

THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 2.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, MONDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1877.

NO. 172.

ROBERT YOUNG

HAS JUST RECEIVED,

Per S. S. Prince Edward,

A MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT

NEW GOODS,

Which he is offering at

EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES

October 1, 1877.

A. McNEILL.

Auctioneer and Commission Merchant

NO. 1 QUEEN STREET.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND

AUCTION SALES, of all descriptions, attended to in city and country at moderate rates.

May 21, 1877.

ROYAL HOTEL,

King Square, Saint John.

I HAVE much pleasure in informing my numerous friends and the public generally, that having leased the Hotel formerly known as the CONTINENTAL, and thoroughly renovated the same, making it, as the ROYAL always had the reputation of being, one of the best Hotels in the Province.

Excellent Bill of Fare, First-class Wines, Liquors and Cigars, and superior accommodations.

Blackhall's Livery Stable attached.

THOS. F. RAYMOND.

July 3, 1877-6m

QUEEN INSURANCE CO.

OF ENGLAND.

Capital - - Two Millions Sterling.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise, and Produce also, on Vessels on the stocks.

Special rates for isolated residences. Losses settled promptly.

GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank),

Agent for Prince Edward Island June -

American & Foreign Patents.

Gilmore, Smith & Co., Successors to Chipman, Hosmer & Co.

PATENTS procured in all countries. No fees in advance. No charge for services until the patent is granted. Preliminary examinations free. Our valuable pamphlet sent free upon receipt of stamp.

Address, GILMORE, SMITH & CO., Washington, D. C.

ARREARS OF PAY, BOUNTY, ETC.

FEDERAL Officers, Soldiers and Sailors of the late war, or their heirs, are in many cases entitled to money from the Government, which has been found to be due since final payment. Write full history of service and state amount of pay and bounty received.

Certificates of Adjutant General U. S. A. showing service and honorable discharge therefrom, in place of discharge lost, procured for a small fee.

Enclose stamp to Gilmore & Co., and full reply, with blanks, will be sent free.

PENSIONS. PENSIONS.

ALL Federal Officers, Soldiers and Sailors, wounded, ruptured, or injured, in the line of duty in the late war, and disabled thereby, can obtain a pension.

Widows, and minor children of Officers, Soldiers and Sailors, who have died since discharge of disease contracted or wounds and injuries received in the service and in the line of duty, can procure pensions by addressing Gilmore & Co.

Increased rates for pensioners obtained. Bounty Land Warrants procured for service in wars prior to March 3, 1855. There are no warrants granted for service in the late rebellion.

Send stamp to Gilmore & Co., Washington D. C., full instructions.

July 24 1877.

HAY! HAY!

FOR SALE AT

W. W. CLARKE'S.

Water St., Ch'town, Dec. 1—eod tf

Notice to the Public!

SUPPLIES for the "Soup Kitchen" will reach the Committee if left at the Store of Mr. Alex. Horne, Corner of Queen and Fitzroy Streets.

Donations of money will be received by them through Dr. Dodd and Mr. J. Quirk.

N. B.—Food for the sick carefully prepared by the Committee.

Nov. 30, 1877.

Prince Edward Island

STEAMERS.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Nova Scotia.

Leave Charlottetown for Pictou every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, & SATURDAY mornings, at 5 o'clock, connecting there at 10 a. m., with train for Halifax. Fare to Halifax, \$4.10. Picnic Parties of Twenty and upwards can obtain Return Tickets at Charlottetown Office to Pictou and back same day \$1.00 each.

Returning to Charlottetown.

Leave Pictou every TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY, about 2.30 p.m. on arrival of evening train from Halifax.

CAPE BRETON.

Leave Pictou for Hawkesbury every MONDAY and THURSDAY, on arrival of morning train from Halifax, connecting both ways with stage and Steamer "Neptune," to and from Sydney and Bras d'Or Lake.

Returning to Pictou same nights, connecting with 10 a. m. Train TUESDAY and FRIDAY for Halifax.

New Brunswick, Canada and United States.

Leaves SUMMERSIDE every day (Sunday excepted) on arrival of morning train from Charlottetown, connecting at SHERIDIAN with trains for each of above named places, and at St. John with Steamers of INTERNATIONAL CO. for PORTLAND and BOSTON. Also, leave Charlottetown for Summerside every Monday morning, about 3 o'clock.

Returning, leaves SHERIDIAN every day (Sundays excepted) on arrival of day train from St. JOHN, for Summerside; connect there, without delay, with train for Charlottetown. Also, leaves Summerside for Charlottetown every Saturday evening, about 6 o'clock.

Agents: ALMON & MACINTOSH, Halifax; NOONAN & DAVIES, Pictou; A. GRANT & CO. Hawkesbury; HANFORD BROS., St. John.

P. W. HALES

STEAM COOKING.

MAYO'S STEAM

CULINARY BOILER!

ALL the condensed steam is carried back into the boiler—preventing unpleasant odors in the kitchen. Meat, Vegetables, Puddings, &c., may all be cooked at the same time, without mingling the flavors, while each article retains all its strength and aroma, and is more palatable and nutritious than when cooked by any other mode.

On exhibition and for sale at

BEER & GOFFS.

CARD.

MR. D. McRAE, a teacher of upwards of 25 years experience in the Province of Ontario, ex-Superintendent of Schools for the Township of Kingston, intends (if sufficient encouragement offers) to open, during the winter months, Evening Classes, in Writing, Arithmetic, Algebra and Elocution.

Mr. McRae would give his earnest attention to Posting Books, Making out Accounts, Collecting, &c. Apply at 124 Kent Street.

Two permanent boarders can be accommodated.

Ch'town, Nov. 15, 1877—

MORTGAGE SALE.

To be Sold, by PUBLIC AUCTION, on TUESDAY, the 12th day of FEBRUARY, 1878 at the Court House in Charlottetown, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, of the same day, under and by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage, dated the 3rd day of January, 1860, and made between PETER McINNIS and Mary his wife, of the one part, and JOHN KNIGHT, now deceased, of the other part—All that Piece and Parcel of Land being part of Township No. 45, and situated near the head of Souris River, bounded on the west and north by land then a occupation of Donald McCormack, and on the east by land then in the possession of Angus McDonald, and on the south by Souris River—containing fifty-one acres of land, being the farm then and until lately in occupation of the said Peter McINNIS, together with all the Buildings and Appurtenances connected therewith.

For terms and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Hodgson & McLeod.

Dated 9th day of November 1877.

JAMES McFARLANE,

EDWARD J. HODGSON,

ERON H. KNIGHT

Trustees and Devises under the will of the late John Knight.

Nov. 10—t sale

DR. WILLIAM GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

The Great English Remedy is an unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all diseases that follow as a consequence of Self-Abuse, as Loss of Memory, Unrest, Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, &c.

Before Taking, Premature Old Age, and After Taking, many other diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave. Price, \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, by mail free of postage. Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. Address WM. GRAY & CO., Windsor, Ontario, Canada.

Sold in Charlottetown by W. R. Watson, P. J. Fraser, C. D. Rankin, Dr. Dodd, and a Apothecaries' Hall, and by all druggists anywhere.

EVERYBODY'S PAPER.

The BEST and CHEAPEST in the World; for City, Village, and Country, for Men, Women and Children in all Stations:

The American Agriculturist,

so-called because started 36 years ago as a Rural Journal—hence its name—but greatly enlarged in size and scope, without change of name, until it is now a large splendid, Illustrated Family Journal, adapted to the Wants, Wishes, Pleasure, and Improvement of every member of every family in City, Village and Country—full of PLAIN, PRACTICAL, USEFUL, INTERESTING, RELIABLE, and HIGHLY INSTRUCTIVE INFORMATION. It has departments helpful to Housekeepers, and for Youth and Children, both Interesting and Instructive. Every volume contains 550 to 650 Original Engravings, finely executed and well printed on fine paper, which are PLEASING and INSTRUCTIVE.

No one can read a volume without getting numerous hints that will pay back many times the cost of the paper.

TERMS, \$1.60 a Year, (sent post-paid). Four copies \$5.20 (\$1.30 each). Ten copies \$12.00 (\$1.20 each).

Try it, in connection with the WEEKLY EXAMINER, for one year.

ORANGE JUDD COMPANY,

Publishers,

245 Broadway, New York

"St. John Fire Waltzes."

JUST OUT,

COMPOSED BY

MAX. STERNE,

PROFESSOR OF MUSIC, SACKVILLE ACADEMY.

The above Waltzes are really good. Get a copy. For sale at

FLETCHER'S MUSIC STORE,

Queen Street.

Nov. 22, 1877.

Clocks & Timepieces

A VARIED ASSORTMENT,

FROM \$1.25 UPWARDS,

WARRANTED, AT

J. F. MCKAY'S,

North Side Queen Square.

Nov. 24—

VIOLIN CLASS.

MR. VINNICOMBE has opened a Violin Class over Mr. Fletcher's Music Store. Ages of pupils preferred—from Eleven to Fifteen years.

TERMS—\$10 a quarter, half in advance. Twenty-four Lessons a quarter; each Lesson one hour's duration.

Orders for TUNING may be left at the above Store.

October 13, '77.

UNION BANK of P. E. ISLAND.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Dividend, at the rate of Ten per Cent. per Annum, has this day been declared on the Capital Stock of this Bank for the past half year, payable forthwith at its Office here.

GEORGE MACLEOD, Cashier.

Charlottetown, Dec. 1st, 1877—6i

TENDERS.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, 29th Nov., 1877.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until noon of the 20th day of December next, from persons willing to Contract to supply, for one year, the City Stables with Hay, Oats and Potatoes. The Council will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

WM. B. MORRISON,

City Clerk.

Nov. 30—pat t 20th dec

GROCERIES.

31 Hhds. SUGAR.

25 Bbbs. do.,

255 Packages TEA,

135 Boxes RAISINS,

10 Bbbs. CURRANTS,

All of Finest quality and at lowest figures

BEER & SONS.

Ch'town, Nov. 30, 1877.

Credit Becoming More Difficult to Get.

To refuse a man credit, especially, when he had about a thousand dollars in his pocket ready to invest in groceries and dry goods, was, a few years ago, something almost unheard of in Canada. But now, we are glad to say, a more healthy business sentiment exists, and a better regard for the welfare of the mercantile community has grown to be entertained among the wholesale houses in our cities. We have endeavored to do our duty in urging the importance of curtailing credits, and in warning would-be merchants against the folly of attempting business with small capital, and of competing for custom, in the present depressed condition of trade, against men of large experience and a well established business. If we have contributed in any degree in urging about a better condition of affairs, we have had our reward. Occasionally we hear that persons about to begin business find it extremely difficult to obtain goods on credit from respectable houses and it will be well if the trade generally persist in declining to advance stocks of goods to new beginners in localities where stores are already too numerous. An instance occurred last week where a young man of good address and considerable experience as clerk in a country village not a hundred miles west of this city, came here with \$800 in cash for the purpose of buying a stock of goods amounting to say \$2,500. He did not attain his object, and, after consulting some friends, he returned home with the intention of resuming his former occupation, and investing his money in something less precarious than dry goods. This, considering all the circumstances, was the wisest course to adopt. Had he got the goods, it would have been difficult in his locality, and with his means, to adopt the cash system. And to sell on the customary terms of credit in the village in question, would to him have been simply ruin. This was clearly foreseen by those who refused to accept his hard-earned savings and supply the goods necessary; hence the very proper refusal to give credit. Under similar circumstances, the seller is certainly safe in keeping his goods, and the intended buyer is much better off without them if he intended to conduct his business honestly. Undoubtedly, the competition is already too great. And it has become a question with some of the older and wealthy merchants, whether it be better to continue to risk their capital and compete against illegitimate trade, or to retire with what they have accumulated.—Monetary Times.

British Heroes of Trafalgar.

Looking back through the long vista of seventy-two years to the day when Nelson's immortal signal inspired the victory of Trafalgar, it seems hard to believe that we have still among us a group of officers who have helped to assert the naval supremacy of England. We regard even a Waterloo hero as a relic of the remote past, so far away appears that "loud Sabbath" on which Wellington "shook the spoiler down." But Trafalgar was fought ten years before the great European convulsion ended on the plains of Belgium, and ten years, when man get past the Scriptural limit of human life is an age. Nevertheless, on Sunday last (October 11) seven venerable officers celebrated, each in his quiet home, and doubtless, with many a proud and many a sad recollection, the seventy-second anniversary of England's greatest sea-fight. Their names are as follows:—Admiral of the fleet, Sir George Rose Sarterius, K. C. B., who is now in his eighty-eight year, and entered the navy in June, 1801, fought as midshipman on board the Tonnant; Admiral Robert Patton, now in his eighty-seventh year, who entered the navy February 1, 1804, as a midshipman in the Bellerophon; Admiral William Ward Percival Johnson, who entered the navy July 2, 1803, was midshipman of the Victory; Vice Admiral Spencer Smythe, who entered the navy in March, 1803, was midshipman in the Defiance; Commander Francis Harris was a first-class volunteer in the Termeraire; Commander William Vicary (who is now in his eighty-fifth year, and who entered the navy February 6, 1805), was first-class volunteer in the Achilles; and Lieutenant-Col. James Fynmore, R. M., was midshipman of the Africa. The following is a list of the ships engaged: Victoria, Royal Sovereign, Britannia, Temeraire, Neptune, Leviathan, Conqueror, Agamemnon, Africa, Ajax, Orion, Minetaur, Spartiate, Belleisle, Mars, Bellerophon, Colossus, Achilles, Dreadnought, Polyphemus, Revenge, Swiftsure, Defiance, Tonnant, Prince, Phoebe, Sirius, Euryalus, Naiad, Entreprenant and Pickle.—London Daily Telegraph.

The last sensational suicide in Europe is that of Marie Prieur, a pretty French singer of twenty-five, who ran away from her home at Toulouse with Count Hugno Lamberg, an Austrian cavalry officer. She had acquired a competency and retired from the stage, young as she was; then she was smitten with a passion that the Count failed to reciprocate fully, and when he left she placed his portrait over her heart and with a revolver bullet pierced both.

THE Halifax "Herald's" dispatch from Montreal says: Another victim of American competition, Ives & Co., immense manufacturers, have closed, owing to an accumulation of stock. The Montreal Bank being solely involved and having good security, will probably tide the firm through.

Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 27, 1877.

Two spacious dwellings that have been the scene of many a gay assemblage and have been the favorite resort of many a society devotee at the Capital, have recently been overtaken by a most unenviable fate. I refer to the residence so long occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Fish and that wherein lived and shone the false but fair Mrs. Belknap and her weak and unfortunate husband, both of which have been turned into boarding houses.

The most pleasant reports continue to arrive regarding General and Mrs. Grant and their doings abroad. Rev. Dr. Newman received a letter the other day from the General, which expressed himself as well pleased with his tour thus far, in good health and spirits, and in which he says Paris is "the most beautiful and quiet city in the world." He intends wintering in Spain, on the Mediterranean coast, and purposes completing the circle and return home by way of California. His son Jesse, who is with his father and mother, wishes to enter one of our law schools upon his return to this country, but has not yet decided what one.

Wednesday is the reception day of Vinnie Ream, the famous little sculptress of whom all America is so justly proud. A visit to her studio last week resulted most satisfactorily to your correspondent who, not having a personal acquaintance with the artist, took advantage of her weekly reception day. Miss Vinnie was just parting with Mrs. Gen. Custer, for whom she is now executing a bust of the lamented General. In one studio are busts of Senator Voorhees and General G. H. Thomas, and a model of the equestrian statue of General Robert E. Lee, for which Miss Ream hopes to get the contract. She also has the unfinished busts of Senator David Davies, Hon. L. E. C. Lamar, and Capt. J. B. Eades, upon which she works as a relaxation from the harder labor which her colossal statue of Admiral Farragut requires. His is the first colossal statue ever executed by a lady, and is worthy the "clear grit" of this little woman. It stands in a room, of which she had the ceiling removed for its accommodation, and represents the Admiral standing, with telescope in hand, as having just finished an observation. Miss Ream expects to have it ready for the foundry in a few months, when it will be placed in the position already prepared for it in Farragut Square.

Working by Deputy.

We were rather surprised, says the London "Globe," to hear the other day of the arrival of some fifty "American" workmen in London. We had always been under the impression that an American workman was much the same kind of *rara avis* as a British bastard, and our belief has since been confirmed by the news that nineteen-twentieths of the tourists in question are of Irish extraction. They are American immigrants or the sons of American immigrants. The American boasting of a native grandfather takes kindly to politics and to the dry goods trade, but his notion of manual labor is confined to importing it for his own and his country's benefit.

Some people are so bright and wide-awake that they are always looking ahead. A married couple in Prussia of this prudent sort provided themselves with coffins beforehand, and kept them in a stable. Thinking it a pity not to make some use of them in the meantime, they utilized them as cupboards for the keeping of various kinds of food. At last the man died. The widow proceeded to put the contents of both coffins into one, and the emptied coffin was used for the reception of the corpse. By some mishap the coffin containing the eatables were carried to the grave. Soon after, the widow, raising the lid of the other in quest of food, was horrified to find the dead body of her husband. The funeral had then to be done over again.

OSMAN PASHA, says a war correspondent, appears about fifty years of age. His face is very brown and not wrinkled, his black but rather loose beard full-grown. His features are very remarkable, and would repay the attentive study of a physiognomist. His forehead presents a strong slope, his hazel brown eyes are uncommonly large, suggesting an Asiatic origin, and always betray his feelings. His lips are uncommonly thick, though their thickness is partially disguised by the imperative firmness with which they are pressed together. I do not know if the high title of Ghazi, conferred upon him at the early stage of the war, will prove justified in the end. He is a severe disciplinarian.

SOUTH AFRICA.—The British in South Africa are afraid that the little war Sir Bartle Frere was so ready to undertake with the Galeaks may be long, troublesome, and expensive, as much of the country is covered with dense woods, and the natives have several pretty safe retreats.

A few days ago a customer in a wholesale house in this city remarked to the dealer that he noticed an unpleasant odor upon the premises. The latter did not perceive anything, and the customer added: "Well, I guess it is the cellar that smells." The other replied: "Not at all. I smell nothing. It seems to be the buyer that smells."