THE DAILY EXAMINER.

DECEMBER 28, 1892.

The Single Tax.

THE announcement, made a few days ago, that New South Wales has adopted the single tax theory, was somewhat surprising. The change is a very radical one. The single tax will bear directly upon the holders of land. All others will, apparently, go Scott free. It is, of course, pretty well understood that taxes direct and indirect, are taken out of the soil. But farmers are not all philosophers. They must, as a rule, be taxed as though you taxed them not. They will not care to fork over to the tax gatherer their hard earned money, while men who come much more easily by their cash pay nothing. The land holders of New South Wales, will not, probably, have much further use for the politicians who have given them the single tax. Intelligent people everywhere, will, however, look forward with interest to the result of the practical application of this pet theory of Henry George and his followers.

Protection in England.

PROTECTION seems to be as much a question in Great Britain to-day as it was in Canada in 1876. Free Trade is a good theory and would be good in practice, if it were the rule all round. But it is hard for even a rich country like Great Britain to make headway when all the rest of the civilized world is waging against her a war of hostile tariffs. According to the latest statistics there has been a falling off in the export of Great Britain's woolen and textile fabrics during the first ten months of 1892 as compared with 1891, of £5,874,000 stg; of the exports of metals and manufacture, £6,019,000; of machinery, £865,000; of wearing apparel, £681,000; of chemicals and medicinal preparations, £321,000; and of other manufactured articles of £3,406,000. The board of trade returns for the eleven months of 1892, compared with previous years, are just to hand, and they show that the imports into Britain of competing goods increased during the last two years by $23,000,000, whilst the exports of home manufactures and products of home labor decreased by about $170,000,000. At the same time the heavily taxed farmers of the Mother Country are overwhelmed with wheat and other agricultural products imported free of duty from the United States and other high tariff countries. The statistics show that in 1874 there were 3,630,000 acres of wheat grown in Great Britain, and 188,711 in Ireland. In 1891 the acreage had fallen to 2,307,277 and 81,394 respectively. A reduction therefore of one-third in acreage, whilst the imports of wheat increased from 7,000,000 quarters in 1870 to 13,000,000 in 1890. Since 1889, the increase in value of imported wheat and flour has been $52,000,000. Meantime the price of wheat has gone down from 30s. two years ago to 25s. a couple of weeks since, without any corresponding decrease in the price of bread.

The farmers of Great Britain are already outspoken in their demands for protection, and the manufacturers must soon have a change of conditions. What change will take place cannot now be told. But it is significant that an influential group of Imperial statesmen are working to the end that there shall be Free Trade throughout the wide extent of the British Empire and Protection against the commercially hostile foreign nations. There is no question that the success of Protection, as applied to the States, is due largely to the fact that there is absolute Free Trade between the States; and it is argued that a similar policy applied to the British Empire will produce results even more remarkable. If this course be not pursued, some other policy will certainly be adopted; for the British people are not likely to endure long such adverse trade conditions as those to which they are at present subject. What other policy can be adopted? We see none which presents fewer difficulties or more splendid prospects for the future of the British Empire.

Notes and Comments.

—At the request of a number of gentlemen throughout the city, D. O'M. Reddin, jr., Esq., has consented to be a candidate for the vacant position on the Board of Water Commissioners.

—A writer in the Week well says: "The prosperity, or apparent prosperity, of a nation that is brought about by excessive imports is sure to produce impaired credit, stagnation and distress and a decreasing demand, until the producing in some measure overtake the consuming forces. It did it in this country previous to the crash of 1857; it was an important factor in producing the depressed condition from which we suffered during the McKenzie regime, and the adverse balance of 'nearly three hundred millions' during the last ten years is certainly sufficient to account for any depression that now exists." We should aim to make for ourselves, rather than run into debt to outsiders.

—An interesting experiment has been made in connection witth the civil service of some of the native states of India. The Maharsjah of Mysore sanctioned its introduction into his dominions, with certain modifications, competition being the rule, but the candidates being previously nominated by the government of the state. The Maharajah has retained the privilege of making selections, but only in proportion to the number of those who are admitted by competition. In July last twenty-seven candidates, including twenty-three Brahmins, were nominated, which gave them the right to present themselves to the examiners. Only eighteen availed themselves of it, and only eight succeeded in passing. The ordeal is the same as the statutory civil service of British India—a third of the marks attainable being sufficient to effect a pass. Eleven of the applicants were from outside of Mysore. This invasion of the native states arises from the paucity of qualified men in the latter and the fewness of vacant posts in British India.

—The Portland, Me., Press: Mr Wiman . . . errs greatly, we believe, in his opinion that commercial union, on the lines that he lays down, is any more feasible or likely to be brought about in the near future than political union. Wiman's scheme would make Canada a commercial dependency of the United States. She would be obliged to make the same discrimination against British goods that we make, and her trade with all foreign countries would be regulated by the congress at Washington. A nominal dependency of Great Britain, she would then become a real dependency of the United States. As between political union and a union of that kind Canada must prefer the former. That would give her a voice in the making of commercial regulations which she must submit to, while the latter would give her no voice. The Canadians are a proud and high-spirited people, and no people of that kind will consent to such a dependent relation as Mr. Wiman's plan contemplates." The Press understands better than most United States papers why Canadians do not support the grit policy.

—Thomas Carlyle was the outspoken and consistent friend of Canada, in whose vast untrodden wastes he saw, even before the value of the colonies was recognized by his disciple, Mr. Froude, the true remedy and refuge for Great Britain's distress. More than half a century ago, after one of the most terrible passages in his work on "Chartism,"—that in which he commented on the Chinese policy unfolded in the Marcus pamphlet—the writer of which was called "the demon author,"—he did not forget to remind his readers of the unused abundance of land that awaited industrious tillers in this Greater Britain of ours. "For all this of the 'painless extinction,' and the rest, is in a world where Canadian forests stand unfelled, boundless plains and prairies unbroken with the plough; on the West and on the East, green desert spaces never yet made white with corn; and to the overcrowded little western nook of Europe, our Terrestrial planet, nine-tenths of it yet vacant is tenanted by nomads, is still crying, come and till me, come and reap me."

—The aggregate trade of Canada the last fiscal year was the largest in her history and totalling $241,369,433 as against $218,384,934 in 1891. The figures of the trade, with with the principal customers, are of interest:

With	1892.	1891.
Great Britain.....	$106,254,984	$91,328,384
United States.....	86,908,568	94,824,352
West Indies.....	7,638,846	6,360,923
Germany.....	6,526,228	4,336,232
France.....	2,770,173	2,565,877
Newfoundland.....	2,503,962	2,218,911
China and Japan...	3,300,108	2,202,102
South America.....	1,906,291	1,782,959

Our trade with the United States has declined, but with every other important country it has largely increased. All round the showing is highly satisfactory. As to exports in detail, the results are equally instructive and equally reassuring. Taking a few countries, the totals are:

To	1892.	1891.
Great Britain.....	$64,906,549	$49,280,854
United States.....	32,830,696	41,138,695
West Indies.....	3,546,559	3,122,770
China and Japan....	283,251	78,791
Newfoundland.....	1,750,714	1,467,093

Literary Notes.

It is stated that Col. J. Hunter Duvar has sold the copyright of his book, "The Stone, Bronze and Iron Age," to a leading London publisher, and is now engaged upon a new work, which will be placed in the press shortly.

We are requested by the Rev. Fred. E J. Lloyd to state that having been invited by the Royal Society of Canada to permit his work on Prince Edward to be published under their auspices, some months will necessarily elapse before it can be sent to subscribers.

A writer in the Critic, who estimates that Zola's total earnings for his twenty years of literary toil amount to $400,000, thinks this comparatively modest fortune has not been easily earned.

The Young People's Weekly, of Chicago, announces a series of articles on Labrador, by the Rev. Fred. E. J. Lloyd.

South Sea Tragedies.

A CAPTAIN MURDERED AND HIS CORPSE COOKED FOR A FEAST.

Advices from the South Seas of some bloody events have been received at San Francisco. The Kanaka crew of the French vessel Constantine murdered the captain and mate, looted the vessel and turned her adrift. She went on a reef and became a total wreck. M. Pasmin, owner of the Constantine, was shot, as was also Captain Marie, whose corpse was cooked for a feast. Four Kanakas who attempted to rescue the captain were massacred.

While the vessel called the Three Cheers was at Feed Islands, an attempt was made to arrest the chief and his son, who murdered a trader named Coe, When Captain Stade, of the Three Cheers arrested the chief, he was shot dead by the latter's son. Captain Stade's murderer was subsequently captured and shot.

The schooner Clara Jackson, anchored off Admiralty Islands and her mate put off in a boat manned by three of the crew to trade. While bartering, the mate was struck across the neck with a hatchet and again on the chin, leaving two severe wounds The mate drew a revolver and fired into the crowd of traders. Captain Buchart put off to the rescue, and in the general fight which ensued, a number of the crew were wounded, one fatally.

$5,000 worth of crockery and glassware.—We purpose to sell the above lot of crockery and glassware, commencing on Thursday, 8th inst, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Tea sets, dinner sets, chamber sets, glass sets, and a large assortment of fancy goods must be sold. —W P Colwill. dec7 tf

Just Received—A lot of ladies' shoes, suitable for under overshoes, at Goff Bros.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER

A FIRE BUG AT WORK.

Generosity Rewarded.

A Youthful Villain.

AMHERST, Dec. 28.

A genuine fire bug made his presence known on Christmas evening at Summerville, where a barn and its contents, consisting of 30 tons of hay, 100 bushels of oats, a valuable six year-old horse, a team and wagon on the farm of Evan C. Wood were maliciously set fire to and totally destroyed by a ten year-old boy named Arthur Phinney who for the last two years has been a protege of Wood, he taking the boy out of the Poor House here in order to bring him up.

A Very Dangerous Plaything.

A Young Man Shot Through the Head.

MONTREAL, Dec. 28.

A young man named John Kenny while playing with a loaded revolver, was shot through the head here yesterday, and died half an hour after the accident occurred.

A Notable Arrest.

DUBLIN, Dec. 28.

A man named Kevans has been arrested at Nenagh in Tipperary charged with connection with the Dublin explosion. He is a stranger to the people of the village. Twenty-six years ago he admits that he was in Dublin, but not since up to Sunday last.

General Telegraphic News.

TORONTO, Dec. 26.—Mayor Fleming has instituted proceedings for alleged criminal libel against W. F. MacLean, M. P., proprietor of the Toronto World. Yesterday the World came out with an article with flaming headlines practically charging that Mayor Fleming had filled in two notes bearing his name for $6,700 more than he was authorized to do, and that he kept the proceeds.

PORTLAND, Dec. 26.—In the United States' district court the jury returned a verdict of guilty in the case of Patrick Finnegan, charged with smuggling. Sentence was deferred. Finnegan is a wealthy Aroostock farmer, whose farm is situated on the Canadian border, so that part of it is in Maine and part in New Brunswick. All his buildings are in Maine, except one barn, a portion of which is in Canada. It was charged that Mr. Finnegan has been buying many potatoes in Canada, and that subsequently they went to market out of the American doors of the barn without the payment of duty.

ST PETERSBURG, Dec. 26.—Count Sobrensky, a marshal of the court, has issued an appeal for aid for the famine sufferers in the province of Tula. There are said to be 173,000 persons in the province dependent upon outside assistance. Typhus fever is raging to an alarming extent, and the fever sufferers lie huddled together in roofless huts without attention and without bread.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Dec 26.—Fire in the village of Wyoming, Wyoming county, this morning, burned the Methodist Episcopal church, six stores, seven dwellings and three barns. The village was entirely without fire protection. Finally a building was blown up with powder and the fire stopped. The loss is estimated at $100,000, almost entirely covered by insurance.

DUBLIN, Dec. 26.—Everything tends to show that the explosion last night outside of the detective office, Exchange court, by which Detective Synnott was killed, was a deliberately planned dynamite outrage. The report that the explosion was a political outrage is deprecated by the police. The general opinion is that the bomb or infernal machine was placed by some person with personal spite against the detective force.

LONDON, Dec. 26.—Four of the Irishmen convicted in October, 1889, of having been accessory to the killing of Inspector Martin, of Gweedmore, will be liberated to-day. Martin was murdered by a mob while he was trying to arrest Father McFadden. The Healyites are hopeful that they will secure the speedy release of James Hogan, the American dynamiter. Mr. Morley, Irish secretary, is receiving many telegrams of congratulations and thanks in acknowledgment of these last developments of his humane policy.

A Dramatic Scene.

ANDREW MACRAE, FOUND GUILTY OF MURDER, ADDRESSES THE JURY.

Andrew George McRae was found guilty at the Northampton (Eng.) assizes on Christmas eve of the murder of Annie Pritchard, an account of which was cabled Dec 20.

There was a dramatic scene in the court when the jury returned and the verdict was announced. The prisoner, in reply to the judge's usual questions, asking why the sentence of death should not be pronounced upon him, calmly said: "Whatever sentence your lordship passes will have no terror for me. I could say many things in regard to the evidence produced here, but it is useless. The witnesses' statements about conversations had with me are a mass of abominable lies. You, gentlemen of the jury, this day each become what you make me, a murderer. You have widowed a good wife upon this Christmas eve and have orphaned two children. As long as you live your conscience will accuse you. Now, your lordship, pronounce my sentence in as few words as possible.

ARE you troubled with weak kidneys, costiveness, dyspepsia, rheumatism, skin troubles? Try nature's cure, either in the shape of Wilmot Spa Ginger Ale, Lemonade or Natural Water. ....

HORSES! HORSES!—Keep them warm by buying Rugs from us. Those of our own make are excellent value.—McKay Woolen Co. 10i—dec16

Tremendous Sale

—OF—

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE

—AND—

GROCERIES.

AS we are going out of the business, we now offer OUR WHOLE STOCK at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES, consisting of

150 TEA and DINNER SETS, Semi-Porcelain
600 dozen TEA PLATES,
500 " DINNER "
200 " FRUIT "
100 " BUTTER PADS,
30 " COVERED DISHES,
50 " PLATTERS (Assorted),
50 " OYSTER BOWLS,
75 " JUGS,
25 " BAKERS,
750 " Hd CUPS and SAUCERS.
100 " TEAPOTS,
500 LAMPS,
Butter Crocks, Milk Pans, Sugar Bowls, Bone Dishes, Cassorolis, Sauce Tureens,
$6.00 CHINA TEA SETS,
$50 00 CHINA DINNER and TEA SETS,
A fine line of TOILET SETS,
China Cups and Saucers in great variety,
Shaving Mugs and Fancy Goods,
25 casks GLASSWARE, consisting of Table Sets, Water Sets, Cake Stands, large Covered Preserve Dishes, Jugs, in all the latest designs in Glassware.

—ALSO—

150 barrels FLOUR,
250 half chests TEA,
200 dozen FRENCH BLACKING,
300 " ROYAL STOVE POLISH,
60 " SILVER STAR "
50 " SCRUB BRUSHES,
20 " HORSE "
SHOE and CLOTHES BRUSHES,
20 casks VINEGAR,
100 CLOTHES WRINGERS, best makes,
100 boxes CIGARS, choice brands,
25 " PURE CREAM TARTAR,
20 " STARCH,
10 " DIGBY HERRING.

These goods will be sold at from 20 to 30 per. cent. discount FOR CASH ONLY.

P. MONAGHAN,
Queen Street.

NOTICE.

All amounts now due me by Book Account, Notes of Hand, Bills of Sale or Judgments must be settled at once.

P. MONAGHAN.

Ch'town, Nov. 8, 1892—3y 2aw (tu sat) & wky

WANTED!

THOSE who are undecided on HOLIDAY GIFTS to visit our Store, not necessarily with an obligation to purchase but with a view of criticising our wonderful display of sensible and substantial

Holiday Goods

also with a view of helping you to decide. Every glance means a new suggestion, every price an agreeable surprise.

WHAT SHALL IT BE?

A Pair of LADIES' COLORED SLIPPERS (imported direct from Switzerland),

LADIES' KID SLIPPERS,

GERMAN FELT SLIPPERS,

A Pair of SKATING BOOTS (Bluche style, the latest out.

MEN'S SLIPPERS, all styles.

In fact, ANYTHING IN FOOTWEAR, in all the latest designs.

Such goods are at once sensible and serviceable, and such as will give your friend he greatest amount of satisfaction.

J. M. McLEOD & CO., QUEEN STREET.

Ch'town, Dec. 17, 1892—eod tl jan 1

Saint George Pharmacy.

Christmas Greeting!

I AM NOT offering my goods at cost or 50 per cent. off, for I cannot afford to do so and live, but I will sell my complete stock of FANCY GOODS, viz., Brush and Comb Sets, Manicure, Smokers' Travelling Companions, etc., at the lowest possible price.

Our line of PERFUMES is even better than last year's, and selling at a very low figure. A bottle of Perfume from 10 cents to $5 00.

HAIR, CLOTH, NAIL & TOOTH BRUSHES, a large variety.

We open our Christmas Stock of PERFUMES on Thursday morning. Do not buy until you see ours.

ST. GEORGE PHARMACY,
dec21 Morris Block, Victoria Row.

WANTED—A boy to learn the Jewelry and Watchmaking business.—G. H. TAYLOR. dec28 1i pd

WANTED—A boy to attend in restaurant. Apply to A. N. LARGE. tf—dec28

TO LET—The Oakland House, situate on King Street, for a term of years, with Stables, etc., from 1st January, 1893. This property is in good repair. Rent reasonable. Apply to the owner, Terrace House, corner King and Pownal Streets, Charlottetown.—CATHERINE MCKENNA. dec22

MUSIC! ARITHMETIC!

New Music Primer,

by REV. F. L. J. LLOYD, now on sale. Price 30 cents. Sent by mail on receipt of above price

Arithmetic Problems,

by PROF. McLEOD. By mail, 20 cents.

—(x)—

HASZARD & MOORE,

Stationers, Victoria Row

Charlottetown, December 28, 1893—w f s

WHERE IS IT?

EVERYBODY now appears to know that I (W. P. DOULL) am the proper man to whom to send repairs; yet, notwithstanding the fact that the location of my headquarters has been announced, people frequently say: "I see by your ad., etc., where is your shop?" For the benefit of those persons, and so all may be able to find it, I will try to describe its whereabouts

It is the shop formerly occupied by Cairns & McLean for their Marble Works; it is located on the north side of Kent Street, between Prince and Hillsborough Streets; is next door to Dr. Johnson's residence, and second door from A. S. Johnson's Drug Store; it is almost directly opposite Murphy & Son's Bakery, and is less than half a block from McInnis Bros'. Carriage Shop; it is on the same street and block as Mark Wright & Co's. Factory (only further west), and is within a stone's throw of Rackham's grocery and Misses Findley's boarding house.

After a time I may possibly put out a sign. However, in the meantime, if from the above description you cannot find the place, ask some of your friends, or drop me a post card through the mail.

WALTER P. DOULL.

Charlottetown, December 28, 1892—dy 1aw

ONCE A YEAR WE CUT PRICES IN TWO.

—(x)—

REDDIN'S DRUG STORE.

—(x)—

We believe

if there is a time to show your customers your appreciation of their trade CHRISTMAS IS THE SEASON. In order to do this we have put our elegant stock of Fancy Goods, in Plush and Leather; Perfumes, Meerschaum and Briar Pipes, Cigar Cases, etc., on our counters for the holiday season, and no reasonable offer will be refused.

REDDIN BROS.

Charlottetown, Dec 9, 1892—eod

OUR CHRISTMAS DISPLAY

IS NOW COMPLETE,

And offers the best inducements ever offered to intending purchasers.

—(x)—

WE HAVE ADDED LARGELY to our already well-assorted Stock, which makes our XMAS DISPLAY this year the most complete ever shown by us. WE ALWAYS DID LEAD, and always will while honest goods at reasonable prices will aid us.

In WATCHES and RINGS our assortment cannot be excelled.

Our line of Watch Chains and Charms, Chatelains, new Neck Chains, Chain Bracelets (with Padlock and Key), Chatelain Handkerchief Holders, Brooches, Ear-rings, Stick Pins, Scarf Pins, Gold Pens and Pencils, Cuff Buttons, Shirt Studs, Thimbles, etc., are the best assortment ever shown

Our stock of staple lines of SILVER PLATED WARE, such as Fruit Dishes, Butter Dishes, Casters, Baking Dishes, Salad Dishes, Card and Cake Baskets, Sugar Dishes, Crumb Trays, Nut Bowls, Bonbon Baskets, with new lines of Stamp Boxes, Hairpin Boxes, Pin Cushions, Watch Stands, Letter Holders, etc., are both useful and ornamental.

Our Marble, Imitation Marble and Walnut CLOCKS are handsome patterns and good timekeepers.

The public are cordially invited to call and inspect the above goods.

W. W. WELLNER.

Charlottetown, December 20, 1892—eod

Holiday Goods!

Children's Chairs,	Reclining Chairs,
" Sleighs,	Smoking Chairs,
" Carriages,	Wall Pockets,
(ON RUNNERS),	Fancy Cradles,
Reed Rockers,	Game Boards,
Wood Easels,	Pictures,
Bamboo "	Brackets,
" Tables,	Odd pieces of Furniture,
" Music Tables,	New Picture Moulding,
Carpet Sweepers,	IMPORTED FOR XMAS TRADE.

Useful, Ornamental, and always prominent as a reminder of the donors. FIFTEEN PER CENT. DISCOUNT on all above goods this week.

MARK WRIGHT & CO., LTD.

Charlottetown, December 20, 1892—2aw & wky

Xmas Presents, 1892.

A LITTLE MONEY

GOES A LONG WAY AT

WEEKS & CO'S.

TOWARDS BUYING YOUR

Xmas Presents

A Nice Pair of Gloves,

In BLACK KID,
In COLORED KID,
In LINED KID,
In WOOLEN,
In CASHMERE,

For Ladies or Gentlemen,

or perhaps something in the FUR line would be more acceptable:—

A Nice Muff,
A Nice Collar,
A Nice Tippet,
A Nice Fur Cap,
A Nice Pair of Fur Boas,

or perhaps something in the HANDKERCHIEF line would be more suitable:—

In Linen Hem Stitch, for Ladies and Gentlemen,
In Plain Linen,
In Silk Lisle,
In Hemstitch China Silk,
In Hemstitch Surah "
In Embroidered Silk China,
In Fancy Drawn China Silk,

or something in the large Flowered, Colored, White or Cream SILK HANDKERCHIEFS, of which we have a very large stock.

About 700 Different Patterns and Colors to choose from.

HALF PRICE!

We were fortunate in receiving about 18 dozen JAPANESE SILK SCALLOPED EMBROIDERED HANDKERCHIEFS at about half price, which we opened yesterday, and are offering at 16, 22, 24 and 35 cents. See these Christmas lines—worth double.

W. A. WEEKS & CO.

Black Cashmere,
Black Merinoes,
Black Goods of all kinds.

Our BLACK GOODS are all of the best quality. In Dye, Weight, Purity and Width we pay particular attention. We buy for cash and are selling them at very low prices.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS

For the Next 10 Days.

W. A. WEEKS & CO.,

NEXT TO BEER & GOFF'S,

Wholesale and Retail.

Charlottetown, Dec. 9, 1892.

I. O. G. T.

THE GRAND LODGE, Independent Order of Good Templars, will meet in Semi-Annual Session in McLeod's Hall, Charlottetown on FRIDAY, January 13th, opening at 11.30 a. m.

Tickets at one single first-class fare will be issued to representatives coming by rail on Thursday and Friday, 12th and 13th, good to return on Saturday and Monday, 14th and 16th.

All Lodges are respectfully requested to send their full complement of delegates.

A. D. FRASER,
Grand Secretary.

Bedeque, Dec mber 27, 1892.

SKATING RINK.

TICKETS for Hillsborough Skating Rink are now for sale at C. D. Rankin's, Reddin Bros' and A. S. Johnson's Drug Stores at the following rates:—

GENTLEMAN'S SEASON TICKET.....	$1 00
LADY'S " "	2 50
CHILDREN'S " "	2 00

Children's Season Tickets admit on afternoons only.

Rink will be open for skating with Band on Monday and Thursday evenings and Saturday afternoons and without Band on Tuesday and Friday afternoons.

Single admission to skate and promenade at the usual rates.

D. C. McLEOD,
dec21—1w Secretary.

DR. T. C. ROBINS, Surgeon Dentist.

Office—Prince Street, opposite St. Paul's Church,

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.

dec21

We request a settlement at once of all accounts rendered by us last September.—JAMES PATON & CO.

We request a settlement at once of all accounts rendered by us last September.—JAMES PATON & CO.