

Baby Literature.

I've known some very mean men in my time. There was Deacon Overreach; now he was so mean that he always carried a hen in his gig-box when he traveled to pick up the oats his horse wasted in the manger, and lay an egg for his breakfast in the morning. And then there was Hugo Himmelman, who made his wife dig potatoes to pay for the marriage license. I must tell you that story of Hugo, for it is not a bad one, and good stories, like potatoes, are as plenty as they used to be when I was a boy. Hugo is a neighbor of mine, though considerably older than I be, and a mean neighbor he is too. Well, when he was going to get married to Gretchen Kulp, he goes down to Parson Rogers, at Digby to get a license. Parson, said he, what's the price of a license? Six dollars. Six dollars! said Hugo, that's a dreadful sight of money! Couldn't you take less? No, said he, that's what they cost me in the Secretary's office in Halifax. Well, how much do you ask for publishing in Church, then? Nothing, said the Parson. Well, said Hugo, that is so cheap that I can't expect to get any change back. I think I'll be published. How long does it take? Three Sundays. Three Sundays! says Hugo, well that is a long time too. But three Sundays only make a fortnight after all; two for the covers and one for the inside, like. And six dollars is a great deal of money for a poor man to throw away. So off he went, a-jogging toward home feeling about as mean as a new sheared sheep—when all at once a bright thought came into his head, and back he went as fast as his horse could carry him. Parson, said he, I've changed my mind. Here's the six dollars. I'll tie the knot to-night with my tongue that I cannot untie with my teeth. Why, what in nature is the meaning of all this? asked the Parson. Why, said Hugo, I've been a cipherer' it out in my head, and it's cheaper than publishin' after all. You see, sir, it's potato diggin' times; if I wait to be called in Church, her father will have her to work for nothing, and as lands are scarce and wages big, if I marry her to-night she will begin to dig our own tomorrow, and that will pay for the license and just seven shillings over; for there ain't a man in all Clements that can dig and carry as many bushels in a day as Gretchen can. And besides, fresh wives like fresh servants, work like smoke at first, but they soon get saucy and lazy after a while.—Nova Scotia Paper.

CALF.—A fellow at a cattle show was making himself ridiculously conspicuous by an evident intention of finding fault with everything. At last he burst forth with, "Call these here prize cattle? Why, they ain't nothing to what our folks raised. My father raised the biggest calf of any man round our parts!" "I don't doubt it," was the timely remark of a bystander, "and the noisest." The forward youth, as may well be imagined, incontinently subsided.

AN Astonishing Clap of Thunder.—A family in the country have been losing stove-wood for several weeks past. On the return of the family a few days since the case was stated, and on Sunday a pretty piece of fuel was placed on the pile with the others. In the stick were two ounces of powder for safe keeping. Monday the stick was there—Tuesday the stick was there, and the laugh was getting on the man that fixed it. Wednesday morning the stick was gone.—Wednesday morning an explosion was heard in a house near by, and the kitchen was spared no panes. A kettle of cabbage was shot up through the roof like an arrow. Some boiling soup made a map on the ceiling. The cat has not been heard of since, but a smell of burnt hair pervades that house. The occupant of the ruin says: "Such thunder never come before. I py us a litenin' rod tomorrow, py tam."

Many years ago, when church-organs first came in use, a worthy old clergyman was pastor of a church where they had just purchased an organ. Not far from the church was a large town pasture, where a great many cattle grazed, and among them a large bull. One hot Sabbath in the summer, Mr. Bull came up near the church grazing, and just as the Rev. Mr. B— was in the midst of his sermon, "boo-woo-woo" went the bull. The parson paused, looked up at the singing seats, and with a grave face said, "I would thank the musician not to tune their instruments during divine service; it annoys me very much." The people stared, and the minister went on. "Boo-woo-woo" went the bull again, as he drew a little nearer the church. The parson paused again and addressed the choir, "I really wish the singers would not tune their instruments while I am preaching." The congregation tittered, for they knew the real cause of the disturbance. The parson went on again and he had just about started good, when "Boo-woo-woo" came from Mr. Bull. The minister paused once more and exclaimed,—"I have twice requested the musicians in the gallery not to tune their instruments during the sermon. I now particularly request Mr. L— that he will not tune his double bass organ while I am preaching."

This was too much. L— got up, too much agitated at the idea of speaking out in church, and stammered out,—"I; isn't me, Parson B—; it—it is that d—d town bull!" "You don't seem to know how to take me," said a vulgar fellow to a gentleman he had insulted. "Yes I do," said the gentleman he had insulted, "by the nose."

Agricultural.

HORSE-SHOING.

Robert McClure, V. S., of Philadelphia, read an essay before the Agricultural Society, on the 7th inst., on the best mode of shoeing horses. The following abstract gives the most essential points of the lecture:

The shoe should be a plain one, equally broad and thick from heel to toe, and put on without seathing; for why bring a concave shoe in contact with a concave foot? The toe should be slightly turned up, and not too short at the heel; the hind shoe to be provided with heels. The nail-holes should be about four on the outside and three on the inside, and made straight through the iron, and not inclining upwards, and the shoe fitted to the foot, and not the foot to the shoe.

Dray horses should have tips on the toes and heels of their shoes, which insure firmness of tread, and greater power when drawing heavy loads on smooth streets.

Feet with corns, weak, flat feet, convexed sole and sand or quarter-cracked feet, should have shoes well seated, and it is advisable to throw some extra weight upon the frog, and for this purpose the bar shoe should be used.

Leather soles are useful in weak-soled feet, and when the horse steps high are much used upon paved streets. One-sided nailing answers well for weak heels. Ringboned animals should be shod with easy-fitting shoes, to avoid jarring. Horses having a tendency to navicular, or coffin-joint disease, should have shoes turned up a little at the toe, with the ground surface at the wall of the foot cut away, and the frog undisturbed.

Such, then, is but a synopsis of our idea of how horses should be shod, but nevertheless we also think that by combining the future substitution of India rubber for most kinds of horses' shoes for the present inflexible iron ring to the feet of our horses, then the heyday of horse-shoeing will have dawned, no more complaints be heard, and the art of farriery be complete.

DARKNESS FAVORABLE TO FATTENING.—It is a fact that all animals fatten faster in dimly-lighted places than the full light of day. This is well known in respect to fowls. From experiments made with sheep, conclusions have been reached that in a dark shed, well ventilated and properly warm, they will make the most mutton from a given amount of food. But dark stables are not good for horses, or breeding stock of any kind. Fat is not with the most important object in view.—Mark Lane Express.

CLEANSING WOOL OF GUMMY MATTER.—The Maine Farmer gives the following:—"Take one pound of saleratus for twelve pounds of wool, dissolve in water not quite boiling hot, then put in the wool, and stir occasionally for one hour; take it out and squeeze it thoroughly, or what is better, run through a clothes wringer, rinse in cold water, and spread on grass ground to dry. This process will remove all gum and dirt from any kind of wool, and make it much better for custom work."

RUSTY STRAW—EFFECTS ON ANIMALS.—B. McClure states in the Practical Farmer that feeding rusty straw to cattle and horses has a very injurious effect upon their health and efficiency. The class of diseases induced by this ailment are marasmus, glanders, farcy, skin diseases, catarrhal affections and watery swellings of the body and legs. He adds that during the last eight months, out of 700 horses fed upon such straw, from forty-five to fifty were on the sick list.

Fire in Chimneys may be arrested in a great measure by throwing salt on the fire below, which partly extinguishes the flames; stopping the chimney at the top arrests the current and contributes to the same result. It should be constantly impressed on the mind of every person that whenever a dwelling takes fire, every door should be kept closed to prevent the flames from spreading.

The American Farmer publishes two essays discussing the question of the best breed of cattle for the extreme cold of northern winters, with special reference to quantity and quality of food required; and the production of beef. One writer gives the preference to the black, polled Galloways; the other favors the little Irish Kerry.

Stair Carpets may be preserved a much longer time by placing strips of paper nearly as wide as the carpet and five or six inches broad, over the edge of each stair, which prevents the wearing at that place.

USE SALT IN KEROSENE LAMPS.—A number of persons in this town have found by experience that the light of coal-oil lamps is greatly improved by adding to the oil one-fourth its weight of common salt. It makes the light much more brilliant and clear, keeps the wicks clean, and prevents smoking.—Norfolk Journal.

HAIR brushes are best cleansed by washing them in saleratus or soda water, which removes all the oily coating.

KITCHEN ODORS.—Meat which has been slightly tainted may be restored to perfect sweetness, and the odor arising from it while boiling entirely prevented by throwing into the pot a few pieces of charcoal contained in a small bag. The odor of vegetables slightly affected, may be prevented in the same way. Red pepper, and even black pepper, produces a similar but less perfect result.

Wall Paper may be readily cleaned by rubbing it with dry Indian meal on a cloth. Pieces of bread are commonly used for this purpose, but the Indian meal is obviously cheaper and easier.

The queen-bee has no regular guard, either when she traverses the combs, or when she is stationary. In either case the working bees that happen to be near her, for the most part turn their heads toward her after the manner of courtiers in the presence of royalty.

"Eureka House." FALL OF 1867.

THE Subscriber, having now about completed his Fall Importations! in a well selected stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, &c., which have been bought for cash, in the best markets, England, Scotland, United States and Canada, is prepared to compete with any other house in this country, in quality of Goods and prices, for cash or approved short credit, and respectfully requests all parties who are purchasing Goods to give THE EUREKA HOUSE a call, and see its Stock, consisting in part of:—

DRY GOODS: Dress Materials, various kinds; All Wool Square and Long Shawls; Mantles, Mantle Cloth, Dress Bugled Trimmings, Jet, Amber and White colors; Sonnets, Hoods and Breakfast Shawls; an excellent assortment of Bonnet Velvets, Ribbons, Feathers and Flowers; Kid Mittens and Gloves, Ladies' and Gents' Lambskin, Linen, Kid, Cloth Cashmere and Kingwood Gloves; Ladies' Furs, in Muffs, Cuffs and Victorines, (Cheap), Beards, Berlin Wool, Scotch Kingering, Hat and Bonnet Shapes, Beaver, Witney and Melton Over Coat Cloths, Men's and Women's Wool Scarfs, a first rate lot of Men's Hats, Cloth and Fur-Caps, Women's & Children's Winter Boots, well suited for the trade; Linen Skirting, Hoop Skirts, Fancy, Red and White Flannels, Fancy Skirts, Braces, Ready-made Under and Over Coats, Neck Ties, Blankets, Railway Rugs, Regatta Shirting; Grey Cottons, very cheap; Cotton Warp, and most all things asked for in the Dry Goods line.

HARDWARE: In Hardware is to be found a lot of best Scotch refined Iron, to which much attention has been paid in assorting right sizes for farm work, carriage work, plough making, mud digging machines, and Iron Axes for Carriage and Tree Wagons; German and Cast Steel Sleigh Snocing, spring and blister steel, axe steel and plough mounting, sock moulds, cart and wagon pipes and boxes, all sizes; nails, putty, glass, varnish, turpentine, benzine, kerosene oil, codfish oil, lubricating oil, japan, sweet oil, paint oils; 100 fathom 7-16 best short link chain for mud diggers, American and Canadian Chopping Axes, very cheap; carriage bolts, every size used, with wrought nuts, tire bolts, sleep; shoeing bolts, steeple and counter sunk and round head rivets, for carriage work; silver centres, screw faced silvered hub bands, cushioning tacks and buttons, malleables, of all kinds; shaft tips, silvered and iron; 50 sets 1/2 and 3/4 patent American axles, 15 sets common do.; long arm truck wagon axles, 1 1/2 and 2 in. Patent leather, cushioning cloth imported for the purpose; in fact the best assortment of Carriage Mounting ever brought to this place.

Also on Hand: A lot of superior No. 1 Buffalo Robes, Horse Rugs, Room Papering; Rubber Shoes, Men's, Women's and Children's; Glassware, Crockeryware, and many articles not mentioned here.

Groceries! In Groceries may be found at the Eureka House, Navy, Eldorado and 10s Tobacco, Rice, Currants, Raisins, Sugar, Molasses, oyster, soda, wine and butter crackers; may bread, soap, salt, soda, cream tartar, dye stuffs of all kinds, salt petre, Condition Powders, cloves, nutmegs, glue, cudbear, antimony, camphor, confectionary, and all things asked for in the Grocery trade, including 25 chests of that

Congou Tea. just received, per Lotus from London, which for quality and price must still defy competition. Daily expected per Schr. Providence, from MONTREAL, 100 bbls, extra Canada FLOUR, and 30 sides SOLE LEATHER. C. C. GARDINER. Summerside, Nov. 21, 1867.

IMPORTANT TO THE PUBLIC!

"Clifton House" RE-OPENED!

The subscribers are now opening their first arrival of NEW GOODS, consisting in part of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware Cotton Warp, red, white & blue, Earthenware, Glassware, Drugs Medicines, Boots and Shoes! Brooms, Pails and Tubs, Tea, (best English) Sugar, Molasses, Raisins, Currants, CONFECTIONARY, Tobacco, Soap, Kerosene Oil, Iron and Salt, Nails, (all sizes), AXES, GLASS, PUTTY, PAINT, OIL. All of which, with a variety of other Goods, will be sold at the Smallest Prices. Country Customers will please call and examine our stock. SCHURMAN & JOHNSTON. Clifton, New London, Oct. 3, 1867.

Great Attraction! AT CLARK'S new SALOON!

THE Subscriber, thankful for past favors, wishes to inform the public that he has removed his Photograph Saloon to a new Building recently erected by him for the purpose, adjoining his Shop, where he has better facilities for taking Pictures. Photographs and Ferrotypes taken in the most improved style and at the very cheapest rates. If satisfaction is not given there will be no charge. Call and see Specimens! CHARLES R. CLARK. Head St. Stephen Street, Summerside, Nov. 14, 1867.

Now is the time to subscribe for the Journal—only \$1 a year

Wholesale Customers Will find it to their advantage to call and see samples of

The Assorted Crates of CROCKERYWARE still remaining for sale, at a small advance on cost.

ALSO: CONFECTIONARY, KEROSENE OIL, PITCH, TAR, OAKUM, ANCHORS, IRON, TOBACCO, PIPES, CHAINS, NAILS, SULPHUR, ROPE, SALTS, SALT PETRE, DYE-STUFFS, STARCH, COPPERAS, MATCHES, CANDLES, BAKING SODA, WASHING SODA, PLOUGH MOUNTING, SHEET IRON, HOUSE COAL.

R. T. HOLMAN. Summerside, Dec 12, 1867—3m

SELLING OFF! at and below cost, FOR CASH.

The Subscriber, in order to effect a clearance of his Retail Stock of Goods, has commenced selling Dry Goods, Shelf Hardware, Crockeryware, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Clothing, &c., At and below cost for CASH. Cash customers in want of the above, will do well to call and inspect his Stock, and learn prices before purchasing elsewhere. JAMES L. HOLMAN. British & American House, Summerside, Dec. 12, 1867.

NEW GOODS AT THE Winfred House!

THE Subscriber begs leave to notify his numerous friends, customers, and the public generally that he has just Removed to his New Store, THE WINFRED HOUSE! Just opposite his Old Stand, on Central Street, where he is now opening a New & Fashionable Stock of DRY GOODS! which he now offers as CHEAP FOR CASH as can be bought on this Island.

These Goods have been selected by himself, and will be found of the LATEST STYLES and FASHIONS. Cotton Warps all Colors. —ALSO— Expected in a few days from HALIFAX, a choice lot of GROCERIES! which will be sold as cheap as formerly.

Persons coming to Summerside, to purchase Goods, will please call at the WINFRED HOUSE, on Central Street, where they will find the subscriber happy to show them his Stock and tell them the prices, when they can judge for themselves. JOHN F. BAKER. Summerside, Oct. 17, 1867.

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscriber has just received per Undine and Zephera from GREAT BRITAIN, Lady Elgin from MONTREAL, and Annie Laurie from BOSTON, the balance of his Fall Importation, consisting in part of— Boiled & Raw Oil, Brooms, Pails, & Tubs, White Lead, Colored Paints, Glass and Putty, Olive Oil, Salt, Iron & Steel, Zinc, Crockeryware, Salt, Iron & Steel, Buffalo Robes, Kerosene Oil, Hats and Caps, Benzine, Varnish, Glassware, Tobacco, Turpentine, Canilles, Rope, Plow Metals, Vinegar, Iron and Steel, Springs and Axles, Cheese, Nails, Dye Stuffs, Chain for Mud Diggers. And a variety of other GOODS, which, together with former importations, comprise a very large and well selected STOCK OF MERCHANDISE; and having been bought in the best markets and upon the very best terms, will be sold as low as any others in the market. DAVID ROGERS. Summerside, Nov. 7, 1867.

FLOUR & MEAL.

PER Schr. Providence, from Montreal, 300 Bbls. No. 1 Alloway & other brands FLOUR! 100 bbls. White & yellow Kiln dried CORN MEAL. For Sale for CASH ONLY! JAMES L. HOLMAN. Summerside, Dec. 5, '67.

CHEAPEST YET!

THE subscriber has just received at his STORE, (opposite the store lately occupied by John A. McDonald,) his Fall and Winter supply of MERCHANDISE, comprising a general assortment of Staple & Fancy DRY GOODS, Ladies, Children's & Children's BOOTS, SHOES, Rubbers & Overshoes, in variety VERY CHEAP FOR CASH. Also a choice assortment of Family Groceries! In TEA, KEROSENE OIL, Sugar, Molasses, Tobacco, Vinegar, Raisins, Currants, Soap, Candles, Eggs, Nuts, Apples, Biscuit, Buckets, Brooms, Dye Stuffs, &c. &c. All of which will be sold VERY CHEAP, for Cash or approved credit: HUGH RAMSAY. Summerside, Water-street, Dec. 13, 1867.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's PREPARATIONS FOR THE HAIR.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer is suited to both young and old. It strengthens the Hair, prevents its falling or turning grey, and imparts to it a beautiful glossy appearance. It never fails to RESTORE GREY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL YOUTHFUL COLOR. It is not a DYE, but acts directly upon the roots of the Hair, giving them the natural nourishment required, producing the same vitality and luxuriant quantity as in youth. It will restore it on bald places, requires no previous preparation of the hair, and is easily applied by one's self. One bottle will usually last for a year, as after the hair is once restored, occasional applications once in three months will insure against grey hairs to the most advanced age. The Restorer Reproduces and the Hair Dressing Cultivates and Beautifies. Principal Sales Office, 198 Greenwich Street, New York City. August 1, 1867.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Dressing, or ZYLOBALSAMUM, is essential to use with the Restorer, but the Hair Dressing alone often restores, and never fails to invigorate, beautify and refresh the Hair, rendering it soft, silky and glossy, and disposing it to remain in any desired position. FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN, whose hair requires frequent dressing, it has no equal. No lady's toilet is complete without it. The rich glossy appearance imparted is truly wonderful. It cleanses the Hair, removes all dandruff, and imparts to it a most delightful fragrance. It will prevent the Hair from falling out, and is the most economical and valuable Hair Dressing known. Millions of bottles sold every year.

The Restorer Reproduces and the Hair Dressing Cultivates and Beautifies. Principal Sales Office, 198 Greenwich Street, New York City. August 1, 1867.

LANDS FOR SALE FREEHOLD PROPERTY FOR SALE!

A large Two Storey HOUSE, with twenty acres of LAND attached, situated on Lot 14, about two miles from James Yeo's. Any person wishing to do a country business could not have a more desirable spot, it being in the midst of a flourishing settlement. For further particulars apply to the owner at Summerside. J. R. STEWART. Nov 21, 1867.

Who Wants a Cottage?

FOR SALE, a HOUSE and LOT, pleasantly situated on Central Street, nearly opposite the Presbyterian Church, in Summerside. The House is finished outside, and is 36 x 26 feet, and is 1 1/2 storey high. Size of Lot 65 feet on Central Street, running back 132 feet. Terms easy, and made known at Bertram's Bookstore. Summerside, March 28, 1867. J. R. STEWART.

House and Land for Sale!

TO BE SOLD, a DWELLING HOUSE, with ONE ACRE OF LAND attached, situated in Cape Traverse, Lunenburg County, occupied by Daniel Campbell, Carriage Builder. It is in a good business place, and offers an inducement to any person wishing to purchase. It is a good shipping place. STEPHEN CAMPBELL. Cape Traverse, Sept. 12, 1868.

Journeymen Tailors Wanted Immediately!

WANTED Immediately by the Subscriber, 3 Journeymen Tailors, to whom liberal wages and constant employment will be guaranteed. ANGUS McSWEEN. Summerside, Nov 21, 1867.

Stop! Read This!

THE Subscriber requests all persons indebted to him to call and settle their accounts previous to 1st day of January, 1868. JOSEPH BERTRAM. Journal Office, Dec. 5, 1867.

Something to Know.

THAT well-known Establishment, Prince of Wales Boarding House, at the east corner of Kent and Queen Streets, formerly kept by Mr. John Holman, has been re-opened by the Subscriber. Transient and permanent boarders accommodated; satisfaction guaranteed. There are good stables on the premises, and as hay and oats will be kept constantly on hand, with a trustworthy man in attendance, travellers would do well to call at the Old Stand. E. C. WHITLOCK. Charlottetown, Nov. 14, 1867—3m n27

Every Man his own Fire Brigade.

"A little fire is quickly put out, which being suffered, rivers cannot quench."—Vide Mr. Cardwell in the British House of Commons. L'EXTINCTEUR, A new Portable, self-acting Fire Engine, for the Extinguishing of Fires in their early stages. The little Engine can be carried on the back to any desired spot; throws a small stream of water, impregnated with eight times its volume of carbonic acid gas, which is the most simple and most effective means yet known to science for destroying fire. They have the advantage of being always ready for use. All that is necessary in applying them is to turn the tap with one hand, and with the other direct the stream upon the flame, which will instantly extinguish the fire. They are indispensable for houses, stores, warehouses, factories, public offices, halls, &c., &c. Prices—No. 3 \$25, 4 \$27, 5 \$30, 6 \$35 Chemical Charges—No. 3 \$1.10, 4 \$1.40 5 \$1.80, 6 \$2.25. JAMES R. WOODBURN, 58 Water Street, St. John, N.B.

Just in Time FOR THE SPRING TRADE!!

The Subscriber has opened a Tailoring Establishment! in Mr. H. J. Richardson's Old Stand, which he trusts will be the most fashionable one of Summerside. If an accurate fit, a stylish cut, and superior workmanship can ensure custom, he flatters himself he shall not be without patronage from the tasteful and discerning. Every trade requires brains, and none more so than the art of cutting and making up a garment to fit every variety of the human form; but some people seem to imagine that it requires no more judgment to cut a coat than to hew a log,—an erroneous idea, the effects of which are seen in the tasteless and ill-fitting garments we every day behold in the streets. There is no earthly reason to prevent us Provincialists from being as elegantly and fashionably dressed as the Americans, and the subscriber will use his best endeavors to reach a "consummation so devoutly to be wished." JAMES GAFFNEY, late Cutter at Mr. H. J. Richardson's Clothing Store, Summerside, May 23, 1867.

Highest Cash Price PAID FOR HULLS, at the "EUREKA HOUSE," Summerside.

CHAS. GARDINER. Summerside, December, 1867.

SEED WHEAT.

THE subscriber offers for sale a quantity of a excellent Choice SEED WHEAT. Farmers would do well to avail themselves of this opportunity. JESSE WRIGHT & SON. Bed Nov 25, 1867—1f

SUMMERSIDE Furniture Factory!

(Next door to Mr. John F. Baker's, and directly opposite the JOURNAL Office.)

THE Subscriber would take this opportunity of announcing to the public that he has opened a Cabinet Shop next door to Mr. John F. Baker's Store, where he is prepared to manufacture Furniture as readily and as cheap as any in the city. He will supply at short notice— Bedsteads, Bureaus, Wardrobes, Cupboards, Sinks, Bedroom, Kitchen, Leaf, Centre and Extension Tables, Sideboards, Cheffions, What-nots, Stools, Desks, Picture Frames, Lounges, Seetees, Cradles, Cribbs, &c., &c. Imported Furniture put together. Old Furniture repaired, and TURNING done. J. ALEXANDER BOYER. Central Street, Summerside, Aug 22, 1867.

Look Here.

J. B. FITCH'S GOLDEN OINTMENT is used for all complaints, that skin, flesh, bones and muscles are afflicted with; with wonderful success. Try it. W. R. WATSON, General Agent for P. E. Island.

On Consignment.

100 CADDIES bright ELDERADO TOBACCO, which will be sold for less than manufacturers price. C. C. GARDINER. Summerside, Nov. 21, 1867.

Administration Notice.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of A. SOLOMON HARDY, late of Kildare River, deceased, are hereby required to make immediate payment to the Subscriber, or to my agent, R. Gordon, Esq., of this Township; and persons who have legal demands against the said Estate are requested to furnish their accounts, duly attested, for settlement, and within three months from the date hereof. ELEANOR HARDY, Administratrix. Kildare River, Jan. 10, 1867. 3m [Jan 15

Administration Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of A. WILLIAM BARCLAY, late of Lot 12, deceased, are hereby required to make immediate payment to the subscriber; and those persons who have legal demands against the said Estate are requested to furnish their accounts, duly attested, for settlement, and within three months from the date hereof. JAMES BARCLAY, Administratrix. Ellerslie, Lot 12, Sept. 16, 1867.—1f

Administration Notice

ALL PERSON having claims against the Estate of the late HORATIO NELSON HOPE of St. Eleanor's, Esq., are requested to furnish the same to the Subscriber, duly attested; and all persons indebted to the said estate are required to make payment to SARAH ELIZABETH HOPE, Administratrix. Nov. 14, 1867.

Notice!

IT IS REQUESTED that all those indebted to the Estate of the late DONALD M. PATTERSON, pay the amounts due by them without delay, as it will then be their duty to close the Shop, and then to entrust the collection of the debts to an agent at Summerside. ROBERT S. PATTERSON, Administrator. Nov 21, 1867.

NOTICE!

THE Subscriber having closed his business establishment at Summerside, hereby notifies all persons indebted to him, for Rents, Book accounts, Promissory notes or otherwise, that the same must be paid to him at his Office in Charlottetown. JAMES C. POPE. Char'town, Sept. 5, 1867.

Final Notice.

ALL parties indebted to me by Note of Hand or Book Account, need settle themselves by paying a part of the sum, thinking I shall wait until next fall for the balance. Those amounts I shall sue for at the next Commissioner's Court, unless settled in ten days from this date. CHAS. C. GARDINER. Summerside, 27th Nov., 1867.

To all Concerned.

THE subscriber requests all those indebted to him to make immediate payment. All accounts unpaid after the first day of December will be handed over to the Court for collection. D ROGERS. November 21, 1867.

A CARD!

THE undersigned begs to tender his sincere thanks to the public of Summerside, and the surrounding districts, for the very liberal share of their patronage bestowed upon him since his removal to his New Stand on Central Street, and as he has increased facilities for carrying on business, he respectfully requests a continuance of the same. He would also remind those who are indebted to him by Book Account, Notes of Hand &c., that their respective accounts must be paid on or before the 15th of December next. All amounts remaining unpaid at that date will be placed in the hands of the Clerk of the Court for collection. ANGUS McSWEEN. Summerside, Nov. 21, 1867. 1f

STOVES! STOVES!!

JUST received from ALBANY, a selection of COOKING, PARLOR, BEDROOM, SHOP, and OFFICE STOVES, of the most approved patterns. DAVID ROGERS. Summerside, Oct. 24, 1867.