they are being expended by the recipients, the effects we speak of will not be so manifest. All, however, that is wanted to prove that debt is the destruction of national as of domestic comfort, is time, and as time is inexorable, it will make demands which the people will find it misery to comply with, just as a man who had borrowed much beyond the resources of his estate—and spent the money in folly and extravagance—would become cramped to pay the interest, and would have to deny himself and his family many reasonable and necessary things. Under circumstances of this kind, we again repeat it, annexation to the United States—setting aside affection and loyalty as mere sentiment, and thinking only of material good—is a poor speculation, and about as barren and unpromising an enterprise as we could possibly contemplate.

London Correspondence of Montreal Gazette.

POSITION OF THE QUESTION OF CONFEDERATION.

"Amongst all thoughtful men here, those who are not carried off by any popular prejudices, there is a determination that, as long as Canada and the other provinces desire to remain connected with the British Crown, they must be encouraged to do so, and every reasonable measure taken to aid them in the development of the resources of their country; in fact, it Canada and the other provinces of British North America become confederate, it will undoubtedly lead to other confederations of British colonies in other parts of the world, and perhaps, before a great number of years pass away, if the British American confederation is successful, we may see the colonies of Great Britain grouped into three or four large confederations, according to their geographical position, instead of a large number of scattered colonies, as is the case at present. As a mere question of expense this will, undoubtedly, be beneficial; as a question affecting the common defences of the empire it will be, undoubtedly, important, and unquestionably also, in regard to the material development of the resources of the several colonies. I think it not unlikely, from all I can ascertain, this policy is likely to be one which will be ultimately adopted. I think, at any rate, this is the view of the Conservative party, and the position which they occupy to the State at present is such as to make their views very likely to be adopted by the present Government, knowing, as the latter does, that in any measure of this kind they would be supported by a certain portion of their own friends and the great bulk of the Conservative party, whilst, in any attempt to sever the connection between the colonies and the mother country, they would be opposed by a section of their own followers, and by the unanimous strength of the Conservative party.

"The Confederation question is looked upon as capable of very easy solution, and one that can be, and will be, carried out without difficulty. The question of the defence of the country, and placing it in a position to maintain its independence, is considered to be of the first importance. If that question is, as I believe it will be, satisfactorily adjusted while the present deputation is in England, I entertain no doubt whatever that the confederation will be carried in a very short time. The views of her Majesty's Government have been expressed most unmistakeably to the Governors of the sister Provinces, and there can be no doubt now as to the course that will be pursued if they are determined to maintain the attitude which the elections in New Brunswick appeared to show was likely to be assumed. In Prince Edward Island it has already been intimated to them that they will in future have to pay the salary and expenses of their own Governor. This, for an Island like Prince Edward, is a serious item and may be taken as an evidence of the course that will be pursued upon all matters of Imperial expenditure in the Lower Provinces, if they are not prepared to cast their lot in as parts of the great Confederation, and working out, not only their own material interests and social developments, but also the policy of the Imperial Government."

THE LAPRAIRIE MURDERS — ARREST OF BARREAU AT KINGSTON.

Kingston, June 5, 1865.

Stanislaus Barreau, the Laprairie murderer, arrived in this city yesterday morning in the disguise of a preacher, having walked from Point Claire, the first station west of Montreal, a distance of nearly 170 miles. He accomplished this in seven nights, during which time only he ventured to walk, spending the day in sleep in the woods.

On arriving here he stopped at a small tavern in the outskirts of the city kept by one Hubbard, where he offered some gold coins of 1812, the date borne by the gold pieces stolen from the house of Mr. Moquin, in Laprairie. This aroused suspicion at the tavern, and information was quietly given to the police, who effected the arrest of Barreau without trouble.

On being taken into custody the prisoner at first denied being the man Barreau, but a few minutes after he was secured he made a full confession of his guilt.

Barreau had in his possession when arrested twenty gold sovereigns, ten Mexican dollars of the dates of 1808 and 1812, some small change, a carpet bag and some clothes.

The prisoner will be delivered to the Montreal authorities to-morrow morning. He appears downcast and a good deal fatigued after his long walk.—*Telegraphic correspondence of the Toronto Leader.*

ARRIVALS AND TONNAGE TO DATE.—The number of vessels which have arrived at this port this season, up to yesterday afternoon, is 430—aggregate tonnage, 278,098 tons—against 287 vessels and 185,522 tons at the corresponding date last year. This shows a difference in favor of this year of 143 vessels and 95,567 tons. The average tonnage of the vessels which have arrived this season is 646 tons. This is the largest average that has ever arrived here before in one season.—*Quebec Gazette, June 2.*

THE NEW COMMANDER OF THE FORCES.—Lieut.-General Sir John Michel, the new commander of Her Majesty's Forces in British North America, reached Montreal Saturday night. He was accompanied by Lady Michel, the Misses Michel, and Captain Montmorency, A.D.C. The party are staying at the St. Lawrence Hall.—*Quebec News.*

NEW BRUNSWICK.

BURNING OF THE "HEATHER BELL."—This popular boat, owned by E. Lunt, Esq., and others, which plied on the River between this (St. John) city and Fredericton, was totally destroyed by fire on Thursday morning last. The Fredericton correspondent of the *Globe* gives the following particulars of the catastrophe as far as they could be learned:—"It is not known how the fire originated; all that can be discovered is that at or about 4 o'clock, fire was discovered in the upper works by the watchman, and with such rapidity did the fire spread through the saloons and state rooms, completely covering the main deck with a sheet of flame, that the hands who were sleeping on board barely escaped with their lives, losing all their effects. Whether the mooring were burned or cut I could not hear, but on arriving at the wharf, the boat was drifting out into the stream, her head towards the wharf, the flames making a clean sweep from stem to stern. Some parties were endeavoring to cut holes in the hull in order to sink it, but although they succeeded in making several apertures, the burning vessel still floated, drifting across the channel, and then, the wind being from the south, she took a slight incline up stream. In the meantime the funnel went over the side into the deep water. The wheelhouse stood long, and the bell could occasionally be seen through the flames. At last it also went, ringing out a mournful death knell for the good steamer 'Heather Bell,' long known as one of the most comfortable passenger boats between St. John and Fredericton. At last the wreck grounded on the St. Mary's Shore, just opposite the Barker House, and burned to the water's edge. The steamer had but little freight on board, all the up freight having been landed last night.

The commander, Capt. Western, who had a share in the concern, lost heavily. Beside all his effects, a sum of money was lost, some of which belonged to the boat. Martin Sampier, the very efficient caterer, lost property to the value of £300 or £400, and Gleason's Express lost everything which it had on board, but I believe it had no property in charge belonging to other parties. There was no insurance on any of the property on board."

The steamer was insured for $12,000, equally divided between the "Phœnix," and the "Liverpool and London" offices.—*St. John Courier, June 10.*

LATEST NEWS FROM EUROPE.

NEW YORK, June 14.—Additional news by the steamship *Scotia* states that Parliament adjourned on the 2nd inst....... It is stated that France will not send reinforcements to Mexico. Also that the American Minister at Paris had assured the French Government that the United States will observe strict neutrality in relation to Mexico. ......The Princess of Wales has had a son.

The International Exhibition at Dublin is thought to contain the best show of sculpture yet seen in the United Kingdom, and the best collection of pictures, after that brought together at Manchester, in 1857. There are a great many Titians' Rubenses, and Sir Joshuas, and modern pictures from Dusseldorf, Berlin, Munich, and Brussels. Among the statues are the Saul and the Judith of Mr. W. W. Story, and Miss Hosmer's Sleeping Faun.

UNITED STATES.

The Boston *Daily Advertiser* says:—Grave apprehensions are expressed in some quarters as to the conduct during the summer of the men about to be discharged from our armies. There is a popular belief that war is demoralizing as well to the victors as to the vanquished. This undoubtedly lies at the foundation of this vague fear respecting our returning soldiers. There is, moreover, a dim idea that they have been unusually regardless of personal rights and the rights of property, particularly during the last year. Coupled with this is the fact that there have come up from Washington lately numerous reports of discreditable conduct on their part since going into camp near that city. We read that they have destroyed groves, fences, out-houses, &c.; that they enter private houses unbidden and make themselves entirely at home; that pigs, fowls and calves disappear mysteriously in localities near their camps; that there have been robberies in the suburbs of the city; that it is hardly safe to appear alone in some sections after dark; that persons have been knocked down and plundered in broad daylight at no great distance from the heart of the capital; that the provost guard has been called out to repress disturbances; that over six hundred arrests were made in one week; that it has been found necessary to close all the liquor stores in the District of Columbia; and that Gen. Grant has issued orders for the closing of all such stores on the lines of travel over which the men of Sherman's army return Westward.

These facts, at first sight, seem to give some color for the undefined fear existing in certain circles. In themselves, they are of course any thing but pleasant subjects of contemplation. If they are but the type of facts that the summer will create in all, or even in many, of our Northern communities, there is, indeed, ample cause for anxious solicitude. If the summer and coming fall shall bring to our hearthstones any considerable degree of license and lawlessness, then there will be cause for belief that war overcomes the victors no less than the vanquished.

A New York journal draws attention to the sudden and alarming increase of crime in that city. Two murders and numerous robberies were committed on Tuesday last. Burglaries are of very frequent occurrence, and the cause is attributed to the stoppage of the war, which has let loose upon society gangs of bounty-jumpers and ruffians who have lived for years past by murder and plundering, and who naturally are now attracted to the large cities. To repress the criminal mania now setting in, it calls for the sternest administration of justice.

Official returns in the War Office show that the deaths in the army since the war broke out, so far as heard from, with the estimate made for those returns not yet handed in, including starved prisoners, &c., will aggregate about three hundred and twenty-five thousand! These are the deaths alone. When we estimate the wounded in the ratio of three for every one killed—which is less than the usual average—we see at what a fearful sacrifice of life and limb the nation has preserved its existence.

An arrival from Havana brings important Texas news to the 28th. The news of Kirby Smith's surrender had been followed by anarchy in Texas; in Galveston, the soldiers were demoralized and insubordinate, refusing to listen to their late commander, General Magruder, who had consequently left and gone to San Antonia. The blockade running steamer Sarah had been robbed of her cargo at Galveston, and the Owl had returned without going into the harbor, for fear of a similar fate. A considerable fleet of United States vessels had arrived in Havana, and attracted much attention.

The terrible disaster at Mobile was caused by the explosion (*probably accidental*) of percussion shells, which were being unloaded from cars at the depot and stored in the Marshall warehouse. Five white employes of the Ordnance Department, and thirty colored soldiers were in the warehouse at the time with a commissioned officer. As they were all killed, it will probably never be ascertained how the accident occurred.

An artillery officer states that there were between two and three thousand boxes of fixed ammunition stored in the building. The ammunition was brought there from Augusta, Ga., after the surrender, and was to have been removed on board steamers in front of the city. He thinks that the explosion occurred while preparations were taking place for the transfer. The loss of property is estimated at from five to ten millions of dollars. The cotton destroyed is from eight to ten thousand bales. The greater portion of it belonged to private parties. The Government loss in cotton is small.

The contents of the depot consisted of ammunition including musket cartridges, cannon powder, a large number of blank musket cartridges, and a quantity of loaded shells, grape, canister and solid shot. The amount of powder in the warehouse is set down at thirty tuns—about one third being ammunition surrendered by Dick Taylor. Thousands of men worked hour after hour among the ruins, bringing forth one after another of the writhing and dead victims. A number of bodies recovered are so burned and mutilated that recognition is impossible. It is estimated that the number killed will reach three hundred. Nearly all the workshops, founderies, cotton presses, etc., which covered the vast area destroyed, were employing a large number of men, and from whom, so far, no accounts have been received.

The shock seemed to affect the horses a great deal more than human beings. Those that were not knocked down instantly seemed stunned and paralysed, and did not recover for some minutes. Squares nearest where stood the magazine, Commerce street, the warehouse and cotton sheds which lined the upper portion are now but a mass of ruins. The buildings on the corners seemed to suffer most, some of them being razed within a few feet of the ground. Various offices and commission houses on Front street sustained comparatively little damage. On the river facings, doors and windows were all smashed and broken in; but beyond this the injury done was slight.

WHAT IS TO BE DONE AT THE SOUTH.—The President and Secretary McCulloch have been in occasional conference for some weeks, considering the financial condition and recognization of the Southern States. They seem at last to have resolved to divide those States into districts convenient for assessment and collection, and to supercede, as far as the condition of those sections will permit of it, the Tax Commissioners who have been serving during the last two years in the collection of unpaid taxes and the sale of rebel lands. In accordance with this policy the South has just been divided into the following number of districts by States:—Virginia four, North Carolina three, South Carolina three, Georgia four, Alabama three, Mississippi three, Texas four. Tennessee has been out north and south into two districts, but will be sub-divided into five or six more. Florida, Louisiana, and Arkansas, are yet to be divided. In all these districts assessors and collectors are to be appointed as early as is practicable, the appointees to be residents of the several districts in all cases when loyal and capable men can be found.

DISFRANCHISEMENT A PRE-REQUISITE TO UNION.—The Washington correspondent of the New York *Times* says:—One of the prominent political leaders of the rebellion, now in this city, and one who is excepted from President Johnson's amnesty, remarked in conversation the other day, that if the victorious North intends to impress its idea of State subordination and free labor on the Southern people, it will have to disfranchise for a term of years all who have taken part with the rebellion; and the longer such a measure is delayed, the further off will be the era of political harmony in this country. This is the conlusion, also, at which some of the soundest Union men in Washington set to thinking anew by the disgraceful attitude of affairs in Virginia.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, 10th.—Portions of a wreck were found a few days ago by a pilot boat off Cape May, which were ascertained to belong to the steamer Admiral Dupont, a transport that sailed from New York on the 7th for Fortress Monroe. It is believed that her boiler exploded. None of the crew have been found..... It has been ascertained that the explosion of the ordnance boat at City Point, last summer, by which 70 or 80 lives were lost, and a large amount of property destroyed, was the work of rebel agents who were paid in gold by the Richmond Government..... Nearly all the leading Generals have left Washington..... Generals Grant and Sherman have gone West..... President Johnson moved into the Executive mansion yesterdry. He is constantly engaged with Southern delegations on the subject of reconstruction..... Gold 137¾.

NEW YORK, 10th, P. M.—The Commissary and Quarter Master's depot, the largest building in the country at Nashville, Tenn., was mostly destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon. It contained stores sufficient to supply an army of eighty thousand (80,000) men two (2) years. The quantity of rope consumed was valued at one million of dollars. Total loss from eight (8) to ten (10) millions of dollars..... The testimony in the Conspiracy case all taken to-day, and the Court adjourned .... Nassau advices state that the case of the British steamship Alexandra, seized on suspicion of being intended for a rebel cruiser, has been decided in favor of her discharge with a caution. Gold 137.

NEW YORK, 12th.—Steamship Peruvian, with dates to June 20, has passed Father Point. Political news devoid of interest..... Race for the Derby easily won by the French horse Gladiator. London papers congratulate France on the triumph..... Bank of England has reduced rate of discount to 3½ per cent..... Breadstuffs dull and irregular, and all qualities slightly lower. Consuls 89⅞ a 90..... Steamer Admiral Dupont, before reported sunk, collided with ship Stadacona from Philadelphia for St. John, and went down in 3 minutes. Seven lives lost. The Stadacona saved the survivors, but subsequently got ashore on Nantucket, and is reported in a dangerous position. Crew landed..... Steamer Gov. Troup was recently burned on the Savannah River, eleven miles below Augusta, and forty lives were lost. The steamer had a cargo of cotton, which, with the vessel, was a total loss. Gold 138¼.

NEW YORK, 12th, P. M.—The *Times* Mobile correspondent represents a terrible state of affairs in Alabama; there is absolute social demoralization. Labour is so despised by the whites that they actually prefer starvation or begging to work of any form, and even in their penury and wretchedness they show the most violent spirit of disaffection. Military protection is necessary against the destruction of the whole population by anarchy..... The *Herald's* Savannah correspondence says, the rebel Secretary of war, Seddon, Judge Campbell, and R. M. T. Hunter, have been taken to Fort Pulaski for confinement..... The *World's* Florence correspondent says a reconciliation has taken place between the Pope and Victor Emmanual, and that the latter will be crowned Emperor by the former..... Gold 139.

NEW YORK, June 13.—A Washington despatch says Fort McHenry has been cleared of all prisoners of every kind, the political prisoners being pardoned..... A vessel has arrived here from Morehead City, N. C., reporting great suffering among the people of the eastern portion of the State..... Several ex-Confederate Congressmen, from Virginia, have notified Governor Pierpont of their determination to support him.

NEW YORK, June 13, p. m.—Steamship *Scotia* with Liverpool dates to the 4th has arrived..... Political news unimportant..... The report that the Canadian Delegation were successful is incorrect. They are still in conference..... Breadstuffs dull. Povisions quiet. Consols closed at 89⅞ for money.

NEW YORK, June 14.—Mr. Underwood, of the eastern section of Virginia, is in Washington, in consultation with the Attorney General with regard to the indictment of Generals Lee, Corse, Ewell, Longstreet, Governors Smith and Fletcher and others, for treason. It is rumoured that John Mitchell has also been indicted for treason. ..... Attorney General Speed has issued a circular relating to special applications for pardon under the amnesty proclamation, directing that all applications must be accompanied by the original oath prescribed in the President's proclamation, as taken or subscribed by the applicant before an officer competent to administer such oath..... A tremendous explosion of powder and fixed ammunition took place in Chattanooga on the 10th instant, destroying property valued at a quarter of a million of dollars..... Gold 142⅝.

NEW YORK, June 14, p. m.—President Johnson has appointed Judge Sharkey Provisional Governor of Mississippi. .... The President has issued a proclamation removing all restrictions on trade throughout the States late in insurrection, except what relates to munitions of war..... Advices from Mexico confirm very important successes by the Liberal party against the Imperialists..... Gold 142¼.

The Will of Sir Samuel Cunard, Bart., late of Prince's-gardens and Bush-hill Park, Middlesex, formerly of Halifax, Nova Scotia, was proved in London on the 13th inst., the personality in this country being sworn under £350,000. The executors are his sons, Sir Edward Cunard, Bart., and William Cunard, Esq. The testator was an eminent shipowner, and was contractor with the Admiralty for the mail services between Halifax, Newfoundland, Bermuda and St. Thomas's Island. He leaves all his interest therein, and in the British and North American, and British and Foreign Steam-Packet Companies, together with all other investments in England and America, in trust, for his executors to pay there out to each of his six daughters the sum of £20,000, and subject thereto, leaves the residue between his two sons, the executors, for their own absolute use. The will is dated Nov. 11, 1858; and the testator died on the 28th ult., at the age of seventy-seven. He was the eldest son of the late Abraham Cunard, Esq., of Halifax, and married, in 1815, Susan, daughter of W. Duffus, Esq., of the same Colony —*London News.*

Through the kindness of Mr. Howe, Postmaster of St. John, acceding to the request of the Merchants of Summerside, a Mail for that place is now made up twice a week in St. John. Heretofore the Summerside letters went on to Charlottetown and then back again. A Mail Bag for St. John is also made up in Summerside.—*Isl.*

Two schooners arrived at Summerside, from Montreal, with Goods of Canadian manufactures, of superior quality, and purchased at about 50 per cent cheaper than in Boston or New York. They comprise, flour, tobacco, sole leather, brooms, buckets, nails, spades and shovels, soap, candles, snaiths, &c. The schooners take potatoes for a return freight. Under Confederation nearly one-third of the Goods needed for the Island would come in free of duty, and be sold to the farmers about 20 per cent less than sold at present.—*Ib.*

It gives us great pleasure to learn that the Rev. George W. Hodgson, A. M., Fellow of King's College, Windsor, who was ordained at Dartmouth, on the 11th instant, by the Bishop of Nova Scotia, has, in consequence of the failing health of its President, Dr. McCawley, been appointed one of the Professional staff of that Institution. The classical department is assigned to the Rev. Mr. Hodgson, who will, in connection therewith, take charge of the Parish of Falmouth After his ordination he was elected a Fellow of his *Alma Mater.* Having been engaged therein as acting Professor for the past four or five months, the present appointment is a gratifying proof of the fidelity and zeal with which the Rev. gentleman discharged his duties during that time. He had, we understand, a choice of two good parishes, but he considered it his duty to connect himself with the College. The church to which Mr. Hodgson belongs, will, we feel assured, have no cause to regret this. An educated, zealous, and faithful minister of the Gospel, such as we take him to be, can exercise a wider and more lasting influence for good in the school of the Prophets than he could as a Parish clergyman alone. The Church of Christ, in no age of the world's history, stood more in need of able men in her seats of learning than she does in our day. The Rev. gentleman is the youngest son of Daniel Hodgson, Esq., Clerk of the Crown, of this City.—*Prot.*

The steamer "Commerce" arrived here on Friday evening, and the steamer "Island City" on Saturday. The latter also runs for the firm of Messrs Franklin Snow & Co., and is intended to ply between Charlottetown and several Ports on the New Brunswick shore, to connect with their Boston & Colonial Line at this city. The 'Island City' is a very neat little paddle-wheel boat, and seems well calculated for her intended service. If P. E. Island does not prosper now, it is not for the want of steam communication.—PROT.

We are pleased to learn that the Savings Bank is in a highly flourishing condition. The amount at present invested and bearing intesest is upwards of £4,000. We understand that, during the last few weeks, deposits on banking days averaged £100 per day. This speaks well for the industry and frugality of our farmers, &c., and looks as if some of them, at least, are preparing to buy their farms under the Loan Bill of last Session.—IB.

His Excellency the Lieut. Governor, in Council, has been pleased to appoint William Hubbard, of Tignish, Esq., Inspector of Fish for Prince County; and Mr. Archibald McCallum, of Upper Bedeque, a Preventive Officer and Land Waiter.

A Halifax paper states that the Atlantic telegraph cable will probably be laid next month. A private letter from Mr. Cyrus W. Field says: "We have now over twenty two hundred nautical miles completed, and everything is going on well. We expect to sail the last of June or early in July."

Died,

In Charlottetown, on the 7th instant, of inflammation of the lungs, at the advanced age of 75 years, and after an illness of three months, Mr. Michael Bryenton, a native of Suffolk, England. The deceased came to this Island in the year 1827, and was well known for his sterling honesty and industry.

On the 7th instant, of Pleurisy, Marie, the beloved wife of Richard Nankeville, West Royalty, in the 69th year of her age.

At Mininigash, on the 10th of March last, Margaret, daughter of James and Jane Thomson, of Lot No. 1, aged 29 years. She died rejoicing in the assurance of eternal life through Christ Jesus.

Shipping News.

PORT OF CHARLOTTETOWN.

ENTERED.

June 10—Seven Brothers, Porter, Boston; merch. Nancy, Vanamburg, Tignish, N. S.; deals. Mary Ann, Bourke, Antigonish; limestone. Change, Dalton, Pictou; coal. Terah, Foley, Sydney; do. Lone Star, Farrel, Boston; merch. Celerity, Trainholm, Shemogue; boards. Zebra, Matheson, Sydney; coal. Preseverance, Irving, Pictou; do. Brigt. Ariel, Moran, Buctouche; deals. Schooner Brave, Orchard, Pugwash; lumber. 12—Annie, McNeill, Halifax; merch. Elizabeth Ellen, Delory, Sydney; coal. Breeze, McLeod, Nova Scotia; limestone, flour. Evergreen, Johnson, Boston; merch. Oriander, Mutch, Newfoundland; do. 13—Margaret, Ann, Thomas, Halifax; do.

CLEARED.

June 10—Schr. Nancy, Vanamburg, Bay Verte; bal. Brigt. Export, Martin, Bermuda; general cargo. Schr. Morning Star, Dunphy, Pugwash; bal. 12—Celerity, Trainholm, Bay Verte; do. 13—Lone Star, Farrel, Miramichi; do. Alexander, McNeill, do.; do. Annie, McNeill, Pugwash; do Bark Prioress, Baird, Liverpool, G. B.; oats, deals, boards.

The Volunteer Band find it very inconvenient to them to play on Tuesday, and have to inform the Public, that they will perform on Thursday evening, as usual, instead of Tuesday.

Passengers.

In Steamer Princess of Wales, from Shediac, June 10—Messrs. Pilman, Richey, Hunt, White, Child, Perry, Dingwell, Geddes, McBean, Miss Henderson, Mr. & Mrs. Robins, Muirhead, Dr. DeChevery, Binns, J. McDonald, Heckford & Lady, Myrick, Stordy, Best, Rickerry, D. McDonald and wife, Mrs. & Miss Herman, Bell, Mayberry, Douglass, 4 Messrs. Tower, A. J. McDonald.

In do. from Shediac, June 14.—Messrs. W. Sealy, Haloran, W. Hardvick, Malet, Carvell, Denoon, Mrs. Denoon, Foley, McLean, Robinson, Miss Foley Mrs. Foley, Baker Cameron, Strong, Jamieson, Green, Rielly, Ramsay, Slogett, Miss Holden, Higgins, and Moore.

LAUNCHED, on the 6th inst., from the shipyard of Mr. John Orr, New Glasgow, a superior built Brigantine called "EUREKA," of 130 tons new measurement and 201 old measurement. Built under Lloyd's inspection and intended for the West India Trade.

PRICES CURRENT.

CHARLOTTETOWN, June 16, 1865.

Provisions.	
Beef, (small) per lb	6d to 9d
Do by the quarter	5d to 8d
Pork, (carcass)	4d to 4½d
Do (small)	6d to 8d
Mutton, per lb	6d to 9d
Veal, per lb	3d to 4½d
Lamb, per quarter	3d to 5d
Ham, per lb	6d to 8d
Butter, (fresh)	10d to 11d
Do by the tub	none
Cheese, per lb	3d to 6d
Tallow, per lb	9d to 10d
Lard, per lb	9d to 10d
Flour per lb	2d to 2½d
Oatmeal, per lb	1½d to 1¾d
Eggs, per dozen	8d to 9d
Vegetables.	
Potatoes, per bushel	1s 6d to 1s 9d
Turnips, per do	none
Grain.	
Barley, per bushel	3s to 4s
Oats, per do	2s to 2s 3d
Poultry.	
Geese	none
Turkeys, each	3s to 8s
Fowls, each	1s 3d to 2s
Chickens, per pair	none.
Fish.	
Codfish, per qtl	18s to 20s
Herrings, per barrel	30s to 40s
Mackerel, per dozen	3s to 3s 6d
Lumber.	
Boards, (Hemlock)	3s 6d to 4s
Do (Spruce)	4s to 5s
Do (Pine)	7s to 9s
Shingles, per M	10s to 15s
Sundries.	
Timothy Seed	20s to 26s
Clover Seed per lb	1s 2d to 1s 4d
Hay, per ton	70s to 80s
Straw, per cwt	1s 6d to 2s
Homespun, per yard	4s to 6s
Calfskins, per lb	5d to 8d
Hides, per lb	4½d
Sheepskins	10d to 1s
Wool	1s 3d to 1s 9d

GEORGE LEWIS, Market Clerk.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Flour, Tea, Molasses, &c. AT AUCTION.

THE subscriber will sell, at PUBLIC AUCTION, in front of his Sales Room, Bank Building, at 11 o'clock, a. m, on THURSDAY NEXT, 22nd June:—

10 Hhds Porto Rico Molasses,
250 Bbls Extra State Flour,
100 Bbls Superfine Do.
20 Chests choice Congou Tea,
10 Hhds DeKuyper's Gin,
12 Boxes Tobacco, 25 Boxes Cigars,
40 Sides Sole Leather,
10 Kegs Baking Soda, 20 Boxes Soap,
20 Dozen Buckets, 10 Dozen Brooms,
20 Boxes Raisins, 10 Boxes Candles.

☞ Terms liberal.

J. S. CARVELL.

Ch'town, June 19, 1865.

NOTICE!

THE Commissioners appointed by the Heirs of the Estate of the late Honorable DONALD MACDONALD, of Glenaladale, Townships Nos. 35 and 36, to apportion the same, have accomplished their work: The undersigned requests his Tenants to call and make arrangements to pay the amounts due him without delay, as no other application will be made.

The Portage Farm, situated on the Hillsborough River, about 12 miles from Charlottetown, containing 200 Acres, a large Marsh, and in good cultivation, will be sold for Cash. Apply to

JOHN ARCH'D MACDONALD.

Charlottetown, June 19th, 1865. 1m

TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS will be received on SATURDAY the 24th instant, for the framing, boarding and finishing outside (windows excepted) of a house 45ft. by 37ft. and 32ft. post, flat roof; good security will be required for the performance of the contract. Plan and specification can be seen on and after the 21st.

Materials can be furnished forthwith.

June 19. JOHN DOUSE.

NOTICE.

THE CHARLOTTETOWN GAS LIGHT COMPANY will receive TENDERS for the FREIGHT of COAL from Pictou, at per ton.

Tenders to be delivered on or before the 1st day of JULY next.

By order,
WM. MURPHY, Manager.

June 19, 1865.

NOTICE.

THE CHARLOTTETOWN GAS LIGHT COMPANY will receive TENDERS for the Truckage of Coal and other goods to or from the Gas Works to any part of the City.

Tenders to be received on or before the 1st day of JULY next.

By order,
WM. MURPHY, Manager.

June 19, 1865.

To Consumers of Gas.

THE Directors of the Charlottetown Gas Light Company will loan FREE OF CHARGE a few Patent Gas Cooking Stoves. Consumers desirous of proving these most desirable and economical Gas Ranges are requested to make an early application at the Gas Works, as only a limited number will be disposed of.

By order,
WM. MURPHY, Manager.

Ch'town, June 19, 1865.

WANTED, a Boy about 14 years of age, to learn the Hair-dressing business, and Saloon keeping. None need apply unless they can bring a good recommendation from their clergyman.

J. G. ECKSTADT.

Ch'town, June 19, 1865.

The Union of the British Provinces.

A brief account of the several Conferences held in the Maritime Provinces and in Canada, in September and October, 1864, on the proposed

Confederation of the Provinces,

together with a REPORT OF THE SPEECHES delivered by the Delegates from the Provinces, on important public occasions. Compiled by the Hon. Edward Whelan, M. P. P., (one of the Prince Edward Island Delegates.) Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island: Printed by G. T. Haszard, 1865.

The above little work contains 239 pages. It has just been issued from the press, and is handsomely bound in boards, cotton and roan. It contains the principal speeches delivered on the question of Confederation during the progress of the Conferences in the Maritime Provinces and in Canada, with a brief narrative interweaving the events which called forth the speeches. The speeches have been carefully revised and corrected —in most cases by the speakers themselves, and all superfluous matter relating to merely passing incidents eliminated from them.

Those who take an interest in the question of Confederation—(and their number is not on the decrease, but the reverse,)—may, it is hoped, find this Compilation useful for instructive reference.

Only a limited number is reserved for sale. They may be had at the Bookstores in the course of the present week. Prices—3s (Boards)—4s (Cotton) —4s 6d (Roan). [June 5, 1865.

TEA PARTY

AT THE

Head of St. Peter's Bay!

A TEA PARTY will be held on the beautiful grounds adjoining the CATHOLIC CHAPEL, at the HEAD OF ST. PETER'S BAY, on the 5th of JULY next. The people of Saint Peter's Bay and vicinity would wish that their distant friends would partake of their refreshments. No pains will be spered to make this Tea a matter of joyous recreation under the golden canopy of nature. Benevolence is our motto. The City Amateur Band to be in attendance.

Tickets 1s 6d; Children half price. Tickets can be obtained at the Stores of the following gentlemen:—J Sutherland, Esqr, J. J. Reardon, M. Phelan, J. A. McLean, Esqr, and at the Dispensary of Dr. McPhee.

☞ Should the day prove unfavorable, Tea to come off the following day.

By order of the Committee,
ANTHONY McCORMACK, Secretary.

June 5, 1865.

RECEIVED by the Spring Ships from England, and for Sale *Cheap*—

20 Tons Iron,

12 Bundles Sheet Iron, | 12 Boxes Tin,
3 " Galvanized Do. | 42 Bdls. Steel (in spring, cast, shoe & blister.)
230 pieces Plough Metals,

195 Bags Nails and Spikes,

1 cask Chain Traces, | 1 cask Files,
1 " Sad Irons, | 1 " Screws,
1 " Zinc, | 1 " hook & eye Hinges.

134 Kegs Paints,

1 cask Vices, | 1 cask Bolts and Nuts,
3 pairs Bellows, | 1 case Saws,
3 Anvils, | 1 " Slates,

380 Gls. Paint Oil,

1 cask Shot, | 1 Bag Curled Hair,
1 case Rifle Cartridge, | 1 bale Shoemaker's Hemp,
1 " Percussion Caps, | 12 dozen Scythes,
50 coils Cordage, | 3 barrels Putty,

15 Casks and Cases

General Hardware Goods.

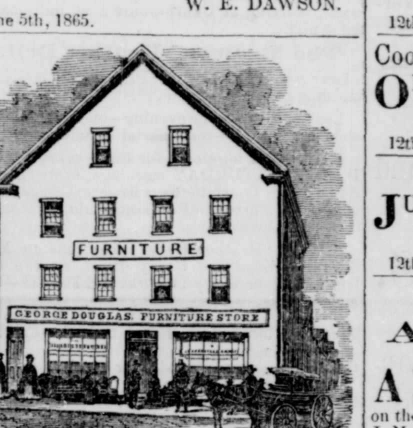
ALSO,

Barrels Washing Soda, Kegs Baking Soda, Boxes Soap, Boxes Pipes, Bags Walnuts and Filberts, Cases Confectionery, and

General Groceries.

W. E. DAWSON.

June 5th, 1865.



If you wish to buy Furniture,

CALL AT

DOUGLAS'S WAREROOMS,

HE HAS THE

Largest and Best Assortment

OF

Ready-made Furniture,

OF THE LATEST AND MOST

FASHIONABLE STYLES

to select from in the Island, at

Extremely Low Prices.

☞ *Please call and examine.*

GEORGE DOUGLAS,
Corner of Kent Street and King Square.

Ch'town, June 5, 1865.

Regular Line of

Packets between Liverpool, Glasgow & Charlottetown.

THE Subscribers in returning thanks to the importers of goods for their patronage per Ships "THERESA" and "L. C. OWEN," beg to give them notice that they purpose having vessels on the berth loading for Charlottetown as below:—

The Clipper Ship "L. C. OWEN," A 1 at Lloyd's, coppered and copper fastened, 481 tons register, R. FRASER, Commander, will sail from LIVERPOOL about 5th SEPTEMBER.

The Clipper Brig "EVADNE," 300 tons, A 1 at Lloyd's. JOSEPH McDONALD, Commander, will sail from GLASGOW on or about 5th SEPTEMBER.

The Subscribers would also inform shippers from Glasgow that they purpose placing their new Barque the "ELECTRO," 400 tons register, on the line between GLASGOW and CHARLOTTETOWN, to follow the "EVADNE" in spring of 1866. For further particulars apply in Liverpool to Messrs. WILLIAM STEWART & Co., 1 & 3 Trafford Chambers, South John Street, in Glasgow to JAMES KELSE, Jr. Esq, Union Street, or in Charlottetown to

L. C. OWEN,
WM. WELSH.

Ch'town, June 5, 1865. isl pro rw 2m

EXCELSIOR PRINTING OFFICE.

GEO. BREMNER,

Printer, Book-binder,

AND

STEREOTYPER,

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.,

Having engaged an experienced

BOOK-BINDER

is prepared to execute all orders with PROMPTITUDE and NEATNESS.

☞ Entrance to Printing Office and Bindery at Mrs. Bremner's Book and Stationery Store, Prince Street, where all orders may be left.

Prince Street, June 5, 1865.

FREEHOLD PROPERTY.

TO BE SOLD by AUCTION, on the Premises, on THURSDAY, 22nd JUNE next, at Eleven o'clock, All that piece or parcel of

LAND,

with the BUILDINGS thereon, situate on the Corner of WEYMOUTH and GRAFTON Streets, nearly opposite Prince of Wales College, measuring 55 feet on Weymouth Street and 84 on Grafton Street. There are on the Premises a good DWELLING HOUSE, 32 x 26 feet, a large KITCHEN attached, 14 x 18 feet; also a small STABLE, &c.

TERMS—One half the purchase money down, the remainder in two years.

WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer.

May 29, 1865.

AUCTION SALE!

TO be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, at McISAAC'S BRICK BUILDING, on THIS DAY and EVENING, and following days, until the whole is disposed of—

A large Assortment of DRY GOODS,

consisting of

English Broad and Narrow Woollen Cloths, of all colors, Fine Black and Blue Cloths, Doeskins, Tweeds, &c. Also, TWO CASES of British and Foreign manufactured SHAWLS and DRESSES, in all the latest styles, in Irish Poplins, Ducapes, Tabinets, Satin Stripes and French Merinos, &c.; Square and Long Silk Tissue Shawls for summer wear; Gents' Scarfs and Ties, together with other goods. The whole to be sold in lots to suit. Sale each evening, commencing at 7 o'clock.

☞ Private sales attended to during the day.

M. KELLY, Auctioneer.

June 5, 1865.

ARRIVAL OF

NEW GOODS

AT

Bell's Clothing Store,

QUEEN STREET.

THE subscriber has the honor to announce to his numerous customers in town and country, that he has just received, per 'UNDINE,' a NEW and SELECT

Stock of Goods,

suited for the PRESENT and COMING SEASON, and which he is confident will give satisfaction in

Style, Quality and Price.

to all who may favor him with their orders.

JOHN BELL,
Merchant Tailor.

May 22, 1865. tf

Boots and Shoes.

THE subscriber has received from London a very large Stock of the above GOODS, in Men's Elastic Side Memel, Calf and Kid Patent; Women's, in Kid, Cashmere, Memel and Lasting, from 6s. 6d. per pair and upwards.

W. E. DAWSON.

May 29, 1865.

FLOUR.

LANDING ex Schr. *Seven Brothers*—
200 Barrels Superfine FLOUR,
200 do Extra DO.

J. S. CARVELL.

12th June, 1865. isl pro

TEA. TEA.

50 CHESTS Choice Congou TEA, just received, and for sale low.

J. S. CARVELL.

12th June, '65. isl pro

PORTO RICO SUGAR.

IN STORE, and for sale low,
5 Hhds Porto Rico SUGAR.

J. S. CARVELL.

12th June, '65. isl pro

Gin, Dried Apples, &c.

IN STORE,
15 Hhds De Kuyper's GIN,
6 Barrels Dried APPLES,
20 Boxes RAISINS

J. S. CARVELL.

12th June, '65. isl pro

Safe! Safe!

ONE large SALAMANDER SAFE, with powder proof Lock, made by Williams of Boston. For sale by

J. S. CARVELL.

12th June, '65. isl pro

Cooking Range & Register Grates.

ONE Chilson COOKING RANGE,
4 Register Grates. For sale by

J. S. CARVELL.

12th June, '65. isl pro

Buckets and Brooms.

JUST RECEIVED, ex Str. *Commerce*,
20 dozen Brooms, 25 dozen Buckets.

J. S. CARVELL.

12th June, 65. isl pro

TEA PARTY At Georgetown!

A TEA PARTY, in aid of the funds of St. James' Church, Georgetown, will be held on the grounds, at the Cottage of Mr. Archibald J. McDonald, on WEDNESDAY, the 5th day of JULY next.

A Refreshment Saloon, on Temperance principles, will be opened at one o'clock. Tea will begin at two o'clock.

No pains will be spared to make this a gathering at which all may enjoy themselves.

Tickets 1s 6d each—to be had at the Stores of Messrs. A. McDonald and Bros.; J. McCormack; M. Hession, Capt. John A. McDonald, or any other members of the Committee, and on the grounds.

A. C. McDONALD, Sec'y.

Georgetown, May 22, 1865. 7in

N. B. The above Tea is postponed until TUESDAY, the 11th day of July next.

A. C. McDONALD, Sec'y.

300 PAIRS

MEN'S Grained Water-proof BOOTS, suitable for Fishermen,
FOR SALE CHEAP at the
P. E. Island Boot & Shoe Factory.

200 Pairs

Men's Kip Boots, pegged and sewed,
FOR SALE CHEAP at the
P. E. Island Boot & Shoe Factory.

100 Pairs

Men's Kip Boots and Shoes (a first rate article),
FOR SALE CHEAP at the
P. E. Island Boot & Shoe Factory.

1000 Pairs

Men's Calf Congress Boots,
FOR SALE CHEAP at the
P. E. Island Boot & Shoe Factory.

A Very Large Assortment

of Women's Calf, Congress and Balmoral Boots, all sizes, for sale CHEAP at the
P. F. Island Boot & Shoe Factory.

1000 Pairs

Ladies' and Misses' Congress, Side Lace and Balmoral Boots, in Kid, Prunella, Grained and Plain Calf, for sale CHEAP at the
P. E. Island Boot & Shoe Factory.

Every description of

Boots, Shoes, &c.

made to order, at short notice and at lower prices than at any other establishment in P. E Island.

All that is necessary to prove the above fact is to examine the Stock at the
P. E. Island Boot & Shoe Factory.

GEORGE NICOL.
Proprietor.

Ch'town, June 12, 1865. 6i

TO SHIPBUILDERS.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received 10 BALES NAVY CANVAS direct from the Manufactures in ARBROATH, SCOTLAND—Assorted numbers.
1000 lbs. SEAMING and ROPEING TWINE,
20 Coils BOLT ROPE,—assorted sizes,
10 do. POINT LINE,
Lead SCUPPERS,
20 Barrels PITCH,
10 do. BRIGHT VARNISH,
2 do. MACHINERY OIL,
5 do. Parafine Varnish,
3 Tons Oakum,
Iron, Paints, Linseed Oils, Putty, Flour, Nails, &c.
100 Coils Cordage,—assorted sizes.

The whole of which will be sold at a small advance on the costs.

H. HASZARD.

Charlottetown, June 5, 1865.

JUST RECEIVED, a SUPPLY OF SUPERIOR

T

☞ Warranted of the best quality. Please try a sample.

G. D. WRIGHT.

May 15, 1865. 1m

SPECIAL NOTICE!!

THE undersigned have appointed Mr. H. J. RICHARDSON, of Summerside, their AGENT, where TOBACCO can be had at the SAME RATE as in Charlottetown.

LOWDEN & RICHARDSON.

May 1, 1865. tf

BAZAAR,

Under the Patronage of Mrs. Dundas.

IN order to aid in raising funds for improving the Fabric of the Parish Church of St. Eleanor's, the Church of England Ladies of St. Eleanor's and Summerside purpose having a BAZAAR, in St. Eleanor's, about the middle of July next; on which occasion the Steamer *Princess of Wales* will make an excursion trip to Summerside; the Volunteer Band from town will perform, and an ample supply of good refreshments will be on hand.

It is also contemplated to have a TEA, commencing at an early hour of the same day, and followed by Music, Recitations, Speeches, and refreshments.

Further particulars of the place, day and hour will be communicated presently.

April 3rd, 1865.

BAZAAR!

Under the patronage of Mrs. Dundas.

THE LADIES in connection with ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, in this City, intend holding a BAZAAR on THURSDAY the 6th JULY next, for the purpose of paying off the debt due on the Rectory. Further particulars in due time.

Feby. 13, 1865.

Goose and Duck Gun.

THE subscriber has a very superior double barrelled DUCK GUN for sale, made by B. Cogswell, Strand, London, No. 9 in the Bore, and weighs eleven pounds and a half. Warranted a very hard hitter. Price £12 10s cy. For terms enquire of WILLIAM SWABEY, jr

Mount Stewart, 20th March, 1865

BOARDING.

TWO GENTLEMAN can find permanent BOARD, with comfortable apartments, in a private family, in Summerside. Apply to Mr. Joseph Bertram, Book Store, Summerside.

May 1, 1865.

Second Annual Gathering

OF THE

Caledonian Club of P. E. I.

AND

INTERNATIONAL COMPETITION.

Clann nan gaidheal ri guailib a cheile!

CHIEF—His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor.
PRESIDENT—Hon. Col. Gray, M. P. P.
VICE-PRESIDENTS—Hon. P. Walker, M. L. C., and James Duncan, Esqr, M. P. P.
DIRECTORS—N. Rankin, Andrew Mitchell, Colin McLennan, M. P. P., John Ross, Adam Murray, Neil McKelvie, John Sutherland, M. P. P., Austin McDonald, Esquires, and Hon. D. Beaton.
CORRESPONDING SECRETARY—W. G. Sutherland, Esquire, M. D.
TREASURER—J. W. Morrison, Esqr.
RECORDING SECRETARY—Mr. George Rankin.
MARSHAL—William McGill, Esq.
STANDARD BEARERS—Messrs. James McDonald, William Robertson and George Munro.
PIPER AND MESSENGER—Donald McFayden.

THE second annual Gathering of the above Club will be held at Charlottetown, on

Wednesday, 16th August,

next, when the following Prizes will be offered for competition:—

MUSIC—Proficiency in Highland Pipe Music:—1st Prize, $10; 2d do., $8; 3d do, $5.

STONES—Putting the Stone, 24 lbs—Prize $5; Putting the Stone, 14 lbs—Prize $3.

HAMMERS—Heavy Hammers 16 lbs—1st Prize $5; 2d do. $3. Light Hammers, 12 lbs—1st Prize $4; 2d do. $2.

DANCING—Gillie Callum or Sword Dance—$4; Highland Fling, $4.

LEAPING—Long Leap—1st Prize, $2.50; 2d do. $2. High Leap—1st Prize $2.50; 2d do. $2.

RACES—Running Foot Races, distance 400 yards—1st Prize $5; 2d do. $2. Hurdle Race—1st Prize $3; 2d do $2. Sack Race—$2.50. Youths under 16 years—1st Prize $2; 2d do $1.

TOSSING THE CABER—Prize $2.50.

For the best Highland Costume, P. E. Island manufacture—Prize $5.

Also, on the same day, the following

INTERNATIONAL PRIZES

will be submitted for competition. Open to four competitors from the United States, Canada, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Newfoundland and P. E. Island, respectively. Competitors for the International Prizes to be Scotchmen or descendents of Scotchmen.

Heavy Hammer, 16 lbs—1st Prize, $20.00; 2d Prize, $10.00.

Heavy Stone, 24 lbs—1st Prize, $20; 2d do $10.

Also a Prize for ARCHERY, distance 40 yards, to be competed for by Ladies from all countries. A piece of Jewellery valued at $12.

Competing Pipers are required to forward to Dr. Sutherland the names of Three Marches, Three Reels and Three Strathspeys, one week previous to the day of the Gathering.

Intending competitors who are not members of the Club, are requested to enter their names, either personally or by letter, with the Corresponding Secretary on or before SATURDAY, the 12th August, when tickets of admission will be given.

Tickets of admission to the grounds, 25 cents each, to be had at the Stores of Dr. Sutherland and W. R. Watson, or any of the Directors.

☞ *No admission without a ticket.*

GEORGE RANKIN, Sec'y.

June 5, 1865.

LONDON HOUSE.

ESTABLISHED 1820.

1865! SPRING! 1865!

BY the Ships *Undine*, *L. C. Owen* and *Edwin & Lizzie*, from Liverpool; *Urania*, from London; *Helen Davies*, from Barbadoes; *City of Bath* and *Commerce*, from Boston; and *China*, from Liverpool, the subscribers

Have Completed

THEIR

IMPORTATIONS

FOR THE SEASON,

which having been bought on the BEST TERMS, they are enabled to offer at

EXTREMELY LOW PRICES,

For Prompt Payment.

☞ Wholesale buyers supplied as usual.

G. & S. DAVIES.

Char'town, June 5, 1865.

NEW SPRING GOODS

AT THE

Renfrew House,

Great George Street,

(*THOMAS'S OLD STAND.*)

DELANY & BYRNE

HAVING completed their SPRING IMPORTATIONS, beg to call the attention of their Town and Country Customers to their

STOCK OF

Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS,

COMPRISING

Cotton Warp, Grey and White COTTONS, Striped Shirtings, Printed Cottons, Bed-Tick, Osnaburg, Denims, Flannels, Towellings, Table Cloths, &c.

Ladies' Dress Goods,

Newest styles.

Shawls, Mantles, Bonnets, Hats, Feathers, Flowers, Ribbons, Parasols, Gloves, Hosiery, &c.

SKELETON SKIRTS,

Boots and Shoes,

Superfine Cloths, Doeskins, Tweeds, Ready-made Clothing, Under Clothing, Shirts, Collars, Ties, Scarfs, Handkerchiefs.

Rubber Coats and Caps.

Men's and Boys'

STRAW, FELT and TWEED HATS,

in great variety.

MEN'S and BOYS' CLOTH CAPS,

HARDWARE.

Plough Mountings, Rope, Glass, Boiled and Raw Linseed Oil, Putty, Window Glass, Weaver's Reeds, Shovels, Hoes, Traces, Wool Cards, Tea and Table Spoons, Knives and Forks, Best AMERICAN CUT NAILS, (all sizes.)

GROCERIES.

TEA (a superior article), Brown and Crushed Sugar, Rice, Starch, Soap, Tobacco, Indigo, Blacking, &c. &c. &c.

All of which they offer at the *Lowest Prices* for CASH.

Charlottetown, May 29, 1865.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

THE A 1 CLIPPER BARK "PRIORESS," 561 Tons Register, BAIRD, Commander, will sail from CHARLOTTETOWN, for LIVERPOOL, on or about THURSDAY, the 8th inst., and will return to Charlottetown, leaving Liverpool about the 5th August next. Has good accommodation for PASSENGERS.

For FREIGHT or PASSAGE apply in Liverpool to Messrs. Joseph Pope & Co., Trafford Chambers—at Port Hill to John Yeo, Esquire—here to

JAMES C. POPE.

Ch'town, June 5th, 1865. 3in

J. S. CARVELL,

AUCTIONEER,

Commission Merchant,

AND

General Agent,

BANK BUILDING, QUEEN STREET,
Charlottetown, P. E. I.

12th June, 1865. isl pro tf

STUBB'S HOTEL,

Opposite the Custom House,

146 *Prince William Street,*

ST. JOHN, - - - New Brunswick.

THE above HOTEL is the largest in the Province, and is first class in all its departments; is convenient to the United States and Nova Scotia Steamboat landings.

JAMES McINTOSH,
Proprietor.

St. John, N. B., 1st June, 1865. 3m

Dress Making, &c.

MRS. RHODES begs to intimate to the Ladies of Charlottetown, that having taken her residence in Great George-st, next door to the Baptist Meeting House, is prepared to attend to DRESS-MAKING in all its branches, and solicits a share of public patronage

TAILORING in PANTS, VESTS, and BOYS' CLOTHING. Also, PLAIN SEWING attended to. [June 5, 1865. 2m