

The barbaric and inhospitable Chinese Government, so far from the British in Whampoa entertaining any apprehension of their personal security, as has been alleged in Parliament, and in other high quarters, I distinctly and most confidently declare, that no such idea could have entered the head of any individual but the veriest poltroon. The favourite amusement of the incarcerated (for we were allowed to enjoy as much fun of any description as we chose) consisted in playing quoits on a beautiful green knoll on the banks of the river Tigris, which was generally wound up by a rather riotous game of leap-frog. An excursion to the English burying-ground, a little way up the river, was also permitted, and frequently undertaken. So much for the treatment of myself and other foreigners by the heads of the Celestial Empire."

INGENIOUS SMUGGLING.—A device was planned by a Jew, nicknamed Buffy, who was, and possibly is still, a very active agent in illicit transactions. Some hundreds of tubs were prepared at Boulogne, their shape and colour being altered and disguised by a coating of Paris plaster, studded here and there with gravel, shells, or sea-weed, so that they resembled lumps of chalk, such as are found under cliffs upon the coast of Kent. A cargo of spirits, in tubs of this description, was carried across to Dover during the night, and dropped upon the sands above low-water mark, so as to be dry when the tide receded. The boat then put off to sea and disappeared; and soon after day-break one of the smugglers, attired in a carter's gaberdine, with a long whip upon his shoulder, drove carelessly past the blockade sentinel, proceeded down across the sands, and leisurely loaded his cart with what seemed lumps of chalk, intended for burning into lime; he then laid a few pieces of real chalk over the top, drove again past the sentinel into the fields, where the cart was unloaded in a twinkling, and the operation repeated, till every cask had been conveyed to a place of safety. As no boat appeared in this affair, and but one person attended the cart, there was nothing in the least likely to attract attention, and to excite the suspicion of the sentinel. The scheme accordingly succeeded so well that it might have escaped detection altogether had not the secret been discovered to one of the officers of the Coast Blockade Service.—*United Service Gazette.*

FRENCH REPARATION.—Some of our readers will probably remember that, in April 1839, the French brig Griffin fired into her Majesty's steam ship Medea, on the West India station, wounding one of the seamen on board, a native of this town, named Matthew Harper. The French Government agreed to make reparation to the sufferer by granting him a pension; but for months Matthew lived in hope, or rather, perhaps, on the kindness of his friends, for the promised pension came not. On Thursday last, however, a mysterious looking letter arrived for the hardy tar, which, to his great delight contained a bank post Bill for £65, being payment of his pension from the day of his wound, fifteen months ago, and after the rate of £52 a-year.—*Whitehaven Paper.*

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.—Dr. Chalmers has published another pamphlet on the subject of Non-Intrusion, in which in answering the question, "What ought the Church and the people of Scotland to do now?" he submits four propositions:—*First, that as they have failed to obtain the ratification of the Veto Law, by the Legislature, it should be repealed.* His second proposition is, that the Assembly "instruct the Presbyteries to the Non-Intrusion principle on the ancient and memorable footing of the call." His third is that the people should be stirred up to agitate for a more popular system. And his fourth proposition relates to the disposal of the refractory ministers of Strathbogie, and such refractory Licentiate as Mr. Edwards. These he contends must be punished severely (that is, we presume, deposed), in vindication of the dignity and honour of the Church, unless they come on their knees to the Assembly.

GREAT EXPLOSION AT SPITHEAD AGAINST THE WRECK OF THE ROYAL GEORGE.—By far the most magnificent exhibition which has yet been witnessed of the enormous force of gunpowder when exploded under water took place on the 5th August at Spithead. The charge, which consisted of twenty-five barrels, or 2250lb., was placed at the depth of eleven fathoms and a half, or about seventy feet under the surface, nearly over the original position of the fore-hatchway of the old ship. When Colonel Pasley's preparative trumpet sounded, all eyes were turned to the launch in which Lieutenant Symonds stood with the ends of the connecting wires of the voltaic battery in his hands. Scarcely had the word been given to "fire!" and the trumpet sounded, when the whole area was shaken as if by an earthquake, the surface became ruffled like the top of a glacier, and in the next instant, literally in less than two seconds, the water bulged up and rose to the height of about twenty feet, after which a sort of second burst or bulge occurred, which projected the sea in huge masses high into the air. Such was the violence of this effort, that the spray was thrown completely over all the adjacent vessels in a drenching shower, accompanied by gusts of wind radiating from the centre. Various estimates were formed as to the height of the column or columns of water. Some went as far as 100 feet, and some as low as 50. The commotion in the water, and the ocean of mud, dead fish, and other symptoms of violence which spread far and near, gave every promise that the operation will answer the purpose which Colonel Pasley has in view.

The Clergy of the diocese of St. David's have unanimously expressed their regret that a Bishop should have been appointed to that See who was ignorant of the Welsh language. The Archdeacon Davies has been made the vehicle of this complaint.—*Hereford Journal.*

Very many Dissenters have come into the Established Church through the ministry of the Rev. Mr. Close, of this town, and several of them are to be confirmed at the ensuing visit of the Bishop. There are 800 candidates in Cheltenham for confirmation.—*Cheltenham Paper.*

PRINCE LOUIS NAPOLEON.—The Chamber of Peers met on the 18th Aug. for the purpose of forming itself into a Court of Justice to try Prince Louis Bonaparte and his accomplices, who are 88 in number. After the Chancellor had read the Royal Ordinance constituting the House into a tribunal for the trial of the "atentat" of Boulogne, M. Frank Carre, the Attorney General, presented his requisitory against the accused, and the Court having appointed a commission of inquiry, adjourned *sine die.*

It was said that the trial would commence about the 15th October.

On Wednesday morning, says the *Temps*, in the quarters of the Palais Royal, the Tuileries, the quays, the Palais de Justice, and also in the faubourgs, crowds were running in all directions to read a large manuscript bill which was profusely posted on the walls. These bills, which are in the form of a proclamation, contained an appeal to arms for the liberation of Prince Louis Napoleon. The walls were so covered with them that the police agents had abundant occupation in removing them.

THE COLONIAL HERALD.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1840.

The Steamer Cape Breton arrived last night at half-past eight.

The Mail for England, by the steam-ship *Britannia*, will be closed at Halifax, on Saturday, the 3d of October, at 12 o'clock.

HALIFAX, Sept. 22.—By the removal of Sir Colin Campbell, the command of the Forces devolves upon Sir John Harvey. In consequence of which the Head Quarters will be removed to Fredericton.

Lord Falkland's salary, as Governor of Nova Scotia, we learn, is fixed at £5000, sterling, per annum, to be paid out of the Casual and Territorial Revenue of the Province. His Lordship will not assume the Government before the first of next month.

MORE STEAM.—We have much pleasure in observing that a Joint Stock Company has been formed by the enterprising merchants and people of St. John's, N. F., for the establishment of Steam communication between that Island and this place, touching at Sydney and Arichat. The very great advantages of this undertaking must be obvious to every person connected with the trade of this town and eastern parts of the Province, and we trust capitalists will come forward with spirit in aid of its accomplishment.—The shares are fast filling up at St. John's, and no doubt those allotted to Great Britain will be speedily taken by persons interested in the trade of Newfoundland.—*Halifax Journal.*

MONTREAL, Sept. 10.—Contrary to expectation, the Grand Jury returned a true Bill this day against Thos. M'Adam, for the wilful murder of Arthur Farquhar. This has given a new feature to the case, and will, most likely, prevent Mr. M'Adam from getting out on bail. If this should turn out to be the case, he will have a chance of having his trial before the next Criminal Term, in March, as the Grand Jury, in their Presentment to the Court, recommend the necessity of holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer, or the immediate discharge of a large number of prisoners who have been lying in gaol for long periods.

TORONTO, Sept. 7.—*Illness of Sir George Arthur.*—I regret to inform you that Sir George Arthur is seriously indisposed. Late on Saturday night he had an attack of paralysis; three physicians are in attendance, and to day the symptoms are more favourable. I think the attack must have been sudden and unexpected.

8th.—The Lieut. Governor is better. I understand he has attended to some official business to-day.—*Correspondent N. Y. Com. Adv.*

The Governor General was at Sandwich on the 1st inst. whence he crossed over to Detroit, and was introduced to Gov. Woodbridge.

The following extract from the Log Book of the *BRITANNIA*, on her last voyage from Liverpool to Halifax, with which we have been favoured, may prove interesting to many of our readers:—

Sailed from Liverpool 4th Sept. at 3, 15, p. m.

Date.	Lat.	Long.	Course.	Distance.
At Noon, Sept. 5			Abreast of Salter Islands,	174
6	51 15	12 24	Variour.	216
7	51 2	17 23	S 85 W	192
8	50 41	21 34	S 83 W	160
9	50 20	25 13	S 82 W	150
10	49 31	30 29	S 77 W	213
11	48 7	36 9	S 70 W	240
12	47 14	41 57	S 77 W	240
13	46 9	48 17	S 76 W	272
14	45 1	54 20	S 75 W	263
15	45 10	60 18	N 88 W	253

At 3, p. m. Canso Light N. 10 miles.—16th, at 6, a. m. arrived in Halifax.

SOCIETY FOR THE PROTECTION OF PROPERTY.

At a numerous and respectable Meeting held on Monday last, at the Court House, the Hon John Brecken in the Chair, the following Resolutions were unanimously adopted.

Moved by Edward Palmer, Esq.—Seconded by John Barrow, Esq.

1st. That this Meeting do form itself into a society for the mutual protection of property, and the prosecution of depredations committed against any of its members; and that any person paying the yearly sum of 4s. 6d., by way of entrance, shall become a member.

Moved by Francis Longworth, Esq.—Seconded by William Douse, Esq.

2nd. That the affairs of this society shall be conducted by a Committee of Thirteen of its Members, to be chosen annually, at a general meeting, 5 of whom shall form a Quorum. That a Treasurer shall likewise be appointed, who shall keep a minute book and accounts of the society, to be laid every year at the general meeting before its Members.

Moved by Capt. Swabey—Seconded by the Hon. G. Dalrymple—

3d. That the disbursements of this society be under the control of the existing Committee, who are hereby authorised to defray the expenses of all prosecutions by individual members out of the general fund, together with charges of necessary Advertisements, Handbills, &c., and to remunerate all parties whom they may deem it expedient to employ, either in the detection, prosecution or prevention of offences against property, as likewise to offer rewards for information.

Moved by W. Cundall, Esq.—Seconded by the Hon. G. Dalrymple—

4th. That the Treasurer shall pay all claims arising out of the foregoing rules, subject nevertheless to the direction of the Committee, for the time being; and that all claimants on the funds of this society, who may be dissatisfied with any decision of the Committee, shall be heard at the next ensuing general meeting.

Moved by the Hon. G. Dalrymple.—Seconded by Mr. C. Cross—

5th. That the amount of subscription for each current year after the first, shall be decided at the annual general meeting, and apportioned to the actual expenses incurred.

Moved by S. Nelson, Esq.—Seconded by Mr. A. Duncan—

6th. That this meeting do pledge itself to petition the Legislature, at the earliest moment, to pass an Act for the establishment of some sufficient means for the protection of property in Charlottetown, and, as well collectively as individually, to use all means to detect and punish offences against property, and on the occurrence of any depredation to give immediate information to the Treasurer and Committee.

7th. That the following persons be a Committee for the ensuing year.—Messrs. J. S. Dealey, Martin Doherty, Alexander Davidson, C. C. Davison, James D'Haszard, Daniel Hodgson, Robert Longworth, Kenneth McKenzie, Samuel Nelson, Capt. Swabey, T. B. Tremain, John Davis, jun., Thomas Dawson.

Moved by Wm. Stewart, Esq.—Seconded by F. Longworth, jun., Esq.

8th. That Henry Palmer, Esq., be requested to take on himself the office of Treasurer.

At the close of the meeting upwards of 100 persons immediately became members. Others wishing to join the Society, will apply to Henry Palmer, Esq.

On Wednesday last, the Hon. Capt. Stewart gave a splendid Ball and Supper, on board H. M. Brig *Ringdoe*, now lying in our harbour, to His Excellency Sir Charles and Lady Mary Fitz Roy, and the ladies and gentlemen of Charlottetown and vicinity. At 8 o'clock, the ship's boats were in attendance, to convey the numerous guests on board, and at a late hour the party left the ship, highly gratified, we understand, with the kindness and attention they received from the gallant Captain and the gentlemen of the *Ringdoe*.

The Ship Heroine, Walker, arrived here yesterday, in 37 days from Stornoway, with 281 more passengers from the Isle of Skye. The passengers appear to be in

good health, and seem highly pleased with the change in their condition. We have been particularly requested to state, on the part of the passengers, that they feel most grateful to Capt. Walker, for his unceasing attention to their comforts on the voyage.

Launches

At St. Peter's, on the 12th inst., from the shipyard of the Hon. Charles Worrell, the *Countess Westmorland*, a fine copper-fastened Brig of 201 Tons, new measurement, built for Mr. John Davis, jun., Charlottetown. The materials and workmanship of this Vessel are of a superior description, and reflect much credit on the builder.

At the same place, from the shipyard of Messrs. David M'Ewen and Son, on the 15th inst., a fine Brigantine of 171 Tons, called the *Amelia*, built for Mr. John Davis.

PORT OF CHARLOTTETOWN.

ENTERED:

Schooner Elizabeth, Sprague, Pictou; Goods.

Ocean Queen, Le Blanc, Boston; do.

Lady Clements, Pine, St. George's Bay, N. F.; Pickled Fish.

Christy Ann, Weeks, Bay Verte; 10,000 ft. Boards.

Brigantine George Henry Harrison, Horteny, Richibucto; Goods.

Ship Heroine, Walker, Stornoway; 281 Passengers.

CLEARED:

Brig Alice, Truscott, Miramichi; 40 tons Hardwood Timber, 8 cords Lathwood.

Schooner Christy Ann, Weeks, Bay Verte; ballast.

Roberts, Matthewson, Miramichi; do.

Mayflower, Weatherbe, do.; 350 bus. Potatoes, 50 do. Oats.

At Plymouth, 28th ult.—Mary, Wood, P. E. Island.

At Limerick, 5th ult.—Schooner Jane, M'Alpine, Prince Edward Island; Ann, White, do.

Sailed on Tuesday last, the Ship *Nith*, for Miramichi.

On Wednesday, the *Leviathan*, James, for Dublin.

On Thursday, the *Alice*, Truscott, for Miramichi.

Died.

At Broadstairs, on the 20th Aug. the Right Rev. Dr. Otter, Bishop of Chichester.

At Derry, on the 18th Aug. the Rev. Dr. M'Loughlin, Roman Catholic Archbishop of Derry.

THE EDUCATIONAL SOCIETY OF GLASGOW

having signified, through R. C. Macdonald, Esq. 30th Regiment, its readiness to select Eight or Ten properly qualified Teachers—to supply them with a complete outfit—to defray the expense of their passage out to the Colony, and to furnish them with a quantity of Books sufficient for a corresponding number of Schools—provided the Government and the Highland Society, upon their arrival here, undertake their suitable allocation, and ensure them adequate support—it is therefore requested, that the Inhabitants of such Settlements on the Island as are desirous of participating in the advantages held out in this proposal, will acquaint the undersigned, without delay, to what extent they are able to contribute their support, mentioning the yearly amount of salary, along with the term of years they can undertake to secure such maintenance to a Teacher.

JOHN McNEILL,
Secretary, Highland Society.
Charlottetown, Sept. 15th, 1840.

SCHOOLMASTER WANTED.

WANTED, for the Western School at Bedeque, a person properly qualified as a First Class Teacher. Apply to

JOHN CRAIG.
Bedeque, Sept. 15th, 1840.

CARD.

MR. JOHN LITTLE, Attorney at Law, having opened Office at Georgetown, in the premises of William B. Aitkin, Esq., will feel happy to render his professional services to such of the Inhabitants of King's County as may require the same.

Sept. 26th, 1840.

VALUABLE PROPERTY IN GEORGETOWN.

THE Subscriber is duly authorized to SELL, by PRIVATE CONTRACT, that valuable ESTATE in GEORGETOWN, known as the Property of John Adams Wood, formerly of the Island of Antigua, but late of London, Esquire, deceased, and now belonging to Margaret Gilbert Wood, his Widow, comprising Water Lots Nos. 17, 18, 19, 20 and 21, with the Warehouse and Premises situate thereon.

These Lots, from their very eligible situation for Mercantile Business, are too well known to require further description—and will be sold either together or separately, as may be agreed on.

A good title will be given.

JOHN LONGWORTH.
Charlottetown, 18th June, 1840.

NOTICE.—Mr. Sullivan's Agent, having considerable sums to pay for Land Tax, Surveying, Law Charges, and other Expenses, informs the Tenants, and all others, on Townships 9, 22, 16 and 61, who may be indebted to the Proprietor, that he must put all Debts into the hands of his Solicitor for Collection, unless paid without further delay.

J. L. LEWELLIN, Agent.
September, 1840.

Don't let that Ignis Fatuus, ESCHÉAT, again lead you astray, and cheat you of the principles of common honesty. You had better pay your Rents, than put each a Pound into the pocket of the Great Apostle of Escheat, who may yet assist in accelerating the ruin of many more of you.

FREEHOLD FARM FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for SALE his valuable Freehold Farm, consisting of 200 acres of excellent Land, situate on the North side of Elliot River, and four miles from Charlottetown. Forty acres are in a high state of cultivation, and 125 acres of Hardwood and Softwood; the remainder may be brought into a state of cultivation at a trifling expense. There is also on the Farm a Dwelling-House, Out-Houses, &c.

A small stock of the choicest breed of Cattle and Sheep, together with two breeding Mares, with foals, will also be disposed of.

The above property will be sold with or without the stock. For further particulars, apply to

JOHN HYDE.
Elliot River, Sept. 26th, 1840.

REMOVAL.

THE Subscribers respectfully beg leave to inform their friends and the public generally, both in Town and Country, of their removal to the house adjoining Mr. John Treman's, Watchmaker, Queen Square, where all orders in their line will be thankfully received and punctually attended to.

P. S.—They also beg to return their sincere thanks for the very liberal encouragement they have received since their commencement in business in this Town, and hope, from their knowledge and experience in business, to merit an extension of public patronage.

TUBNBULL & FOUND,
TAILORS.
Charlottetown, Sept. 16th, 1840.

RAN AWAY, on Friday morning last, from the employment of the Subscriber, an Indented Apprentice, named *John Clear*, of Bedeque. This is to give notice, that any person found harbouring or employing the said Apprentice, will be prosecuted according to Law.

MARK BUTCHER.
Charlottetown, Sept. 21st, 1840.

STOLEN from the Subscriber's premises, on Tuesday night last, an entire *COLT*, about a year and a half old; is of a red colour, with a large round white spot on his forehead—two hind fetlocks white, and a long tail. Whoever will bring the above to the subscriber, or will give such information as will lead to his recovery, will be handsomely rewarded.

JOHN CONNICK.
Princetown Road, Lot 19, Sept. 18th, 1840.

AUCTION.

FOR SALE, BY AUCTION, on Saturday, 3d October next, at 12 o'clock, at the residence of Mr. HURDIS

Pew, No. 14, North side of St. Paul's Church.

- Also,
- 1 Hair Sofa,
 - 1 pair Table Lamps,
 - 1 Book Case,
 - Books, 50 vols.
 - 1 Small Mahogany Table,
 - 1 Mahogany Sideboard—Slab.
 - 2 do. Dressing Tables,
 - 2 do. Wash-hand Stands,
 - 1 Painted do.
 - 2 Kitchen Tables,
 - 3 Chests Drawers,
 - 1 Toilet Table,
 - 1 Carpet,
 - 1 Set Drawingroom Curtains,
 - 1 Pier Glass,
 - 1 Four-post Bedstead and Curtains,
 - 1 Tent Bedstead and do.
 - 1 Looking Glass,
 - 3 Franklin Stoves—fan pattern.
 - 1 Do. do. for pipe or chimney,
 - 1 Extra Grate,
 - 1 Kitchen Range and Fender,
 - 3 Sets Fire Irons,
 - 1 Brass Coal Scuttle,
 - 1 Copper do.
 - 3 Iron do.
 - 1 Hall Lamp,
 - 1 Wooden Clock,
 - 4 Servants' Bedsteads,
 - 1 Box Churn,
 - 1 Sofa,
 - 1 Kitchen Cupboard,
 - 1 Small Dresser,
 - 12 Chaldrons Sydney Coals,
 - Glass, Crockery, Bottles, Dish Covers, Kettles, Pans, &c. &c.

1 Bay Gelding, (Merchant) 14 years old—by Capt. Absolute.

1 Poll Cow, 5 years old, (in calf to the Ayrshire Bull *Jupiter*.)

1 Heifer Calf from do., by *Jupiter*.

1 Island bred Cow, 5 years old,

2 Sets Harness, with tandem Reins, Traces and Terrets.

2 Saddles,- 1 Set Cart Harness,
- 1 Wood Sleigh,
- 1 Jaunting Sleigh,
- 1 Buffalo Skin,
- 1 Headstall and chain,
- 1 Stack Hay,
- 2 Tons do.—(housed.)
- 1 Wheat Stack,
- 1 Heap Stable Manure,
- A small quantity of Firewood,
- 1 Set Garden Tools,
- 2 Watering Pots,
- 1 Garden Roller,
- 1 Grindstone,
- 1 Stable Lantern, with weights and pullies.
- Cow Chains and Straps,
- Prongs, Bits, &c. &c.

And the occupation to the 1st May next, of Common Lot No. 21, with the fencing polls and gates belonging thereto.

SOLOMON DESBRISAY.
Charlottetown, 25th Sept. 1840.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

THE Cunard Atlantic Steamers having commenced plying between Liverpool, England, and Halifax, Nova Scotia, a new era is formed in the History of the North American Colonies. This expeditious mode of conveyance will, doubtless, bring to their shores a number of individuals in search of healthful and fertile locations; and the Advertiser, therefore, solicits such persons, having agricultural views, to visit Prince Edward Island, so justly styled by writers "The Granary of British North America." It is situated in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, and is only two days' travel by Coach and Steamboat from Halifax, N.S. This Colony, with respect to salubrity of climate, fertility of soil, and excellent waters, is second to few, if any, in the British Dominions. The capitalist who determines on emigrating, may here purchase wilderness lands from 15s. to 20s. per acre; or improved Farms, in different sections of the Island, at from £2 to £6 per acre, according to situation, and the value of the Buildings erected upon the property. The soil of this Island produces nearly all kinds of grain, hay and vegetables; and cattle, as well as agricultural implements, suitable to the Colony, can be obtained at moderate prices. There are twelve Agricultural Societies, established within the last few years, actively employed in introducing from different countries the most improved breeds of Live Stock, Agricultural Implements, &c. suitable for the farmer.

To the Emigrant, even though but a small capitalist, Prince Edward Island offers many advantages:—First, its general prosperity, which is sufficiently proved by the increase of its exports, and its steadily improving revenue. Second, a healthy climate. Third, a plentiful supply of good water throughout the whole Island. Fourth, the fertility of the soil, and its freedom from all taxes, burthensome to the Settler. Fifth, the convenience of settlement, whereby the ruinous expenses which are sometimes incurred, by having to travel hundreds of miles, after landing, to a place of location, are almost totally avoided. Sixth, a certain remuneration for the labours of the Agriculturist, by a sure market, and a fair price, for all the surplus produce of his farm. Seventh, the labourer readily meets with employment, and receives liberal wages. Eighth, to the British Emigrant it offers the enjoyment of the benefits to be derived from the laws, language, customs and manners of his native land; and he preserves in himself an identity of interest with that of the parent state. Ninth, Prince Edward Island is now only thirteen days' travel, by Cunard's line of Atlantic Steamers, from England; and, if a Colony affording regular opportunities of speedy intercourse with the mother country, and possessing the advantages before enumerated, be desirable, the Advertiser, who has spent twenty years in the Island, thinks he may safely venture to invite such individuals as have resolved, or shall determine to emigrate, to pay it a visit; and should they be induced to establish themselves and families here, in preference to a foreign state, they will have the satisfaction to know that their posterity will be scions of the British Empire.

Persons desirous of purchasing either Improved or Wilderness Lands, are respectfully solicited to apply (if by letter, post paid) to the Advertiser, at his Office, Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island.

WILLIAM DOUSE,
Land Agent.
August 26th, 1840.

WHEREAS the Firm of WILLIAM MACKAY and Company, doing business as Merchants at Georgetown and Souris in this Island, did, by Deed Pole, bearing date the 1st day of September instant, assign to WILLIAM M. ALLAN, of Halifax, Merchant, their principal Creditor, all their Debts and Books of Account, and did grant a Power of Attorney to collect and receive the same: AND WHEREAS the said William M. Allan did, by a Power of Substitution, bearing date the 12th day of September instant, substitute, depute and appoint the Subscriber as his Attorney, to act for him in the premises: NOW THEREFORE, by virtue of the power and authority in the Subscriber vested, he doth hereby give notice unto all persons who may be indebted to the said Firm, that unless their respective amounts be paid to him, (or to some person whom he may hereafter appoint,) or secured to his satisfaction, on or before the 31st day of December next, the same will be put in suit without discrimination.

CHARLES YOUNG,
Attorney of Assignee, and Solicitor.
Charlottetown, Sept. 14th, 1840.