

The attention of the House was then called by an honorable member to the above entries on the Journal, and the Chief Clerk was directed to write to Mr. Cooper on the subject.

The latter sent a long letter to the Speaker in reply, giving various excuses for his neglect of duty, but concluded by saying that if the House was still of opinion that he should do the work, he would conform to their wish.

Now, Mr. Cooper was quite well aware, that the work was done, or nearly done, and paid for, and all that was required of him was to pay back to the Government the amount of expense which had been incurred, about seventy pounds.

Having such a powerful reason for writing in favor of a dissolution, it was hardly to be supposed that the editor of the Monitor would be very particular in stating the truth.

Accordingly, we find him asserting that Messrs. Coles, Young, Warburton, Hensley, Mooney and Lord, being a majority of Executive Councillors, are opposed to a dissolution; and they are so, says the Monitor, because they "are in the receipt of about two thousand pounds of public money annually, by virtue of their offices."

Now, we are confident that the opinion of those gentlemen was never taken upon the question, because it has never come up for consideration, and it is therefore impossible to say whether they should be for or against a dissolution.

The statement of the amount of their salaries is entirely false, and we shall prove it. Mr. Young receives no salary—he receives a very small amount of fees as Judge of Probate; but that office is not dependent upon any political party—he holds it for life, whether Tory or Liberal he is in power; and the salaries paid to the other gentlemen are as follow:—

Table listing salaries for various officials: Colonial Secretary (£300), Treasurer (£300), Attorney General (£350), Registrar (£150), Commissioner of Public Lands (£170).

There is a considerable difference between this amount and "two thousand pounds!"

Now, let us see what the predecessors of those officers received. On looking to the Journal of the Assembly for 1849, Mr. Haviland there gives, over his own signature, a return of his emoluments, as

Table listing salaries for various officials: Colonial Secretary (£850), Treasurer (£500), Attorney General (£500), Surveyor General (£500), Commissioner (£300).

Which shows a very respectable balance over the £1270, while the receivers of the latter sum have at least double the labour to perform.

Now will the Monitor genius solve this short question, and we will leave him for the present all alone in his glory: Suppose that Messrs. Haviland, Hodgson & Co., were again in power, dividing amongst themselves two thousand one hundred and fifty pounds of the public money—that they were supported by a respectable majority in the Assembly, and an overwhelming one in the Legislative Council—that the country was prosperous—that there was no popular excitement or discontent—and that Parliament would not legally expire for twelve months longer,—suppose all this, would they be justified in listening to the howl of an outside barbarian like the editor of the Monitor, and putting the country prematurely to the expense of a general election, just because the aforesaid barbarian might desire it, to save himself from trouble?

COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC LANDS. THE Hon. W. W. Lord having resigned this office, as well as his seat in the Executive Council, on account of the result of the late election, and in conformity with his well known regard for the principles of Responsible Government—the Hon. Mr. Aldous, a member of the Legislative Council, has been appointed to his place in the Executive and the Land Office.

There was great reason to expect that the energetic and determined character of the late Commissioner would impart efficiency to the discharge of the duties of the Land Office, and conduce, in an eminent degree, to the advancement of the public interests; but the electors of the third district of Prince County—stupidly blind to the advantage which they possessed, in common with their fellow Colonists in every other section of the Island, of exercising a direct control over a public officer, and forgetful of the merits and services of their late representative,—have, by their foolish act, rendered it necessary for him to retire from the public service; and they have now a Commissioner in his place—an untried man—over whom they can exercise no direct control. We, however, have much confidence in Mr. Aldous. He is a gentleman of good education and business habits; and we are fully satisfied that the onerous and responsible duties assigned to him will be discharged to his own credit and to the public advantage.

WALKER AT NEW ORLEANS.—By telegraph from New Orleans of the 27th, the Boston Traveller learns that the steamship Illinois left Aspinwall on the 19th instant, for New York, with the California mails and passengers, and about \$2,000,000 in specie.

Among the passengers on board the Empire City are Gen. William Walker and staff, who have abandoned their field of operations in Central America. General Walker capitulated on the 1st of May to Capt. Davis, of the U. S. Sloop-of-war St. Mary's, and with his staff and 260 men, the remains of his army, were brought to Panama, by the steamer Mariposa. The Costa Ricans were not known in the articles of capitulation.

WALKER.—Mr. William Walker has concluded that the climate of the United States will be more favorable to his health, this summer, than Central America, and has therefore abandoned his kingdom of Nicaragua, and arrived at New Orleans. He is just in time to apply for the post of Governor of Utah, now going a begging among the Democracy. Mr. Buchanan wants a blood-thirsty man, and Mr. Walker has good credentials in that line.

CAPE DE VERDES.—An official letter received at Washington from Cape de Verdes Islands, says the crops there, though not abundant, are sufficient to keep the people from actual want. More than twenty thousand inhabitants, in the Islands and Archipelago, have fallen victims to cholera.

SUPPOSED MURDER OF A JUDGE IN KANSAS.—A letter in the New York Times, dated Lawrence, K. T., May 18, says:—There is a prevalent rumor for a day or two that Judge Cunningham is killed. He left Kansas City three weeks ago for his Court at Fort Scott, and has not been heard from since. He was the only free state judge in Kansas, and it is known that he has been somewhat obnoxious to the pro-slavery men since his appointment. Judge Cunningham was from Pennsylvania.

The government of New Granada has ceded an island in the Bay of Panama to England, in settlement of the MacIntosh claim, which had nearly caused a war between the two nations.

NOVA SCOTIA.

SYDNEY, C. B. May 30.—We are informed by L. Robertson, Esq. Coroner at North Sydney, that he held an inquest on Monday last, on the body of Archibald McKenzie, of Leeches Creek, who came to his death by partaking of a decoction of Tobacco leaf, which he had been advised by some ignorant, but probably well meaning neighbours, to use for the relief of a pain in his breast, from which he had been suffering for some time previously. The facts are in substance as follows:—

The deceased had been complaining for some time before of oppression at the chest, but went about his work as usual, and was planting potatoes all day Saturday. On Sunday morning, after looking after the cattle, he told his wife he would boil some Tobacco and drink the decoction, which some neighbours had told him would do him good. When his wife, who then went out to milk the cow, returned into the House, he told her he had drunk the decoction and felt very sick; she advised him to lie down on the bed, which he did, but in a quarter of an hour from the time he drank the Tobacco juice he was a corpse. The Jury returned a verdict in accordance with the facts.—C. B. News.

The Cape Breton News of the 23rd ult. says:—

We are given to understand that hundreds of persons in and about the city of Boston are out of employment, and that many of them contemplate coming to Nova Scotia immediately. It is not unlikely, in the latter contingency, that many will find their way back to Cape Breton, who, during the past two years, were attracted towards Massachusetts by the high rates of wages that prevailed in the United States, and—as affected mechanics, at least—the dullness of the times here. Those who, under the fever and excitement of emigrating abroad, disposed of their land and stock, will, ere this, have found that leaving home, with all its drawbacks, for the fluctuating prosperity of the United States, was a bad exchange. That the present reported reaction in Boston is about to spread itself throughout the chief cities of the Union and the Canadas, none who can rightly read the "signs of the times" can reasonably doubt. The immense emigration from the Old to the New World that is going forward will so lessen the rate of wages in the United States that it will be a difficult matter for the most thrifty and industrious, with the present alarmingly high price of many of the necessities of life, to subsist in the cities and towns there. There will probably be a good return of "deserters" to the ranks of the agriculturist, which will be a sufficient boon. That Cape Breton will receive back a portion of those by whose emigration the prosperity of the country has been materially retarded, and by reason whereof we are at present called upon to lament the absence of population to improve the advantages which are in perspective crowding in upon our farmers and fishermen, may be expected. Those of the former class who may presently return will find those families who have remained unbroken up by the spirit of adventure which drew the others from their island home, advanced in worldly prosperity, and surrounded by many of those real blessings which distinguish the condition of the well to do husbandman.

Police Court.

May 25—Richard Groggett and Gilbert McLean, drunk and incapable of taking care of themselves; dismissed when sober. William Leonard, drunk and disorderly; convicted and fined 5s. or be imprisoned 48 hours. 26—William Smeadon, James Carmichael and Patrick McKenna, charged with permitting their cows to go at large on the streets and squares; not proved. James McGee, for permitting his cow to go at large; convicted and fined 1s. 6d. William Tate, assault on Patrick Gray; convicted and fined 2s. 6d. with 5s. costs, or be imprisoned 5 days. 27—Ann Cahill, for assault and battery on Catherine McGuire; convicted and fined 5s. with 5s. costs, or be imprisoned 8 days; committed. John Jenkins, charged with permitting his horse to go at large on the streets; not proved. James Larter, charged with assault and battery on Melchisedec Hix; settled out of court. 28—Clotus Campbell, charged with creating disturbance in his own house; no prosecutor appearing he was dismissed. 29—John Ducean, for permitting two cows to go at large on the streets and squares; convicted on confession, ordered to pay 3s. fine. June 1—Thomas Bowdin, drunk and disorderly; convicted and fined 5s. or be imprisoned 48 hours. Terence McAtee, charged with assault and battery on Patrick Corrigan; settled out of court. 2—Patrick Murphy, drunk and incapable of taking care of himself; dismissed when sober. William Knoeker, for assault and battery on Alexander Nicholson; convicted and fined 20s. with costs, or be imprisoned 14 days. William Knoeker, for an assault and battery on Richard Stephens; convicted and fined 20s. with costs, or be imprisoned 14 days. Thomas Craig, for an assault and battery on Richard Stephens; convicted and fined 20s. with costs, or be imprisoned 14 days. Thomas Craig, charged with assaulting Alexander Nicholson; not proved. 3—Alice Neal for assault and battery on John Kavanagh; convicted and fined 10s. with costs, or be imprisoned 14 days. Hannah Neal and William Neal, charged with assault and battery on John Kavanagh; not convicted. 4—Richard Neal, for assault on three policemen in the discharge of their duty, ordered to find bail in £80 to take his trial at the Supreme Court. 5—Margaret Pense, charged with being drunk and disorderly on the streets; not proved. Ellen Brown, drunk and disorderly; convicted and fined 10s. or be imprisoned 96 hours; committed. 6—John Neal, drunk and disorderly; convicted and fined 5s. with costs, or be imprisoned 48 hours. John Stewart, disorderly driving; convicted and fined 5s. or be imprisoned 48 hours. 7—Michael Saako, for openly using obscene and lascivious language; convicted and fined 10s. with costs, or be imprisoned 14 days; committed. Jonathan Mentonier, charged with violent assault and battery on Margaret Fitzgerald; parties settled out of court. Mentonier to pay costs. 10—David Smeadon and Patrick Malone, drunk and disorderly; convicted and fined 5s. each, or be imprisoned 48 hours each.

Married.

On the 19th ult., at Margate Mills, by the Rev. G. M. Barret, Mr. Joseph Morris to Miss Ann R. Tuplin, both of New London. At St. James's Church, Port Hill, on Wednesday, June 10th, by the Rev. H. E. Swaby, Mr. Hugh McLean to Frances, fourth daughter of the late Mr. John Kendle, of New Bideford. On the 11th instant, at Charlottetown, by the Rev. Charles Lloyd, Mr. William Henry Balls to Miss Fanny Smith, both of Charlottetown.

Passengers.

In the 'Oriander,' on Friday—Lord Bishop of Nova Scotia, Messrs. R. W. Frazer, W. W. Irving, David Walker, David Wilson, Donald McLean, James Grant, Donald McLellan, Donald Frazer, Captain Fernaux, Miss Campbell, Mrs. Gelany. In do., on Saturday, June 6.—Messrs. David Wilson, W. Tremain, Mrs. Tremain, Miss Tremain, Mrs. Barry, and 4 in the steerage.

Launched.

From the shipyard of the Hon. Joseph Wightman, at St. Andrew's Point, Three Rivers, on Wednesday the 10th instant, a splendid barque of 400 tons burden, called the 'Lady Daly.' She was built under the inspection of Lloyd's Agent, and is pronounced by connoisseurs to be one of the handsomest and most substantial vessels ever built on this Island. Her launch attracted an immense crowd of spectators from various parts, who testified their admiration in long continued cheers as she glided easily and gracefully into her native element. On the 10th instant, from the shipyard of Mr. John McKinnon, Lot 11, a superior Bark of 411 tons, copper-fastened, to class seven years, called the 'James Wilson,' built for Mr. W. Welsh.

Marine Intelligence.

PORT OF CHARLOTTETOWN.

ENTERED. JUNE 6.—Schr. Bee, Oulton, Bay Verte; deals. Sch.—Prig Europa, McDougall, Liverpool; goods. Schr. Oriander, Lund, Brighton; mails. CLEARED. JUNE 6.—Schr. Caroline, Anderson, Miramichi; bal. Bee, Oulton, Bay Verte; do. Elizabeth, Scott, Pictou; do. Belle, Sprague, Bay Verte; goods. Brigantine Galena, Haskell, Boston; oats, herrings, potatoes, &c. Sch.—Marian, Glasgow; bal. Sovereign, Parly, Pictou; do. Neptune, Martin, Shediac; do. Oriander, Lund, Pictou; mails.

QUEBEC, May 22.—Arrived Ship Louisa, Hewes, Cardiff; Railway Iron. 26th—Atlantic, Sergeant, do. Lady Seymour, England; do. Ship Lady Seymour, England, at this port, reports:—May 14, spoke the brig Transit, of and from Whitehaven, bound to Quebec, with loss of foremast head and main topgallant head, out 23 days, in lat. 47 39, long. 49 39 W.

New Advertisements.

Schooner for Sale.

The schooner "H. INGRAM" will be sold at Auction on THURSDAY, the 25th instant, at 12 o'clock, noon, where she now lies, at Lord's wharf, if not previously disposed of at private sale. Terms made known at time of sale. For further particulars please apply to W. B. DEAN.

Great Bargains!

UNRESERVED SALE of Dry Goods, Hardware, Glassware, Crockeryware, Chinaware, Soap, Coffee, Saleratus, Starch, Rum, Porter, Gin, &c., &c. To be sold, by AUCTION, on TUESDAY, 30th instant, at 11 o'clock, at the Store lately occupied by Mr. JOSEPH PRAUGHT, Queen-street, a large assortment of DRY GOODS, consisting of—Cloths, Doekings, Prints, Orleans, Alpaccas, Jeans, Flannels, Derrys, Shawls, Handkerchiefs, Bonnets, Hats, Hosiery, Hardware. A large lot of China and Crockeryware, consisting of—Tea and Breakfast Sets, Toilet Sets, Cups and Saucers, Basins, Bowls, Tea-pots, Crocks, Jugs, &c. A large lot of Decanters, Tumblers, Wines, Jugs, Sugar and Cream Jugs, &c., &c. Showware, consisting of—Show Cases, Scales and Weights, Tea Caddies, Liquor Casks, Writing Desks, &c., &c. Also, Paunchons RUM, Doz. PORTER, Casks GIN, Tons Common Iron, 40 Boxes SOAP, Boxes Saleratus, Ground Coffee, Boxes Glass, Seal Oil, Boxes Pipes, Boxes Green TEA, Iron Pots, Dye-stuffs, &c., &c. Terms.—£10, three months; £30, four months; £60 and upwards, six months credit upon approved joint notes of hand. June 15. M.P. & L. JAMES MORRIS, Auctioneer.

Sale of Valuable Township Lands!

TO BE SOLD, by Public Auction, without reserve, on FRIDAY, the 31st day of July next, (1857), at or near the residence of Thomas Gilbert Ruggles, Esquire, Kildare, Lot 3, at 12 o'clock, noon, unless previously disposed of by private sale, 2,500 ACRES OF FREEHOLD LAND, being Plots or Subdivisions Numbers 6, 16 and 18 of Township Number 3 in Prince Edward Island, part of which held by tenants under agreements, &c., and part is in a wilderness state and unoccupied.

The soil of the above property is perhaps the finest in Prince Edward Island, and being in the neighborhood of Kildare River and the Sea, it possesses great advantages in point of situation. It will be sold in blocks to suit intending purchasers. For further particulars and terms of purchase money, apply to Dr. WINTER, St. John's, Newfoundland, or to the subscriber at his office in Charlottetown, Charlottetown, June 15, 1857. JOSEPH HENSLEY.

City Pumps.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this office until SATURDAY, 20th instant, at 2 o'clock, afternoon, from persons willing to contract to keep the public Pumps of the City—forty-seven in number—in good and efficient repair, in accordance with a specification to be seen at this office, for the space or term of one year from the twenty-second day of June instant. Good security will be required for the due and faithful performance of the contract. W. B. WELLS, City Clerk. City Clerk's Office, June 15, 1857.

CITY GROCERY,

NORTH SIDE QUEEN SQUARE.

RECEIVED per schooner "AMAGENT" from Halifax—Udds. Sugar Edinburgh Ale Earthen Jars Puns, br't Molasses Burton Pale do. Pickles Do. Jamaica Rum London Porter Sauce Do. strong Spirits Lemon Syrup Brushes Udds. Holland Gin Cider Blacking Do. Cognac Brandy Bisquit Tobacco Do. Scotch Whisky Ship Bread Digby Herrings Do. P. E. L. Raisins Candles Sherry Wine Annapolis Cheese Rice Madeira do. Figs Soap Champagne, bottl'd Dye-stuffs Baring Fluid Sweet Oil Sweets Canada Flour, &c. Tea in variety Prunes Sheffield Almonds. Charlottetown, June 15. 4m HUGH FRASER.

London House—Established 1820.

NEW GOODS! SPRING 1857.

EX "Isabel" from Liverpool, "Europa" from London, and "Galena" from Boston, the subscribers have received 465 packages of Merchandise, and 12 tons Bar Iron, which, with their stock on hand, they offer for sale at their usual low prices for prompt payment. Wholesale customers supplied at low rates. The present importation consists of—70 chests prime Congo TEA, 5 trunks Boots and Shoes, 2 cases ready-made Clothing, 1 case Gloves, 6 bales Cotton Warp, 1 do Shawls, 3 do Clothes and Summer 1 do Hosiery, [wares, Coatings, 3 do Haberdashery & small 4 bales grey Calico, 1 case straw and silk Bonnets, 2 do white do 2 do Millinery, 2 do printed Calicoes and 10 bbls. crushed Sugar, Delaines, 1 bbl. Currants—crop of 1856, 4 bales striped Shirtings, 2 cases prime Malt Vinegar, 1 do Carpets & Woolens, 2 hds. Linseed Oil, 2 do corn and flour Sacks, 40 kegs London White Lead, 21 trunks American summer Packages Indigo, Starch, Blue, Hats, in Panama, Loughorn, Nutmegs, Allspice, Washing Soda, Pepper, Ginger, Corks, Washing Powders, &c. &c. 2 cases Townend's silk and Kegs Hall's Powder & Mustard, velvet Hats, 16 bundles Spring Steel, Cases ladies' Dress materials 50 bags cut Nails, and Robes in Silks, Poplins, 20 packages Ironmongery, Barages, Muslins, Balza-Casks patent Shot, Nos. 36 G, rines, &c. BBB and 1 to 10. June 15. 10w D. & G. DAVIES.

Newspapers at half price.

PARTIES residing in the City or Country can be supplied regularly with Newspapers on the above terms (paid in advance), after they have been in use a few days, by application at the Charlottetown News Room. June 15. all pa. li JOHN BENNETT STRONG.

News by Telegraph.

A SUBSCRIPTION BOOK is now opened at the Charlottetown News Room, for the purpose of providing funds to assist Mr. Strong in defraying the expense of obtaining Telegraphic Communication of the arrival of the English Mail at Halifax, and an epitome of News. all pa. li June 15.

Cloth and Carding Mills.

THE subscriber will manufacture WOOL and CLOTH delivered at his Mills, or to his Agents, before the 1st day of November next, at the following prices:—Carding, per lb. 2d. Carding, Picking and Oiling, per lb. 3d. CLOTH. Dyeing and dressing Blacks, per yd. 1s. 0d. Do do Invisible Green, 1s. 3d. Do do Brown, 1s. 0d. AGENTS.

Mr. John Boyver, Ch. Town, P. Stephens, Esq., Orwell, Mr. Sol. Mutch, Southport, J. Dalziel, Esq., Mur'y Harbor, D. Gordon, Esq., Georgetown, Mr. Jas. Finlay, Bay Fortune, Mr. Samuel Lane, Lot 49, Mr. R. Robertson, East Point. New Perth, June 15. 3m JAMES McLAREN.

Just Received

AT the "ACADIA GROCERY," on consignment, one of those beautiful Rosewood case PIANOS, manufactured by Bowman, of London. Persons desirous of purchasing would do well to call and examine this one, as it will fully recommend itself. 2i June 15.

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED by a gentleman in a quiet, respectable family. Address (with particulars) to A. B., Examiner office. June 15, 1857.

New Advertisements.

Notice.

AT the annual District Meeting of the Ministers and Representatives of the Bible Christian Denomination on this Island, which commenced its sittings in the Union Road Chapel, on Thursday, the 4th instant, the following Resolutions were passed: Mr. F. Metherall in the chair.

1. Resolved, That whereas at the request of a committee of Protestant gentlemen, Mr. Cephas Barker attended a public meeting in Charlottetown—called the great Protestant meeting—at which, as well as at an afternoon meeting preparatory thereto, he differed from the majority on certain points; he, and the denomination he represents, being non-conformists, and therefore opposed to all State interference in religious questions. It is deeply to be deplored that the difference of view between Mr. Barker and the committee aforesaid has been productive of such unhappy results; and inasmuch as the Protector newspaper has assailed Mr. Barker's character, as a christian minister, and refused him the right of explanation or defence through its columns, this meeting is desirous of expressing its strong confidence in Mr. Barker's wisdom, prudence and consistent conduct throughout the agitation of the Bible question, and does now tender him its sincere thanks for his uniform christian procedure during the time he has had to contend against these and other anti-christian attacks.

2. Resolved, That whereas Mr. Barker has been drawn into an unhappy controversy with Mr. Heard, of Charlottetown, in which controversy Mr. Heard thought proper to characterize him in a most unjust manner, employing epithets both malicious and false, this meeting deems it their imperative duty, and do most cheerfully sympathize with Mr. Barker; and being aware of the efforts made to disabuse Mr. Heard's mind of false impressions, but made in vain, do now, in a most emphatic manner, express our disapproval of Mr. Heard's conduct towards Mr. Barker.

3. Resolved, That the foregoing Resolutions be published in all the Island newspapers. June 15, 1857. DANIEL ENMAN, Secretary.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE EXAMINER.

SIR.—By inserting the following in your next issue, you will greatly oblige a large circle of your readers, and yours respectfully, W. WOODMAN.

SIR:—I have watched, with great interest, the controversy between Messrs. Heard and Barker, and have been pleased to find that not one solitary individual has been wicked enough to attempt the confutation of Mr. Heard's base calumnies on Mr. Barker. I have closely watched Mr. Heard's witnesses, as he calls them, most of whom I have pitied. Mr. Heard has, with great flourish of trumpets, led his reserved force into the field—of whose existence he was not previously aware—in the person of good Mr. Wightman, who says nothing to the purpose, absolutely nothing; and when it is remembered that Mr. Wightman emphatically stated, that he does not recollect a word of what Mr. Barker said on the subject in dispute, and he would have a wonderful memory if he did, quite equal to Mr. Heard's—what is his evidence worth? Now, Sir, I should have remained silent on this question, save a private intimation to a friend or two, had not a certain magnate of the Wesleyan body declared that he should not regard Mr. Barker as an innocent man, unless Mr. Woodman came out, and distinctly proved him to be so.

The day after I saw Mr. W. C. Trowan's letter, as published in one of Mr. Heard's communications, I informed Mr. J. W. Batcher, of Three Rivers—at whose house I was then staying—of what, through your columns, I now inform the public, viz: that if all Mr. Heard had said about the conversation at Pictou had been true—but which, with the exception of the facts contained in Mr. W. C. Trowan's letter, is a tissue of falsehoods—Mr. Barker was not the person who said it. I, William Woodman, related what was said about the vote of Temperance, and the members of the House of Assembly who voted for the prohibition law, and I now solemnly affirm that not one word was said by myself or Mr. Barker to the discredit of captain, passengers or crew. Sir, the readers of this controversy cannot have failed to observe Mr. Barker's close adherence to plain matter of facts, likewise the slippery manner in which Mr. Heard has treated the whole subject. Passing from Pictou to Charlottetown, and when one witness has failed him, compassing sea and land to obtain another, studiously avoiding any direct answer to Mr. Barker's plain statements of facts.

It may be asked why the above had not been made public prior to this date. I answer, being a stranger in the Island, I was desirous of ascertaining the character of the people among whom I am come to sojourn, and to his credit be it said, that I have not met one who has protracted communications of both parties, and am now able to draw my own conclusions. Wishing Mr. Heard a better memory and every virtue requisite for the formation of a gentlemanly and christian character, I am yours respectfully, June 10, 1857. W. WOODMAN.

Benevolent Irish Society

PIC NIC.

A PIC NIC, under the auspices of the Benevolent Irish Society, will take place on MONDAY, the 20th July next, at Apple Tree Farm, East River. The party will be conveyed thither in the Steamer "ORA," which will leave the Queen's Wharf, precisely at 7 o'clock, a. m., and return at or about 7 o'clock, p. m. Mr. Lobban's Amateur Band will be in attendance. Tickets 4s. 6d. each, to admit a Lady and Gentleman; Children's Tickets, 1s. 6d. each—can be had of any of the undermentioned Stewards:—Mr. W. J. M. Dougan, Mr. John Griffin, "Patrick McCarron, "Martin Devereaux, "Bartholomew Pollard, "Francis McCarron, "William Mahaffy, JOHN R. WALSH, Secretary. Charlottetown, June 15, 1857. 1st 3i

Extensive Sale of

REAL ESTATE, &c.

(POSITIVE AND UNLIMITED.)

TO BE SOLD at PUBLIC AUCTION, on the premises in Summerside Village, Bedoune, Prince Edward Island, by Wm. DODD, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th day of June next, the whole of the Subscriber's

REAL ESTATE, HOUSES, &c.

in this Island, consisting in some FIFTY VILLAGE LOTS, or more, in said Village, including 12 Water Lots, secured with a good network of considerable expense. Opposite some of these lots is the best location in the Village for a Wharf. On part of the Village Lots, near the Government Wharf, stands two DWELLING HOUSES, one Store and Warehouse, and one Carriage Factory, which will be sold with the Lots on which they stand.

Immediately adjoining the Village is a FARM of about 80 acres, 50 of which are in a good state of cultivation and the balance well covered with a splendid growth of wood. There are also a large Barn, a small Farm-house, Out-houses and a large Spring of superior water on the premises. This Farm being situated on the North Side of Bedoune Bay, and gradually descending South to said Village, renders its location pleasant; and as it commands a full view of the Straits, with New Brunswick in the distance, makes it a very desirable site for residences; consequently it will be sold in 5 acre Lots, or in the whole, as may best result purchases—the whole of this Farm, however, will be shortly required to supply the growth of the Village, in Village and fancy Building Lots. This property in point of beauty, pleasure, convenience and profit, is second to none in the length and breadth of the Island. A more healthy place cannot be found on the globe—old people have often been known to leave the Island to go to the United States to die. Much might be said of the many advantages for fishing, shipping, general business, &c., of Summerside, and of its proximity to Summerside, the terminus of the Railroad. This Village has grown within the last 3 or 4 years from nothing into quite a town.

Also—At the same time and place will be sold 200 acres of LAND on Lot 8; 100 acres on Lot 3; 100 acres on Lot 15, as also an interest in other Lands at Fifteen Point.

Also—The Freehold of two FARMS on Lot 25, (John Pickett's and Archibald Wagh's), paying an annual rent of £14s. currency. The whole of this property will be sold in Lots, Farms and portions to suit purchasers, and on liberal terms. Good titles will be given. For further particulars, apply to Messrs. BEER & SON, Charlottetown, or to P. BAKER, Esq., Bedoune, with whom plans of said Village Property can be seen.

April 29, 1857. This sale will commence at 11 a. m., and will (unless all is sold on the 17th) continue on the 18th. WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer.

N. B.—Twenty per cent. of the purchase money on the day of sale. Two-thirds of the whole amount may remain on the property one or two years. A longer credit may be given to large purchasers. [Westmorland Times, St. John N. B. Courier, and Halifax Acadian Recorder, 2 months.]

THE subscriber begs to inform Shareholders of Bank, Gas or Stock of any kind, in the various joint stock companies now established in this City, that he will give his best attention to the sale of Shares, at any time they wish to dispose of the same, either by Public Auction or otherwise, and will endeavour to afford every information respecting the value of the same. A. H. YATES, Broker.

N. B.—600 Shares of Gas Stock now on sale. Charlottetown, March 9, 1857. 1d