

## FINANCIAL STATEMENT MADE BY LORD ALTHORP.

From *Bell's Messenger*.

Lord Althorp, after alluding to the places and offices abolished, proceeded to state the amount of the Revenue and Expenditure for the year ended 5th of April, 1833.

The income was - - - 46,853,000  
The Expenditure - - - 45,366,000

Leaving an excess of income 1,487,000

The deficiency of the year ended 5th April, 1832, was 1,200,041

So that the Excess of the year ended 5th April, 1833, more than makes good the deficiency of the preceding year.

The improvement of the present year, compared with the preceding, is not less than 2,728,000!

But this improvement has arisen not so much from increased Revenue, as from diminished Expenditure. Thus, for instance, The income for 1832, was 46,618,000  
For 1833, it was 46,853,000

Showing an Excess of Income in the latter year only, 235,000!

But the expenditure for the year, ended April, 1832, was, - - - 47,359,000!

And for the year ended 5th April, 1833, - - - 45,366,000!

Being a diminution of Expenditure of - - - 2,493,000!

His Lordship after analysing the different branches of expenditure, with a view to point out the reductions, proceeded to estimate the revenue for the year, which he took at - - - 46,494,128!

He estimated the expenditure at - - - 44,922,219

Leaving a surplus of - - - 1,571,909!

This brought his Lordship to the question of what part of this surplus ought to be reduced by the repeal of taxes.

The Taxes to be repealed are—  
On Tiles, - - - 37,000!

On Advertisements which at present are for every insertion 3s. 6d.—to be reduced to 2s. for the first insertion, 1s. 6d. for the second, and 1s. for the third and every subsequent insertion. The whole duty is now 150,000l. the proposed reduction is equal to one-half - - - 75,000

On Marine insurance—foreign trade, where premium is under 10s., duty reduced from 2s. 6d. to 1s. 3d.; where under 30s. and above 15s. duty reduced to 2s. 6d.; and above, the present duty to

be continued, - - - 100,000  
Assessed Taxes—reduction of duty on all shop-windows, and deduction from House Duty in proportion to reduction of Window-duty 100,000  
On taxed Carts 50,000  
Duty on Shopmen, Warehousemen, store keepers and Porters, 45,000  
On Commercial Travellers and Hawkers 4,500  
On Stewards, Bailiffs, &c. - - - 9,500  
In all, - - - 244,000  
Portion of duty on raw Cottons imposed in 1831, 300,000  
Reduction of one-half Duty on Soap, - - - 300,000

Probable diminution of Revenue, 1,056,000!

As the estimated surplus for the year ending 1834, is 1,572,000  
After deducting the Taxes repealed - - - 1,056,000

There will be a surplus of revenue of 516,000

Such are the heads of the annual Budget proposed on Friday night by Lord Althorp.

Salaries abolished or reduced, not shown in the account of increase and diminution

All done.	done	Ranger of Parks - - -	1,232
		Master of Mint - - -	1,000
		Lord Chancellor - - -	500
		Keeper of the Great Seal in Scotland - - -	1,294
		Lord Chancellor of Ireland - - -	2,000
		Chief Justice of King's Bench - - -	2,000
		Chief Baron of Scotland - - -	4,000
		Kings Stationer in Ireland - - -	11,645
		Civil List Pensions - - -	85,000
		Civil List Office - - -	30,585
		{ Consuls - - -	55,487
		{ Diplomatic Expenditure - - -	
		Colonial Reductions - - -	121,677
		Governors' Salaries in Colonies 18,097	
		Inspector General of Prisons [Ireland] - - -	330,517

## THE BRITISH AMERICAN.

JUNE 22, 1833.

We have received no later European news during the past week.

*Death of John Randolph*—We have copied into our columns to day, a notice of this eccentric genius and dis-

tinguished statesman. When he entered Congress, in '78 he was the youngest, and at the time of his death, he was the oldest member of the National Legislature. To many of the bad passions which beset human nature, he was an utter stranger.—He knew nothing of envy or malice—he was a warm friend, and a frank, open and magnanimous foe. His unrivalled eloquence—his most dangerous weapon, sarcasm, which he was accustomed to wield with unequalled effect, made him an antagonist on the floor of Congress, not less fearful than powerful. The confidence reposed in him by his constituents in early life was continued almost without interruption to the close of his life, at the advanced age of sixty-one. If he had faults, he was like other men; his virtues and excellencies should alone be remembered, and he had no common share of them. In the same city and near the same spot, where his youthful efforts rendered his name conspicuous in the councils of the nation, by a striking coincidence, he finally terminated his earthly existence.

Mr. Randolph, it is said, has provided for the EMANCIPATION OF ALL HIS SLAVES. He has also made provision for the support of such of them as are children until they are able to take care of themselves—and for the aged and infirm during life.—*E. Democrat.*

Mr. Jameson, the new Attorney General for Upper Canada, arrived at New York in the *Napoleon*.

It is stated in a late Quebec Gazette, that one hundred thousand bushels of wheat have been taken out of bond in England, for shipment to Canada, and that probably a larger quantity would be sent; that a large quantity of oats, too, was expected, sufficient to affect the price of the article in that market.

Lieutenant Johnson, of the 60th Regiment, for a wager of 400 dollars, undertook lately to walk from Fort George, Upper Canada, to the Eagle Tavern, in Buffalo, and return—a distance of seventy two miles—in eighteen hours; which feat he performed in seventeen hours, with apparent ease, including crossing the Niagara River from Waterloo to Black Rock. The day was very hot and sultry and the roads were much broken up by the previous heavy rains.

QUEBEC, May, 22.—The number of vessels which had arrived at this date last year was 175. At noon, to-day the number on the Exchange books and reported, was only 59. Very few Emigrants have arrived, and accounts from Ireland say that they will not be as numerous as they have been for the last three or four years.