

Disraeli on the War.

In the course of his speech at the Mansion House, Disraeli referred to the Russo-Turkish War, as follows:—

When I had the honor of last addressing you, Europe was on the eve of making the last and the supreme effort to prevent that war. That effort failed. No sooner had war been declared than Her Majesty's Government felt it their duty to announce at once, in language which could not be mistaken, the policy which under the circumstances they adopted. That was not a policy framed for the occasion and merely because war was declared. It was a policy which, from the opportunities which had been afforded to us for a considerable time, we had deeply considered. That policy was unanimously adopted; that policy we have unanimously maintained; and from that policy we have never swerved. What, then, was that policy? It was the policy of a conditional neutrality. (Cheers.) Under the circumstances of the case we did not believe that it was for the honor or interest of England or Turkey that we should take part in the impending contest; but while we enforced the neutrality which we were prepared to observe, we declared at the same time that that neutrality must cease if British interests were assailed or menaced. (Loud cheers.)

Cosmopolitan critics, men who are the friends of every country save their own, (cheers and a laugh), have denounced this policy as a selfish policy. My Lord Mayor, it is as selfish as patriotism. (Cheers.) But it is the policy of Her Majesty's Government—a policy which they adopted from the first and which they have all along maintained. They believe it is their duty to protect British interests abroad, and it is a policy which they believe the people of this country have sanctioned and adopted. (Cheers.) My Lord Mayor, there may have been many reasons which may have induced us to adopt that policy; but there was one, and a principal one, to which I will refer. I believe the policy of neutrality on the part of this country was not more for the benefit of England than it was for the benefit of Turkey. For some years it has been a dogma of diplomacy that Turkey was a phantom, that its people was effete, and that it was used merely as a means by statesmen to maintain a fictitious balance of power and secure the peace of Europe. If that were the case a repetition, in the opinion of Her Majesty's Government, of what occurred in the Crimea would have been the greatest error. If a people is effete and a Government is a mere fiction, why the sooner it is proved in the eyes of the civilized world the better. (Cheers.) Well, you know that proof has been given upon these subjects during the last year. (Cheers.) You have listened to the modest and interesting speech of the representative of the Sultan this evening (cheers), and you must have felt while he was speaking that his Government and his country have shown that vigor and that resource which shall prove that they have a right to be recognized among Sovereign Powers of Europe. (Cheers.) The independence of Turkey was a subject of ridicule a year ago. The independence of Turkey, whatever may be the fortunes of war, and war changes like the moon—the independence of Turkey is not doubted now. (Cheers.) It has been proved by half a million of warriors, who have devoted their lives to their country without pay and without reward. (Cheers.) My Lord Mayor, you may ask me fairly on an occasion like the present, or expect me without inquiry to tell you, what is the prospect of peace in the present state of affairs. That is a subject which interests every one, I may now say, in every quarter of the globe. (Cheers.) I do not take that desponding view which some do upon such subjects invariably. I am encouraged not to take a desponding view, because I remember what has been the conduct on principal occasions of the great and chief belligerents in this contest. I cannot forget that the Emperor of Russia, with a magnanimity characteristic of his truly elevated character, announced, on the eve of commencing this war, that his only object was to secure the safety and happiness of the Christian subjects of the Porte (cheers and laughter); and that he pledged his Imperial word of honor on one occasion that he sought no increase of territory. (Cheers.) I cannot forget that his Highness the Sultan has declared in the most formal manner that he is prepared to secure all those changes which will give to the Christian subjects of the Porte that safety and that welfare which the Empire of Russia desires; and, therefore, when I have these two statements of such high authority, made in a manner so solemn and so earnest by the two Sovereigns who are at this moment in collision and in contest, I think I have a right to say that peace ought not to be an impossible achievement. (Cheers.) But then it is said there is a difficulty which prevents the Emperor of Russia and the Sultan of Turkey, though they are entirely agreed on every subject, from bringing about this peace which is desired. It is said that the military prestige of Russia demands the continuance of this war. Well, my Lord Mayor, there are different opinions upon the subject of military prestige. In my opinion military prestige does not depend upon a single victory either way. A single victory may depend upon chance and fortune. It may even with the ablest commanders, depend upon transient circumstances which may not again arise. But the real foundation of military prestige is when a great country and a powerful Government can command military service of a nation brave, determined, and disciplined. (Cheers.) And whatever may have been the accidents of the present war either way, no one can surely say of the Russian soldier that he has not proved himself an enduring, a disciplined, and a most courageous one. There have been feats of valor performed by him even in defeat which rarely have been equalled—as, for instance, when he scaled the fortifications of Plevna. (Cheers.) Therefore I cannot understand

that under any circumstances the military prestige of Russia has been injured. You will say to me, But have you really no hope? Can you not encourage the citizens of London on this occasion by giving them any hope of the restoration of peace between these two great Powers? I would say in answer to such a question, as was said by a wise and witty gentleman of the 18th century to a friend who came to him telling him of his troubles, and saying that he had no hope—Horace Walpole said, "Try a little patience." (Cheers.) My Lord Mayor, with respect to the war, Her Majesty's Government have both hope and patience. (Cheers.) And I trust that the time may not be far distant when, with the rest of the Powers of Europe, we may contribute to a settlement which will not only secure that peace, but also the independence of Europe. (Cheers.)

Latest by Telegraph.

CONFLICTING REPORTS.

Special Dispatch to Examiner:

MONTREAL, Nov. 28.

There are conflicting reports from Quebec East. Tourangeau's friends are confident of his success and say everything is going right.

Laurier claims one hundred and fifty of a majority.

Flour is very dull. There is only a local business doing. Prices are easier, with a downward tendency.

There are several small failures during the past two days on account of the suspension of Wood & Co. Wholesale business of all kinds is flat. There is no demand for money.

Workman is about to resign in Montreal West, and Burpee in St. John.

The national party who were to prepare for independence, were broken up at a meeting last night.

Laurier's Election.

OTTAWA, Nov. 29.

Laurier was elected in Quebec East by 316 of a majority.

GENERAL NEWS.

ROME, Nov. 29.

Capital punishment has been abolished here by a large majority.

It is announced that an international exhibition will be held at Milan in 1879.

THE WAR.

LONDON, Nov. 29.

Mehemet Ali's army is moving to relieve Plevna.

It is supposed that most of the Turkish troops are on the Sophia side of the Balkans.

A "Times" St. Petersburg dispatch says that four hundred Turks surrendered at the Shipka Pass.

A political society, headed by Lord Strathan Campbell, urged the Earl of Derby to active interference in favor of the Turks. Derby replied that he did not think Constantinople or Suez in danger.

The Russian trade in Central Asia is increasing.

It is reported that a great snow storm is now raging on the Balkans, and that the Russians are now going into winter quarters.

A Russian official says that the Turks attacked Tirstenick and Mithka, and after six hours heavy fighting, were repulsed a pursued. The Turks lost heavily. The Russian loss was about 300 killed, and a large number of officers among them.

Simultaneous demonstrations against Polormarka and Azsiro were repulsed with trifling loss.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

Russian preparations for wintering in Bulgaria are countermanded. It is expected that after the fall of Plevna an armistice will be concluded and preliminaries of peace arranged.

VIENNA, Nov. 27.

The Turkish Embassy here denies that an Ottoman Ambassador sounded Count Andrassy relative to mediation. The Ambassador has not presented his credentials.

The capture of Pravez (not Provitz, as reported) enables the Russians so to threaten Mehemet Ali's communications, should he attempt to force Orchanie and Plevna Road, that he must either retake Pravez before he makes the attempt, or else move with his main force further west in the direction of Berhook.

A Turkish fleet of ironclads and transports were reported to be passing Corfu on Sunday. They are expected at Antivari immediately.

The "Northern Light" sailed from this port for Georgetown on the 28th. She will not enter on her tri-weekly trips until communication between this port and Pictou by the Island Steamers is suspended.

Stipendiary Magistrates Court

Nov. 29.—Mary Power, drunk and disorderly, was fined \$3 or 14 days. Neill McMillan, sailor, drunk and incapable, was fined \$3 or 14 days.

1877. Special Notice. 1878.

Extraordinary Inducements to New Subscribers.

The Weekly Examiner,
From November 30, 1877, to December 31, 1878,
57 weeks, postage paid, for \$1.00.

No pains will be spared to render the WEEKLY EXAMINER interesting and attractive.

A good Serial Story will be commenced in the course of a few weeks. Persons who desire to avail themselves of the inducement offered, are requested to remit, promptly and directly, by Registered Letter, or Post Office Money Order, to

W. L. COTTON, Manager.

Charlottetown, Nov. 27, 1877.

Local and Other Items.

The steamer "Carroll" from Boston has just arrived.

The "Printers' Miscellany" for October is at hand and is very interesting.

REMEMBER the Entertainment in the Athenaeum this evening.

A CORRESPONDENT from Summerside says the blue ribbon is making a great change at that place.

The funeral of the late Hon. P. Walker will take place to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

THERE will be a meeting of the St. Joseph's Branch of the Diocesan Temperance Society this evening at 8 o'clock. Business is very important.

THE COUNTY COURT held a special sitting to-day for the purpose of hearing the application of Richard A. Hunt, an Insolvent, for confirmation of his deed of composition and discharge, when an order was made by Judge Alley, on motion of Mr. Peters, for Mr. Hunt's discharge under the Insolvent Act of 1875.

MR. R. R. ANDREWS desires to tender his thanks to the gentlemen who so liberally patronized him for the Mackinnon Pen, and to state that important business called him to Nova Scotia before he could complete delivery. He will be back, if weather permits, the 2nd week in December, prepared to fill all orders. Any gentleman wishing any in the meantime will please communicate with him at Halifax.

PRODUCE SHIPMENTS.—The barkentine "W. D. Stewart" sailed for London at 3 o'clock with 18,646 bushels of potatoes and 1,447 pieces of deals, shipped by Hyndman Bros. and P. Foley. The schr. "Mary Jane" cleared for Liverpool with 6,776 bushels potatoes and 407 boxes do. The schr. " " cleared for St. John's with a cargo of 3,206 bushels potatoes, 3,298 bushels of oats and 375 bushels turnips—by Capt. Pigot. There were no other shipments of any importance.

A NOVELTY.—Prof. Danielle, who has had large classes in the graceful study of the universal art of dancing, and is well known everywhere as a good teacher of the charming accomplishment that he so easily exhibits, intends holding a fancy dress ball in the Market Hall on Thursday evening, December 6th. It, being the first of the kind ever held here, has created quite an excitement; and beside the members of his classes, many have notified him of their desire to appear in costume, which he is able to supply in great variety.

DYING IN THE POLICE STATION.—A man named Edward McGrath, of Nova Scotia, is all this morning lying on the bare floor of the Police Station, in a dying condition, without a blanket or any sort of covering. This is not only a disgrace to those in authority but to the citizens in general, in not having any place where injured strangers may be cared for. It appears that at 2 o'clock on Thursday morning McGrath was going on board the schooner "Hattie," at Lord's Wharf. In the darkness he missed a step and fell headlong from the wharf to the deck of the schooner. His face is considerably bruised and, when taken to the Station, was bleeding freely from the mouth. He is not expected to recover.

Disasters.

Stmr. England, Thompson, from Liverpool, Nov. 7 at New York 23rd, reports—Had strong westerly gales and head seas; no date, lat 48 30, lon 23 18, fell in with the barque Kawasaki, of and for Swansea from Betts Cove, in a sinking condition; took off the captain and crew (12) and brought them to this port; she was loaded with copper ore and had mainmast and mizzenmast gone. The K registered 479 tons, and was built at P. E. Island in 1875.

Schr. Scotsman, from Poole via Weymouth for Prince Edward Island, in ballast, put into Queestown, Nov. 8, with pump choked.

TO BE LET,

A FIRST-RATE CELLAR—8-foot wall. Also, a Room suitable for Sample Show Room. Enquire on the premises.

N. L. HERBERT,

2 doors north "the Brennan Coraer." Nov. 22—31

Auction Sales Etc

LAND SALE.

56 ACRES FREEHOLD PROPERTY, LOT 62.

TO be Sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Colonial Building, on FRIDAY, the 21st December, 1877, at 12 o'clock noon, a FARM of (56) fifty-six acres of land, bounded as follows: Commencing on the south side of Gray's Road, at the north-east angle of land sold to Archibald Crawford; thence south forty-eight chains (48) and seventy-five (75) links, or to the rear line of farms fronting on Northumberland Straits; thence east eleven (11) chains and forty-eight (48) links; thence north to the road; thence along the road to the place of commencement, containing an area of fifty-six (56) acres of land, a little more or less.

For conditions of Sale, apply to BRECKEN & FITZGERALD, Solicitors for Bank of P. E. Island.

St. Andrew's Day!

A DINNER, under the auspices of the Caledonian Club, will take place at the St. Lawrence Hotel at 9.30 p. m., on MONDAY next. Tickets \$1.25, to be had of the following Committee: A. McNeill, Robert J. Campbell, Joseph A. McDonald, John McKenzie and A. A. McLean, Sec'y Com.

Nov. 27—21 pat ti

GENERAL AGENCY NOTICE.

I BEG to announce to the TRADE of this City, and the Island generally, that on the 2nd of JANUARY I will have a complete

ASSORTMENT OF SAMPLES, of the following lines of Goods for Spring and Summer:

English & Canadian TWEEDS & WOOLLENS, BOOTS & SHOES,

AMERICAN COTTONS,

Readymade Clothing

AMERICAN RUBBER GOODS, IN GREAT VARIETY.

Tobacco & Cigars, Confectionery, Coffee & Spices, Naval Stores, Teas, Sugars.

I am also SOLE AGENT for the Lower Provinces for WYATT & Co's (London) CELEBRATED

Pickles, Sauces, Jellies, Etc.,

—AND—

E. James & Son's (Plymouth) celebrated

STARCH, BLUE & DOME LEAD.

This Notice is only to the Trade—no Retail orders being solicited or accepted.

Sample Rooms at No 9 Queen St., over the Office of Messrs. Hyndman Brothers.

JOHN H. CATHRAE,

Ch'town, Nov. 23, 1877—1w & 1w e o y

PROFESSOR DANIELLES' GRAND CARNIVALISTIC & FANCY DRESS BALL

WILL TAKE PLACE IN THE

MARKET HALL,

ON

THURSDAY EVENING,

Dec. 6, 1877.

When the respectable public of Charlottetown will have an opportunity of witnessing one of those grand spectacular scenes seldom witnessed outside of London, New York and other large cities.

The costumes to be worn are gorgeous in the extreme, and will represent an outlay of Four Thousand Dollars and every nationality.

At this Entertainment a new feature will be introduced: that of numerous living canaries, which, under excitement from the gay scene below them, will enliven the evening by their merry notes.

The two main features of the evening will be the opening Procession (the Grand Amazonian March) by all the characters and the unveiling of the Statues of Apollo Azarella, and the Spirit of the Sun, in full view of the assemblage.

Only the members of Prof. D's Classes and such ladies and gentlemen as they invite, will take part in this Carnival Ball, and those so invited will be furnished with Costumes from Prof. D's wardrobe, at the same price as they are furnished to the pupils; while those having Carnival Costumes of their own are privileged to wear them.

A limited number of spectators can witness this dazzling scene, at 25 cents each. Reserved seats (on the stage), 50 cents.—the latter to be procured at _____, where a plan can be seen after Saturday, Dec. 1st.

Ch'town, Nov. 26—m w a this w t 1w

For Sleigh Builders.

ALL YOU WANT TO BUY:—

Steel, Iron, Bolts,

Screws, Paint, Runners,

Shafts, Trimmings, &c

—AT—

LOWEST PRICES!

—AT—

BEER & SONS.

Oct. 25, 1877.

"St. John Fire Waltzes."

JUST OUT,

COMPOSED BY

MAX. STERNE,

PROFESSOR OF MUSIC, SACKVILLE ACADEMY.

The above Waltzes are really good. Get a copy. For sale at

FLETCHER'S MUSIC STORE,

Queen Street.

Nov. 22, 1877.

THE FIRST NUMBER

—OF THE—

WEEKLY EDITION

—OF—

THE EXAMINER

WILL BE ISSUED ON

FRIDAY EVENING NEXT!

Town Subscribers will receive their papers through the

POST OFFICE.

Ch'town, Nov. 26—

Wants, etc., etc.

Advertisements under this heading, in space not exceeding half an inch, will be inserted for TEN CENTS per day.

WANTED—A First-class CARRIAGE-MAKER, to whom good wages and steady employment will be given. Apply immediately to P. H. TRAINOR, Kent Street, opposite the Rocklin House, Ch'town. Nov. 23—

WANTED—By a young lady, a situation in a store, who thoroughly understands millinery, having paid particular attention to it. City preferred, but would accept a situation in the country. Address "A. G.," Charlottetown Post Office. [Nov 27—

FOR SALE—A few second-hand Kerosene Oil Lamps, cheap, at EXAMINER OFFICE. Nov. 27—

TO LET—The "North Star" Restaurant. This house is too well known to need any further description. Possession given immediately. For terms, &c., apply to MRS. E. COOMBS. [Nov. 27—4f

LOST, on SATURDAY last, a pair of KID MITTS. The finder will oblige by leaving them at the Examiner office. Nov. 26, 1877.

LOST—On Kent Street, between Great George and Prince Streets, a Sable MUFF. A reward will be given to the person returning it to DR. JOHNSON.

WANTED—A Smart Boy, 15 or 16 years of age, to learn the Printing Business. apply immediately. Nov. 1, 77.