

# THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 2.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1878.

NO. 237.

## ALMANAC FOR FEBRUARY, 1878.

MOON'S CHANGES.  
New Moon, 2nd day, 4h 05m. a. m., N.E.  
First Quarter, 10th day, 9h 05m. a. m., N.E.  
Full Moon, 17th day, 7h 05m. a. m., N.W.  
Last Quarter, 23rd day, 11h 00m. p. m., N.E.

DAY OF WEEK.	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	High water	Dy's len.
1 Friday	7 29	4 58	7 14	10 32	9 34
2 Saturday	25 5	6 0	7 31	11 7	37
3 Sunday	27 2	7 50	11 40	41	
4 Monday	26 4	8 5	morn	43	
5 Tuesday	25 5	8 21	0 5	47	
6 Wednesday	24 7	8 35	0 37	50	
7 Thursday	22 9	8 50	1 9	52	
8 Friday	19 10	9 8	1 49	54	
9 Saturday	18 12	9 29	2 17	51	
10 Sunday	17 13	9 58	2 59	10 1	
11 Monday	16 15	10 35	3 56	4	
12 Tuesday	14 16	11 27	5 32	7	
13 Wednesday	12 18	12 34	6 48	10	
14 Thursday	11 19	1 52	8 12	13	
15 Friday	9 20	3 38	9 17	15	
16 Saturday	8 22	4 45	10 9	19	
17 Sunday	7 23	6 11	11 55	22	
18 Monday	6 25	7 37	1 28	25	
19 Tuesday	5 26	8 58	1 59	28	
20 Wednesday	4 28	10 19	3 4	31	
21 Thursday	3 29	11 40	1 12	34	
22 Friday	2 31	morn	1 53	37	
23 Saturday	1 33	0 57	2 49	40	
24 Sunday	12 34	2 10	3 54	43	
25 Monday	11 35	3 12	5 19	45	
26 Tuesday	10 37	4 3	6 49	49	
27 Wednesday	9 38	4 43	7 53	52	
28 Thursday	8 40	5 15	8 49	55	

## PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 3.  
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

To come into force MONDAY, DEC. 24, 1877

### TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	No. 5 EXPRESS	No. 7 MIXED
GEORGETOWN	Dp. 9.02	P. M.
Cardigan	Ar. 10.25	
Mount Stewart Junction	Dp. 10.35	
Royalty Junction	Dp. 11.46	
CHARLOTTETOWN	Ar. 12.10	Dp. 2.40
	A. M.	P. M.
Royalty Junction	Dp. 9.00	
North Wiltshire	" 9.25	" 3.05
Hunter River	" 10.22	" 4.02
Brakalbane	" 10.40	" 4.20
County Line	" 11.18	" 5.00
	" 11.28	" 5.10
Kensington	" 12.07	" 5.50
SUMMERSIDE	Ar. 12.45	
	Dp. 2.00	" 6.20
Wellington	" 2.45	
Port Hill	" 3.28	
O'Leary	" 4.43	
Alberton	" 5.45	
Tignish	" 6.35	

### TRAINS GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	No. 2 EXPRESS	No. 4 MIXED
TIGNISH	Dp. 8.00	A. M.
ALBERTON	" 8.55	
O'Leary	" 9.52	
Port Hill	" 11.07	
Wellington	" 11.48	
SUMMERSIDE	Ar. 12.35	Dp. 8.35
	Dp. 2.10	" 9.12
Kensington	" 2.45	" 9.50
County Line	" 3.30	" 10.10
Brakalbane	" 3.40	" 10.40
Hunter River	" 4.20	" 10.45
North Wiltshire	" 4.35	" 10.55
Royalty Junction	" 5.30	" 11.55
CHARLOTTETOWN	Ar. 5.55	
	Dp. 2.05	" 12.20
Royalty Junction	" 2.30	
MT. STEWART Junc.	Ar. 3.40	
	Dp. 3.50	
Cardigan	" 5.12	
GEORGETOWN.	Ar. 5.40	

### SOURIS BRANCH.

Going West. Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 5 MIXED	STATIONS.	No. 6 MIXED
Souris	Dp. 7.30	Mt. St. w't Jc.	Dp. 3.50
Harmony	" 7.55	Lot 49	" 4.25
St. Peter's	" 9.1	Morell	" 4.32
Morell	" 9.4	St. Peter's	" 5.0
Lot 49	" 9.4	Harmony	" 6.2
Mt St w't Jnc	Ar. 10.2	Souris	Ar. 6.45

C. J. BRYDGES, Gea. Superintendent Govt. Railways.  
W. McKECHNIE, Sup't. P. E. I. Railway.

## Notice to the Public.

SUPPLIES for the "Soup Kitchen" will reach the Committee if left at the Store of Mr. Alex. Horne, corner of Queen and Fitzroy Streets.  
Donations of money will be received by them through Dr. Dodd and Mr. J. Quirk.  
N. B.—Food for the sick carefully prepared by the Committee.  
Dec. 27—41

1878.

## THE Weekly Examiner

FURNISHES MORE NEWS, FOR LESS MONEY THAN ANY OTHER PAPER IN THE PROVINCE.

It Contains Twenty-eight Columns, nearly every one of which is in closely set READING MATTER.

### CONSIDER OUR TERMS:

SINGLE COPIES to the 31st December, 1878—thirteen months—\$1.00 in advance.

SIX COPIES to one address, or addressed separately, as desired, \$5.50 in advance.

TEN COPIES to one address, or addressed separately, as desired, \$9.00 in advance.

FIFTEEN COPIES to one address, or addressed separately, as required, \$13.50 in advance.

TWENTY COPIES to one address, or addressed separately, as desired, \$17.00.

### IN DULL TIMES

### CHEAPEST AND BEST!

## The Weekly Examiner

is acknowledged to be ahead of any other paper in the Province in the item of

### LOCAL NEWS

and is always well filled with

Political, Shipping, Commercial and General Information.

The debates of the Local Legislature will be carefully and impartially given. Special telegrams and letters from "Our Own Ottawa Correspondent" will contain everything of interest transpiring in the Dominion Parliament.

A Good Story will be made a specialty.

## The Daily Examiner

Will be sent to any part of the Province, the Dominion, United States or Great Britain on receipt of

For Six Months, . . . . . \$2.50  
For Three Months, . . . . . 1.25  
For One Month, . . . . . .50

ADDRESS,  
**W. L. COTTON,**  
Manager Examiner Printing and Publishing Company.  
Ch'town, Dec. 6, 1877.

## BOOK & JOB PRINTING!

neatly and expeditiously executed,

AT THE "EXAMINER" OFFICE under the careful supervision of J. W. MITCHELL.

We are now in a position to execute orders for all kinds of Printing, such as

LETTER HEADS, BILL HEADS, CIRCULARS, CARDS.

PAMPHLETS, DODGERS, HANDBILLS, POSTERS, AND ALL KINDS OF

Bank and Legal Blanks, &c. &c. &c.

AT MODERATE PRICES.  
Office:—Ings' Old Stand, Corner Great George and Water Streets.

## Harvie's Almanac 1878

PRICE 12 CTS.

Wholesale and Retail at HARVIE'S BOOKSTORE, QUEEN SQUARE,

and sold by all respectable dealers throughout the Island.  
Jan. 3—

### A CARD TO THE PUBLIC

WHILE taking this opportunity of thanking our numerous customers for the liberal manner in which they have patronized

### OUR NEW STUDIO,

we would inform them that we have now increased facilities for the production of first-class work, and are prepared to make PHOTOGRAPHS of a Style and Quality that has never been before attempted in this City.

We have an exhibition, at our Rooms, a large number of Photographs of every variety, including the

### BEAUTIFUL PHOTO-ENAMEL

the most beautiful style of Photograph known, possessing a softness and delicacy of coloring that has never been equalled. This elegant picture has become deservedly popular elsewhere, and cannot fail to become so here.

Though the finish of our Photographs cannot be excelled, we would direct attention to the beautiful

### Glass Pictures

which we make. They possess a highly enamelled surface, and are practically indestructible, and will retain their freshness and beauty for any length of time. If they become soiled they can easily be cleaned, as they will not lose any of their beauty by being wet. This valuable quality, combined with their remarkable elegance, make them very suitable for presents; while the difficulty of their production will prevent them ever becoming so common as to lessen their value. Our patrons can have one or all of their Photos finished in this style—an advantage which cannot be obtained elsewhere.

We give special attention to making Groups of Families, Societies, Schools, &c. Our pictures of children are sufficient evidence of our success in this difficult branch of our art.

Our ENLARGEMENTS, finished in India Ink, Pastel, Gray, Oil and Water Colors, have made a favorable reputation for themselves throughout the Lower Provinces.

Parties intending to have Photographs made will find it to their advantage to sit early, as the number of our customers makes some delay in the delivery of the Photos unavoidable. We prefer to have our sitters come by appointment.

Photographs can be obtained for less money elsewhere; but in this case we ask that quality be given the preference; assuring the public that they will find our charges very moderate.

**ROSS BROS.,**  
Cor. Queen and Dorchester Streets, opposite Connolly's Bank.  
Sept. 19, 1877—3m eod

### The Murder of Mrs. Quinn.

The dreadful crime committed at Little River on Wednesday is still the absorbing topic of conversation in St. John.

Vaughan protests his innocence, and declares that he can account for his movements. The police, however, are so steadfast in their belief that they have the right man, that little or no effort is being made in any other direction. Many suppose that the prisoner is the man who set fire to the jail a few years ago, but such belief is not correct. He is a brother of that Vaughan. The jail insubordinate afterwards escaped from the Penitentiary in a bread wagon.

On the day of the murder, and it is supposed after the murder had been committed Vaughan was seen prowling around the Valley, and followed some school children up the hill towards Fort Howe, endeavoring to get the little girls into conversation. His only occupation for some time past appears to have been loafing about the roads and unfrequented places, it is believed with evil intent.

The clothes of the supposed murderer have all been taken from him. On the knees of his drawers, particularly the right knee, there are large drops of blood. He had four shirts on when arrested. Portions of three of these are also covered with blood stains. Some of the marks on his clothes, discovered by Sergt. Hipwell, are said by the prisoner to have been caused by paint that he was mixing. His wife says he has not been using the paint for some time. There is such a small amount in the tin that it would hardly be possible for it to spatter over him. His wife appears heart-broken, and does not place much faith in his words. She earns a livelihood by washing, while he loaf about the streets drinking rum and spending money.

### Great Fire at Chatham.

On the 14th inst., a fire broke out in the Roman Catholic Cathedral at Chatham, N. B., originating near the front vestibule. It was discovered by His Lordship Bishop Rogers, by the presence of smoke in his sleeping apartment, on the second floor of his residence, which was connected with and commanded a view of the church.

In the same pile of buildings was St. Michael's College, under the Christian Brothers, with the residence of the members of that order and of the boarding pupils, numbering, perhaps, fifty, besides the extensive library of the Bishop, the quarters of the resident clergy, private chapel, etc.

This block of buildings was of wood, three stories high, besides stone basements under the residences of the Bishop and Christian Brothers. The central portion was one hundred and twenty-six feet deep from the front of the Cathedral to the rear of the vestry, and the wings extended from each side, making the structure assume a cruciform shape, each wing being 35x57 feet.

The building on the town front thus measured one hundred and fifty feet. The west wing contained the Bishop's residence. The east wing, the college and Brother's residence, while the Bishop's library was situated in the centre of the floor above the very. Parallel with the Cathedral or central building and from the outer end of each wing another wing extended a distance of 74 feet, or on the line of the cathedral front, the latter wings being connected with the front of the central building on the west side, and by a corresponding structure used for general outbuilding purposes. The fire spread rapidly; it leaped from the cathedral by way of the dry wooden galleries, as well as the exterior of the college, and also by way of the sanctuary to the library, and in less than an hour all hope of saving any part of the block was abandoned, and the efforts of the firemen and citizens were directed to stopping the progress of the flames at the cottage last named, and thus prevent them crossing an open space of some twenty feet and destroying the Convent Schools of the Sisters and the Hospital of Hotel Dieu which occupied an even large building to the west of that on fire. By hard work the portion of the cottage attached to the main building was partially cut away.

The Bishop is a heavy loser both personally and as the head of the Diocese. More than half the valuable works in his library were destroyed. The vestments which were within the church, were lost. Much furniture also was consumed. In short about one-half of the moveable property in the entire structure perished. The Christian Brothers lost all their stock of stationery and many of their books and implements in use; and the students were also losers of a good deal.

The residence of Mrs. Johnstone, widow of the late John M. Johnstone; was in great danger, but escaped, although the furniture was moved from it and thereby damaged to some extent.

The insurance on the burned block which was worth perhaps \$25,000 was but \$10,000.

A HORRID TRADE.—Chicago people have been greatly disturbed by discovering that a family named Shinn have recently taken up the industry of boiling down human bodies and mounting bones for medical cabinets. They have set up a large soap-kettle in their back-yard, and every morning the air of the neighborhood is loaded with the nauseating odors from this "hell broth." The worst of it is that there is no secrecy about this horrid process, and anyone who takes the trouble to watch the premises for a few hours will have his eyes regaled by the sight of human heads; limbs, and other fragments of mortality tossed into the caldron and stirred together by the grinning fiend who presides over the infernal decoction. This delightful establishment is supposed to be supplementary to the medical college, but the neighbors, whose sensibilities have not been blunted by an intemacy with science, are in a state of great indignation.

### A Modern Case of Kidnapping.

There was quite an excitement in New York the other day over the disappearance of Henry Clews, a prominent banker in Wall street, and correspondent of some of our St. John bankers, who was spirited away no one knows how or where. It seems that he was arrested on a process issued by a Chautauqua County Judge for a debt which was extinguished by his discharge in bankruptcy more than two years ago. His captors kept Mr. Clews concealed in the upper story of a third-class hotel, and endeavored to extort money from him. Failing in this, they tried to get him out of New York without detection, but were confronted at the Grand Central Depot by an Officer of the Supreme Court with a writ of *habeas corpus*, issued by Judge Donahue, and Mr. Clews was released from custody. The fact of such an event having taken place in New York shows the possibilities in the way of kidnapping which still exist in that city.—St. John Tel.

### The Gallows in 1377.

The hangman's record for 1377 shows that 83 murderers were hanged in the United States. Of this number 47 were whites, 31 colored, 1 Indian and 1 Chinaman; four were hanged for indecent assaults, 1 for burglary, 3 for wife murder, 1 for filicide and one for fratricide. There were three double executions, one triple, two quadruple, and one in which six men were hanged. Not a single woman was hanged; the only one sentenced to death, Mrs. Louisa Lawsar, of Virginia, had her sentence commuted to imprisonment for life by the Governor. Friday still maintains its reputation in the black list as the favorite day on which to enforce the death penalty; more murderers having been hanged on that day than all the others of the week combined. Forty-seven murderers were hanged on Friday, 17 on Thursday, 8 on Saturday, 6 on Monday, 3 on Tuesday, and 2 on Wednesday. There were 5 executions in January, 5 in February, 6 in March, 10 in May, 15 in June, 11 in July, 1 in August, 5 in September, none in October, 9 in November, and 10 in December. Pennsylvania stands first in the lists of the States for the greatest number of executions during the past year,—South Carolina being second. The executions were distributed among 25 States, as follows: Pennsylvania 16, South Carolina 13, North Carolina and California 5 each, Missouri, Maryland, Georgia and Virginia 4 each, New York, Louisiana, Arkansas, Nevada and Tennessee 3 each, Mississippi and Ohio 2 each, New Jersey, New Hampshire, Delaware, Alabama, Kentucky, Texas, Utah, Dakota, Oregon and Wyoming 1 each.

### Temperance Celebration.

Sunday last was a day of high festival in the parishes of the Rev. Father Trudelle. The occasion was a visit from the Rev. Ronald B. McDonald, President of the Central Council of the Union, who celebrated High Mass in Hope River. The Band from Rustico was present and discoursed some appropriate pieces of music before, during, and after Mass. The choir sang the beautiful Mass composed by the Rev. Father Trudelle, and, in the words of the President, it reflected great honor both on the author on the choir, who rendered it in excellent style. At the end of Mass, Mr. William Hogan, Secretary of the Temperance Society, presented an address of welcome to the Rev. President of the Council, to which he suitably replied. After which he entered into a most instructive discourse on Temperance, and had the satisfaction to see a large number come forward and take the pledge. St. Ann's Society, of which Mr. Joseph Harrington is President, now numbers 260 members.

In the evening, Rustico had its show of the honors. After the celebration of Vespers by the Rev. President, at which the band played, and Father Trudelle performed on the organ, and the people met in the Institute to listen to another lecture on Temperance, from the Rev. President of the Council, who spoke for an hour and three-quarters, to an audience estimated at from 1,000 to 1,200 people. The lecture was most interesting and eloquent, and was highly appreciated by the large audience present. At the close of the lecture over 50 new members enrolled their names in the T. A. Society, which now numbers 440. I believe that nearly all the people in these two parishes are total abstainers. Sunday, on the whole, was a day that will be long remembered by the people of Hope River and Rustico; and the thanks of these Parishes are due to the Rev. Father Trudelle, who takes such a lively interest in the welfare and improvement of these instructed in this case.

FLORENCE PETERS, Recording Sec'y.

TERRIBLE SUFFERING.—A despatch from Halifax of the 14th, says:—"The brig *Blanche*, before reported missing, was water logged in the gale of the 17th January, in lat. 17, long. 53, and broke up three days afterwards. The crew escaped on a raft without food or water. On the 16th, when off Nevis, the mate left the craft on a smaller one to obtain assistance from Nevis and nothing more was heard of him. On the 19th the crew were picked up by an American schooner and landed at St. Martins in a starving condition. A dog was killed for food but could not be eaten. The schr. "Water Lilly," which arrived at Yarmouth brings the above particulars.