the carrying trade of P. E. I.

The firm is one of the oldest and most reliable in Newfoundland. Returns guaranteed to be prompt and satisfactory. Parties wishing to procure Labrador Herring should send their orders in time.

Sept. 6, 1884.—till 31st Dec. '84.

McLeod, Morson & McQuarrie,

BARRISTERS

—AND—

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

Office in Old Bank.

(UP STAIRS).

Ch'town, Feb. 21, 1884.

L. ARTHUR & CO.,

GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

121 ATLANTIC AVENUE,

(ROSS MARKET)

BOSTON, MASS.

Eggs and Produce a Specialty.

May 18 1884 whly if

Mrs. R. YOUNG'S

MILLINERY ROOMS, up-stairs at W.

& A. Brown & Co.'s. Trimmed Hats

and Bonnets always on hand, oct23—cod whly

LAST OFFER! ADAM BIDE.

AS W. & A. BROWN & CO, intend making a change in their firm about the end of February, they now offer their large and well assorted stock of Dry Goods at GREAT BARGAINS.

6,000 yards Scotch and Canadian TWEEDS at 20 per cent off,
2,400 yards Mantle and Ulster CLOTHS at greatly reduced prices,
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4,000 Scotch and Canadian Wool Shirts and Drawers at 20 per cent off.

Scarlet and Grey Flannels, Shirtings, Tickings, Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, Winceys, Prints, Cretannes, Bleached and Unbleached Damasks and Table Napkins at a big discount.

Balance of their stock of Mantles, Dolmans, Ulsters, Fur-lined COATS, &c., AT COST.

Carpets, Oilcloths, Mattings, Hearth Rugs, Door Mats, &c., at prices that are bound to CLEAR THEM. Fur Caps, Hats, Muffs, &c., at greatly reduced prices.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL!

This is a bona fide Sale, as all Goods must be cleared out before the change is made in February. Call early and avoid the rush.

Remember the place—Desbrisay's old stand, next door to Beer & Goff's Grocery, and directly opposite the Market House.

Charlottetown, Dec. 8, 1884.

W. & A. BROWN & CO.

Perkins & Sterns'

—FOR—

FALL & WINTER GOODS

of the Very Best Value.

OUR Stock of Velveteens is large, and includes all colors in Plain and Brocaded, and marked very low. English Silks, Satins, Velvets and Plushes, all shades. New Feather Trimming, New Stripe Satin, New Astracan Trimming, New Spot Silks, New Cheinlle Ruching, New Brocade Velvet. A Grand Display of Knit Wool Goods, in Squares, Scarfs, Jackets, Scarboro Coats, Alexandra Jackets, Jerseys, &c. Fur-lined Cloaks, Rubber Circulars, Dolmans, Jackets Ulsters, Shawls, &c. New Millinery, Hats, Bonnets, &c., very stylish. Berlin Wool—Beehive Victoria, Rutland, Albany, Saxony, Alloa, Universal, and other yarns. Grey Flannel, Scarlet Flannel, White Flannel, French Twill Flannel, Tweed Shirtings, Tartan Plaids, &c. Dress Goods, newest and best value. Large Stock of Wincey, Prints, &c. Boys' Cloth and Fur Caps, Men's Caps, Ladies' Fur Caps.

Splendid Value in Blankets, Comforts and Counterpanes.

ALL PERSONS WANTING WINTER GOODS SHOULD SEE OUR STOCK.

PERKINS & STERNS.

Ch'town, Oct. 17, 1884.

WE SELL

Potatoes,

Spiling, Bark,

R. R. Ties,

Lumber,

Laths, Canned Lobsters, Mac-

kerel, Berries, Eggs,

Fish Etc.

Best Prices for all Shipments. Write fully

for Quotations,

HATHEWAY & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

22 Central Wharf, Boston.

Members of Board of Trade, Corn and

Mechanics Exchange.

Ch'town, Nov. 19, 1884.

APPLES, APPLES, APPLES.

CHARLES DONALD & CO.,

79 Queen St., London, E. C.

Will be glad to correspond with Apple Grow-

ers, Merchants and Shippers, with a

view to Autumn and Spring

business.

They will also give the usual facilities to

customers requiring advances.

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Risks Taken on Most Favorable Terms.

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Island.

People say our Boots are Water-tight,

Good Fit, Very Cheap, and wear as

well as Custom Boots.

BE SURE AND GET OUR MAKE.

DORSEY, GOFF & CO

Ch'town, Sept. 18, 1884.—cod whly

CHAPTER VIII.

A VOCATION.

DINAH, who had risen when the gentlemen came in, but still kept hold of the sheet she was mending, courtesied respectfully when she saw Mr. Irwine looking at her and advancing toward her. He had never yet spoken to her, or stood face to face with her, and her first thought, as her eyes met his, was, 'What a well-favored countenance.' Oh that the good seed might fall on that soil for it would surely flourish! The agreeable impression must have been mutual, for Mr. Irwine bowed to her with a benignant deference, which would have been equally in place if she had been the most dignified lady of his acquaintance.

'You are only a visitor in this neighborhood, I think?' were his first words, as he seated himself opposite to her.

'No, sir, I come from Snowfield, in Stonyshire. But my aunt was very kind, wanting me to have rest from my work there because I'd been ill, and she invited me to come and stay with her for a while.'

'Ah! I remember Snowfield very well; I once had occasion to go there. It's a dreary, bleak place. They were building a cotton mill there; but that's many years ago now; I suppose the place is a good deal changed by the employment that mill must have brought.'

'It is changed so far as the mill has brought people there, who get a livelihood for themselves by working in it, and make it better for the tradesfolks. I work in it myself, and have reason to be grateful, for thereby I have enough and to spare. But it's still a bleak place as you say, sir—very different from this country.'

'You have relations living there probably, so that you are attached to the place as your home?'

'I had an aunt there once; she brought me up, for I was an orphan. But she was taken away seven years ago, and I have no other kindred that I know of, besides my aunt Poyser, who is very good to me, and would have me come and live in this country, which to be sure is a good land, where in they eat bread without scarceness. But I'm not free to leave Snowfield, where I was first planted, and have grown deep into it, like the small grass on the hill-top.'

'Ah! I dare say you have many religious friends and companions there; you are a Methodist—a Wesleyan, I think?'

'Yes, my aunt at Snowfield belonged to the Society, and I have cause to be thankful for the privileges I have had thereby from my earliest childhood.'

'And have you been long in the habit of preaching?—for I understand you preached at Hayslope last night.'

'I first took to the work four years since when I was twenty-one.'

'Your Society sanction women's preaching, then?'

'It doesn't forbid them, sir, when they've a clear call to the work, and when their ministry is owned by the conversion of sinners and the strengthening of God's people. Mrs. Fletcher, as you may have heard about, was the first woman to preach in the Society, I believe, before she was married, when she was Miss Bosanquet; and Mr. Wesley approved of her undertaking the work. She had a great gift, and there are many others now living who are precious fellow-workers in the work of the ministry. I understand there's been voices raised against it in the Society of late, but I cannot but think their counsel will come to naught. It isn't for men to make channels for God's Spirit, as they make channels for the watercourses, and say, 'Flow here, but flow not there.'

'But don't you find some danger among your people—I don't mean to say that it is so with you, far from it—but don't you find some times that both men and women fancy themselves channels for God's Spirit and are quite mistaken, so that they set about a work for which they are unfit, and bring holy things into contempt?'

'Don't bless it is so sometimes, for there have been evil-doers among us who have sought to deceive the brethren, and some there are who deceive their own selves. But we are not without discipline and correction to put a check upon these things. There's a very strict order kept among us, and the brethren and sisters watch for each other's souls as they that must give account. They don't go every one his own way and say, 'Am I my brother's keeper?'

'But tell me—if I may ask, and I am really interested in knowing it—how you first came to think of preaching?'

'Indeed, sir, I didn't think of it at all—I'd been used from the time I was sixteen to talk to the children and teach them, and some times I had my heart enlarged to speak in class, and was much drawn out in prayer with the sick. But I had felt no call to preach; for, when I'm not greatly wrought upon, I'm too much given to sit still and keep by myself; it seems as if I could sit silent all day long with the thought of God overflowing my soul—as the pebbles lie bathed in the Willow Brook. For thoughts are so great—arn't they, sir? They seem to lie upon us like a deep flood; and it's my besetment to forget where I am and everything about me, and lose myself in thoughts that could give no account of, for I could neither make a beginning nor ending of them in words. That was my way as long as I can remember; but sometimes it seemed as if speech came to me without any will of my own, and words were given to me that come out as the tears come, because our hearts are full and we can't help it. And those were always times of great blessing, though I had never thought it could be so with me before a congregation of people. But, sir, we are led on, like the little children, by a way that we know not. I was called to preach quite suddenly, and since then I have never been left in doubt about the work that was laid upon me.'

'But tell me the circumstances—just how

it was, the very day you began to preach.'

'It was one Sunday I walked with Brother Marlowe, who was an aged man, one of the local preachers, all the way to Hetton-Deeps—that's a village where the people get their living by working in the lead mines, and where there's no church nor preacher, but they live like sheep without a shepherd. It's better than twelve miles from Snowfield, so we set out early in the morning, for it was summer time; and I had a wonderful sense of the Divine love as we walked over the hills, where there's no trees, you know, sir, as you see the heavens stretched out like a tent, and you feel the everlasting arms around you. But, before we got to Hetton, Brother Marlowe was seized with a dizziness that made him afraid of falling, for he over-worked himself, sadly at his years, in watching and praying, and walking so many miles to speak the Word, as well as carrying on his trade of linen-weaving. And when we got to the village the people were expecting him, for he'd appointed the time and place when he was there before, and such of them as cared to hear the Word of Life were assembled on a spot where the cottages was thickest, so as others might be drawn to come. But as he felt as he couldn't stand up to preach, and he was forced to lie down in the first of the cottages we came to. So I went to tell the people, thinking we'd go into one of the houses, and I would read and pray with them. But as I passed along by the cottages and saw the aged trembling women at the doors, and the hard looks of the men, who seemed to have their eyes no more filled with the sight of the Sabbath morning than if they had been dumb oxen that never looked up to the sky, I felt a great movement in my soul, and I trembled as if I was shaken by a strong spirit entering into my weak body. And I went to where the little flock of people was gathered together, and stepped on the low wall that was built against the green hillside, and I spoke the words that were given to me abundantly. And they all came round me out of all the cottages, and many wept over their sins and have since been joined to the Lord. This was the beginning of my preaching, sir, and I've preached ever since.'

(To be continued.)

CURRENT NOTES.

The Pekin Mandarins are subscribing for the war.

The Central Pacific road discharged 1,100 men recently.

The Austrian budget shows a deficit of 16,000,000 florins.

The Skye crofters are declaring in favour of "no rent" policy.

The loss of four schooners is reported from Newfoundland.

New York Central shows a large falling off in traffic receipts.

Parnell will enter the contest in Dublin in the general elections.

A British Columbia prison guard has been convicted of murder.

Fatal rioting has taken place on the Gold Coast territory, West Africa.

A London constable has been fined \$70 for allowing a prisoner to escape.

Fifty horses perished in an incendiary fire at Baltimore a few days ago.

The commander of the forces to operate against the Boers has arrived at Capetown.

It is proposed in Toronto to pay female teachers the same as males for the same work.

It is considered probable that the project of neutralizing the Congo will be allowed to drop.

A heavy snowfall has stopped railway communications between East Prussia and Russia.

President Arthur seems to be a favourite candidate in some quarters for the New York senatorship.

A Philadelphia woman has been declared a nuisance and committed to jail for her scolding proclivities.

The Georgia Legislature has instructed the clerk of the House to employ women to perform clerical work.

General Warren, who is to command the expedition against the Boers, has been warmly received at Cape Town.

Turkey is said to be negotiating with England for an occupation of Egypt by the latter for fifteen or twenty years.

A Madrid despatch says it is reported that the commercial treaty between Spain and England is nearly completed.

A resolution has been introduced in the U. S. senate, looking to the granting of a rebate of duty on articles imported in American ships.

London advices from the African Gold Coast, state that trade riots had taken place in Winnibah. Twelve men were killed, and a number wounded.

Radical discontent against the redistribution scheme is taking form in London, where workmen's clubs are holding meetings to express their opposition to it.

During his recent northern campaign, Gladstone spoke thirty-eight times. Twenty-three of his speeches were delivered at railway stations, two at villages, and one at a torchlight dance.

A CARD.—To all who are suffering from errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you. FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send self-addressed envelope to REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York.

GOLD and Silver Plating of every description done at Brown's, at the Athenaeum, Charlottetown.

—dec8