

The Daily Examiner.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1881.

VOL 10.—NO. 14.

DECEMBER!

PERKINS & STERNS

Will, during this month, offer the Balance of their

Knit Wool Goods, Hats, Bonnets, Mantles, Ulsters and Furs,

AT GREAT BARGAINS IN ORDER TO CLEAR.

AN IMMENSE STOCK OF

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods of Every Description, at
VERY LOW PRICES.

On Monday, December 5th, we will open 7 cases of Fancy Goods, suitable for Christmas and New Year's Presents.

PERKINS & STERNS.

Charlottetown, Dec. 3, 1881.

AT COST!

Readymade Clothing, Tweeds and Heavy Cloths,

AS I WANT TO CLOSE OUT MY STOCK IN THIS LINE.

Some Expensive Ladies' Cloth Mantles and Dolmans, and Fur Lined Cloaks, Sealettes and Colored Dress Goods.

AT A LARGE REDUCTION.

JUST OPENED AND MARKED LOW,

A Select Assortment of Flowers, Feathers, Velveteens, Ladies' Sacques, &c., &c.

R. W. TREMAINE,

83 QUEEN STREET

Nov. 1, 1881.

1881. BRITISH WAREHOUSE, QUEEN SQUARE. 1881.

HAVE JUST OPENED A VERY LARGE STOCK OF

FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS!

Which will be disposed of at Very Low Prices.

W. & A. BROWN & CO.

Oct. 14, 1881.

LOOK YOU HERE.

STOVEPIPE. STOVEPIPE.

THE subscriber is now making an assortment of

Stovepipe and Tinware.

Best quality, which he is selling cheap for Cash. Tinware and Stovepipe, all kinds, made to order. Special prices to wholesale dealers. Orders for fitting up Stoves promptly and carefully attended to.

Orders solicited. Shop opposite Dr. Jenkin's residence, Queen Street.

R. RODD,
Practical Tinsmith.
Charlottetown, Sept. 3, '81—3m

Venor's Predictions!

Big Storms Anticipated!

Stovepipe. Stovepipe.

If you want your STOVES attended to, leave your orders with C. F. HARRIS. I guarantee

Promptness and a Boss Job.

C. F. HARRIS,
Upper Queen Street.
Oct 28, '81]

For Sale or to Let.

THAT Freehold Property, with a front of eighty feet on Pownall Street and eighty-four feet on Sydney Street, the House containing 16 large rooms and two Kitchens. Can be turned into one Dwelling by unlocking a door. Apply on the premises to

MRS. BOSWALL.

March 12, 1881—4f

THE place to get your Printing done is at the EXAMINER PRINTING ROOM.

OWEN CONNOLLY'S,

IS THE PLACE TO BUY

FALL & WINTER GOODS,

Flannels, Blankets, Quilts, Knit Wool Goods, Dress Goods, Wincies, Sacques, Shawls, Ulsters, Cloths and Tweeds.

READYMADE CLOTHING,

Ulsters, Overcoats, Reefers, Pants and Vests, Cardigan Jackets, Linders and Drawers, Flannel Shirts, Wool Scarfs,

Hats, Caps, Gloves, Mitts, &c. Cotton Warps, Best Makes, CHEAP

Cash Buyers can depend on getting good value.

OWEN CONNOLLY.

Nov. 10, 1881—pat

ALFRED A. BOWN,
AUCTIONEER

General Commission Merchant

ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND.

Solicits consignments of all kinds of Produce Butter, Eggs, Vegetables, etc., etc. Prompt returns guaranteed. Good references on application. [ju 17 6m oaw

SUBSCRIBE for the DAILY EXAMINER, the Cheapest and most Newsy Paper Published in the Provinces.

Removed.

MRS. W. W. IRVING begs to notify her friends and the public generally that she has opened her Fall and Winter Classes for Painting and Drawing in all their different branches.

For terms, etc., apply at her Studio—residence of Mr. Peebles, South Side of King Square. [au 29 if

TO LET.

THE BRICK HOUSE adjoining the residence of Mr. ANCOU KENNEDY, Water Street, also the premises adjoining, lately occupied by the "Examiner Printing Co." Apply to the owner.

JOHN INGS.

Ch'town, Sept. 7, 1881

JACOBS OIL



THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM,

Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains,

Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

No Preparation on earth equals St. Jacobs Oil as a safe, sure, simple and cheap External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.

Directions in Eleven Languages.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

A. VOGELER & CO.,

Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

Queen Insurance Co'y OF ENGLAND.

CAPITAL - TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

Insurance effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise and Produce. Also, on Vessels on the stocks.

Special rates for isolated residences.

All Losses settled promptly.

GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank),

Agent for Prince Edward Island.

Jan 77]

W. C. BISHOP, SHIPPING

FORWARDING AGENT,

Marine Insurance Broker,

General Commission Agent,
80 BEDFORD ROW.

P. O. BOX 1 HALIFAX, N. S.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION given to the Shipment of Lobsters and other Canned Goods, and collection of Custom Drawbacks thereon.

Hulls, Cargoes, and Freights insured in first-class offices at most favorable rates.

Consignments of Produce solicited, and prompt returns guaranteed.

Correspondence solicited and answered promptly.

Nov. 14, 1881—1yr

Credit Foncier FRANCO-CANADIEN.

Capital, - - - \$5,000,000

President—Hon. E. Duclere, Senator, Paris.

Vice-Pres.—Hon. J. A. Chapleau, Montreal.

The Company will make long term loans with sinking fund, and short term loans without sinking fund.

For particulars, apply at the office of Messrs. Sullivan & Morson, Solicitors, Charlottetown.

W. W. SULLIVAN.

Aug. 24, 1881.

DR. JENKINS

Has resumed practice at his residence, Queen Street. Hours for consultation 9 to 11 a. m., and 7.30 to 9 p. m. No certificates given except to patients. [no 8 wkly pat ex pres im, 3aw

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

THAT Valuable Freehold Property, situated on Sidney Street, and owned by the heirs of the late M. W. Skinner, Esq., consisting of Dwelling, Stable and Coach House. Also, a VACANT LOT, suitable for a Garden, adjoining the above.

The House contains 1 Large Shop, 7 Bed-rooms, Dining Room, Parlor and Kitchen. The Shop is at present occupied by the Inspector of Weights and Measures.

Apply on the premises to

MISS SKINNER.

BILLS OF LADING

—FOR SALE—

AT THE EXAMINER OFFICE.

THE WAR-TRAIL!

CHAPTER VIII.

DON RAMON.

On entering the courtyard, a somewhat novel scene presented itself—a Spanish picture, with some transatlantic touches. The patio of a Mexican house is its proper form. Here you know longer look upon jail-like doors and windows, but facades gaily frescoed, curtained verandahs, and glazed sashes that reach to the ground. The patio of Don Ramon's mansion was paved with brick. A fountain, with its tank of jappaned mason-work, stood in the centre; orange-trees stretched their fronds over the water; their golden globes and white wax-like flowers perfumed the atmosphere, which, cooled by the constant evaporation of the *jet d'eau* felt fresh and fragrant. Round three sides of the court extended a verandah, its floor of painted tiles rising but a few inches above the level of the paved court. A row of portales supported the roof of this verandah, and the whole corridor was railed in, and curtained. The curtains were close-drawn, and except at one point—the entrance between two of the portales—the corridor was completely screened from our view, and consequently all the windows of the house, which open into the verandah. No human face greeted our searching glances. In looking to the rear, into the great corral, or cattle-yard, we could see numerous peons in their brown leathern dresses, with naked legs and sandalled feet; vaqueros in all their grandeur of velveteens, bell-buttons, and gold or silver lace; with a number of women and young girls in colored *naguas* and rebosos. A busy scene was presented in that quarter. It was the great cattle enclosure, for the estate of Don Ramon de Vargas was a *hacienda de ganados*, or grand cattle-farm—a title which in no way detracts from the presumed respectability of its owner, many of the hidalgos of Mexico being only *graziers* on a large scale.

On entering the patio, I only glanced back at the corral; my eyes were busy with the curtained verandah, and, failing there, were carried up to the azotea, in hopes of discovering the object of my thoughts. The house, as I have elsewhere stated was but a single story in height, and from the saddle, I could almost look into the azotea. I could see that it was a sanctuary of rare plants, and broad leaves and bright corollas of some of the taller ones appeared over the edge of the parapet. Abundance of fair flowers I perceive, but not that for which I was looking. No face yet showed, no voice greeted us with a welcome. The shouts of the vaqueros, the music of singing-birds caged along the corridor, and the murmur of the fountain were the only sounds. The two former suddenly became hushed, as the hoofs of our horses rang upon the stone pavement, and the heedless water alone continued to utter its safe monotone. Once more my eyes swept the curtain, gazing intently into the few apertures left by a careless draping; once more they sought the azotea, and glanced along the parapet; my scrutiny still remained unwarded.

Without exchanging a word, Wheatley and I sat silent in our saddles, awaiting the return of portero. Already the peons, vaqueros, and wenches had poured in through the back gateway, and stood staring with astonishment at the unexpected guests. After a considerable pause, the tread of feet was heard upon the corridor, and presently the messenger appeared, and announced that the *dueno* was coming. In a minute after, one of the curtains was drawn back, and an old gentleman made his appearance behind the railing. He was a person of large frame, and although slightly stooping with age, his step was firm, and his whole aspect bespoke a wonderful energy and resolution. His eyes were large and brilliant shadowed by heavy brows, upon which the hair still retained its dark color, although that of his head was white as snow. He was simply habited—in a jacket of nankeen cloth, and wide trousers of like material. He wore neither waistcoat or cravat. A full white shirt of finest linen covered his breast, and a sash of dull blue color was twisted round his waist. On his head was a costly hat of the Guayaquil grass, and in his fingers a husk cigarrito, smoking at the end.

Altogether, the aspect of Don Ramon—for it was he—despite its assumed sternness, was pleasing and intelligent; and I should have relished a friendly chat with him even on his own account.

This, however, was out of the question. I must abide by the spirit of my orders; the farce must be played out; so, touching the flanks of my horse, I rode forward to the edge of the verandah, and placed myself *vis-a-vis* to the Don. "Are you Don Ramon de Vargas?"

TO BE CONTINUED.

CORRESPONDENCE.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions or statements of our correspondents.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

SIR,—I am somewhat surprised that the learned editor of the *Pioneer*, who so urgently and eloquently enlarges on the advantages of Free Trade, does not devote some of his arguments to the enlightening of his friends and allies on the other side of the border. In an article in his publication, a few weeks ago, he enlarged on their prosperity. He does not call them "bloated," reserving that favorite epithet for the manufacturers and coal-owners of the Dominion, who have not the advantages of protective duties or bounties. No doubt his acquaintance with the works of Adam Smith and Stuart Mills, on political economy, would enable him to produce conclusive arguments to persuade the politicians of the States to change their policy.

We find him also boasting repeatedly of the great superiority of the lands owned by the States of the Republic over those of the Dominion. There is no question but Minnesota, Dakota, etc., offer many excellent homes for emigrants, and the authorities of these States deserve great credit for their enterprise in opening the means of access to them. Many persons going from here, influenced by this, wish also to join relatives who have gone before them and are prospering. The Dominion has at length woke up to the knowledge of its possessions in the Far West, and is following in the steps of its more powerful neighbor. It does not employ "bloaters," as we find it sometimes done by land or railway operatives, according to the report of one of the English delegates; nor does it need emissaries in the shape of venal newspaper editors. In one word, all it needs, and all the Liberal Conservatives ask for, is "fair play and no favor."—In other words, *Reciprocity*.

O.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

DEAR SIR,—The information given by you last week, under the head of "The Interest Question" is of a most important and gratifying character. It is understood, I am informed, that some cases are shortly to be brought before our Island Courts, in which the rule of law will be cited—and no doubt followed—laid down recently by the highest British Court in the world, that parties obtaining money by charging compound interest, are liable to the borrower for the amount so obtained, even after a settlement.

The Dominion Government will certainly be entitled to the gratitude of the inhabitants of this Island if a limit will be placed on the greed and rapacity of some of our money-lenders.

LEX.

Dec. 5, 1881.

To Cross the Ocean in Five Days.

JACOB LORILLARD'S PLAN FOR A QUICK TRIP TO EUROPE.

The announcement was made yesterday that Jacob Lorillard and others were about to organize a new transatlantic steamship company, to be known as the American Express Line; were to build three steel steamships for first-class passenger traffic only, and to make the trip between New York and Milford Haven in five days. The project seems to be a revival of a scheme which was discussed two years ago by a number of capitalists, and which finally fell through for lack of support. Several steamship men when spoken to on the subject yesterday, declared that the plan was absurd. Mr. Lorillard, however, appears very confident of the success of his project, and will have associated with him George W. Quintard, owner of the Charlotte Steamship Line; R. B. McInturn, Daniel Chauncey, of Fabbri & Chauncey, and others.

"This subject is one of about five years' study and consideration with me," said Mr. Lorillard, "and the line will be running by the spring of 1883. We are going to build three steamships, which will take about eighteen months to get ready. They will be floating palaces."

"But several shipping men in speaking of this scheme this morning characterized it as 'one of the wild schemes of Mr. Lorillard's which will never be put through,'" said the reporter.

"They do, eh?" answered Mr. Lorillard. "They can say what they choose about it, but I tell you it is going to be a successful scheme. This line will be established by the time I say."—N. Y. Tribune.

A FRIEND of the Scott Act telegraphs as follows:—"The Scott Act was defeated in Lambton by about 165 majority, mainly through the apathy of the temperance men and the opposition of the business men, who were afraid of hurting trade. Some Sarnia churches ignored the Act and refused to refer to it or the temperance meetings."—Montreal Witness.

Whitelaw Reid draws six thousand dollars a year as editor of the New York Tribune, and thirty-five thousand as a husband.

Special Notices.

Notre Bank P. E. I. taken at their face for goods and in payment of accounts at Beer & Goff's. [d 26]

ALBUMS for Christmas Cards at C. U. Hassard's.

VERY choice table and cooking raisins, at Beer & Goff's. [dec 6 6i

THE only place on P. E. Island, where you can get every part of a gun made, is at Brown's Shop, corner of Prince and Grafton streets. [nov 17 6m wky

FOR Bargains in everything you want for house use—Groceries, Lamps, Knives and Forks, Baskets, &c., go to the "Family Grocery."—R. K. BRACE. [nov 28