

The Examiner.

VOL. 1. W. L. COTTON Editor & Manager. WEDNESDAY MORNING - - - NOVEMBER 14, 1877. NO. 156

A. McNEILL,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant
NO. 1 QUEEN STREET,
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND

EXCELLENT AUCTION SALES, of all descriptions, attended to in city and country at moderate rates.
May 21, 1877.

ROYAL HOTEL,
King Square, Saint John.

I HAVE much pleasure in informing my numerous friends and the public generally, that I have leased the Hotel formerly known as the CONTINENTAL, and thoroughly renovated the same, making it, as the ROYAL always had the reputation of being, one of the best Hotels in the Province.
Excellent Bill of Fare, First-class Wines, Liquors and Cigars, and superior accommodation.
Blackhall's Livery Stable attached.
THOS. F. RAYMOND.
July 3, 1877—6m

QUEEN INSURANCE CO.
OF ENGLAND.

Capital -- Two Millions Sterling.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise, and Produce Also, on Vessels on the stocks.

Special rates for isolated residences.
Losses settled promptly.

GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank),
Agent for Prince Edward Island
June --

H. VINNICOMBE,
PIANO FORTÉ REGULATOR

ALL parties leaving their orders for Tuning at Bremner Bros. will receive the best attention.

All who have Pianos in Charlottetown would do well to have them tuned by the year, keeping their instruments in perfect order all the time.
A visit once a year at least will be made to all parts of the Island, or often if required Ch'town, July 18, 1877.

American & Foreign Patents.

Gilmore, Smith & Co., Successors to Chipman, Hosmer & Co.

PATENTS procured in all countries. No fee in advance. No charge for services until the patent is granted. Preliminary examinations free. Our valuable pamphlet sent free upon receipt of stamp.

Address, GILMORE, SMITH & CO.,
Washington, D. C.

ARREARS OF PAY, BOUNTY, ETC.

FEDERAL Officers, Soldiers and Sailors of the late war, or their heirs, are in many cases entitled to money from the Government, which has been found to be due since final payment. Write full history of service and state amount of pay and bounty received.
Certificates of Adjutant General U. S. A. showing service and honorable discharge therefrom, in place of discharge lost, procured for a small fee.
Enclose stamp to Gilmore & Co., and full reply, with blanks, will be sent free.

PENSIONS. PENSIONS.

ALL Federal Officers, Soldiers and Sailors, wounded, ruptured, or injured, in the line of duty in the late war, and disabled thereby, can obtain a pension.
Widows, and minor children of Officers, Soldiers and Sailors, who have died since discharge of disease contracted or wounds and injuries received in the service and in the line of duty, can procure pensions by addressing Gilmore & Co.
Increased rates for pensioners obtained.
Bounty Land Warrants procured for service in wars prior to March 3, 1855. There are no warrants granted for service in the late rebellion.
Send stamp to Gilmore & Co., Washington D. C., full instructions.
July 24 1877.

VIOLIN CLASS.

MR. VINNICOMBE has opened a Violin Class over Mr. Fletcher's Music Store. Ages of pupils preferred—from Eleven to Fifteen years.
Terms—\$10 a quarter, half in advance. Twenty-four Lessons a quarter; each Lesson one hour's duration.
Orders for TUNING may be left at the above Store.
October 13, '77.

Prince Edward Island STEAMERS.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Nova Scotia.

Leave Charlottetown for Pictou every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, & SATURDAY MORNINGS, at 5 o'clock, connecting there at 10 a. m., with train for Halifax. Fare to Halifax, \$4.10. Picnic Parties of Twenty and upwards can obtain Return Tickets at Charlottetown Office to Pictou and back same day \$1.00 each.

Returning to Charlottetown.

Leave Pictou every TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY, about 2.30 p. m. on arrival of evening train from Halifax.

CAPE BRETON.

Leave Pictou for Hawkesbury every MONDAY and THURSDAY, on arrival of morning train from Halifax, connecting both ways with stage and Steamer "Neptune," to and from Sydney and Bras d'Or Lake.

Returning to Pictou same nights, connecting with 10 a. m. Train TUESDAY and FRIDAY for Halifax.

New Brunswick, Canada and United States.

Leaves SUMMERSIDE every day (Sunday excepted) on arrival of morning train from Charlottetown, connecting at SHEDIAC with trains for each of above named places, and at St. John with Steamers of INTERNATIONAL CO. for PORTLAND and BOSTON. Also, leave Charlottetown for Summerside every Monday morning, about 8 o'clock.

Returning, leaves SHEDIAC every day (Sundays excepted) on arrival of day train from St. JOHN, for Summerside; connect there, without delay, with train for Charlottetown. Also, leaves Summerside for Charlottetown every Saturday evening, about 6 o'clock.

Agents: ALMON & MACINTOSH, Halifax; NOONAN & DAVIES, Pictou; A GRANT & CO, Hawkesbury; HANFORD BROS., St. John; F. W. HALES

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO BOSTON.

Steamers Carroll and Worcester

BOTH Steamers are fitted with new Boilers, and their Passenger accommodation arranged for every convenience and comfort, and fitted up in elegant style.

FREIGHT carried at moderate rates and as low as by any other route.

EGGS in boxes and barrels handled with the greatest care.

SAVING TIME, only one business day used in reaching Boston, by leaving here Saturday Morning and catching steamer at Halifax, and arriving at Boston Monday morning.

LEAVE CHARLOTTETOWN

Every Thursday,

punctually at 5 p. m.

LEAVE BOSTON

Every Saturday,

punctually at noon.

CARVELL BROS., Agents.

Ch'town, June 7, 1877

Parks' Cotton Yarns.

AWARDED the only Medal, given to COTTON YARNS of Canadian Manufacture at the

CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION.

SKOES Nos. 5's to 10's.

White, Blue, Red, Orange, and Green

Warranted full length and weight.

Stronger and better than any other Yarn on the market.

Cotton Carpet Warp.

No 12's & 14's IN ALL COLORS.

WILLIAM PARKS & SON,

WM. PARKS & SON,

Excursion Tickets TO BOSTON AND RETURN

STEAMERS CARROLL & WORCESTER, For \$15.00.

CARVELL BROS

SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES!

The Perfection of Mechanism. So Light and Simple that a Child can Work them. So Durable that they last A Lifetime. Eight Thousand Machines now Manufactured every Week. To be had only from the Authorized Agent,

Robert Young,
South Side Queen Square,
Ch'town, Sept. 13, 1877.

STADACONA

Fire and Life Insurance Company.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Board of Directors of this Company have made a further call of

Four instalments, of Five per Cent. each,

on the Subscribed Capital of the Company, payable at its Office, No. 93 St. Peter Street, Quebec, as follows:—

Five per Cent. on or before the Tenth day of August, 1877;

Five per Cent. on or before the Tenth day of November, 1877;

Five per Cent. on or before the Eleventh day of February, 1878;

Five per Cent. on or before the Eleventh day of May, 1878.

By order of the Board,
CRAWFORD LINDSAY,
Secretary

1877

DR. WILLIAM GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

The Great English Remedy for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all diseases that follow as a consequence of Self-Abuse or Loss of Mercury, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and After Taking many other diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave. Price, \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, by mail free of postage. Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. Address WM. GRAY & CO., Windsor, Ontario, Canada.

Sold in Charlottetown by W. R. Watson, P. Fraser, C. D. Rankin, Dr. Dodd, and a Apothecaries' Hall, and by all druggists anywhere.

ROBERT YOUNG

HAS JUST RECEIVED,

Per S. S. Prince Edward,

A MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT

NEW GOODS,

Which he is offering at

EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES

October 1, 1877.

STEAM MILL

MOUNT STEWART.

THE Subscribers are prepared to take orders for dimension Lumber of all kinds, in Oak, Elm, White Pine, Pitch Pine, Spruce or Birch; also, Spruce Knees, Trunnels, Wedges, Deck Plugs, and Ship's Blocks of every description—all delivered at short notice.

LONGWORTH & CO.,
Water Street.

N. B.—Spruce and Fir Shingles very low.

Aug. 15—3m

125 CHESTS } TEA.

65 Hl. do.

45 Qr. do.

Strong. Fine Flavor.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

—AT—

BEER & SONS

DEBTOR AND CREDITOR ACCOUNT OF THE WAR.

(From the Pall Mall Gazette.)

Now, when the summer campaign is over, and a winter campaign is about to begin, it may be useful to make up a debtor and creditor account, showing how much has been so far lost, and how much gained, by a peculiarly Christian and humanitarian war. We do not pretend that the reckoning is complete; possibly a few items have to be added, but this our readers must do for themselves.

On the one side we have:—

1. A hundred thousand men, or thereabout, slaughtered, gashed, and mutilated.

2. Tens of thousands more dead of cold, fatigue, privation, and disease.

3. Very many others suffering from the same ills ("Trains of sick are passing to the Danube by a thousand carts at a time.")

4. Home suffering to any degree within the compass of human imagination, occasioned as above in hundreds of villages and towns.

5. Steady wholesale destruction, through overwork, want of food, and the engines of war, amongst good useful beasts (these creatures being incapable of any enthusiasms of humanity.)

6. The crops, cattle, farm houses of whole provinces ravaged and destroyed. Hundreds of villages burnt, and their inhabitants (such as have escaped murder) adrift on the world.

7. Whole populations instructed in rape and massacre as a means of securing civil and religious liberty; and practising the same.

8. All the waste of material which accompanies waste of life in warfare. Addition to an already grinding taxation to make good this waste as it occurs. The certainty that increased taxation will be continued long after the war, to refurbish empty stores and arsenals and to "reorganize" shattered forces. And a vast incalculable loss in trade and industry.

9. The rekindling, throughout vast regions and over several populations, of the most atrocious of all ferocities, religious hate.

10. The evil, whatever it may amount to, of familiarizing mankind once more with the worst savageries of ancient, uncivilized warfare, with wholesale slaughter, and the most reckless use of men's lives.

11. The spectacle of lying, hypocrisy, and rapacity passing for truth, virtue and self-sacrifice.

On the other side we have to reckon:—

1. The lessons brought home to Turkey, and the prospect that that empire, fast lapsing into corruption and desuetude, may become purified and invigorated.

2. The solace of knowing that a large part of the money lost to Turkish bondholders has so far ensured the protection of British interests.

3. The discovery of the true use and purpose of autonomous provinces, and the explosion of various blunders and lies as to the condition of the Christian peasantry of Turkey.

4. The unveiling of a vast deal of political imposture abroad, and the timely detection of much dangerous nonsense at home.

5. Certain provinces, already blessed with a fruitful soil, made more fruitful for the future by the ashes of burned crops and the bodies of slain men.

6. A large percentage of profit for several rich contractors.

The London "Lumber Trades' Journal" says that the stocks in London from North America do not increase, while deals from the North of Europe are accumulating largely. It says:—

"The stock of pine and spruce deals on the 1st of October last year in the docks of London consisted of 3,048,847 pieces, this year only 2,658,540 pieces, or about 390,000 short of last year's October stock, and as it is now admitted that there was no excess last year, it is not unlikely that a brisk trade will be done in these goods between this and the spring.

"The stock of New Brunswick spruce deal in Liverpool on the 29th September amounted to 18,794 standards, and the consumption for the month was 10,571 standards. The total consumption from February 1st has been 59,953 standards. The stock of birch amounted to 255,000 feet, and the consumption for the month was 79,000.

"At Newcastle-on-Tyne, the arrivals of timber, we are told, have been very large, but, as trade was quite active, prices were maintained. The timber was rapidly going into consumption and stocks were small. At Bristol, the importation of wood goods had also been heavy, chiefly from Canada, and as the trade was quiet, stocks were accumulating with a fair demand for spruce deals and birch. At Glasgow, the arrivals had been numerous, mainly with deals from Quebec and Miramichi, and the market was abundantly supplied."

ALL THIS WORLD CAN GIVE.—A picture of happiness, supreme and complete, is an Indian lad with two hats on his head, a man's boot on one leg, a woman's gaiter on the other, and a flag of truce fluttering in the wind from a breach in his rear intrenchments, as he skips along trying to fly a white boy's discarded kite, and both ignorant and unmindful of the philosophy of the tail to the kite.

SHOWER OF FISH IN HARWICH.

A confirmation of the strange report that a shower of fish had fallen on the fourth concession of Harwich township is given by a school teacher of the neighborhood, who, in a letter to the London Free Press, testifies to what he saw, as follows:—

"Having dismissed the children for the day, I was returning to my boarding place, when, with a side glance, I discovered something in the grass. At first I thought it was some species of rattlesnake, but upon more careful scrutiny, I found it was a fine, firm, fresh fish of the pickered species. Having been brought up at the sea shore I knew at once the fish was good, and picked it up, while wondering whence it came. My astonishment was increased, however, when, stepping on a few yards further, I found another equally good. A few steps further, and one more, and then I thought I ought to return to the school-room for some paper in which to wrap them. On entering the room I seized (rather thoughtlessly you will say) one of the pails; and proceeded to collect fish. When I had more than half-filled the pail, I saw a man in the distance carrying some fish, and, supposing the mystery was about to be solved, I waited his approach. I dropped the pail and felt somewhat guilty for having appropriated the fish; till, relieved by his assuring me that he had gathered up also those had in the same way, and that he had just been culling the largest of them, He observed, 'These are as good and fresh as money could buy.' I filled the pail, not only to the brim, but up the whole height of the handle, and having deposited my burden, naturally, in the farmhouse where I board, I returned to collect the remainder. When I had finished my task, I assure you that I felt fatigued. The work had occupied half an hour. This fall of fish extended about three quarters of a mile. On the same evening one of the maids was sent for the cows to a field about half a mile from my boarding house. She also returned laden with fish that she had picked up in a similar way. This girl reported that she had left others behind her which she could not conveniently carry to the house. The lady, with her maids, prepared the dish the same evening for drying and smoking, and they were subjected to this process next day. The circumstance, you will admit, is unique, apart from its strange surroundings, and I cannot but think the correspondent of the "Rondeau News" did not err much in reporting it. As to whether these now famous fishes fell six feet or six thousand, I know not. One thing I know, that they were scattered for a distance of about three quarters of a mile, and that, at least, to my knowledge, three persons gathered them."

Miscellaneous News.

Several vessels from Montreal have taken out large quantities of potatoes, but it is doubtful whether several cargoes now afloat will be permitted to land, there being so much dread of the Colorado beetle.

It is stated that on account of the unsatisfactory condition of Marine Insurance in Halifax, the Union and Nova Scotia have decided to wind up their business, and distribute their assets among the shareholders.

The mines of Great Britain produce and sell over 130,000,000 tons of coal per annum, while those of the United States produce but little more than a tenth of that amount; naturally the cost of the output in Great Britain is becoming greater every year.

The total property exempted from taxation in the City of Ottawa amounts to \$1,270,530 of which \$632,699 is Catholic, \$394,370 Protestant, and the balance being divided among schools and other charitable institutions.

At a recent meeting of the Selkirk (Scotland) Town Council, a fierce dispute arose as to whether, on the Monday night before election, the members should treat themselves to pie and porter at the expense of the burgh. Such had been the custom from time immemorial until 1874, when, after a desperate contest, the "No Pie" faction triumphed. On a division there were only five members of eleven—and among them were the Bailie, the Dean of Guild and the Treasurer—in favor of "pie and porter," and it was resolved that the members should hereafter refresh themselves at their own expense.

In an article on rheumatism, published in the "Canadian Lancet," for November, Dr. A. H. Chandler, of Dorchester, New Brunswick, says:—

"I usually begin with at least ten ounces of lime juice, increasing rapidly up to eighteen or twenty four, in the 24 hours—from half an ounce to an ounce, or more every hour, with not less than double or treble the quantity of cold soft water. Very often, on the second day, the amendment is decided, and the disease, in acute cases, more particularly sthenic or asthenic, generally subsides on the fourth or fifth day of treatment. The first effect of such heavy doses is the rapid diminution of joint swelling and diminished perspiration, together with steady falling of pulse, the latter often quite slow, with a slight tendency to syncope, the majority of the cases requiring quinine, and supporting food about the sixth or seventh day, when convalescence advances rapidly."