The Bombardment.

A GRAPHIC DESCRIPTION.

(Correspondence of the New York Herald.)

At twenty minutes past six the ships of the squadron signalled "All ready," but a still further delay was necessary to allow the Egyptian officers carrying the admiral's reply to the Ministry to be put ashore. Alexandria and the Khedive's palace, with the other portions of the squadron beyond, showed dimly in the morning sun some few miles away. At half past six a quiet order was passed around the deck to load with common shell, and a gleam of satisfaction shone on the men's faces. At seven o'clock a signal was made to the Alexandria to open the ball by firing one gun. A heavy boom came across the water. Then there was an anxious pause. Would the Egyptians answer or would they evacuate the forts? No sound came from Fort Ada, but in the batteries opposite we could see men loading the guns. They would fight. Then the order was given to commence independent firing, and the signal was run up for the fleet to begin

A GENERAL ENGAGEMEET.

A deafening salvo from five nine-inch guns went from the side of the Invincible, while overhead ten Nordenfeldt guns in the tops swelled the din, which burst forth from all the ships. The bank of smoke which at once rose like a wall from our side prevented me from seeing the results of our fire, but from the tops it was seen that the shells had struck rather low, and the sights were raised from 1,350 to 1,500 yards. The Monarch and Penelope had both work close at hand, and the roar of their heavy guns, the ceaseless rattle of their Gatlings and Nordenfeldt machines, and the rush of the rockets which the Monarch was discharging, added to the sound of our own guns, made up a deep continuous din which it is impossible to describe, and which was most bewildering to hear. In any momentary interval a sound of guns from the other division of the fleet told that they were also hard at work.

VEILED IN SMOKE.

The smoke from the very commencement of the engagement was so dense that we could see nothing of the effect which our fire was producing, nor of what the enemy were doing, but soon after we began, a sharp scream overhead, followed by the upleaping of a column of spray to seaward as the shots struck the water, made it clear that the enemy were replying to our iron salute. Soon orders were passed to cease firing until the smoke cleared away. Wind and sun were both in the enemy's favor, and it was some time before the veil lifted sufficiently for even a glimpse of the shore, and this was lost in an instant. The guns again opened fire, and nothing could be seen from the deck. Mr. Hardy, a midshipman posted in the maintop, signalled the direction of the stroke of the shells, and the accuracy of the fire improved. Meantime

THE ENEMY'S SHOTS

were coming thick and fast, their aim being directed chiefly against the Penelope and Inflexible; they were firing principally round shot. Twenty minutes after the first gun our port-royal braces were shot away, and immediately after a second shot penetrated forward, a splinter wounding a stoker severely. At this time they appeared to have got our range pretty accurately, and round and conical shot whistled thickly between the masts. I went round the ship, and found the men fighting the main deck guns all stripped to the waist. Between each shot they had to sit down and wait till the smoke cleared. They were very anxious to know the results of their fire, and asked eager questions of me as to what could be seen above, but I could tell them little, for the smoke hung like a veil between us and the shore. The enemy were certainly

STICKING TO THIR GUNS

manfully, although amid the hail of heavy shell and Gatling and Nordenfeldt bullets it must have been hot indeed inside the forts. But lucky for us their fire, although good in direction, was bad in elevation, and we were seldom hit. By eight o'clock the Monarch had silenced a small fort opposed to her, and set fire to the building and dismantled the guns, and she now joined us against the formidable works of Fort Meks. The Egyptians in that battery still replied briskly, but although several times struck, none of the shots penetrated our battery on the water-line, where her armour protected her. The shot scattered showers of splinters through the ship. One shot struck the quarter-deck, close to Lieutenant Lambton, who happened at the moment to be speaking to me, but although numerous splinters flew about no one was injured. By nine o'clock our fire had

SILENCED ALL THE GUNS IN FORT MEKS

with the exception of four heavy rifled pieces, the sound of whose conical shot was easily distinguished, even in the din of combat, from the round shot of the smooth bores. These four guns gave us great trouble; they were all placed under covers, the gunners stuck well to their work. The Temeraire was, therefore, signalled to come to the assistance of the three ships before engaged. It was difficult to hit the exact locality, seen as they were dimly and occasionally through the smoke, but by half-past ten only three maintained fire. These guns were concentrated on the Invincible, and must have been worked by some of their best gunners, for they struck us every time, often quite on the water line. Before they were silenced we had six men wounded, one with one foot taken off by a round shot, the others by splinters. By eleven o'clock

THE FORT WAS IN RUINS,

with the guns all silenced. The Monarch was signalled to go close into shore, and dismantle the fort thoroughly at close quarters. An hour earlier, Fort Marabout, lying two miles away, had opened fire upon the ships engaged with Fort Meks. The shots all fell short, and we took no notice of the attack; but Lord Charles Beresford, commanding the gunboat Condor, stood in and pluckily engaged the fort with his little craft. The gunboat Beacon came in and joined in making excellent practice on the fort, whose shots fell thick around the boats, and passed several times between the masts, but never once touched them. The fire at last was silenced by the

PLUCKY LITTLE GUNBOATS.

Meantime the ships of other divisions of the squadron steadily engaged Forts Pharos, Rasel-Tin and Ada, the Inflexible having gone to aid the Sultan, Superb, and Alexandra with her fire. The Egyptian batteries replied steadily and rapidly, and the roar of the guns was almost continuous, while the rush of heavy projectiles through the air resembled the low rumble of distant thunder The Egyptian officers set a capital example to their men, often jumping up on the parapets to see the effect of their fire. Fort Pharos early showed signs of the heavy battering to which it was exposed; one of the towers was knocked down, and the fort soon ceased firing altogether, while the fire from the forts also greatly slackened.

THE KHEDIVE'S PALACE ON FIRE.

At half past ten the Khedive's palace, called the Ras-el Tin, or the Harem palace, lying behind the forts, took fire, and at the time I write is still burning. The fight was nearly over all along the line by 12 o'clock, although the ships all continued to fire in order to complete the dimantlement of the forts. Several small magazines in the course of the afternoon were blown up by our shell, a large one in Fort Ada being destroyed by a lucky shot from the Inflexible.

A CALL FOR VOLUNTERS.

At one o'clock volunteers were called for on board the Invincible to go ashore to spike the guns at Fort Meks, which the fire of the ships had failed to dismount. The work was dangerous, for troops might have been lying behind the fort. However, there were plenty of volunteers, and twelve men were chosen for the adventure, Lieut. Bradford being in command, and Major Tullock and Lieutenant-Major Lambton accompanied him. This duty was skilfully and rapidly performed. To effect a landing the men had to swim through the surf, but no opposition was met as they landed The guns were burst with charges of gun cotton, and the party returned on board ship without a single casualty.

DAMAGE TO THE FLEET.

Of the ships engaged with Fort Meks, the Penelope was struck five times, and eight men wounded and one gun disabled. The Invincible was struck many times, but only six shots penetrated her. The foreyard was struck and the royal brace cut away. We had six wounded. The Monarch was not hit once. probably owing to her ability to shift ground, while, on the other hand, she was in movement, and the practice of her guns was inferior to the Invincible. Up till five o'clock the ironclads kept up an occasional fire, but the forts did not reply during the latter part of the afternoon.

DAMAGE ON SHORE.

One wing of the palace is in ruins. This was inevitable, since the palace lies behind Forts Pharos and Ada. These portions of the town in the line of fire must also have suffered. The Egyptian gunners fought their guns exceedingly well, sticking to them until the forts were crubling ruins. The party who landed to destroy the guns of Fort Meks saw several dead lying inside, and the total loss of the enemy must have been heavy. I have only been able to write fully of the doings of that portion of the fleet which I was present, and until I have communicated with

THE SHIPS OF THE OTHER SQUADRON.

I cannot give the details of their action with the forts opposed to them. By signal, however, we know that their casualties are as follows:—The Superb was struck several times, and from where we now lie we can see her armour penetrated.

THE KILLED AND WOUNDED

are as follows:—Superb, killed 1, wounded 1; Alexandra, killed 1, wounded 3; Sultan, killed 2, wounded 7; Inflexible, killed 1, wounded 2. Thus the grand total of casualties were 5 killed and 27 wounded. This evening the whole fleet drew off shore an approached each other, their first day's work complete, and the whole of the batteries outside the harbour of Alexandria destroyed.

Retirement of Hon. J. C. Pope.

An extra Canada "Gazette" was issued on the 11th instant, contains the following:—

"Hon. A. W. McLelan to be Minister of Marine and Fisheries, vice the Hon. J. C. Pope, retired, on account of ill-health."

The change was, of course, absolutely necessary. Mr. Pope was, notwithstanding his illness, retained as long as he had a constituency. The friends of Mr. Pope and the people of the Island in general appreciate the forbearance and kindness of the Leader of the Government, and of Mr. McLelan, by whom Mr. Pope's duties as Minister of Marine and Fisheries have been efficiently performed. We are sure that the ingenious and unscrupulous efforts of the Opposition Press to misrepresent the Government in this matter are not countenanced by the people to whom Mr. Pope is endeared. Our readers will learn with great regret that Mr. Pope's health continues to decline.

Rest weary pilgrim, thy labor is past;
Open before thee bright portals are cast;
Blest with the hope of an ample reward,
Enter thou into the joy of the Lord.
Rivers of pleasure through Eden shall stray.
Tears from all faces be driven away.

Long was the journey and toilsome the way,
Oppressed with the burden and heat of the day;
No more on this earth with affection shall he
Give a shining example, that others may see.
When sorrow and sighing and sickness at last,
O'er the swellings of Jordan in safety are past.
Remember the *man* in prophetical phrase,
That led you in Wisdom's delectable ways,
He shall stand in his lot at the end of the days

Rev. Father Leeming.—Although the health of Rev. Father Leeming, of Australia, whose leg was seriously injured by a fall from his horse, has materially improved during his stay in this country, he is as yet far from being able to sustain the fatigues of an exceedingly hot climate. It is probable that he will remain for some time longer in the neighborhood of Boston. He purposes to deliver a series of lectures on historic and literary subjects. In order that no misunderstanding may exist in the minds of the public concerning the clerical position of Father Leeming, we publish with pleasure that he has lately concluded his Retreat under the Jesuits at the Church of the Immaculate Conception, Boston, and has the approval of his Grace Archbishop Williams to celebrate Mass in any of the churches of the Archdiocese of Boston.—*The Pilot (Boston), July 15.*

Strawberry Festival at W. F. Carter's. [jy 12 6i

CORRESPONDENCE.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions or statements of our correspondents.

"The Lion's Shar

To the Editor of the Examiner.

Sir,—I read with satisfaction your reply to the letter signed "a Protestant," who is evidently neither a friend of the country, nor of the Government, or of justice nor consistency. To me it amazing that men who make loud professions of delight on seeing the youth of the province educated in common schools, without reference to the religious differences and distinctions which exist, should be the first to make religious distinctions in the membership of the City School Board. But the point I wish to make is one which you, perhaps, inadvertantly admitted. "A Protestant" says that, under the present Government, the Catholics are getting the lion's share of the Local Government patronage. Now, let us test this statement by a reference to the local civil list.

Beginning with the Premier and Attorney General, we have the Hon. M. Sullivan—a Catholic.

In the educational department we have Donald Montgomery, Esq., (appointed by the present Government) and the Rev. Donald McNeill—both Protestants.

For auditor we have R. F. DeBlois, Esq.—appointed by the present Government—a Protestant.

In the Public Works Department we have the Hon. William Campbell and A. W. Morrison, Esq.—both Protestants.

In the Land Office we have Hon. Donald Ferguson, R. A. Strong, Thomas McKinnon, Owen Curtis, Robert Longworth, Esq. all Protestants, and Joseph A. McDonald, Esq., a Catholic. Of these, two Protestants and one Catholic were appointees of the present Government.

In the Registry Office, we have Benjamin DesBrisay, S. S. Peterson, Duncan McIntyre and William Crabbe, Esqs., Protestants; and Linus B. McMillan, Esq., a Catholic.

As Clerk of the House of Assembly, we have A. McNeill, Esq.; and as Assistant Clerk, F. W. Hughes, Esq., both Protestants.

As Clerk of the Legislative Council, we have John Ball, Esq., a Protestant.

As Messenger to the public offices we have Mr. Sweeney, a Catholic, appointed by the present Government.

And as Keeper of the Provincial Building we have Mr. Riggs, a Protestant, appointed by the present Government.

Thus out of 21 officials under the Local Government, we have 18 Protestants and 3 Catholics; and out of the appointments made by Hon. Mr. Sullivan, 8 were Protestants and 3 Catholics.

Is it not, in the presence of these facts, wonderful that when the Government appoints a Catholic to the Charlottetown School Board—to a position involving serious responsibilities and duties, and no remuneration whatever—there are Protestants, calling themselves men, ready to raise religious distinctions and, if possible, a prejudice?

I am well aware, Sir, that dragging religion into the question of appointments is a mean business; and I wish it to be distinctly understood that, in my opinion, the main consideration of the Government in making appointments should be, not the religion, but the ability of the man to perform the duties to which he is called.

Yours truly,

A Catholic.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

Sir,—Had the person who signs himself "Protestant" in yesterday's Examiner adopted an appropriate *nom de plume*, he would have subscribed himself "A Bigot and a Grit," for it is very evident that he is both. He complains that the Government have acted very unfairly to the Protestant portion of the community by appointing J. B. Mcdonald, Esq., to the City School Board.

When it is observed that Mr. McDonald's appointment only gives the Roman Catholics *one* out of the *four* seats at the School Board filled by the Provincial Goveanment, your correspondent's bigotry is, I think, apparent to every one.

He innocently asks "if the Roman Catholics were entitled to the seat why were they so long deprived of their rights?" It would be a long time, I fear, before those who think differently in religious matters from your narrow-minded correspondent, would be allowed any rights with his consent. His statement that Roman Catholics are receiving the lion's share of the Government patronage, is simply untrue.

A Protestant but no Bigot.

Ch'town, July 15th, 1882.

A school in the north of England once made the following announcement: "Larnin taught here threepence a week"—and them as larns manners twopence more. Mr. Samuel Morley, M. P., speaking at the Stockwell Orphanage the other day, quoted this anecdote, and added that he sincerely wished a score of members of the House of Commons could be sent to that school.

Healey's Hibernica Combination performed again last night to an appreciative audience. Their last performance for the season will be given this evening.

Mr. P. T. Barnum, who is now in England, is, it is said, negotiating with the proprietors of the Alexandra Palace in order to secure the temporary use of that building for the exhibition of the menagerie, &c., which he proposes to bring over in the autumn.

Just arrived, another large supply of Crockery and China Ware. Will be sold cheap, at Colwill's. 4i wly dy 3w 2aw

TO GROCERS!

I HAVE added to my large and well-selected stock of Stationery, a full line of

Paper Bags,

which will be

SOLD CHEAP FOR CASH.

All the leading sizes constantly on hand, and will be printed at low rates if required Also Shipping Tags, plain or printed.

G. H. HASZARD.

July 12, '82—eod tf

Valuable Properties

—ON—

DOUGLAS AND ALLEY STREETS.

I AM instructed by M. P. Hogan, Esq. (who is about leaving the Island), to sell at Auction, on the premises, on Wednesday, 26th inst, at 12 o'clock, noon, that valuable plot of land on Douglas Street, near the Malpeque Road, having a front of 50 feet and extending back 100 feet, together with a comfortable Double Tenement Dwelling House (2 stories, flat roof), a Workshop, Coach House and stable, all well finished and conveniently arranged.

—ALSO—

A valuable property on Alley Street, consisting of a comfortable Double Tenement Dwelling House, two storey, pitch roof. The land fronts 44 feet on Alley street and extends back 67 feet 6 inches.

The above properties are eligibly situated in good localities and command fair rentals.

Terms—Twenty-five per cent. down, the balance in 4 years, interest 6 per cent.

WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer.

July 15, 82—pat

To Lobster Packers.

FOR SALE, 1000 cases empty cans, home made and warranted good. Apply to LONGWORTH & CO.

Ch'town, July 14, 1882. [jy 15 eod tw

Tenders Wanted.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned, at his office, until FRIDAY, 21st inst., from parties willing to contract for the mowing of 150 acres Hay and 100 acres of Grain, in the Royalty of Charlottetown.

Work to commence on or about the 24th instant.

The subscriber does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender

OWEN CONNOLLY.

Ch'town, July 15, 1882—4i

Strawberry Festival

—AND—

PROMENADE CONCERT.

THE Ladies of the METHODIST BRICK CHURCH purpose holding a Strawberry and Ice Cream Festival and Promenade Concert, in the

DRILL SHED,

—ON—

Wednesday, July 19.

There will be an Apron Table.

The Band will be in attendance. Sale to commence at half-past 2 o'clock.

Tea on table at 6 o'clock. Admission 10 cents. Tea 25 cents. jy 14

NOTICE.

To All Whom it May Concern.

I JOHN STANTIFORD, of Charlottetown, being about to go abroad, hereby appoint Edward Needham, of Charlottetown, aforesaid, Auctioneer, my Attorney, in my name, and on my behalf, to manage my business for me.

JOHN STANTIFORD.

Ch'town, July 13, 1882—1w [jy 14

Tin, Tin Plates, Lead, Tea, Vinegar, Tobacco, &c.

I WILL SELL AT AUCTION, AT MY SALE ROOM, QUEEN SQUARE, ON THURSDAY NEXT, the 20th inst., at 11 o'clock,—

1½ tons Best English Ingot Tin (Lamb and Flag Brand),
261 boxes Best Crown Coke Tinplate,
1 ton Pig Lead.

—ALSO—

50 half-chests Congou Tea (good quality),
20 boxes Congou Tea (good quality),
4 casks Vinegar,
2 boxes Tobacco,
50 tins F. F. C. Coffee,
10 dozen Brooms,
50 boxes Confectionery,
25 boxes Scented Soap.

Ordered for positive sale to close consignments.

Terms—60 days for Tin, Lead, &c.; and 3 months for other Goods over the amount of $50.

WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer.

July 14, '82—

HARD COAL.

JUST ARRIVED, DIRECT FROM PHILADELPHIA, ex Brigt. "Joseph,"

360 Tons Best Anthracite Coal,

(CHESTNUT SIZE.)

Will be sold while discharging at $6 per ton.

Orders left at

CAPT. J. HUGHES, Water Street.

July 14, '82—1w

For Sale.

THE undersigned offers for sale, the Pottery Company's Bone Mill, with or without Engine, capable of grinding five tons of Bones per day.

—ALSO—

1 Bulmer & Sheppard's Brick Machine, capable of turning out 10,000 Bricks per day.

As the Company intend confining their business to the manufacture of Earthenware, the above will be sold at a bargain.

FRED. W. HYNDMAN.

July 14 1882—10i eod

For Sale or to be Let.

RAVENWOOD, lately the residence of the Hon. J. C. Pope, just outside of city limits, containing 31¼ acres, and beautifully situated. For further particulars apply to either of the undersigned Trustees.

H. J. CUNDALL,
L. H. DAVIES.

Charlottetown, June 27, 1882—law pat tf

EXTRAORDINARY

SALE

—AT THE—

LONDON HOUSE.

We have purchased Forty-four Cases and Bales of English and Scotch Goods, recently imported and not delivered to the party ordering them.

These Goods have been bought at a great advantage, and we shall clear them out at extraordinary low prices for Cash.

GEO. DAVIES & CO.

July 11, 1882—wkly

SOURIS TEA!

Great Reduction of Fares.

2 Special Trains from Charlottetown.

A GRAND TEA will be held at SOURIS on the 26th JULY, on the beautiful grounds adjoining the Convent.

The Managing Committee are determined to make it the Tea of the season.

Tea on the tables at 12 o'clock, noon. Tickets 25 cents.

Railway Return Tickets will be issued at the following rates, good for Special Trains only between Charlottetown and Souris:—From all Stations between Charlottetown, Georgetown and Mount Stewart, inclusive, 60 cents; from Douglass' to St. Peter's, inclusive, 50 cents; Five Houses to Selkirk, inclusive, 40 cents; from Rollo Bay to Harmony, inclusive, one first-class fare.

Parties from Georgetown Branch will come to Mount Stewart by Regular Train, and there connect with Special Trains and will be returned by Special same night.

Excursion tickets will only be sold to those who purchase Tea tickets, which will be sold at all stations.

Special taking passengers at Charlottetown to Mount Stewart, leaves Charlottetown at 7.50 a. m., arriving at Souris at 11 o'clock. Special taking passengers from Stations east of Mount Stewart, will leave that station at 9.30 a. m. Returning, first train will leave Souris at 5.15 p. m., and the one for Mount Stewart at 5.40 p. m.

S. D. McCORMACK, Sec'y.

Souris, July 14, '82.

Steam Communication

Between Pictou, N. S., Georgetown and Souris, P. E. I., Magdalen Islands and Gaspe.

THE Strongly-Built Iron S. S. BEAVER, P. P. Lemaistre, master, carrying Her Majesty's mails, will leave Pictou Landing during the season of Navigation, every Monday afternoon, on arrival of Express Train from Halifax for Georgetown, Souris and the Magdalen Islands; and every fourth trip, commencing Monday, 19th June, will extend her voyage to Gaspe, calling (weather permitting, at Perce.

Port Hood, C. B.

Will leave for Port Hood every Friday Night, from Railway Wharf, Pictou Town, on arrival of Passengers by accommodation train from Halifax.

Every attention will be paid to the comfort of passengers

For freight or passage apply to

A FRASER & CO, Quebec;
FRED. W. FRASER, Pictou, N. S.
A. A. MACDONALD BROS., Georgetown, P. E. I.
C. J HALEY, Souris, P. E. I.

July 14, 1882.

NOTICE.

THE business heretofore carried on by Mr. Robert Bridges will, from date, be carried on by the undersigned, under the name and style of A. L. Bridges & Co

A. L. BRIDGES.

March 1, 1882—tf

TREMENDOUS SUCCESS!

ALL THE OLD FAVORITES.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC,

3 NIGHTS ONLY,

Thursday, Friday & Saturday,

JULY 13, 14 and 15.

Grand Matinee on Saturday Afternoon at 2 o'clock.

HEALEY'S

Original and Only Hibernica,

With Bryan O'Lynn's Specialty and Comedy Co.

Always the Best, Now Better than Ever

Positively the only appearance of our Company in the Provinces this season.

Our All Star Co'y!

BRYAN O'LYNN, The only Dublin Dan in the world.
HARRY F. HALL, The greatest Yankee character living.
FRANK B. DUFFY, Dutch Comedian, without a peer,
ANNIE F. IRISH, The Queen of Song. Second to none.
KITTIE BURKE, The Charming Vocalist.
MAGGIE MORAN,
and our superb Comedy and Specialty Co. with a sparkling new Comedy and roaring Farce.

New Songs, New Specialities, New Scenes and Effects. Two distinct entertainments in one! Our motto: quality, not quantity.

Evening prices, 25, 35 and 50 cents. Children 25 cents to any part of the house.

MATINEE PRICES 15 and 25 cents.

LOUIS McGOWAN.....Business Manager.
L. M. HOWARD.....Musical Director.
ED. H. NEIL.....Business Agent.

Tickets at the Bookstores. [jy 8 5i

NOTICE.

TO be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, at Chubb's Corner, in the City of Saint John, on THURSDAY, the twentieth day of July instant, at noon, Forty-eight Sixty-fourth Shares of the Steamer "City of Saint John," now lying at Shediac. Registered at the port of Gaspe Registered tonnage 44; 75.00 tons, 60 Horse Power, built in 1870, and again re-built in 1875. Propelling power, paddle wheels.

The above sale is made by virtue of the power of sale vested in the Bank of New Brunswick under the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854, under two several mortgages given to the said Bank, dated respectively the 27th day of September, A. D. 1880, and the 16th day of May, A. D. 1881 Terms at sale.

For further particulars apply to W. Girvan, Esq., cashier of the Bank of New Brunswick, or to

GEO. E. SNIDER, Auctioneer.

St. John, N. B., July 5, '82.

N. B.—I am authorized by the owner of the remaining sixteen sixty-fourth shares to state that they can be purchased on the same terms, if desired, by the purchaser of these shares.

GEO. E. SNIDER, Auctioneer.

[jy 8]—till sale

SIX O'CLOCK!

ALL THE PRINCIPAL DRY GOODS STORES OF THIS CITY WILL CLOSE AT 6 O'CLOCK P. M, from this date until the 15th September.

July 1, 1882—1w, wkly 2i pd [jy 10

NOTICE.

HAVING rented the premises lately occupied by C. F. Harris, the subscriber begs to intimate to the public that he is carrying on the

TINSMITH BUSINESS

in all its branches. Orders punctually attended to. A call respectfully solicited.

L. W. HARRIS, Upper Queen St.

Feb. 8, 1882.

WANTS, LOST, FOUND, &c.

LOST—On the evening of the 13th, about $10, among which was a $5 greenback. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at this office. [jy 15

LOST—This morning, a Gold Pen, pearl handle. A suitable reward will be given. Apply at Examiner Office. [jly 14, 2i

BOY WANTED—One who is strong, active and willing to work. Apply at once to A. A. Baldwin & Co. [jy 13

WANTED—A Girl for general housework. Apply at The Examiner Office. [july13

JIGGER FOR SALE, nearly new and in good order, suitable for single horse or for team. Enquire at this office. [jy 5

HOUSE TO LET, on Great George Street. Possession immediate. Furnished or not. Apply to Longworth & Haszard, Attorneys, or to John S. McDonald, Charlottetown. [jy 8 1m

CABBAGE and CAULIFLOWER Plants, of various kinds for sale at John Colwill's, Upper Queen Street, and on market days at W. P. Colwill's, North Side. [jy 17 3w wy 2i

TO LET, House and Premises at the Head of St. Peter's Bay, near the Railway Station. A good situation for a tradesman Apply to John P. Sullivan, Esq., for particulars. [jy 15

CITY HOTEL TO LET—This Hotel is finely situated, standing opposite the Bishop's Palace, on the highest ground in the city. It contains 37 rooms, and being contiguous to the Steam Navigation Company's Wharf, is admirably adapted for the accommodation of summer visitors, to the Island. Terms easy. Apply to Messrs. Geo. Davies & Co., London House [jy 17