

-IF YOU-
Want a wife,
Want a cook,
Want a partner,
Want a situation,
Want a servant girl,
Want to sell a farm,
Want to sell a house,
Want to rent a house,
Want to exchange anything,
Want to sell plants or grain
Want to sell groceries or drugs,
Want to sell or trade anything,
Want to find customers for anything,
Want to sell or buy horses, pigs or cattle
ADVERTISE IN
THE EXAMINER

CALENDAR FOR JUNE, 1895.

Full Moon, 7th day, 6h 47.6m a. m.
Last Quarter, 15th day, 7h 15.2m a. m.
New Moon, 23rd day, 5h 38.4m p. m.
First Quarter, 29th day, 9h 48.3m a. m.

Day of Week	Sun rises	Sun sets	High water
1 Saturday	4 17	7 38	6 10
2 Sunday	5 16	8 39	7 16
3 Monday	6 16	9 40	8 15
4 Tuesday	7 16	10 41	9 3
5 Wednesday	8 15	11 42	9 48
6 Thursday	9 15	12 43	10 31
7 Friday	10 14	13 43	11 12
8 Saturday	11 14	14 43	11 53
9 Sunday	12 14	15 44	12 32
10 Monday	13 14	16 45	1 10
11 Tuesday	14 13	17 46	1 47
12 Wednesday	15 13	18 47	2 28
13 Thursday	16 13	19 47	3 8
14 Friday	17 13	20 48	4 0
15 Saturday	18 13	21 48	4 58
16 Sunday	19 13	22 48	5 38
17 Monday	20 13	23 48	6 18
18 Tuesday	21 13	24 48	7 8
19 Wednesday	22 13	25 48	7 53
20 Thursday	23 13	26 48	8 32
21 Friday	24 13	27 48	9 13
22 Saturday	25 13	28 48	9 53
23 Sunday	26 13	29 48	10 32

Canada Atlantic and Plant STEAMSHIP LINE.

FOR BOSTON,

—CALLING AT—
Hawkesbury and Halifax.

S. S. OLIVETTE will leave Navigation Co's Wharf, Charlottetown, FRIDAY, May 17, at 12 noon, and every Friday thereafter until further notice. Will leave Halifax on Saturdays at 10 p. m., arriving at Boston Mondays at 7 a. m. FROM BOSTON—Tuesday, May 14, at 12 noon, and every Tuesday thereafter until further notice, calling at Halifax and Hawkesbury, and arriving at Charlottetown on Thursday evening 8 p. m. For rates of passage, freight, etc., apply to local agents, or the general agents as below.

HALIFAX SERVICE

S. S. "Halifax" or "Olivette" will leave Plant Wharf, Halifax, every WEDNESDAY, 8 a. m., and SATURDAY, 10 p. m., until further notice, for Boston direct. Returning, will leave on a day of Lewis' Wharf, Boston, Tuesdays and Saturdays, 12 noon, until further notice. Passengers arriving in Halifax on Friday evenings can go directly on board the steamer without extra charge. Tri-weekly service by S. S. Olivette and Halifax, between Boston and Halifax, and weekly service by S. S. Florida between Boston and Charlottetown will be resumed in June, as last season.

Through Tickets for sale and baggage checked at all stations on the Intercolonial Railway. For rates of passage, freight, etc., apply to local agents, or

H. L. CHIPMAN, Agent for Canada, Plant Wharf, Halifax. RICHARDSON & BARNARD, Agents, north side, Lewis' Wharf, Boston.

may 7

STMR. FASTNET

Will commence the season of 1895 by sailing from Halifax on the 30th April. For freight, etc., apply to

W. W. CLARKE, Agent.

April 18

OIL STOVES

constitute one of the greatest of home comforts in hot weather. You can light them at once without any kindling wood, and the fire burns at its brightest as soon as lighted. When no longer required, they can be immediately extinguished, and the house thus not over-heated by a blazing fire kept for hours long-time necessary to save the bother of re-kindling. No trouble, no dust—there are no open flames, no smoking, and they are so simple and so safe that they can be used by the youngest and best, that only cost from 75 cents up. Get a Stove and enjoy the summer.

Fennell & Chandler.

25-19 25

Notice to Parties Intending to Erect Cheese and Butter Factories.

That BRUCE STEWART & CO. are prepared to give the very lowest prices on Steam Boilers and Engines. Boilers are of 1, or of our own pattern and manufacture. Boilers furnished with all necessary fittings, including a first class Permitting Inspector, the best in the market. Simple, Valve. No levers or valves to handle, no working parts; consequently will last longer than the common Injector with levers and valves. We use best American goods, and at a price that will insure your custom. No old-fashioned pipes, and will not be undersold by any firm in the business. Repairs entrusted to us, and at prices to suit the market. First-class machinists and tools to send out on work when required. Plans, specifications and estimates given for any work required. Remember, we will not be undersold by any firm in the business.

BRUCE STEWART & CO.
25-19 25

CHTOWN TO BOSTON

—BY THE—
Fast Steamship "Olivette."

BUY YOUR TICKETS

—FROM—
W. W. Clarke,

TICKET AGENT,
Corner of Queen and Water Streets,
Charlottetown, May 14, 1895.

In This Eventful Century

it is indispensable to have the correct time. By bringing your Watches and Clocks to be cleaned, repaired and regulated to G. G. JURY, you will be in keeping with the town time. Make no mistake but bring them along, and if they are past redemption replace them with a new one. You will save money by dealing with

G. G. JURY,

THE RELIABLE JEWELER,
North Side Queen Square, Opposite the Post Office, Charlottetown.

may 22-3m 2w 14 & w

TO LET.

That comfortable Brick Dwelling House known as the Peake Homestead, situated on Water Street, now in possession of Henry Douce, Esq., C. C. Possession given first of May next.

Also that beautifully situated two-story Dwelling on Prince Street, now occupied by James Reddin, Esq. Possession given first June next.

Also, Cottage situate on Hillsborough Street, now occupied by Wallace Arbing. Possession given 20th April next.

Apply to
PEAKE BROS. & CO.
mch 19-17 246

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Only True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye today.

Hood's Pills cure habitual constipation. Price 25c per box.

Fortier's "Shakespeare,"

The FINEST 5 ct. CICAR

EVER OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.

JUST TRY IT

apd -ly & w

RIPANS

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

GAY'S PLANTS.

choice BIENNIALS (wintered over).—Pansy in bloom, distinct varieties, 3 to 4 cents each, 30 to 40 cents per dozen; Daisy, finest double white and pink, do; Hollyhocks, Chaters and Benary's Prize, to bloom in a few weeks, 4 to 8 cents each; Carnation (Double), Riviera and Margaret, 4 to 5 cents each; Dianthus, Indian Prince, Sweet William and Forget-Me-Not, 4 to 6 cents each.

Stocks, Asters, Petunia, Verbena, blooming in pots, 10 cents; Verbena about to bloom, 30 cents per dozen; Transplanted Annuals, large stocky plants; Stocks, Pinks, Aster, Verbenas, 15 cents per dozen; Pansy, Daisy, Petunia, Larkspur, Poppy, Carnation, Candytuft, Double Chrysanthemum, Nasturtium, Balsam, Morning Glory, Poppy, Candytuft, 12 cents per dozen; Lobelia, Golden Feather and Sweet Alyssum for Edging, 40 cents per hundred; Dahlia and Gladiolus Bulbs, 5 to 8 cents each.

VEGETABLE PLANTS (Transplanted).—Cabbage, Cauliflower and Celery, 50 cents per hundred; Tomato, 12 cents per dozen; Tomato in bloom, 5 cents each; Cabbage from Seed, 12 cents per hundred; Cauliflower, 25 cents.

The above price list is intended principally for our friends ordering from a distance. We do not bind ourselves, dealing personally with our customers. Orders shipped or small quantities mailed to any part of the Maritime Provinces. The above for sale Tuesday and Friday at Market, Charlottetown, and every day at our Nursery, Pownal. Address—

J. J. GAY & SON,
POWNAI, P. E. I.

May 27, 1895.

Keep Your Feet Dry.

If you catch cold now it will hang on all Summer.

Wear Granby Rubbers.

They are the best and last longest. Perfect in Style, Fit and Finish.

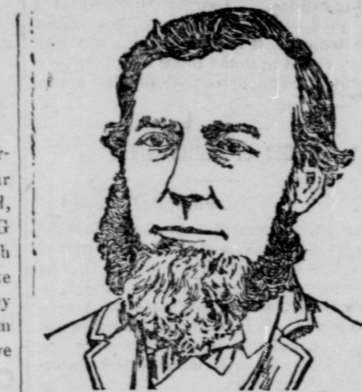
THEY WEAR LIKE IRON.

Sydney Coal

This celebrated Coal, mined by the General Mining Association, Ltd., of London, G. B., at North Sydney, Cape Breton, has long been generally known under the name of SYDNEY COAL, and this name is registered as a Trade Mark. To guard against deception from other coals being sold with the prefix of "Sydney," or as "Sydney Coal," a certificate is issued with each cargo of Genuine Sydney Coal shipped. SYDNEY COAL stands at the head of all Nova Scotia and Cape Breton Coals in its reputation for HOUSE USE. It is also an excellent STEAM COAL.

CARVELL BROS., Agents.
R. H. BROWN, Sydney Mines, Resident Manager.

Charlottetown, April 24, 1895—3m 135



In Advanced Years

The strength and pure blood necessary to resist the effects of cold seasons are given by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"I have for the last 25 years of my life been complaining of a weakness of the head and colds in the head, especially in the winter. Last fall I was again attacked. Reading of Hood's Sarsaparilla I was led to try it. I am now taking the fifth bottle with good results. I can positively say that I have not spent a winter as free from coughs or pains and difficult breathing spells for the last 25 years as was last winter. I can lie down and sleep all night without any annoyance from cough or pain in the lungs or asthmatic difficulty." E. M. CHAMBERS, J. E., Cornhill, N. B.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Only True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye today.

Hood's Pills cure habitual constipation. Price 25c per box.

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

JUNE 7, 1895.

WEATHER, CROPS AND MARKETS.

In Western Canada and some parts of the States the weather of the past week has been somewhat hot. Reports from all over southern Ontario tell of great damage done to crops, and if rain does not come soon serious results may follow. In New York the great heat of the past few days has beaten the record, and many prostrations are reported. In Chicago, too, it has been exceedingly hot. In England, also, the weather has been unusually warm, and the London Times prints a gloomy review of the English crop prospects. It says that much of the spring grain is no further advanced than generally in the middle of April. But in this part of Canada the weather has been very delightful, and the crops are well advanced.

Trade continues to be quiet. Ontario dealers quote oats a cent a bushel higher than in the previous week. The Toronto Globe says that oats and peas are the feature of the market, both shading firmer. The Montreal Star reports:

"Both in Britain and the United States signs of reviving trade are reported. Mills have been set going again, and the wages of workmen have been raised. Competent authorities calculate that the late depression has really passed, and that now we may look for steady improvement. This is all good news to Canada; for, as a stimulus to our country, the industrial and commercial life of the two communities that lie nearest to us, that we must be to some degree affected by their successes and disasters. Thanks to the good season which has kept us commercially independent of the world—so far as a moderate tariff will accomplish that task—we have not suffered from the financial storm that has raged outside of our harbours as much as we might have done, had our dykes been down. But still hard times under our customers cannot but hurt us among other conditions, and our people will heartily rejoice at the signs that they are well past."

In Charlottetown trade has been quiet. Farmers have been too busy putting in the crops to buy or sell a great deal. Prices are practically unchanged. There is nothing doing in potatoes or pork; and eggs are bought at 83 cents per dozen. About the only article of export moving is lobsters, of which considerable quantities have been sent to Halifax, en route to Great Britain. A better feeling in respect to cheese will be pleasing news for those engaged in dairying, though prices in Montreal have not lately been higher than 71 cents per lb.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Elizabeth Brothers, relict of the late Thomas Brothers, of Brothers Road, died at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Patrick Welsh, Somerville, on May 31st, while on a visit. Deceased had reached the advanced age of 80 years. She leaves two sons and six daughters to mourn their loss. Her remains were interred in the River cemetery on Sunday, and were followed to their last resting place by a large number of people, over 120 carriages in the procession. A Requiem Mass was sung on Monday morning, at St. Joseph's Church, by Rev. Dr. Doyle, P.P., which was attended by the members and friends of the family, including Sister St. Gertrude of Sumner Convent, and Sister St. Cecilia, of the same convent, who are both daughters of the deceased.

On the 3rd June, at his late residence Green Marsh, Murray Harbor Road, after four days illness of pneumonia, Alexander MacPherson, only son of the late Donald MacPherson, at the advanced age of 92 years, leaving two daughters, grandchildren and great-grandchildren. His wife predeceased him only nine months. He was a native of Scotland, and lived in this country for many years. He was a member of the Scotch Presbyterian Church, and was a devoted member of the same. He was a man of a kindly, inoffensive and Godly life, on the farm which by hard labor and industry he reclaimed from the primeval forest. His remains were interred in the River cemetery, and were followed to their last resting place by a large number of friends, and were laid to rest in Valleyfield cemetery, there to await the resurrection of the just. [Guardian and Patriot please copy.]

AN OPEN LETTER.

To the Editor of the Patriot:

Mr. Editor,—In your last issue of the Weekly Patriot appeared an article purporting to give some idea of who Dr. Rossin really was, where he had drifted from, and finally to what place, viz., Charlottetown, he had drifted. This descriptive biography had drifted from no one knows where to St. John, thence to the Moncton Times, and lastly to your valuable paper. Mr. Editor, the people of P. E. I. know that the latter part of this report is false. Dr. Rossin never spent a year at New Glasgow, Nova Scotia; he never got into trouble in Charlottetown. He was no flippant speaker, in fact he was the reverse. We may safely say that he was never in the book business. His dealing in books as a general thing was extremely moderate, as his extensive brain capacity did not require more than three hours study before trying to find out what probably was the matter with a patient. Besides his opponent claimed him to be a scribbler. How could he have written the book of which you are so ignorant of its contents? The report brought from no place but the empty vacuum of some medical man, superseded as many have been, should never have found a place in your paper. It is no difficult task to resurrect old reminiscences in the life of any man, whether he claim to possess medical lore or not. We may be not allowed to say that a head-headed man will never have a sore throat, and what is known to our medical prodigy as dropsy may be all.

REMEMBERED THE PARROT.—The widow Mary Jean Bradford, of Boston, was a devoted lover of her parrot. The widow has lately died, leaving a will dated Jan. 3, 1891, which contained this curious provision: "I give \$4,000 in trust to G. H. Pierce, to be invested in good mortgage or mortgages, and the income thereof to be paid to the person who may take the care of my parrot. The bird shall have the best of care and be kindly treated, must not be put into a public place or store."

DEER FROM BANANAS.

Low Africa Sarsaparilla Make This Spirituous Beer.

To the natives of Africa of the present time beer prepared from malt and hops is unknown. Yet there exists no lack of intoxicating beverages among the natives of the continent. They are not required to wait for the fire-water of the Europeans to be sent to them. They understand how to prepare spirituous beverages of their own, and they also become intoxicated by them. The Africans make wine and beer, but neither grape juice is used for the former nor malt extract for the latter. Palm leaves of different kinds, bananas and millet furnish the raw materials. Palm wine is made from the sap oozing from the cut-off blossoms stems of the oily palm tree and of the cocoa tree. It is a pleasant, refreshing beverage, and sufficiently known to the natives of the banana and cocoa tree. They drink there as wine or beer.

Banana beer is chiefly used by the natives of the country bordering on Lake Victoria. The people there are fond of such beer, and when King Pascheo went to Rubaga to meet King Mtesa he wrote in his diary: "This is a real beer trip; from village to village, or rather, from beer-pot to beer-pot, we are on a ching on."

According to his description "mubisi," a cooling banana wine, is manufactured in the following manner: A big hole is dug in the ground, lined with bananas, and kept covered by mats and skins. The hole is then filled with water, and the bananas are put in it. Then the bananas are cut, mixed with fine hay, and placed into a large, boat-like, wooden trough, which at one end has a narrow opening. After the addition of some water the whole is thoroughly mixed by the hand or by short wooden sticks. Thereupon the trough is covered with bananas, and the mixture is left standing for about one or two hours. After the expiration of that time it is taken out, and through a sieve poured into large calabashes. It is then ready for use, and represents a sweet, agreeable and not intoxicating beverage. But the mixture is left standing for three days it undergoes a fermentation, and becomes a slightly acid, refreshing beverage, which is strongly intoxicating.

SENSATIONS OF STARVING.

Observations Made by a Man Who Had

gone a Week Without Food.

For the first two days through which a strong and healthy man is doomed to exist upon nothing, his sufferings are perhaps more acute than in the remaining stages; he feels an insatiable, unquenchable craving at the stomach night and day. The mind runs upon beef, bread and other substances; but still, in a great measure, the body retains its strength.

On the third and fourth days, but especially on the fourth, this incessant craving grows more and more acute, and weakness of the stomach, accompanied by nausea. The unfortunate sufferer still desires food, but with a loss of strength he is unable to eat anything which is left standing for about one or two hours. After the expiration of that time it is taken out, and through a sieve poured into large calabashes. It is then ready for use, and represents a sweet, agreeable and not intoxicating beverage. But the mixture is left standing for three days it undergoes a fermentation, and becomes a slightly acid, refreshing beverage, which is strongly intoxicating.

On the fifth day his cheeks suddenly appear hollow and sunken, his body emaciated, his eyes are inflamed, and he is unable to see clearly. He is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

The different parts of the system now war with each other. The stomach calls for the least to go with it, and the body is unable to see clearly.

On the sixth day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the seventh day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the eighth day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the ninth day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the tenth day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the eleventh day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the twelfth day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the thirteenth day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the fourteenth day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the fifteenth day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the sixteenth day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the seventeenth day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the eighteenth day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the nineteenth day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the twentieth day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the twenty-first day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the twenty-second day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the twenty-third day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the twenty-fourth day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the twenty-fifth day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the twenty-sixth day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the twenty-seventh day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the twenty-eighth day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the twenty-ninth day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the thirtieth day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the thirty-first day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the thirty-second day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the thirty-third day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the thirty-fourth day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the thirty-fifth day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the thirty-sixth day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the thirty-seventh day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the thirty-eighth day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the thirty-ninth day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the fortieth day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the forty-first day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the forty-second day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the forty-third day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the forty-fourth day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the forty-fifth day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the forty-sixth day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the forty-seventh day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the forty-eighth day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the forty-ninth day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

On the fiftieth day he is unable to see clearly, and he is unable to see clearly.

SUNLIGHT SOAP

FOR WRAPPERS

For every 12 "Sunlight" wrappers sent to Lever Bros. Ltd., Toronto, a useful paper-bound book, 166 pages, will be sent

A Household Comfort

For every 12 "Sunlight" wrappers sent to Lever Bros. Ltd., Toronto, a useful paper-bound book, 166 pages, will be sent

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