

The Daily Examiner

JULY 6, 1885.

Editorial Notes.

The Gordon Memorial Committee, at a meeting on the 2nd inst., the Lord Mayor presiding, approved the resolution of the Prince of Wales in favor of establishing a home for training poor boys for military and civic life—Gordon's pet idea. The memorial fund now amounts to £18,031.

A despatch from St. Petersburg from Blagoveschensk, a town of Russian Asia and capital of the Amoor Government, says that fresh trouble has occurred on the Chinese frontier. According to the despatch it seems that the Chinese Government sent a detachment of soldiers to protect the Aigun gold fields from invasion by unauthorized parties. The troops were instructed to lead all persons found engaged in mining operations and not having the necessary permit. The Russian Government prohibits its subjects from mining in the Aigun gold fields.

John Bright has written a letter to Deputy Passy, of Paris, in which he says:—"If European nations would accept commercial liberty—that is, moderate or abolish customs—Europe might soon tend to an era of perpetual peace. At present all resources are swallowed up by military exigencies. The people's interests are sacrificed to the most miserable and culpable fantasies of foreign politics. The real interests of the masses are trodden under foot in deference to false notions of glory and national honor. I cannot help thinking that Europe is marching toward some great catastrophe of crushing weight. The military system cannot indefinitely be supported with patience, and the populations, driven to despair, may possibly before long sweep away the royalties and pretended statesmen who govern in their names. I hope your country and mine will remain at peace and be real friends."

The St. John Sun says:—

"The new loans at the lower rates call to mind the significant decrease in interest paid upon the public debt. In the conversion of five to four, lately effected, \$250,000 annually was saved in interest alone. At the time of Confederation the average rate of interest paid was well up to six per cent; in 1873 it was 5.09 per cent, in 1878 4.65 per cent, and at the present time is just about 4 per cent. A difference of 2 per cent upon a debt (say) of \$100,000,000 is a total saving of \$2,000,000, and this saving of interest would float a capital debt of \$50,000,000. So that in a comparison of Canada's debt in 1867 and 1885, it is not enough to take into account merely the capital account. The burden of the debt is the annual interest paid, and if the interest rate be diminished one-third as it has practically been done in Canada since Confederation, a debt one-half larger can be carried without any additional burden to the same number of people. If, in addition to this, we take into account the greater population and the development in wealth and trade, the comparative burden becomes still less heavy. Altogether we have every reason to congratulate ourselves upon the financial position held by our own country."

We are indebted to Mr. E. L. Lydiard for the following statement of exports and imports from Queen's and King's Counties:—

Table with columns for POTATOES, OATS, LOBSTERS, FISH, MEATS, EGGS, SHEEP, HORSES AND CATTLE, MISCELLANEOUS. Includes sub-headers for Colonial and Foreign quantities and values.

Last night the Rev. W. B. King, preached his farewell sermon from the text, "Lord, thou hast been our refuge from one generation to another." After an impressive discourse on the mutability of all earthly things, and the necessity of depending on the one unchanging One for comfort and strength in times of loneliness and weakness, the preacher took an affectionate leave of his congregation. He thanked the members for their unvarying kindness to him during his ministry among them and earnestly urged upon them the necessity of being faithful to their Church while they were deprived of the ministry of the good man whose illness prevents him from serving them now as he has done so faithfully ever since the church was opened. Mr. King goes to work in Boston to fulfil an engagement which he entered into several months ago. He is a young man of much talent, and if he brings, as he will bring, into his wider sphere of labor the same earnestness, self-denial and ability which characterized his work here, he cannot fail to do good in whatever situation he is placed. There are many in Charlottetown who will long remember his kindness to them in times of need and sorrow, when Christian love was the only earthly thing capable of affording

consolation. In conclusion, we heartily wish Mr. King success, and hope that he may spend a long and useful life in the ministry upon which he entered while among us.

The Members Pay.

SOME of the papers state, and we heard it freely discussed on the streets, that an addition of \$500 or so, will be made to the indemnity of members of Parliament, in consideration of the unusually long session of this year. This would be giving a premium to obstruction, and creating a most vicious precedent. We hope the Government—who are responsible to the people for the expenditure of their money—will not entertain the proposition for a moment. No doubt it is hard for decent members of Parliament, to be detained in Ottawa so long, on account of a little knot of blatant Opposition obstructionists. But they take the risks when they enter the lists as active politicians, and they must put up with inconveniences and occasional losses as well as enjoy the honors and distinctions. The indemnity of \$1000 a session and all their troubles, expenses more than paid, is ample for the services rendered. Though we have no desire to disparage members of Parliament, we may say that there is an impression abroad, that it is more than some of them are worth, as legislators. It is, at all events, as much as the country can afford to pay; and the people will hold the Government responsible if they sanction an addition to it.

A Drive Across the Country.

TO THE SEASIDE HOTEL.

The drive across the country, from Hunter River Station to the Seaside Hotel at Rustico Beach, is, we believe, not equalled in P. E. Island. The distance is said to be about eight miles, and you are so enchanted with the beautiful scenery, especially at this season of the year, when the fields are clad in richest green, and the air is fragrant with the perfume of the clover, that you could wish, it were some miles longer.

The road for the first few miles is quite hilly, and from some of the highest points there is quite an extensive view of the surrounding country, which at present seems like an immense garden, with its numerous neat houses nestling in green groves on the hillsides. Most of the farms showed striking proofs of the industry and thrift of the owners, and are very models of neatness and taste. Not only the dwelling houses, but the barns, outhouses and fences being of snowy whiteness.

The Rustico English Church is about a mile from the village, and stands in the midst of a beautiful grove close beside the road. Judging from its appearance this church has evidently seen better days, and would be vastly improved by a new coat of paint, if not also of clapboards, together with a repairing and whitewashing of the fence surrounding it.

As you approach the pretty village of Rustico—the French Parish Church—called, we believe, after the worthy name of St. Augustine—stands directly before you. This Church, though probably half a century old, seems in excellent repair; while the carefully kept grounds and large Parish house are convenient, all reflect much credit on the parishioners.

The Rustico Bank Building, quite near the Church, is a somewhat massive brown sandstone edifice, two stories high, and in no way distinguished for its architectural proportions or beauty.

But though the Bank, like the building which contains it, is quite unpretending, yet I am told that the institution has been managed with great strict care that by his wits rather than his works (and there are many such now-a-days, especially in the vicinity of banks) has ever been able to make a haul out of it. The second story of the bank building is used for a temperance hall—quite a good idea in connection with a bank, and may account in some measure for this bank's remarkable success.

The Seaside Hotel stands a little over a mile to the west of the village, and the road thither commands a fine view of the Gulf. The Hotel is in every respect most favorably situated. Though near the seashore, the location is "high and dry," consequently healthy, and especially favored for the invalid.

There are no unhealthy marshes near at hand to contaminate the air, nor is the nuisance of the sand blowing in from the shore felt in the least. Immediately in front of the Hotel is the west end of Robinson's Island, quite a narrow strip, and separated from the mainland by a channel a quarter of a mile in width. Beyond this Island is the blue Gulf, dotted with the white sails of numerous fishing craft, which on every favorable day ply their work from dawn till dusk.

Close to the west of the Hotel is the harbor of Rustico, on the opposite side of which are the extensive fish packing establishments of Mr. Churchill and other gentlemen. These establishments form a busy village during the summer season, and the harbor presents quite an animated scene when the boats return in the evening laden with the spoils of the deep.

The extensive grounds belonging to the hotel are arranged with great neatness and taste; while the spacious spruce groves which nearly surround it with their beautiful avenues, and "lovers' walks,"—to use an American lady's words,—are "just charming." Pleasure-seekers and tourists generally, will find no lack of healthy amusements here. If they wish to play at lawn tennis, they can do so to their heart's content; if at croquet, the hoops are always in position; or if quoits, the stakes (I am not referring to betting) are down. Then the bowling alley is open to those who desire to test their skill, and exercise their muscles in this vigorous way.

kinds of fish, and it requires no great effort to catch them. If you have nothing better, a bent pin, fastened to a piece of twine and the latter attached to a bean pole, will make a very respectable fit out. I am evidence of the fact, that with such a homely gear, a perch of no mean size was safely thrown to shore. This—and yet is not—a "fish story." In some respects, I regard the bent pin as an improvement to the ordinary hook, as you can much more easily remove the former from the mouth of the fish after it is secured.

At the proper season the surrounding fields and seashore abound with plover and other game of various kinds.

The "Seaside" is arranged and fitted up with an eye to the comfort of the guests. The bedrooms are neat and airy, the large parlors are well furnished, and the dining room can comfortably accommodate fifty persons.

The Hotel is evidently under very careful management. The tables are beautifully supplied with all the substantial and delicacies you could desire. Not even the most fastidious could find fault with the cooks and waiters; the constant attentions of the latter could hardly be surpassed.

It may be that a good appetite has something to do with it, but the fresh fish and the butter and cream which you get here seems to have about them a freshness of flavor far above the ordinary.

The great rush to this Hotel has not yet fully set in; but already guests are on their way from the Upper Provinces and the United States. Every year the number of visitors is largely increasing. Mr. Newson, the public-spirited and enterprising proprietor, well deserves the patronage which has hitherto been accorded to him.

Those of our readers who desire to get away from the dust of the city and spend a few days in rest and recreation, could not do better than make a visit to this delightful watering place.

The Northwest Mounted Police.

The report of the commissioners of the Northwest Mounted Police for 1884 furnishes some interesting statistics of the general condition of the North West, and the part played by the efficient police force which has for several years been almost solely relied upon to preserve its order and secure its peace. During the year there have been five cases of murder, one by a negro and two by white men. The whole number of cases tried in the North West for 1884 was 596, of which 46 were for horse stealing, 51 for larceny, 72 for non-payment of wages, 154 for selling, giving or keeping intoxicants, 35 for gambling, 42 for assaults, 61 for drunkenness, and 25 for vagrancy.

The Indians during the year are reported as giving a good deal of trouble, especially in respect to stealing from their reserves and hanging around the white settlements, and indulging in the vice of intemperance to such proximity.

Horse stealing forms one of the most frequent and puzzling kinds of crime in the Northwest, and for detection and punishment of the thieves large demands are made upon the time and ingenuity of the police. But one death took place in the whole force in the year, a fact which well shows the healthy climate of the country, and the unpropitious cases of sickness bears witness to the same fact.

The total force for the year consisted of 557, with 349 horses, and when the immense stretch of territory is taken into account, it is a matter for surprise that so few men could have so well kept the peace and awed the unruly elements which abound. The commission recommends an increase in the number of the force. This has already been done and all the more quickly since the troubles of the present year. Whatever may have been unwisely written and thought of the conduct of the mounted police during the rebellion, now that the fuller knowledge of the matter has come into the possession of the public, the old time confidence has been restored. For years to come the mounted police must of necessity play a most important part in the protection of the Northwest.

Married Four Times in Her Teens.

Mrs. Nellie Dame Yourex Baker Philips, was married in Freeport, Me., on the 30th June, to Charles Yourex, from whom she had been divorced. She first married him in June, 1882, and only lived with him one day, as she was taken away from him by her parents. Yourex left this part of the county, and not hearing from him, married John C. Baker in February, 1883, who left her after a short time, he having another wife elsewhere. Then Nellie married Harry L. Phillips, a railroad brakeman. They quarrelled, parted, and Phillips got a divorce, but before the decree was finally made, he married again, for which Nellie brought suit against him for bigamy, and had him bound over to court. The decree was granted in the meantime, and Yourex having come back, the marriage of the 30th June followed. The bride is now only 19 years of age, and has been married four times, all of her husbands being still living.

A RARE INSTRUMENT.—Mr. W. Vinnicombe, of Rolfe Street, has had in his possession for several years a spinet bearing date 1664. It is a musical instrument of the piano-forte type, and is in a handsome antique case. It is, however, scarcely necessary to say that the pianoforte of today is a vast improvement upon this quaint instrument, which used to beguile the leisure hours of the ladies of two centuries ago. A few months since a gentleman accidentally observed it in Mr. Vinnicombe's shop. He remarked that it was the most perfect he had ever seen, it being exceedingly rare in the present day to find one that can be played. Shortly after he communicated with the committee of the International Exhibition to be held in London next month, and they, through their Secretary, have written to Mr. Vinnicombe, requesting the favor of his allowing the spinet to be placed in the Loan Department of the Exhibition. Mr. Vinnicombe has very courteously complied with their request, and has sent it off this week. If it were placed by the side of one of the modern "Grands," the contrast would be so striking, that it would certainly attract a considerable amount of attention.

LUMBER.

BY Auction, TUESDAY, July 7th, at 2 o'clock, p. m., on Queen's Wharf, 40,000 feet Hemlock Boards, a quantity of Hemlock Plank, 2 and 3 inches, &c.

A. McNEILL, Auctioneer.

THE HON. J. B. FINCH.

the renowned Temperance Orator and Prohibition Advocate will Lecture in the

Y. M. C. A. HALL,

Monday and Tuesday Evenings, July 13th and 14th, at 8 o'clock

Tickets for each Lecture 25 cents, to be had at the Apothecaries Hall, Rankin's Drug Store, and at the door.

One fare ticket for return train of July 13th and 14th, good on afternoon trains 15th from Bradalbane and Railway Stations eastward, issued to parties attending these lectures.

J. A. LAWSON, Sec'y of Com.

SCOTTISH GATHERING.

The annual Gathering of the Clans, under the auspices of the Calton Club of P. E. Island, will be held at Charlottetown on

Thursday, the 23rd July inst.

Special arrangements are made, and cheap rates secured from all points by Railways and Steamers.

For full particulars get Programme.

JOHN M. CAMPBELL, Sec'y of Games Committee.

July 4—4t

TENDERS

WILL be received at the office of D. SMALL, until THURSDAY, the 9th day of July inst., at 6 p. m., and no later, for the erection of a Grand Stand, Ticket Office, Swings, Booths, &c., required for the Scottish Gathering, at Longworth's field, on Thursday, July 23rd.

TENDERS for the Catering on said occasion will be received at the same time and place, and no later.

Full particulars given by applying to DAVID SMALL, Corner Queen and Water Streets, July 4, 1885—4t

THE TELEPHONE COMPANY, of Prince Edward Island.

NOTICE is hereby given that a General Meeting of Subscribers to the Stock of the above Company, will be held at the Office of Messrs Palmer & McLeod, in Charlottetown, on THURSDAY, the 16th day of July, instant, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing the first Board of Directors and transacting general business.

JOHN INGS, CHARLES C. GARDINER, MALCOLM McLEOD, Three of the persons named in the 1st section of the Act of Incorporation.

Ch'town, July 4th, 1885—4t mfg.

NEW ENGLAND CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC

Boston, Mass., OLDEST in America; Largest and Best Equipped in the WORLD—100 Instructors. 1871 Students last year. Thorough Instruction in Vocal and Instrumental Music, Piano and Organ Tuning, Fine Arts, Oratory, Literature, French, German and Italian Languages, English Branches, Gymnastics, etc. Tuition, \$5 to \$20; board and room, \$4.50 to \$7.50 per term. Fall Term begins September 10, 1885. For Illustrated Catalogue, giving full information, address, E. TOURJEE, Dir., Franklin St., BOSTON, Mass.

Public Tea, Brackley Point Road.

A PUBLIC TEA, in connection with the Presbyterian Church of Brackley Point Road, will take place

On Thursday, 16th July,

on the farm of Duncan McCallum, Esq., nine miles from Charlottetown. Proceeds to go toward repairs of Church.

No pains will be spared to get up a first-class Tea.

Tea on the tables at 1 o'clock.

Tickets, 25 cents.

Children half price.

Should the above day prove unfavorable, the Tea will take place on Saturday, July 18.

JOSEPH B. STUART, Chairman of Committee.

June 26—wky 3t

PUBLIC TEA.

THE Baptist Church at North River inst. and holding a Public Tea on

Monday, 13th July next.

The Tea will be held on the grounds adjoining the church.

The committee in charge will spare no pains to make it the most enjoyable occasion of the season.

Tea on the table from 2 o'clock till 6.

Str Southport leaves Ferry Wharf, Charlottetown, at one o'clock, p. m. for North River Bridge, returning at seven. Tickets 10 cents each.

If the day should prove unfavorable it will take place the day following.

North River, June 24—wky

McLean, Martin, & MacDonald,

BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS - AT-LAW,

Notaries Public, &c.

BROWN'S BLOCK, CHARLOTTETOWN.

A. A. McCLEAS, L. C. B. D. C. MARTIN, H. P. MACDONALD, B. A.

July 4—law dly wky 3m tier pres

"DARPA"

Is [the best Canadian Patent FLOUR ever landed at Charlottetown.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

A. H. B. MCGOWAN.

July 2—li pd

I. O. G. TEMPLARS.

THE Grand Lodge of the above Order will meet in Annual Session in the 14th Hall, Charlottetown, on TUESDAY, the 13th July, at 10.30

This Session will be of more than usual interest, as the R. W. G. Templar, Hon. John B. Finch, and P. J. Chisholm, Esq., G. W. Chief of Nova Scotia, will be present. Mr. Finch will give a course of lectures, commencing on the 13th July.

J. A. LAWSON, G. W. S.

Ch'town, June 30—July 2 2aw wky 2t

A Grand Military Picnic

WILL BE HELD AT SHAW'S WHARF, WEST RIVER, ON WEDNESDAY, 15th JULY

The steamer Southport will leave Ferry Wharf for the grounds at 9.30 a. m., and 1.30 p. m.

The Band of the 82nd Battalion will be in attendance.

The usual games will be provided.

Refreshments to be had on the grounds at city rates.

Tickets to grounds and return 25 cents. Children under 12 years, 15 cents.

GEO. PAINSMORE, Capt., Chairman of Com.

WM. A. WEEKS, Lieut. C.E., Secy Com.

June 24, 1885.

NOTICE.

BEING about to make a change in our business, we hereby notify all parties indebted to us, to settle their Accounts on or before the 1st of July, coming. All overdue accounts remaining unsettled then will be sued for without respect of persons. Coal and lumber on hand, cheap for cash.

B. WILLIAMS & CO., Coal Wharf.

Ch'town, June 17, 1885—June 18

On Consignment:

100 dozen of Stone Ginger Beer Bottles.

PEAKE BROS. & CO.

June 30, 1885 cod

CELEBRATED COOK'S FRIEND BAKING POWDER

Best value in the market. Has taken first prizes wherever exhibited. Holds six Medals and many Diplomas. Must be looked for in a high priced powder for the sake of its so-called purity.

The COOK'S FRIEND is made of pure material as money can buy. It possesses more strength in proportion to cost than any other.

Sold by storekeepers generally and made only by W. D. McLAREN, MONTREAL.

Buy it, try it and be convinced.

Schooner for Sale.

THE fast-sailing schooner "Onward," 27 tons, suitable for mackerel seining.

Apply to LONGWORTH & CO.

Ch'town, June 25—2wke 2aw

The "Noisy Boys."

TO THE TRADE.

THE "Noisy Boys" Cigar; the best Cigar on the market.

Wholesale Only.

Sole Agent for Prince Edward Island, JAMES BYRNE.

Ch'town, June 12—50ins

THE SPARHAM FIRE PROOFING.

GET THE BEST.

THE Sparham Mineral Fire Proofing for shingle roofs, outlasts several coats of ordinary paint.

Only two cents per lb., by single Barrel. One dollar and fifty cents per one hundred pounds.

Five bbl. lots. Delivered at Moncton, N. B.

Address: J. J. MILLER, Millerton, N. B.

June 20, 1885.

COAL. COAL.

DISCHARGING at Queen's Wharf, a cargo of Picket for all kinds of Coal at lowest prices, viz:

ACADIA, nut and round.

INTERCOLONIAL, do.

VALE, do.

ALBION, do.

ALBION, black (blacksmiths).

SYDNEY (old mines) round.

SYDNEY (Cow Bay) round.

ANTHRACITE (Egg and Chestnut sizes)

CAPT. JOHN HUGHES, Water Street.

Ch'town, May 5, 1885—3mo wker 3mos

AVOID

Ammonia Baking Powder, AND USE ONLY

Woodill's

German

Baking

Powder,

of which W. F. Best, Dominion Analyst, St. John, N. B., in his report, Aug. 11th, 1884, says:—

Fresh and Pure; same composition as usual.

BUT

F. L. BARTLETT, State Chemist of Maine, says of a Baking Powder (sold only in tins) now being pushed into this city:—

It contains one ingredient that should not enter into the composition of any Baking Powder, namely, Carbonate of Ammonia. This is a strong Alkali, unfit for human consumption, and I am surprised that this chemical should be used when it is so well known to be injurious to health, in any way used for food.

Ask your grocer for WOODILL'S GERMAN BAKING POWDER, in paper or in tins 8 cents; quarter and half pounds.

June 26th, 1885.—1yr dly wky

FISHERY REFUND.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have received from the Dominion Government the amount required to pay the claims for refund of duties paid in the year 1871. Checks for the amount allowed will be forwarded by mail to the several claimants entitled.

Dated 17 June, A. D., 1885.

R. R. FITZGERALD, Dominion.

June 18—pat her jour li

COAL, COAL.

PERSONS requiring orders for Cargoes of Coal can obtain them, on the usual terms, from the Suborbr, at his office, NO. 35 WATER STREET, viz:—

On the Old Sydney Mines, Lingan and Victoria, C. B.

—AND ON THE—

Albion Mines, Pictou.

G. W. DEBLOIS.

Ch'town, June 19, '85—4t.

Boys' Jersey and Tweed Suits

—AT—

PANIC PRICES!

Boys' Jersey Suits at \$1.85 and up.

Boys' Black Worsted suits at \$3.50 and up.

Boys' Heavy Blue Serge Suits at 4.25 and up.

Boys' Tweed Suits at \$5.00 and up.