

The Daily Examiner.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28, 1883.

VOL. 12.—NO. 107.

THE DAILY EXAMINER

IS ISSUED EVERY EVENING, BY THE EXAMINER PUBLISHING COMPANY, FROM THEIR OFFICE, CORNER OF WATER AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS, CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND.

ALMANAC FOR MARCH, 1883.

MOON'S CHANGES.

1st Quarter	2nd day, 1h. 13m., a. m.
Full Moon	9th day, 0h. 18m., a. m.
3rd Quarter	15th day, 4h. 15m., p. m.
New Moon	23rd day, 1h. 52m., p. m.
1st Quarter	31st day, 4h. 8m., p. m.

DAY OF WEEK	SUN	MOON	HIGH	LOW	WIND
Thursday	6 43 5 42	0 34	3 10	4 13	
Friday	41 43 1 29	4 13	5 37	11	
Saturday	49 45 2 24	5 37	11		
Sunday	38 46 3 13	6 57			
Monday	26 47 3 58	8 6			
Tuesday	34 49 4 37	8 53			
Wednesday	32 50 5 13	9 44			
Thursday	30 52 5 49	10 29			
Friday	28 54 6 18	11 8			
Saturday	26 55 6 50	11 50	11 15		
Sunday	24 56 7 24	morn			
Monday	23 57 8 2 0 31				
Tuesday	21 58 8 44 1 15				
Wednesday	19 6 9 32 2 4				
Thursday	17 10 25 3 0				
Friday	15 3 11 22 4 11				
Saturday	13 4 4ft 23 5 34	12 02			
Sunday	11 5 1 25 6 53				
Monday	9 7 2 26 7 54				
Tuesday	7 8 3 28 9 2				
Wednesday	5 9 4 28 9 51				
Thursday	3 11 5 29 9 57				
Friday	1 12 6 28 10 29				
Saturday	5 59 13 7 29 11 0	12 26			
Sunday	57 15 8 28 11 32				
Monday	55 16 9 27 11 37				
Tuesday	53 17 10 26 0 37				
Wednesday	51 19 11 22 1 14				
Thursday	49 20 12 17 1 54				
Friday	48 21 0 17 2 41				
Saturday	46 22 1 5 3 42				

SULLIVAN & MACNEILL, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c. OFFICES—O'Halloran's Building, Great George Street, Charlottetown. Money to Loan. W. W. SULLIVAN, Q. C. | CHESTER B. MACNEILL, Jan. 16, '83.

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D. MAY. Charlottetown, Dec. 12, 1882.—3m

THE STARR KIDNEY PAD.

Indubitable Evidence, (Condensed) From Doctors, Druggists, Merchants, Farmers. Some of the additional home testimony received since publication of last pamphlet. GIVING ENTIRE SATISFACTION. Picton, April 20.

Gentlemen,—I find that your Pads are giving entire satisfaction, and wish you increased sales for so valuable a remedy for disease of the kidneys. J. B. MORDEN, M. D. OF SERVICE TO PATIENTS. Lime Lake, April 23.

Gentlemen,—Your Pad has been of great service to some of my patients already. J. W. MAXWELL, M. D. BRIGHT'S DISEASE CONQUERED. Enterprise, April 13.

Gentlemen,—Five years ago I fell with a bag of grain, which caused weakness in my back, and also brought on an attack of Bright's disease, and which caused me to lose considerable in weight. After wearing your Pad for six weeks, I gained 13 pounds. All pain and weakness has left me. I would have been yet in the doctor's hands, had it not been for my using your Kidney Pad. Signed, W. FENWICK, Miller. THE ONLY PERMANENT CURE. Tamworth, April 13.

Gentlemen,—I was troubled with painful back, and could not retain my urinal secretion, from painful inflammation of the bladder. I have been treated by a dozen physicians to no purpose, but have worn your Special Pad six weeks. The pain, swelling and inflammation are gone and I am well. Your Pad is the only cure for kidney diseases. J. A. FRASER, Manf. of Wooden Wares. ALL PRAISE THEM HIGHLY. Tamworth, April 13.

Gentlemen,—An accident 12 years ago wrenched my back. I could hardly walk, and never lifted anything. The Pad purchased from Mr. Jas. Aylsworth has nearly made me as strong as I ever was. I know of several being used, and all praise them highly. JAS. SUMMERS. Enterprise, April 13.

Gentlemen,—Your Pad is helping me wonderfully. My complaint is inflammation of the kidneys. Press—Child's Pad, \$1.50. Regular Pad, \$2.00. Special Pad for Chronic Diseases, \$3.00. JOHN KNIGHT, sole agent Georgetown. J. A. GOURLLE, sole agent Summerside. JOHN J. ARSENAULT, Fignish. THE STARR KIDNEY PAD CO. TORONTO, ONT. [de 15 wky

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MAKE HENS LAY

An English Veterinary Surgeon and Chemist, now traveling in this country, says that most of the Hens and Cows sold here are worthless trash. He says that Sheridan's Condition Powders are absolutely pure and immensely valuable. Nothing on earth will make hens lay like Sheridan's Condition Powders. Dose, 1 teaspoonful to 1 pint food. Sold every where, or sent by mail for 5 letter-stamps. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

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IN THE WORLD. The Dominion Safety Fund Life Association OF ST. JOHN, N. B. \$50,000 Deposit with the Dominion Government. Working under Government License. An Assessment Company with a Safety Fund. Life Insurance at its actual cost. Good Canvassers Wanted. LEONARD MORRIS, General Agent for P. E. Island. Summerside, Oct. 23, 1882.—1y

TO LET,

The Business Premises Known as "83 Queen Street," Lately in the Occupation of R. W. Tremaine. The Stock on hand is now selling at COST and CHARGES, will be cleared off at AUCTION about the middle of January, of which due notice will be given. JAS. DESBRISAY. Charlottetown, Dec. 29, 1882.—4t

THE EXAMINER JOB PRINTING OFFICE

HAS LATELY BEEN REPLENISHED WITH A Large Supply of Printing Types and Material OF THE LATEST INVENTION AND BEST DESCRIPTION, AND WE ARE NOW PREPARED, Under the Careful and Skilful Supervision of Mr. J. W. Mitchell, TO PRINT BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS, BLANK CHEQUES, RECEIPTS, NOTES OF HAND, POSTERS, HAND BILLS, DODGERS, &c., &c., On Short Notice, in Good Style, at Cheap Prices.

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We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions or statements of our correspondents.

Amusements for the Charlottetown Boys.

LETTER FROM AN "ISLANDER ABROAD."

To the Editor of the Examiner.

MR. EDITOR,—Knowing that the readers of THE EXAMINER wonder why many of the young men of P. E. I. leave their native homes and go to the United States to make a living, with your kind permission I would like to gratify your curiosity, and, through the columns of your paper, try and interest the men of money in Charlottetown in behalf of the rising generation.

Fathers and mothers of children in Charlottetown never give a thought to the amusement of their children, simply taking care that they receive a practical or religious training, never supposing that their children require something else to live for.

I need not enter into details about the many farmers in our little island that confine their sons and daughters to the house, never allowing them the freedom that is so needful to young persons, and making them like animals that are shut up, who, when they get free, go into ecstasies over the liberty of a few years.

The Scott Act of Canada is similar to the Abolition Law of Massachusetts, yet, how very differently are they carried into force. After the ministers and temperance men of Charlottetown urged upon their young men the necessity of passing an abolition law, and voting for the abolishing of liquor, what have they done to amuse their young men, and in what way have they shown that they spoke temperance for the good of temperance?

The ministers and influential men of Quincy, Mass., entreated their voters to abolish the liquor traffic, and when they had succeeded, they amalgamated and formed a society called the "Associated Charities," giving assistance to the deserving poor of every denomination, and appointing committees to find out who were deserving. They then gave a course of weekly entertainments, charging the small sum of ten cents for admission. They had assistance from persons of talent, and it was soon shown, by the number of young persons that attended, that these entertainments were duly appreciated. They gave them on Saturday evenings, so as to keep the young men from going to Boston, as Quincy is only eight miles from there. The town of Quincy gave them the use of Town Hall free of charge, and in that way enabled them to realize quite a handsome sum for the relief of the poor.

Now, Sir, could not the ministers and men of prominence in Charlottetown be induced to "go and do likewise," instead of instilling into the minds of their young people, the idea that they do not mean what they say. Rev. John Ellis, once a clergyman in St. Peter's Church, started some "Penny Readings," and in that way assisted his church to a great extent, and he never was wanting for assistance from the talented musicians and readers in the Island. You will not find any young man belonging to Charlottetown getting drunk in Boston, for the simple reason that there are greater attractions for him. They come here, keep sober, and are fully capable of taking their place among the most skilled workmen. I earnestly hope that something will be done to relieve the monotony of Charlottetown life, and when I go home next summer, will expect to see it as lively as any place of its size in the United States.

Yours truly, PLUG. Boston, March, 1883.

The Proposed East Point Railway.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

DEAR SIR,—Will you allow me, a plain, hardworking farmer, deeply interested in the prosperity of this section of the country, to offer a few remarks with reference to the proposed East Point Railway. You will remember that last summer a survey was made between Harmony Station and Elmira. At that time the Grits did their very utmost to throw ridicule upon the undertaking. Even the engineers sent to perform the survey were abused and belied in the vilest manner by the Opposition Candidates and their followers. As a sample of the language used by them at that time I quote from a letter dated 13th June 1882, signed "Reformer," and published in the *New Era* newspaper. Referring to Mr. Allison, the engineer in charge of the survey, "Reformer" said: "At first it was thought he was a trapeze performer, some one suggested he was connected with the Land League, but the style of his dress was indicative of nothing Irish. His boots as nearly as could be judged, Hungarian, while his unmentionables unquestionably had a taint of the British stable boy in their cut." I might quote further, but the above is sufficient to give you an idea of the way in which the survey was received by leading Grits last summer. Besides abusing the engineers, all kinds of untruthful stories were put in circulation, forged telegrams were manufactured and everything possible done to defeat the Conservative Candidates, and to bring into contempt and ridicule the survey ordered by the Minister of Railways.

The Election over, the Grits, all of a sudden, conclude that there may be something, after, all in what they termed the "bogus survey." At least, Dr. McIntyre has been lately asking Parliament for a return of all reports, documents, etc., bearing upon the survey made in May and June last, between Harmony Station and Elmira. In making his motion, he stated in a very guileless manner, that "he had been reminded by his friends in that section of the country to make enquiry about the matter." Just so. But party ends must not be lost sight of, and hence, Mr. McIntyre, in his two minute speech must have another fling

at the engineers. Referring to them he said, "their arduous labors were betimes interrupted by a little fishing and other equally amusing pastimes, in fact, as are usually required by those who are over-worked." Sometimes the pleasant hours were whiled away by a little canvassing, etc., etc." Now, could anything be more contemptible than these false assertions with reference to two gentlemen whose only offence is that they made, according to instructions, a careful and thorough survey in the months of May and June last. Messrs. Allison and Cox—the Engineers referred to—are too well and favorably known to require any defence from me. This much, however, I may say, that when Dr. McIntyre gets the papers he is asking for, he will find that the survey in question was a genuine and not a bogus one; and that the engineers who had charge of it have performed their work in a highly creditable manner, his sneers and misrepresentations to the contrary notwithstanding.

In concluding, Dr. McIntyre told the House that "The people gave their votes to the Government candidates, &c." This statement is quite characteristic. If the average Grit tells the truth at all, he only tells part of it, or just as much as will suit his purposes. Some of the people, it is true, did vote for Government candidates, but alas for our Railway, the majority of them voted the other way. From the party which he supports we need never expect to get anything, for has not Mr. Mackenzie time and again declared "We have done well for the Island; we have carried out the Terms of Union to the utmost possible extent." This declaration, however, will not frighten the people of this vicinity. Many who voted for the Opposition last June already see the mistake they made and will, I believe, rectify their error the first opportunity that offers.

Trusting that at the next Election we may succeed in returning to Parliament men who have influence with the Government.

I remain, Yours truly, D. North Lake, 24th March, 1883.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

MY DEAR SIR,—In your paper of last evening, I read a quotation from the *Mail* informing us that certain royal and princely personages intend to present themselves by proxy at the approaching Coronation of the Emperor of Russia. This reminds me of an ancient Highland Henschman's exhortation to a criminal who waxed somewhat obstreperous at sight of the gallows, "Come awa wi ye man, and be hangit a wee to pleasure the Laird!" Your paragraph adds that "royal families have as much right as other people to consult their personal safety." From this assertion, sentiment or opinion, I differ in toto. Tory and aristocrat as I am, to the back bone, I consider that high rank and high position have duties and responsibilities as well as rights; they have no right to shirk or skulk from peril when duty summons them to resist and to crush it, or to perish in the attempt to do so.

One comfort still remains to right, When wrong o'er right prevails; The next to him who wins the fight, Is he who bravely fails.

A man who is to lead others, whether in civil or military duty, must be one who does not say to his subordinates "Go!" but "Come!" otherwise he himself will, to a certainty, be told to "Go!"

"He should be first, the foe to meet! The last to guard the straggling retreat!" I subjoin a very old piece of poetry, worth one hundred-fold more than the well-known rattletrap of "The Charge of the Light Brigade:—

SIR RICHARD GRENVILLE. An hundred men, for fifteen hours, beat back ten thousand; morn shall see One bark defying fifty-three, and shattered, foiling all their power! Warily distant in a ring, Spain's great Armada baffled her; Like dogs, far watching till he die, around the dying Forest King. And, "witha glad and quiet mind, here die I, Richard Grenville, who Have done what I was bound to do, leaving a soldier's fame behind." A soldier's fame! what else, while life must battle mornently with wrong? Gird on thy sword, be true and strong! and God solve thee from the strife!

Your constant reader, VICH DHOMTUIL SAN ORD. March 27, 1883.

Kingston Notes.

The Rev. Professor Burwash delivered a highly instructive lecture on "Modern Science," on Thursday, 22d inst., in the Methodist Church of this place, to a highly delighted audience. The proceeds of the lecture were for the benefit of the Church.

On Friday night last, the shop of Mr. John Henderson, Blacksmith, of this place was discovered to be on fire; help arriving in time the fire was extinguished before much harm was done.

On March 24th, inst., the inhabitants of this place held a meeting in the schoolhouse for the purpose of organizing a Debating Society for mutual improvement. On motion, Mr. George Cruwys was appointed chairman, who, in a few appropriate remarks, explained the object of the meeting, and the advantage to be derived by establishing such a society in Kingston. The meeting then proceeded to elect officers, as follows, viz:—President—George Cruwys; Secretary—Walter Burrows; Treasurer—William H. Smith; Inner Guard—Robert H. Barrett. After the election of officers it was moved that the subject for their next meeting would be: Which would a man gain the most information from, reading or travelling. It was then agreed that the meetings be held every Saturday evening. Kingston, Lot 13, March 27.