HASZARD'S GAZETTE.

FARMERS' JOURNAL, AND COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER.

Established 1823. Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, Saturday, May 13, 1854. New Series. No. 137.

Haszard's Gazette.

GEORGE T. HASZARD, Proprietor and Publisher. Published every Tuesday evening and Saturday morning. Office, South side Queen Square, P. E. Island.

TERMS—Annual Subscription, 15s. Discount for cash in advance.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For the first insertion, occupying the space of 4 lines, including head, 2s.—6 lines, 2s. 6d.—9 lines, 3s.—12 lines, 3s. 6d.—16 lines, 4s.—20 lines, 4s. 6d.—25 lines, 5s.—30 lines, 5s. 6d.—36 lines, 6s.—and 2d. for each additional line. One fourth of the above for each continuance.

Advertisements sent without limitation, will be continued until forbid.

EXHIBITION.

AN EXHIBITION AND SALE (for purposes connected with the Episcopal Church, Charlottetown,) of fancy and useful Articles, will (D. V.) take place at the Temperance Hall, on Wednesday, the 12th day of July next. Contributions will be thankfully received by the following Ladies forming the Committee:

Mrs. BAYFIELD, Mrs. D. HODGSON,
" CUNDALL, " HOBKIRK,
" T. DESBRISAY, " JENKINS,
" FITZGERALD, " E. PALMER,
" H. HASZARD, " A. YATES,
" J. HENSLEY,

Charlottetown, 7th March, 1854.

THE COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

GOVERNOR—THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE EARL of ELGIN and KINCARDINE, Governor General of Canada.

HEAD OFFICE—22 *St. Andrew Square, Edinburgh.*

Board of Management in Halifax for Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island—

Hon. M. B. Almon, Banker.
Hon. William A. Black, Banker.
Lewis Bliss, Esq.
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John Bayley Bland, Esq.
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James Stewart, Esq., Solicitor.
Medical Adviser—A. F. Sawers.

Agent & Secretary—Matthew H. Richey, Solicitor

The following gentlemen have been appointed Officers of the Company in Prince Edward Island, and will be prepared to furnish information as to the principles and practice of the Company and the rates of Assurance.

Charlottetown—Medical Adviser—H. A. Johnston, M. D. Agent—E. L. Lydiard.

Georgetown—Medical Adviser—David Kaye, M. D. Agent—William Sanderson.

St. Eleanor's—Medical Adviser—Joseph Bell, M D. Agent—Thomas Hunt.

MATTHEW H. RICHEY.

Charlottetown Mutual Insurance Company,

Incorporated by Act of Parliament in 1848.

THIS COMPANY offers the best guarantee in case of loss, and accepts Risks at a saving of fully 50 per cent, to the assured.

The present reliable Capital exceds £1700. Persons having property in Charlottetown, or vicinity, should lose no time in applying to the Secretary of this Company for Policies or Information.

☞ One of Philips' Fire Annihilators has been purchased by the Company, for the benefit of persons insured in this Office. In case of Fire, the use of it can be obtained immediately, by applying at the Secretary's Office.

W. HEARD, President
HENRY PALMER.
Sec'y and Treasurer.

Secretary's Office, Kent Street, August 5th, 1853.

The National Loan Fund Life Assurance Society of London.

CAPITAL £500,000 Sterling. Empowered by Act of Parliament, 2d Victoria. A Saving Bank for the Widow and the Orphan.

T. HEATH HAVILAND, jr.
Agent for Prince Edward Island.

☞ Office, Queen Square, Charlottetown.
September 5, 1853. Isl

Equitable Fire Insurance Company of London

Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS for P. E. Island.—*Hon. T. H. Haviland, Hon. Charles Hensley, Francis Longworth, Esq., Robert Hutchinson, Esq., Thomas Dawson, Esq.*

Detached Risks taken at low Premiums. N- charge for Policies. Forms of Application, and a- ether information, may be obtained from the Sub scriber, at the Office of G. W. Deblois Esq. Charlottetown.

H. J. CUNDALL.
April 7th, 1854. Agent for P. E. I.

ALLIANCE

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LONDON.

ESTABLISHED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.

Capital £5,000,000 Sterling.

CHARLES YOUNG,
Agent for P. E. Island.

SALT BEEF.

A FEW BARRELS of the above for Sale.

GEORGE BEER, Jun.
Charlottetown, April 18, 1854. 3n131

To the Directors of the Crystal Palace Association.

GENTLEMEN:

IT gives me pleasure to inform you, that in regard to the sum proposed to be raised by the sale of Tickets in advance, the results are flattering. Some of our fellow citizens have come forward, in this crisis, with a public spirit beyond mere eulogium. Others have still the matter under advisement, but will no doubt add a generous quota, in the end, to the contriburion. Under these circumstances I may congratulate the Association upon the early realization of this initial movement towards the grand re-organization of the Crystal Palace as a permanent institution.

I have directed, therefore, that the Exhibition, in view of its new character, be temporarily closed on Saturday evening the 15th inst., to re-open with a Popular Re-inaguration and appropriate ceremonies on the 4th of May next, the details of which will be furnished by the Committee of Arrangements, Messrs. Horace Greeley, Chasles Butler, John H. White, Edward Haight and P. T. Barnum.

The interval mentioned will afford a much needed opportunity for the reception and arrangement of a world of rare and beautiful articles that have recently come consigned to us from Europe, as well as some exceedingly interesting American and Foreign specimens in Machinery, Manufacture and General Art, that have awaited our determination to place the Crystal Palace among the imperishable enterprises of the Age and the Nation.

The Dutch Government has just contributed a large and choice variety of singularly unique articles of luxury and use from JAPAN. They number about one thousand and cannot but prove wonderfully attractive, as tending to throw much light upon the peculiar habits of a reserved and extraordinary people.

Our Foreign Agent, Mr. Charles Buschek advises us, that, in consequence of the unsettled state of the Europen Continent, the number of costly paintings and valuable *chefs d'œuvres* in sculpture ready to be placed at our disposal, is unusually great, and will be forwarded without delay, now that every apprehension that the Exhibition will be a transitory speculation, has been disposed of. His report in relation to the more novel and elegant manufactures of Europe is equally gratifying; and I may add that arrangements are being perfected for the purchase of a collection of admirable copies of all the celebrated statues of the Antique—a collection that, in itself, will present the highest claim to the popular taste and attention.

A perfectly correct and handsome model of Venice, covering about one thousand square feet and exhibiting every minute detail of that beautiful city, in carved wood, from the reality itself, will also be added.

Several eminent Horticulturists have manifested a desire to embellish the Crystal Palace with a profuse variety of uncommon Plants and Flowers. A number of Musical Societies and Bands have also intimated a wish to add, in turn, their attractions to the popularity of the Exhibition. With all these suitable arrangements will be effected.

The Committee, (consisting of Messrs. Mortmer Livingston, Watts Sherman, William Whetten, William B. Dinsmore, and Charles H. Haswell,) appointed to solicit our own citizens for Fine Art contributions, find that but one feeling pervades all classes of the people in reference to our undertaking. All seem to manifest the most earnest interest in its success, and all are anxious for an opportunity to aid us in its popularization. We may confidently depend, therefore, upon a very extensive selection of gems of Art from private and domestic sources, worth in the aggregate several hundred thousand dollars, and in point of intrinsic merit approached by no similar exhibition upon this continent.

The ample facilties will be extended to Exhibitors, among which will be the important right to affix the price to any article of which they may wish to dispose, to direct Visitors where duplicates may be obtained, and remove their contributions, at any time, by giving only one week's notice in advance.

The Machinery Department will be much fuller and more effective than hitherto. There will be operating specimens of nearly every great invention, and in some instances the entire process of manufacturing various fabrics will be exhibited.

As Steam Power and space will be gratuitously furnished for the most interesting processes in Art and Industry, and as Inventors and Exhibitors will be permitted, under certain judicious regulations, to run the machinery for their own benefit, this branch of the Exhibition is expected to become especially interesting.

Allow me to recommend, in this connection, that the Board of Directors announce, at an early day, its determination to award Medals and other marks of merit to those who may be, by competent Judges, pronounced worthy of the distinction. The Medals and Diplomas awarded for 1853, will be ready for delivery in the beginning of May.

Under the new organization every article will be classified to facilitate inspection. Those of the same kind, as far as practicable, will all be grouped together, no matter from what quarter of the world contributed. The visitor may thus, at a single glance, institute a just comparison between the different developments of taste and skill in different countries. A novel and useful plan of re-arrangement has been decided upon that will nearly double the space previously appropriated to Exhibitors throughout the entire building. We need not hesitate to publish, therefore, our ability to find room for anything pleasing or useful that may be entrusted to us, and to invite every man and woman in the world to originate something for this concentration of the "Industry of all Nations," that may redound to their credit and benefit our common humanity.

Among the accomodations arranged for visitors to the Crystal Palace, will be found two Telegraph Offices, Letter Boxes for the Mails, Express Boxes, a Police Station, an Office for Property Lost and Found, and two spacious Refreshment Saloons, where everything will be provided of unexceptionable quality at unexceptionable prices.

Arrangements have been completed with some, and are in progress with other Steamboat and Railroad Companies connecting this City with various portions of the Union, agreeably to which visitors will be conveyed to the Crystal Palace from the remotest spot, at greatly reduced rates of travel. Nothing else shall remain undone, on my part, to conduct this magnificent enterprise with that liberality which is due to the public, and that energy and economy which are due to the interests of the Association.

To conclude, I cannot help reiterating my firm impression, that the Crystal Palace has before it a brilliant and enviable future. All litigation has ceased. Every suit against either the Directors or the Shareholders, has been withdrawn, as untenable, or as now superfluous. The recent extension of the Charter by the Legislature, with power to increase our capital to a million of dollars, has opened to our choice, should it ever be expedient to avail ourselves of it, the most unlimited field of public usefulness. It has inspired us with a solid confidence in the manifold resources of our gigantic enterprise. It has taught us to believe that, when the Crystal Palace shall have been re-opened on the 4th of May with a grand Coronation of Labor and Art, and as a stable and homogeneous Institution for the People, it will present itself in a form that must command the sympathy of Skill and Industry throughout the world and deserve, as well as receive, a success at once gratifying to our patriotism, and consoling to our perseverance.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Very respectfully,
Yours, &c.,
P. T. BARNUM,
President of the Association for the "Exhibition of the Industry of all Nations."

Circular to the Exhibitors of the Crystal Palace.

THE undersigned joyfully announce to the Exhibitors and the public, that the formidable obstacles which threatened the complete discomfiture and destruction of the noble enterprise which they have chosen to serve, are at length removed, in good part through the liberality of a portion of our fellow citizens who have pledged advances in aid of the Exhibition to the amount of $100,000. Thus aided, we have been enabled to dissolve the injunction which was a source of embarrassment to us, and alarm or apprehension to many of our Exhibitors—to pay off or arrange all the debts pressing upon us, and provide against the possible occurrence of such annoyances in future. We therefore apprise you that the Exhibition will be temporarily closed this evening, in order to be completely renovated and refitted, preparatory to its formal re-opening, on Thursday the 4th day of May next.

The directors need not, surely, dilate on the value and importance of this Exhibition. Imperfect as it has hitherto been, and as, in view of the total want of experience on our side of the Atlantic in the orrangement of Exhibitions of such magnitude and variety, it could not fail to be, it has yet provided immensely beneficial to the Inventive views, Artistic developments, and Industrial progress of the country. The opportunity therein afforded for bringing valuable Inventions or Improvements to the immediate notice of the capable and appreciating, is but one among many benefits conferred on the leaders of industrial enterprise among us. If overweening conceit or inordinate self complacency has been rebuked and chastened by irresistible evidences of European superiority in elaborate and delicate workmanship, or even in educated, refined taste, the Exhibition of 1853 has fully demonstrated the indebtedness of Europe to America for very important Inventions and Improvements, stretching over the whole domain of Agriculture, Manufactures and the useful Arts. In farming implements, and machines for fitting the rude staples of Agriculture, for the convenient and economic use of the fabrication, our country need fear no comparison; and a young Nation of twenty-five Millions which while still arduously employed in the clearing away of its primitive forests, has found time in half a century to bestow on mankind such inventions as those of the Cotton Gin, the Steamboat, the Reaper and the Electric Telegraph, need surely neither repress nor conceal her anxiety to profit by all in the line of discovery, Art or Invention, which has been or may be exhibited by others. If the New York Exhibition has shown our people how to improve any implement or process in the light of European achievement, that impulse is a National benefit of signal and even increasing value.

If the past has witnessed mistakes in the conduct of the great enterprise now confided to our hands, that circumstance will render our own task easier and our success more probable. If it has evolved many valuable suggestions and illuminated for us the path of duty by triumphs as well as defeats, we shall be able to walk surely where our predecessors stepped doubtfully and anxiously. With your co-operation, and that of the coming Fultons, Whitneys and Morses, whose triumphs are yet unachieved or unacknowledged, we hope to render the Crystal Palace the recognised centre of attraction for the votaries of Industry, the devotees of Art and the admirers of Genius, throughout the Western World.

To effect this, we need the hearty and immediate co-operation of the present Exhibitors, both through the continuance of their best contributions, and the introduction of others, as new inventions, new patterns, new successes, shall render such further aid practicable. While we trust that the Exhibition is henceforth permanently established, and that before many more years shall have elapsed, specimens or models of every valuable Invention, eminent works of Art, improved Fabrics, or other Industrial achievement, will be exhibited in the Palace, as a matter of course, we shall yet remember with special gratitude, those friends of the enterprise who did not wait for its trimph, stood by it in the days of experiment, and nobly aided to achieve the conquest which so many are destined to enjoy. We shall be able, and we rejoice in the fact, to accord more desirable positions and ample space to new Articles which shall be sent in between this and the 1st of May, than it is probable that we shall have at our disposal thereafter, The earliest possible transmission of all Articles intended for Exhibition, at and after the re-opening, is urgently solicited.

Trusting that you will agree with us, that the interest of Inventors, Artists, Manufacturers and Artisans, are all involved in the thorough and undeniable triumph of the first American Exhibition of the trophies of the World's Art and Industry, we remain,

Yours,
P. T. BARNUM,
President of the Association for the Exhibition of the Industry of all Nations.

DIRECTORS:—Phineas T. Barnum, Thos. B. Stillman, Wm. O'Brien, Edward Haight, John H. Cornell, Jas. B. Brewster, Jacob A. Westervelt, Warrren Leland, Henry Hilton, Wm. B. Dinsmore, John. H. White, Dudley Persse, Chas. H. Haswell, Mortimer Livingston, John T. Farish, Charles W. Foster, Horace Greeley, Watts Sherman, George B. Butler Samuel Nicholson, Wm. Whetten, Erastus C. Benedict, Charles Butler, Theo. Sedgwick, Wm. Chauncey.

New York, April 14, 1854.

MAILS.

THE MAILS for the neighbouring Provinces, and the United States, will be made up and forwarded via Pictou, on and after Tuesday the 9th instant, every TUESDAY and FRIDAY night, at Eight o'clock, until further notice.

Mails for England, to be forwarded via Halifax, will be be made up every alternate Tuesday night, at 8 o'clock, viz:—

Tuesday, the 9th May, Tuesday, the 18th July,
Tuesday, the 23d May, Tuesday, the 1st August,
Tuesday, the 6th June, Tuesday, the 15th August,
Tuesday, the 20th June, Tuesday, the 29th August,
Tuesday, the 4th July,

THOMAS OWEN, Postmaster General
General Post Office, May 2, 1854.

NOTICE,

To the Tenants and Settlers on that part of Township No. 23 formerly belonging to the Subscriber.

WHEREAS, by Indenture of Release, bearing date the 8th day of May, 1854, I have conveyed and assured in fee to Daniel Hodgson, of Charlottetown, Esquire, all my right, title and freehold interest in and to the said tract of Land, together with all Rents and Arrears of Rent due thereon: I do, therefore, hereby give notice to the said Tenants and Settlers, that all Rents now due, or hereafter to become due, are to be paid to the said Daniel Hodgson, he being fully empowered to grant acquittances for the same.

ROBERT RENNIE.

NOTICE.—The Tenants and Settlers in arrear for Rent on that portion of Township No. 23 formerly owned by Robert Rennie, Esq., are requested to pay the same forthwith to the Subscriber; and also all sums of money hereafter to become due, in respect of rent or otherwise.

DANIEL HODGSON.
Charlottetown, 9th May, 1854.

SHEDIAC PACKET.

THE Schooner *RIVAL* will leave Green's Shore on THURSDAY next, for Shediac. Days of sailing will be announced hereafter.

DAGUERREOTYPES!

GEO. W. MILLNER having returned to the Island, begs leave to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of Charlottetown and vicinity, that he is now ready to commence the above business, at his rooms (Great George Street) wherein he feels assured, perfect satisfaction will be given to all who may be pleased to favor him with a call—a top light having been cut expressly for the purpose. He has on hand, a variety of Stock, varying in prices, according to quality. Please call and examine.

N. B.—Old Pictures retaken, 4s. 6d., each. 3w

TEMPERANCE TEA.

A PUBLIC TEA will be held in the Temperance Hall, on *Friday the 19th* inst; the proceeds of which, will be applied in defraying the expense of Temperance Lecturers, in this Island, for the ensuing year.—

Tickets may be procured at the Stores of George T. Haszard—J. W. Morrison, W. Heard and W. B. Dawson. Price three shillings each.

Wanted to Charter,

FOR THE FISHERY at Labrador, a SCHOONER between 30 and 60 tons burthen, to be ready or Sea, by the first or fifth of June; to sail from Charlottetown. For further particulars, if by letter, post paid, enquire of JAMES PURDIE, Esq., Charlottetown, or to

JAMES NICKERSON.
April 26th, 1854. 3in

Spring Park Distillery,

FOR Sale or to be Let, the Premises occupied by Mr. Archibald White, near Spring Park, consisting of a House and Distillery. For further particulars apply to Mr. Thomas Broyderick or to

ARCHIBALD WHITE.

A Hooded Waggon for Sale.

AT Mr. RICHARD HEARTZ'S will be found a very comfortable and easy HOODED WAGGON for Sale. Price £40 at three months, on approved note.

Charlottetown, April 20th, 1854.

MILLER WANTED.

WANTED by the Subscribers a steady man to take charge of a Grist Mill, to whom liberal wages will be given.

ALSO.

A Woman who is capable of taking charge of a Carding Mill.

WILLIAM & G. BAGNALL.
Clyde Mills, New Glasgow, May 9, 1854.

HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE.—The Subscriber offers for Sale the House and Land opposite Heath Haviland, Esqr's.

GEORGE HIX.
May 3.

ENGLISH PAPER HANGINGS.—4000 pieces of the above, comprising an assortment of 100 different patterns, from 9d. to 7s. per piece—for sale at the store of the Subscriber.

DANIEL DAVIES.
Charlottetown, April 24. Isl—6w 1iew

Schoolmaster Wanted,

FOR the School at Little York. Enquire of BENJAMIN BALDERSON.
April 30th. 6in133.

A CARD.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform the Public, generally that he has commenced business as, a

Commission Merchant and Auctioneer.

At the corner of Queen & Sydney Streets, and hopes by promptness and punctuality to merit a share of their patronage.

ARTEMAS G. SIMMS.

☞ CASH advanced upon articles left for Auction.

CLOCKS! CLOCKS!

A GOOD variety for Sale, from Sixteen to Fifty Shillings.

February 24, 1854. GEORGE BEER, JUN.

TO SERVANTS.—Wanted, 2 good plain Cooks, and a Housemaid. Enquire at GEO. T. HASZARD's Bookstore.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL CHAMBER,

April 28.

ST. PETER'S ROAD SCHOOL.

The hon. Mr. JOSEPH HENSLEY.—I beg to present the Petition of Francis McQuaid and several others. St. Peter's Road, praying that the sum of £47 7s. 1d, being the amount of expences incurred by them in a Suit lately tried in the Supreme Court, be refunded to them. The circumstances of this case, I dare say, are known to some of your Honors already, and are briefly these. A few days before the Education Act went into force, the present Petitioners, or some of them, made an application to the Board of Education in order that the proper steps might be taken for the erection or laying off a School District in their neighbourhood, under the Act. These parties followed the directions of the Board of Education, and the District was erected and registered. Shortly after this, however, a dispute arose between them and certain other parties in the same settlement, as to the proper laying off of the District, the latter party alleging that the District should have been laid off so as to recognize as its School House, the old School House standing in the District, and that they had a prescriptive right to have this arrangement made, the old School House having been in operation for a period of 20 years. To cut matters short, the present petitioners having carefully followed, as I have said, all the directions of the Board of Education had their Site laid off and their School built and every thing done, as they believed, in accordance with the Act. The Petitioners then called upon the Defendents to contribute their portion of the Assessment for books, fuel and furniture for the use of the School, &c., which the Act authorises—they refused to do so, and then the Action was brought, more perhaps with a view of having the dispute definitely settled, than for the mere amount of money. It came before the Supreme Court in the shape of an appeal from the small debt Court, and judgment was given against the Petitioners, on the ground that the first application was sent in to the Board of Education a few days too soon. I know this to be the fact myself, for I was fully cognizant of the whole matter in dispute. The Judges themselves, indeed, stated, in delivering judgment, that they could not get over the objection of the too early notice, but that they thought the Petitioners had otherwise a very strong case in their favor. The Petitioners had to pay both their own expences and also those of the adverse party, although they had in every particular complied with the directions of the Board of Education. Your Honors therefore, must see, that if ever parties were entitled to be refunded for law expences incurred, the present petitioners are. Never was there a stronger case brought, or one that better entitled the applicants to be paid, than the present, and, therefore, I hope that your Honors will be pleased to concur in any vote that may be passed by the House of Assembly to relieve them. I may state that your Honors can never again be called upon in a similar way under the Education Act, that defective part in the old law having been amended by the Bill brought forward this Session, and all omissions cured.