

THE EXAMINER.

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NO. 47

THE DAILY EXAMINER

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AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS,
Charlottetown, P. E. I.

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June, 1877—

J. R. FOSTER,

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The following are some of the leading brands of Flour for sale wholesale, in car-load lots only, viz:—"Buda," "Alabaster," "White Rose," "Warcup's Superior," "Pastry," "Beaver Mills," "Red XXX," "Amber," &c. &c.

The above choice brands of flour, with many others, can be obtained at all the leading Flour Houses in the Maritime Provinces. Samples of all kinds of Seed Grains, and other goods will be sent to any address on application free of charge.

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Nov. 25, 1879—ly

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Charlottetown, P. E. I.

A. A. McLEAN. D. C. MARTIN.
June 18, 1879.—ex2aw

No. 35 Water St., Charlottetown.

Prince Edward Island Branch

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE CO.

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Losses settled with promptitude and liberality.

G. W. DEBLOIS,
General Agent.
Dec. 14.

COAL. COAL.

FOR SALE at the Gas Works, and Koughan's Scales, a quantity of Round Lingan Coal, at \$3.50 per ton.
This Coal gives a great heat, and being almost free from sulphur, is suitable for either grates or cooking stoves.
Dec. 27, 1879—city papers 6i

Valuable Property for Sale.

TO BE SOLD, all that part of Town Lot No. 74, in the first hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown; having a front of 67 feet, Dorchester Street, and running back 80 feet, together with the buildings thereon erected.
For further particulars apply to Messrs. HODGSON & McLEOD Charlottetown.
Sept. 18, 1879.

Daily Examiner!

1880.

Advertises Cheap
FOR CASH!

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PROMPTLY, NEATLY, AND
CHEAPLY DONE.

Persons who have not yet settled last year's accounts, will please do so before commencing the business of the coming season.

Small Profits—Quick Returns,
IS OUR MOTTO.

Warned by the past, we intend to deal closer to the cash system than ever heretofore.

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Local News,
Foreign News,
Political News,
Social News,
Commercial News,
Shipping News,

laid before Subscribers, Purchasers,
and Borrowers,

EVERY EVENING,
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—OR—
ANY OTHER TIME.

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Has on hand, and coming, per steamer *North Star Light*, a large stock of Men's, Women's and Children's Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overshoes and Slippers, all styles and prices to suit all ages and pockets. Come along to

W. R. BOREHAM,
South Side Queen Square.
Dec. 27, 1879.—3mostaw

Notice to Importers.

THE Fast Sailing brigantine *Shamrock*, classed 7 years A1 at English Lloyds, William McPhee, commander, will sail from Glasgow, carrying freight direct to this Port, about the 15th MARCH, next, 1880.

For terms, freight, &c., apply to JAMES KELSO, Esq., 134, St. Vincent street, Glasgow, Scotland, or here to the owner.

OWEN CONNOLLY,
Ch'town, Dec. 27th, 1879.

ST. MARGARET'S HALL, HALIFAX, N.S.

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES.

VISITOR:
The Lord Bishop of Nova Scotia

PRINCIPAL:
The Rev. John Padfield.

THIS SCHOOL offers, at very moderate cost, the advantages of a comfortable and pleasant home together with a thorough and refined education.

The course of instruction is the same as that of the best Schools in England, and is founded upon the University Examinations for Women. Eight young ladies from this School passed the Local Examination of the University of King's College in June last. This is the only School in Canada that has passed pupils at a University Examination.

The number of pupils is limited, rendering the school select, and while it possesses all the educational advantages of a large public school, each pupil is enabled to receive that individual care and oversight which is so important, and which cannot be given in a large establishment.

Mr. and Mrs. Padfield are assisted by a staff of four resident governesses, besides visiting masters.

Parlour French is taught conversationally. There are two resident French Governesses.

References given to parents of pupils.
For further particulars address the Principal.
Sept. 19, 1878.

WONDERFUL Improvement in Jacobs' Lithogram,

PATENTED 16th JULY, 1879.

AFTER a series of experiments conducted at great cost and involving much labor, "Jacobs' Lithogram" has been so completely perfected that it is not alone more durable, but so altered in construction and thickness, that the Patentee of this wonderful labor and time-saving apparatus, is enabled to offer "a guaranteed" with each Lithogram sold, providing the directions furnished are complied with.

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N. B.—Composition for refilling Tablets furnished at one half the original cost.

BREMNER BROS.,
Agents for P. E. I.
Ch'town, Oct. 21, 1879.

A SOUP KITCHEN

IN connection with the Women's Temperance Union and Benevolent Society, will be opened for the winter if sufficiently assisted by the charitable public. In order to distribute judiciously, only those will be relieved who identify themselves with the Society, which will enable the committee to look particularly into each case. In view of the present pressing demands for help, the friends of the poor are urgently requested to send donations immediately and as regularly as possible, which will be received by Mrs. W. KENNEDY, Confectionery. Clothing will likewise be very acceptable.

E. McRAE,
Secretary of the Women's Benevolent Society.
Dec. 23, 1879.

For Sale.

THE Land and Dwelling House owned and occupied by William B. Hertz, situated on Euston street, opposite Admiral Bayfield's dwelling. For further particulars apply to
CHARLES HEARTZ,
Queen Street.
Jan. 5, 1880.

SECOND EDITION

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

JANUARY 16, 1880

Maine shipbuilding does not prosper. The total tonnage built for the last three years is as follows: 1877, 76,398; 1878, 41,950; 1879, 35,416.

THE REVENUE.—The total revenue of Canada for December shows an increase over December, last year, of one hundred and fifty-three thousand dollars.

The *National Zeitung* publishes a sensational statement to the effect that, in view of the differences between Austria and Servia, Russia has formally engaged to protect the latter.

The Emperor William, in replying to congratulations of the Municipality of Berlin expressed himself of the hope that, with the blessing of the Almighty, his efforts may succeed in securing peace for Germany.

The Grand Trunk managers are experimenting with the electric light in their workshops at Montreal. There are over 1,000 men employed in these shops now, and the capacity of the works is severely tested.

The Grand Trunk Railway officials have issued an order that in the shipment of lumber a short car shall not contain to exceed 20,000 lbs., and a long car 24,000 lbs. Any excess over these weights will be charged for.

Referring to the Imbriani affair, a Vienna letter says: "Nobody suspects any real intention on the part of Italy to pick a quarrel with Austria, but the matter excites distrust which, in the long run, must tell on the relations of the two States."

THE WINNIPEG "TIMES."—Our enterprising daily contemporary at Winnipeg, Manitoba, began the new year and its third volume with a new departure. Hereafter the *Times*, which is a large 32 column newspaper, will issue a full sized double sheet every Saturday, making it the largest daily in Canada, with one exception. The *Times* deserves to meet with abundant success.

In the Lower House of the Prussian Diet the Minister of Finance, in asking a vote for the relief of the sufferers by the famine in Upper Silesia, announced that the Government also contemplated the construction of two branch railway lines in Silesia, which would require a grant of 12,500,000 marks (about \$2,125,000). He said that 106,000 persons at present needed relief, and that provision for these had been made up to the end of the month; the government, he said, hoping to effect lasting improvements by extensive drainage works and the promotion of local industries.

The situation is thus surveyed by the Berlin correspondent of the *Standard*: The advent of winter notwithstanding, fortifications are being rapidly constructed everywhere. Russia is building half a dozen new forts at Ivangorod, in Poland. France has commenced the erection of French forts at Maubeuge, Lille and Dunkirk—all on the Belgian frontier. Prussia sees the strategic necessity of adding another set of metals to the Moselle Railway. Austria fortifies the Alpine Passes against Italy. Holland is perfecting her inundation system. Denmark discusses the protection of Copenhagen from the land side, and Belgium has increased her army to 100,000 men.

The most remarkable case amongst the invalids from Zululand was that of a soldier present at Ulundi, who, when the Zulul faltered, and the cavalry were filing out to charge them, was, with many of his comrades of the infantry line, cheering lustily and waving his hat close by Lord Chelmsford, when he suddenly threw up his arms and fell. Some Zulus were still keeping up a desultory fire, and a ball had passed in through his open mouth and through the back of his neck. The teeth were untouched, the jaw was fractured, none of the large blood vessels were injured, but the ball had passed so near them that it was in reality a practical hairbreadth escape. The patient is so far recovered as to be active and lively, but whether he will be fit for further service remains doubtful.

Two of the regiments now forming part of the field force serving in Afghanistan (says the *Army and Navy Gazette*), have had an unusually long spell of peaceful times, viz: the 25th Kings own Borderers, who have not fired a shot in anger for the last 70 years, (since they were at the taking of Martinique in 1809), and the 85th Kings Light Infantry, who have not been under fire since the battle of New Orleans, in January, 1815. The 15th Foot seem destined to retain their sobriquet of the "peace-makers," not having been before an enemy since the taking of Surinam, seventy-five years ago. Besides the above mentioned corps, the following regiments have not faced an enemy since Waterloo, viz:—the Household Cavalry, the 5th Lancers, and the four junior Hussar Regiments—the 11th, 36th, 76th, 100th and 105th Foot. The 15th were partially employed in suppressing a revolt in Ceylon in 1848, and the 66th during the rebellion in Canada in 1837, with which exceptions the two last named corps have not been engaged since 1815. The 90th Light Infantry have been more frequently on active service than any other regiment, since the close of the great war.

Scottish News Notes.

Not less than 200 young men and woman sailed from Greenock for New Zealand on the 12th December.

Mr. Dugald MacEachran, sugar refiner, has intimated his intention to present a gymnasium to Greenock.

The number of cattle despatched from Aberdeen to the London Christmas market was this year 2,077, or 137 fewer than last year, and the sheep were 44 fewer.

The returns of the shipping engaged in Clyde and foreign trade for the month of November show a considerable improvement, there being 13,000 tons in the arrivals more than in November last year.

A deep feeling of discontent prevails among the hitherto submissive and well-behaved crofters and tenant farmers of Reay county, owing to the great and unlooked for rise on their rents of from 20 to 50 per cent.

A Town Hall, containing separate sets of municipal chambers for the burghs of Govanhill and Crosshill, has been handed over free of cost to the magistrate, by W. S. Dixon, of the Govan Ironworks. The building cost £20,000.

Edward Majorbanks has presented the Dunse Curling Club with a silver tea kettle, to be competed for amongst the members of that club, and the club generally gave it to be competed for by the representatives of the curling clubs in Berwickshire.

While some of the employes of Forrest, Frew & Co. were at work recently on the banks of the Clyde, near Rutherglen Bridge, they discovered a British canoe, made from a solid trunk of oak. The discovery is regarded by antiquarians as of great interest.

The tenantry of the Duke of Richmond in the upland district of the Cabraich have drawn up a memorial, thanking His Grace for postponing the rent day from Martinmas till 1st of March, but representing that, so great have been their losses through past bad harvests, and so deep is their present distress, further measures of relief will be needed to meet their difficulty.

Latest News from the Cape.

Caffreland and Basutoland are quiet. The Basuto head men say their people will loyally accept the Government word, and disarming is likely to be voluntarily effected.

The Boer meeting dispersed quietly, after adopting a resolution to meet again on April 6. Mr. Kruger has been elected President by the Boers, and has been instructed to summon the Volksraad.

There are 11,000 natives out with us, and 1,400 Europeans. The heat is dreadful; water is more plentiful than was expected; the supply of fresh meat, however, is rather deficient. The health of the troops is good.

Everything is quiet in Zululand, and it is stated that the helmet of the late Prince Imperial has been found, and is now in the possession of Colonel Villiers. The assegai of the kaffir who killed the Prince is also said to have been given up by one of the kaffir's brothers.

Bishop Macrorie, accompanied by Archdeacon Usherwood, has gone to Isandula to hold a solemn service for the dead killed in that massacre. John Dunn has again refused to allow the missionary Kuck to settle in his district, but has expressed his anxiety for the return of Mr. Oftebro to Ekowe. Hlubi, Gans and Ohan have expressed their desire for the return of the missionaries.

Sir Garnet Wolseley arrived at Fort Oliphant Dec. 4, from Camp Albert Edward, with the captive Sekukuni, escorted by the Border horse. The excitement among the natives was intense and not always friendly. Sekukuni travels in a mule wagon, with his wife, two daughters, his brother, and two attendants. He fears that he will be killed by the Swazis; he is sick, and lays the blame of the war on the chiefs and people, who would not consent to pay taxes to the British. He will be sent to Pretoria at once.

The following is the text of the reply of Mr. Bok, on behalf of the People's Committee in the Transvaal, to Mr. Stigant and the other gentlemen of the late deputation, to his Excellency the Governor: "We repeat our thanks for your intercession, and hope the Government will listen to your patriotic voice before it is too late. But we feel deeply grieved by the reply of Sir Bartle Frere. It is a mere continuation of misleading statements. The annexation took place under deceptions by threats of force, not only of Zulul's, but of H. M.'s troops. Also, it is beyond our conception how the Governor could state that President Pretorius threw up his office on account of lawlessness. It is likewise false that the Transvaal case was fully put before the Home Government by the two deputations. The fact is that the Secretary of State declined to enter into the case. No wonder that, if the Home Government receives such statements, they continue their cruelty against us. By the statements of His Excellency it can be proved that the majority of the Transvaal people are against the annexation, and, in answer to his words, soldiers must follow policemen, and soldiers upon soldiers, until the law is obeyed. We say let His Excellency remember his own words, 'I do not rely upon regiments but upon right.'"