

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

SEPTEMBER 6, 1888.

The Canal Tolls.

WHILE Canada is, in our opinion, bound to maintain every point in the position she has taken regarding the protection of our fisheries, there are points in questions of minor importance on which she might, we think, waive her strictly legal rights out of regard for good feeling and neighborly intercourse with the United States.

The claim of the United States is contained in the twenty-seventh article of the Treaty of Washington, which reads as follows:—

"The Government of her Britannic Majesty engages to urge upon the Government of the Dominion of Canada to secure to the citizens of the United States the use of the Welland, St. Lawrence and other canals in the Dominion on terms of equality with the inhabitants of the Dominion, and the Government of the United States engages that the subjects of her Britannic Majesty shall enjoy the use of the St. Clair flats canal on terms of equality with the inhabitants of the United States, and further engage to urge upon the State Government to secure to the subjects of Her Britannic Majesty the use of the several state canals, connected with the navigation of the lakes or rivers traversed by or contiguous to the boundary line between the possessions of the High Contracting Parties on terms of equality with the inhabitants of the United States."

It is contended, on the part of the United States, that owing to the rebate paid to vessels going to Montreal, citizens of the United States do not secure the use of the Canadian canals on "terms of equality with the inhabitants of the Dominion."

It is, we believe, equally true that the Government of the United States has not constrained the State Government to secure to Canadians the use of "the several State canals," "on terms of equality with the inhabitants of the United States."

Too Much Study.

The English Education Commissioners have presented their final report after a two years' investigation. The part relating to subjects of instruction is full of interest to us.

The following is the list of subjects given as what is looked upon as essential to a complete course of elementary education:— "The three R's, needlework for girls, drawing for boys, singing, English (so as to give the children an adequate knowledge of their mother tongue), English history, (taught by means of reading books), geography, (especially the geography of the British Empire), and lessons on common objects in the lower standards leading up to a knowledge of elementary science in the higher standards."

This is backed by the following very necessary caution, which cannot be too widely known or too generally acted upon everywhere:— "To teach a child to observe and think by proper training of the mind will more effectually develop its capacity and faculties than premature initiation into matters beyond its intellectual habits."

On which the Toronto Globe remarks:— "This is the very thing which is too generally lost sight of, not only in elementary, but in advanced education as well. The brains of too many children, as well as of too many advanced students, have frequently so many books and 'subjects of study' laid upon them that they are scarcely able to move under the absurd and all but intolerable load. The teacher who most successfully leads his pupils to think for themselves, and to find pleasure as well as profit in the exercise of their intellectual faculties, is to be looked upon as the really successful educator, even though others may be more expert in the mere work of cramming, and better able to prepare for competitive examinations where puzzling and complicated questions abound."

In Great Britain the State not only manages the telegraph service in connection with the post office, but it gives the public the advantage of a sixpenny message. No less than fifty-three million messages were sent over the British postal lines last year, an increase of fourteen millions over the last year the shilling rates were charged.

September is a good month in which to set out shade trees—they do fully as well, in fact, as in the spring months. Trees are the best investment a property owner can make, and in a few years, when the smaller ones get a little more growth, the dwelling that is not shaded will be at a discount. Elm, maple and ash trees from our own woods are generally allowed to be the surest, and the foliage cannot be beaten.

Public Opinion.

A CLERICAL VIEW.

Rev. Canon Dumoulin, of St. James' Cathedral, Montreal, referred incidentally, in the course of his sermon last Sunday evening, to President Cleveland's message. He said:—"No words of mine would be strong enough to express just contempt which every person has for the man who lightly regards his word, be it on the eve of an election or for the purpose of making himself president, or helping him in any way. This just judgment comes to us from God himself, who is always faithful in promise-keeping. It is in this matter that human character breaks down. We sometimes hear men speaking loud words promising great vengeance, but when time and opportunity come those threats vanish into nothing. There is a vulgar name for this, and that is 'bluster.'"

WHAT THE "TIMES" SAYS.

The Times (London) referring to the speeches of Sir Hector Langevin and Sir John Thompson at Hagersville, says:—"These speeches bear favorable comparison with most of what has been said in high quarters on the other side of the frontier. They breathe the indomitable resolution of the Government to stand by the rights of Canada." Alluding to their reference to the reciprocity movement, the Times says the argumentative passages of their speeches are hardly capable of being answered except by what lawyers know as the infernal shame argument. But what people are looking to see is whether the Dominion Government intend to meet the double-edged weapon of the United States with another of their own make. There is no definite statement of their intentions in this respect. The Times admits the ministers' claim for the National Policy having welded the Dominion into a united country with its railways, ports and steamship lines, and says:—"Canada may certainly reckon that reprisals affecting transportation in bond will arouse a great clamor among the bond population dependent upon the prosperity of certain American railroads. Retaliation will likely enough be wrecked upon some such rock as this without the Canadians lifting a hand against it. We ventured to predict the other day that President Cleveland's message would only serve to stiffen the backs of the Canadians and the speeches of the ministers show that we were not wide of the mark. These, the first public utterances of members of the Dominion Government, may cause the President to realize how wantonly he has embittered the relations of the two great nations of North America for an indefinite time to come."

SIR JOHN THOMPSON'S VIEWS.

At Alymer, a few days ago, Sir John Thompson made one of his characteristic brilliant speeches, taking the same tone as that adopted at Hagersville. He was loudly cheered, and as he defended Canada and maintained that independent of the United States there was a great future before her, the applause was deafening. Patriotism, he said, had done a good deal for the scattered states of the American union, and history would repeat itself in Canada. The strained feelings between the two countries could not last long because the aggression was all on the other side, (cheers) and Canada was strong in that she was right. (Renewed cheering.) He would not be afraid to put the case of Canada before any tribunal for adjudication, for he was quite satisfied she would come out with an untarnished reputation. (Cheers.) As a young Canadian, having every faith in the future destiny of the Dominion, he could say, irrespective of politics, that it was the plain duty of the Government of the country, be it Liberal or Conservative, to perfect every highway of communication by land and sea (cheers), and having this internal strength we can stand alone against the whole world, as regards our commercial relationship. (Renewed cheering.) Twenty years will prove that the best part of the continent is on the north side of the St. Lawrence, and that the people from whom we sprung are second to none on the face of the earth. (Cheers.) He spoke eloquently of our grand institutions, and believed with Sir Hector that they were not only more democratic, but that they worked with less friction than those of the United States. (Cheers.) "We want to work out our own destiny and we will," said the speaker, "if Canadians keep up the true national spirit they have so far evinced." (Cheers.)

SIR HECTOR SPEAKS AGAIN.

At Alymer, Sir Hector Langevin said:—"We should not be Liberals or Conservatives, but we should first be Canadians. We should be alive to our own interests and guard well the heritage that our ancestors have given us. (Cheers.) We are not enemies of the United States, but friends, as we always had been, and were, therefore, perfectly at ease. (Cheers.) We had our rights to protect and would protect them. (Renewed cheering.) When, after the election, the cool heads of the American people reflected, they would see that a great mistake had been made, that we had been at peace for seventy years, and that Canadians are asking for nothing but treaty rights. (Cheers.) We had a large country, we had extensive public works, and the present crisis demonstrated what advantage they were to us. He then entered into a full discussion of the whole question, repeating the sentiments expressed at Hagersville, and met with enthusiastic applause at every stage. He was quite satisfied that retaliation would hurt the people of the United States more than it would the Canadians, and asked our people to preserve a dignified silence. (Cheers.)"

A DISHONEST SALVATIONIST.—The schooner Welcome Home arrived here a few days ago with the mate in command, Capt. Capes having disappeared in Providence, R. I., together with the freight money—about \$300. It was thought that he had met with foul play, but it is alleged that he has since been seen in New York. Capes hails from Quaco, but has been living here for some time. He is married to a Carleton girl, and belonged to the Salvation Army. This was his first trip as master. The Welcome Home belongs to Messrs. Baird, Reynard and others.—St. John Globe.

BYCICLING.—The Summerside Driving Park having received such a good name from the Hernando-Black Pilot race, some of our local bicyclists intend trying their speed on it on Saturday next. Quite a number of races have been arranged, among which are a two mile race with one of Summerside's fastest horses, a five mile, three mile and one mile races, also a slow race. An interesting time may be expected.

"Old Songs."

Sing the old songs now to me, Soft and low as my mother's tone, I'm wafled back on the melody Like a wanderer going home.

Dimmed are the scenes; the lapse of years Veil-like o'er-spreads and part conceals; Or, as the mist of gathering tears Blurring what'er the sight reveals.

But I sit by her side once more, And dreamily list as she sings; And know, as oft I knew before, The calm a mother's music brings.

Sing as we sang long years ago, When hope, the staying power of youth, Thrilled through the music in its flow, And love, and innocence and truth.

Sing as you sang one summer's day The cherished song that spoke you mine, For all the changing earthly way, And all the happy "after-time."

A mingling of the joys that fill, Flows forth in fuller melody, And floating o'er me sweeter still, Come mingled sweets of memory.

ANON.

Ch'town, Sept. 5, 1888.

General Sporting Notes.

John Teemer and William O'Connor are to meet at Buffalo, N. Y., shortly.

At St. Louis, Mo., on the 4th inst., H. W. Johnson, the world's champion sprinter, broke the record for five standing jumps without weights. The record was 54 feet 4 1/2 inches, and Johnson made 55 feet 2 inches.

According to a list published by the Turf, Field and Farm, 41 additions to the 2.30 list have been made within a week, thus making the total list for the season to date 225. Thirty-three horses previously in the 2.30 class have reduced their marks in the same time.

A well known Cleveland man, who has just returned from a three months' trip to England, says he does not believe that Mitchell will ever agree to fight Jack Dempsey. His right hand is broken midway between his wrist and knuckles, and is not likely to ever stand the work of a fight.

Between 30,000 and 40,000 people went to Sheepshead Bay, near New York, on Monday, to see the great two-year-old event of the season—the race for futurity stakes. Proctor Knott, a Kentucky colt, and winner of the junior champion, captured the prize and victory, about \$50,000, to his owners, Scroggin & Bryant, who are estimated to have had \$2,000,000 wagered on the race. Proctor Knott was the favorite at considerable odds. The distance was six furlongs. Time 1.15 1-5.

The cricket match between the Irish gentlemen and a fifteen from Hamilton district began at Hamilton, Ont., on Monday. The Irishmen were the first to go to the bat, and when their inning was over they had rolled up a score of 146. The Hamiltons then took their turn, and by the time play was called for the day they had lost one wicket and secured 26 runs. The game was continued on Tuesday, when the Hamiltons made 175 and the Irishmen in their second innings made 173, which closed the match.

Joe Lannon's challenge to Jake Kilrain to meet him in a glove contest under Marquis of Queensberry rules for a purse of \$2,000, does not seem to meet with the approval of Kilrain, who, when seen a few evenings ago by a Boston Globe reporter, said: "I cannot see what claim Lannon can have to ask for another meeting with me. When last we met he made but a poor showing, and from all that I can learn he is but a trifle better now. I don't want to meet every man in the country, and least of all for a purse, as I did not come home for that purpose. If Lannon wants a finish battle with the knuckles, for stakes, he can have it, but nothing else."

Personal.

Chevrenil, the French chemist, was 102 years old on Friday.

Mr. John McLeod, merchant tailor, leaves on a business trip to Toronto to-morrow morning.

Mr. R. Rowe, Superintendent of Agencies for the Dominion Safety Fund Life Association, St. John, N. B. is in town, and staying at the Hotel Davies.

Robert Browning has recovered his health and strength in the remote Tyrolean village, where he buried himself from the world. He will reside in Venice, where he has purchased the famous Rezzonico palace, situated on the Grand canal.

President Cleveland's recent message has attracted attention in France. French newspapers are busy explaining to their readers that Canada is a large body of water filled with valuable fish, and that the quarrel turns upon the ownership of Three-Mile-Limit, an island which lies near the mouth of the River Montreal.

Mr. Laurier, the Liberal, and Sir John Thompson, a Conservative leader, have each spoken upon President Cleveland's retaliation message. The profraternal fact that strikes everyone who reads their respective addresses is that the leader of the Opposition did not know what he was talking about, while the Minister of Justice did.

The Rev. George Sutherland, formerly a well-known minister of this city, arrived last evening by the St. Lawrence, from Picton. After an absence in Australia of over 21 years, he appears among us for a brief visit. He proposes proceeding to New London on Friday evening, at the request of a highly esteemed friend at New South Wales, and will visit a portion of his old charge, on St. Peter's Road, early next week. The survivors of his old friends, whom he may not otherwise meet, may see him at the Hotel Davies, Water St., Charlottetown. His stay on the Island will not exceed two weeks.

Valuable Building Lots, BY AUCTION.

I AM instructed by MISS MACKIESON to sell by Auction, on the Premises,

On Wednesday, 19th Instant, AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON:

Three fine Building Lots situated on Euston Street, opposite the Residence of Alexander McKinnon, Esq. These Lots have a very desirable situation, fronting on Euston Street 48 feet and running back 150 feet.

Terms at sale. GEO. M. HARRIS, Auctioneer.

Exports.

We are indebted to E. L. Lydiard, Esq., for the following statement of exports of produce from King's and Queen's Counties for the month of August:—

Table with columns: POTATOES, Colonial, Foreign, and values.

Table with columns: OATS, Colonial, Foreign, and values.

Table with columns: FISH, Mackerel-Colonial, Foreign, Other-Colonial, and values.

Table with columns: MISCELLANEOUS, Colonial, Foreign, and values.

Table with columns: MEATS, Colonial, Foreign, and values.

Table with columns: LOBSTERS—Canned, Colonial, Foreign, and values.

Table with columns: EGGS, Foreign, and values.

Table with columns: STARCH, Colonial, Foreign, and values.

Table with columns: HORSES, CATTLE, AND SHEEP, Colonial, Foreign, and values.

Total \$139,536

AUCTION SALE

Household Furniture.

I AM instructed by MRS. FRAME to sell by AUCTION, at her Residence, Rensford Square,

On Wednesday, 12th Instant, AT 11 O'CLOCK, A. M.:

All her HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of Parlor, Dining Room and Bed-room Sets, Carpets, Rugs, Oil Cloths, Pictures, Hall stand, Cheffonier, Mirror, Crochery and Glassware, &c., &c.

ALSO—Iron Bedsteads and Bedding, Cook Stove and Kitchen Utensils.

sept-11 ele GEO. M. HARRIS, Auctioneer.

ST. PAUL'S SUNDAY SCHOOL PICNIC

—WILL TAKE PLACE ON—

Saturday Next, 8th inst.,

ROCKY POINT.

THE STEAMER will leave Ferry Wharf at 2 and 4 o'clock, returning to town about 7.

Everything needful, both for young and old, will be provided.

A fee of 25 cents, which will cover both the cost of the Tea and the passage on Steamer, will be charged adults and those not belonging to the Sunday School.

Furniture! Furniture!

BY AUCTION, AT MY SALESROOM, ON FRIDAY, 7th INST., AT 1.30 O'CLOCK, P. M.:

Parlor, Dining Room and Bedroom Furniture, Carpets, Pictures, &c., &c.

ALSO—1 RANGE, "Charter Oak," No. 9. GEO. M. HARRIS, Auctioneer.

P. E. ISLAND RAILWAY.

HOWE'S CIRCUS.

Ch'town, Sept. 3, 1888. QUEEN STREET.

RETURN TICKETS at One First-Class Fare will be issued by Regular Trains as under, in connection with Howe's Circus:

From Eustard, Mount Stewart and all Intermediate Stations to Charlottetown on the 10th inst., good to return on the 11th; from Mount Stewart and Intermediate Stations to Souris on the 11th, good to return on the 12th; from Mount Stewart and Intermediate Stations to George-town on the 12th, good to return on the 13th; from O'Leary, Fish and all intermediate stations to Alberton on the 13th, good to return on the 14th; and from O'Leary, Cape Traverse, Emerald, and all intermediate Stations to Summerside on the 14th, good to return on the 15th inst.

J. UNSWORTH, Superintendent.

Railway Office, Ch'town, Sept. 4, 1888. } pat 11 10th w prs 11 13

APPLES, APPLES.

Consignments Received Every Week

—FROM—

KINGS AND ANNAPOLIS COUNTIES,

—PUT UP BY—

Experienced Packers.

A. McNEILL, GEO. M. HARRIS, Auctioneer.

JAS. PATON & CO. FALL, 1888.

Large Stock of English Goods. Royal Smyrna Rugs, BEAUTIFUL SHADES, Grey Flannels, Blankets, Blankets, Fine Top Shirts, Underwear, Collars, Cuffs, Ties, &c.

CLOTHING.

A Large Stock to Select from—Very Cheap. JAMES PATON & CO., BROWN'S BLOCK.

NEW FALL GOODS

PERKINS & STERNS.

Large Stock New Grey Flannels, Large Stock New Union Shirtings, Large Stock New Woolen Underwear, Large Stock New Top Shirts.

BLANKETS! BLANKETS! BLANKETS!

Colored Fleecy Cottons, White Fleecy Cottons, Cotton Shirtings and Gingham, WHITE COTTONS, GREY COTTONS & COTTON WARPS.

OUR PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST. PERKINS & STERNS. Charlottetown, Sept. 1, 1888.

NEW FALL GOODS

J. B. MACDONALD'S.

Three Thousand Yards Grey Flannels, One Thousand Yards Scarlet and White Flannels, Three Thousand Yards Canton Flannels, Fifteen Thousand Yards Grey and White Cottons, One Thousand Yards Tickings, A Full Line of Ladies' Fall Jerseys.

LOTS MENS' READY-MADE CLOTHING OPENING EVERY DAY, THE LARGEST STOCK IN THE CITY TO SELECT FROM.

250 DOZEN MENS' KNIT UNDERCLOTHING.

You will find it to your advantage to call at J. B. MACDONALD'S, QUEEN STREET.

BOOT AND SHOE FACTORY.

Great Boom in Boots & Shoes. THE EXCITEMENT RISING!

Our Boots Take the Lead! Fit any Foot, Suit any Purse! NOTHING LIKE HOME MANUFACTURE!

To the Wholesale Trade: JOB LOTS, comprising 50 Pairs Assorted Boots, sold from 20 to 40 per cent. below cost. About 1,000 Pairs of this kind on hand.

GOFF BROS., Successors to Dorsey, Goff & Co.

June 21, 1888—wed & wky