

R.C.M.P. Activity In Enforcement Of Traffic Laws

Large Increase In Violation Of Traffic Regulations Shown By Police Records.

Evidence of increased violation of highway traffic regulations is shown in the following official statement furnished by the R.C.M.P. of prosecutions and convictions obtained by "L" Division

Section	Convictions	Dismissals	Withdrawals	Nature of Offence
3-1	19	0	0	Non registration of motor vehicle.
5-1	2	0	0	Carrying improper markers.
5-1	4	0	0	Operating vehicle without permit.
8-15	5	0	0	Permitting unlicensed driver to operate.
21A	0	0	1	Improper lighting equipment. Complaint unfounded.
22-6b	1	0	0	Not dimming lights.
23	1	0	0	Driving with defective brakes.
35-1	20	0	0	Speeding.
35-3	1	1	0	Speeding through village.
41-6	1	0	0	Not stopping for police siren.
51b	5	0	2	Improper brakes. Two withdrawn after investigation.
61b	2	0	0	Operating with defaced markers.
68-7	1	0	1	Failing to report accident. One withdrawn after investigation.
83-3	3	0	0	Operating whilst license cancelled.
85	0	0	1	Operating horse vehicle whilst intoxicated. Complainant declined to prosecute.
Summary	69	1	5	

During the course of the present season to date 24 operators permits have been cancelled.

In addition to the above the following prosecutions have been entered under the Criminal Code of Canada with respect to offences relating to the operation of motor vehicles:

Manlaughter—3. Grievous bodily harm—2. Non-stop after accident—2. Driving whilst intoxicated—10.

Included in the latter number were seven convictions, two withdrawals and one case still before the court.

In connection with the withdrawals alluded to in the above paragraph one prosecution was

under the Highway Traffic Act since the beginning of the present season. Convictions last year were 33 as against 69 reported for the current season.

withdrawn at the request of the prosecutor whilst the other charge was withdrawn after investigation showed that same would not warrant same.

A total of 136 days imprisonment was imposed upon the seven convicted persons, alluded to above.

In the enforcement of the Act a special patrol has been maintained daily from the Charlottetown detachment.

The above cases quoted above do not include any prosecutions or investigations undertaken by City or Town police forces of Prince Edward Island or any assistance rendered by members of this force to the respective City or Town police forces.

Conditions "Horrible" In San Sebastian

With development work being rushed to the famous 500 foot level at Kirkland Lake and with an ore zone of over 5000 feet in length, the Ed. Hargreaves Kirkland Gold Mines Ltd. is forging ahead with every indication of being the next great gold producer in the Eastern Kirkland Lake Camp.

Close Neighbor To Bldgood

Bldgood Kirkland, a close neighbor to Ed. Hargreaves and with geological reports on the same structure as this new comer has in the last few months entered production with the highest ore values yet discovered in this world famous gold camp.

Old time miners and prospectors have been anxiously buying the shares of Ed. Hargreaves according to reports from Kirkland Lake with the assumption that this new development will reach the success obtained by Bldgood in the last few months when the stock rose from a few cents to over \$2.00 per share.

New Plant Capable of Deep Mining

The present plant at the Ed. Hargreaves Kirkland property is capable of depth development to over 1000 feet and is said to be the heaviest ever installed at the same stage of development in the Kirkland Lane Camp. Present ore indications and geological structure. It is reported, point to large-scale production on this promising Junior Gold in Canada's richest Gold Field, at an early date.

revolution. But no information was given as to how long ago this was.

Concern was heightened during the day by the receipt of a dispatch from the summer embassy at San Sebastian, from which the Ambassador had been cut off by slashed telephone wires and barricaded roads, saying:

"The city is without government, conditions are horrible and there have been no communications in or out of the city for three days."

Diplomatic officials later advised Washington that all Americans in San Sebastian who so desired had been evacuated. No casualties were reported among those taken out of the port and a British destroyer, the battleship Oklahoma meanwhile was approaching Bilbao, a short distance west of San Sebastian on the Bay of Biscay.

The cruiser Quincy was nearing Gibraltar and was under orders to proceed to nearby Salago, whence a call for help came yesterday from the American consul.

The American expert liner Exeter sailed from Barcelona with about 100 Americans and as many more other foreigners.

BIRTHS

HENNESSEY—At the Charlottetown Hospital, July 20, 1936, to Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Hennessey, a daughter.

MCGUIGAN—At the Charlottetown Hospital, July 20, 1936, to Mr. and Mrs. Louis McGuigan, a daughter.

TRAINOR—At the Charlottetown Hospital, July 23, 1936, to Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Trainor, Emerald, a daughter.

SMITH—At the Charlottetown Hospital, July 23, 1936, to Mr. and Mrs. George Smith, a daughter.

DEATHS

CARTER—At the P. E. I. Hospital July 24, 1936, James Carter in his 78th year. Service at Trinity United Church Sunday, July 26 at 1:30, funeral leaving at 2 p. m.

MACLEOD—At Inverness, July 24, 1936, Annie MacLeod, widow of the late Donald P. MacLeod, aged 82 years. Funeral Sunday at 1 p. m. from the home of her son-in-law Edmund MacDugal.

DENNIS—At Clinton, July 24, 1936, Miss Doris Dennis, aged 28 years. Funeral Sunday from her late home at 2 p. m.

RANSAY—At Wellington, July 23, 1936 Obediah Ransay, aged 72 years. Funeral arrangements later.

FORD—On Friday, July 24, 1936, Laura M. Cudmore in her 27th year, beloved wife of Ray Ford. Funeral from her late residence at Winsloe on Sunday, July 26, service starting at 2:30. Interment, Winsloe North

Ed. Hargreaves Predicted As Next Producer

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Enjoyable Band Concert Given Last Evening

The first of the concerts in Queen Square gardens looked forward to with pleasure each year by a considerable number of citizens, was given by the Canadian Legion Band last evening. Under the able direction of bandmaster Thomas MacFarlane a number of excellent selections were rendered. Among the number which were especially pleasing was an overture "Orpheus" by Offenbach and the concluding number of the program, a march melody "Passing of the Regiments" by Winter, dedicated to the Canadian heroes of Vimy.

Several hundred people attended the concert last night and generously applauded each of the numbers.

The following was the program: March—St. Hubert, Mendelssohn. Waltz—Il Bacio, Arditi. Overture—Orpheus, Offenbach. Waltz—John Du Bal, Gillet. Fox Trot—There's Something About a Soldier.

March—St. Hubert—Passing of the Regiments, Winter. The National Anthem.

Too Late To Classify

WANTED TO BUY OR RENT. Call 1111. This is a good room.

The Central Guardian

This column is reserved for news of local interest but advertising of every nature may be inserted at a cost a word strictly payable in advance.

CONFEDERATION LIFE INSURANCE. L-6798-7-12-312

DON'T FORGET the Saturday candy specials at Jamieson's. L-3368

LONG CREEK BAPTIST CHURCH—On Sunday, July 26th, service at 11 a.m. will be conducted by Rev. A. Gibson. L-5364-7-25-11

WE WISH TO HIRE an old fashioned loom in good working order for two or three months, also a competent woman to operate same. Address P. O. Box 9, Charlottetown. L-5370

UNITED CHURCH OF CANADA. WINSLOE—Owing to the funeral of the late Mrs. Reigh Ford, the service at Princeton Road announced for 7:30 p.m. July 26 is changed to 7:30 p.m. July 27. The service of the Lord's Supper will be dispensed at the close of the service. Rev. Thos. Palethorpe, Minister. L-5367

FUNERAL AT ST. PETER'S BAY—The funeral of Mr. Donald S. MacDonald of St. Peter's Bay was held yesterday morning. Rev. Fr. McCormack of St. Andrew's conducted the service. The pall bearers were Messrs. James B. McDonald, Frank Anderson, Lloyd McEwen, Harold Douglas, Frank Kelly, Norman McDonald.

WORK BEGINS AT GOVT POND—The vanguard of a small army of laborers who are to be employed in a \$10,000 beautification project at Government Pond began work this week. Only a few men were employed during the past few days salvaging stone from the present retaining wall at the pond but a larger number will be given employment as soon as the preliminary work has been completed.

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH—Rev. Rose G. Eaton of Bridgewater, N.S. will be speaker at both services at the Central Christian Church Sunday. Rev. Mr. Eaton is well known in Charlottetown since he was pastor of the Baptist Church here some years ago. Music for the day will be included by Mr. Rupert McKeown at the morning service and an anthem by the choir at the evening. Visitors are especially welcome at the Central Christian Church services. L-5373

VIMY SERVICE BROADCAST—On Sunday morning beginning at 9:30 and continuing until 10:45 the memorial service at Vimy in France will be broadcast over C. F. C. X. through a national hookup. A very brief national hookup will be held at the cenotaph in Charlottetown commencing at 10:45 on Sunday morning. It is requested that the fire bell and church bells be tolled for five minutes commencing at 10:40. The service will consist of placing wreaths, sounding of the Last Post, the reading of the lines, "They shall grow not old as we that are left grow old," etc. by the branch Chaplain, Rev. Dr. Legate, and the sounding of Reveille.

MR. DE MARRY'S VISIT—Mr. Paul De Marry, a national hook-up, will be broadcast over C. F. C. X. through a national hookup. A very brief national hookup will be held at the cenotaph in Charlottetown commencing at 10:45 on Sunday morning. It is requested that the fire bell and church bells be tolled for five minutes commencing at 10:40. The service will consist of placing wreaths, sounding of the Last Post, the reading of the lines, "They shall grow not old as we that are left grow old," etc. by the branch Chaplain, Rev. Dr. Legate, and the sounding of Reveille.

Aude Awakening

From flimsy dreams of fancied security April 22, 1915, brought a rude awakening. Its early hours were marked by a sporadic bombardment scattered over a wide area; but gradually the gunfire increased and by noon shells were dropping into Ypres itself.

Houses collapsed, burying their occupants in the debris; fires broke out. Panic-stricken, the people ran into the streets. From the demolished structures issued the anguished shrieks of men, women and children. The Hotel de Ville, the ancient O'h Hall, the Cathedral—all were marks for the enemy gunners.

At 4 o'clock in the afternoon the cannonade deepened into drumfire on the trenches held by the Canadians, six miles beyond the town. Their defenses crumbled, burying hundreds of their defenders.

Five o'clock—The Germans shot up the German trenches and a strange cloud, a yellowish mist, drifted lazily across No Man's Land.

The cloud rolled towards the trenches, on the left of the Canadians, held by French Algerians, and behind it advanced massed lines of Germans. Their heads were encased in cloth helmets, with enormous glass eyepieces. Despite the intensity of the shelling, the Canadians received this attack with steady fire. But on their left, the situation was different.

The full effect of the poison cloud

PERSONALS

Miss Mildred Dawson, of Moncton, and Miss Bessie Dawson, of Charlottetown, are visiting their mother, Mrs. A. Scott Dawson in Pictou.

Mrs. Percy Gregory and children, of Charlottetown are visiting in Westville, N.S., guests of her aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. Francis Boyd.

Mrs. Elmer Harris and son, Blanche Harris, of Beverly Hills, Calif., arrived in Charlottetown last night en route to Fortune Bridge. They are staying at the Canadian National Hotel.

The Rev. F. H. Littlejohns and family, who have been spending their vacation in the province, have left for Petit Riviere, Nova Scotia.

Mr. and Mrs. Beverly W. Sherwood of Ottawa arrived in Charlottetown on Thursday evening. They are guests of Dr. and Mrs. J. Clark at the Experimental Station here.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Jackson and two sons of Jamaica Plain, Mass., are visiting their mother, Mrs. George Jackson Sr. and sister, Mrs. Brockley. This a Mrs. Jackson

Vimy Veterans Honor Comrades At Menin Gate

Canadians Visit Ypres To Remember Thousands Who Laid Down Their Lives In Historic Salient.

(By Capt. W.W. Murray, M.C.) (Canadian Press Staff Writer)

YPRES, Belgium, July 24 — Tomorrow a Canadian army will return to Ypres, to the old Salient which for years, couple of decades ago, was the stage on which were enacted their triumphs and their tragedies. On the outskirts of Ypres an arch has been reared where the "Blood-red road to Menin" makes its exit from the town. This is the Menin Gate, and on it are inscribed the names of 6,984 Canadians who died in the area, and who have no known grave.

The Canadians who will throng here tomorrow are, however, an army of peace. They have come from homes many thousands of miles away to stimulate memory of heroic deeds and brave comradeship, and to pay reverent homage to men whom they had known in their youth and whose graves are assembled in those "Gardens of the Dead" which dot the plains of Flanders.

The Canadian pilgrims are due to arrive today at LeHavre and from that port they will be conveyed by special trains to Lille. At that city they will undertake tours of cemeteries and memorials and battlefields, proceeding later tomorrow night to Arras and Albert. On Sunday the pilgrims will participate in the ceremonies attendant upon the unveiling by King Edward VIII of Canada's national Vimy Ridge.

Ypres is ready to take the Canadians to their heart, for the reputation of the Dominion and her soldiers of 20 years ago stands high in Flemish hearts. The older residents recall the accomplishments of the Canadians during the war. The stories are being handed down from generation to generation how the men from across the seas fought at St. Julien, at Poelcapelle and Gravenstafel Ridge in April, 1915. They tell of Canadian heroism at Hill 60, Senneval Wood, Mount Sorrel, at St. Eloi and Abraham Heights and Passchendaele, at Friezenberg Ridge and Gouberg Spur.

Many of the pilgrims who reach here tomorrow will have strange memories stirred within them. They will depose wreaths at the base of the "Brooding Soldier" Canada's memorial at St. Julien, and attempt to span the years that have elapsed since they were themselves part of the army which made Canada's name reverberate throughout the world.

For many reasons Canadians cherish Ypres and its intimate links with the sacrifices and achievements of Canadian youths. At Ypres the old originals of the 1st Canadian Division and their baptism of fire; the 2nd Division endured their first real test on St. Eloi Mound. At Mount Sorrel and Sanctuary Wood to the highway which runs from Ypres to Hooge, the 3rd Division withstood one of the most violent assaults of the war in June, 1916.

The notoriety of Ypres was made all the more above the clouds of the Salient from the neighborhood of Armentieres, early in April 1915. In those days Ypres was a bustling Flemish community. Its inhabitants had continued to pursue their ordinary avocations, despite the presence of the Germans on the surrounding ridges. War, after all, was the business of soldiers, not civilians.

descended on the Algerians. Choking and vomiting, they staggered out of their trenches, stumbling towards the Canadian line—the 13th (Montreal) Battalion—to the Yser Canal behind droves of French so soldiers, retching, blinded and dying. Confusion reigned.

The Montrealers swung back their flank, southward toward Kerselaers; but the enemy got around it, and the Canadians had to fight on three fronts. To the east, across Gravenstafel Ridge, the 15th (Toronto) Battalion bitterly engaged. When darkness fell, messge reports from the front confirmed that the Canadian position continued intact, but it was in grave peril.

Hastily the 7th (British Columbia) Battalion was rushed forward to Kerselaers, to hold the left flank of the 13th. The 10th (Alberta) Battalion was marched forward to Wietje, about two miles northwest of Ypres. Back at Vlamertinghe, a short distance south of Ypres, were the 1st (Western Ontario) the 2nd (Eastern Ontario), the 3rd (Toronto) and the 4th (Central Ontario) Battalions. The 2nd and 4th were hurried forward to Wietje; the 1st and the 4th were distributed towards Pilken Ridge, immediately north of the Yser Canal. Events moved rapidly. To relieve the situation on the open left flank it was decided to counter-attack through Kitchener's Wood, an area of bush about a mile west of St. Julien, which the enemy had penetrated. At midnight the 10th and 16th, supported by the 2nd, were launched into this operation. It was a wild, savage fight which, protracted through the hours of darkness, dwindled away. The survivors were eventually recalled to man a trench fringing the eastern edge of the wood.

The 7th, 13th and 15th Battalions, were still fighting at the apex of the triangle from Kerselaers northward, and east to Gravenstafel Ridge. The gap between them and the 10th and 16th was filled by elements of the 14th (Royal Montreal) the 3rd and the 2nd Battalions. But from the left flank of the 2nd another gap existed for a distance of about 300 yards before the line was picked up again on Pilken Ridge by the East Kent Regiment—the Buffs.

MAJOR BATTLE EXPECTED

BARCELONA, July 24—(G. P. Press)—Eight thousand more men streamed out of Barcelona tonight to join their comrades before Zaragoza, rebel stronghold in Aragon, where a major battle, probably the largest since the civil war began, was expected to begin momentarily.

Three well-armed and well-equipped columns left here tonight, following the 4,000 men who left for the Zaragoza front yesterday.

On Plaza De Castiluna and other city squares where recruiting was going on thousands gathered to see the militiamen and troops march off.

Six trains were requisitioned to transport the newly-recruited army to Zaragoza. A train loaded with light and heavy artillery was already enroute. Barcelona's air squadrons also left for the fighting zone.

A column of 2,000 men was being formed in the Zaragoza region, also destined for Zaragoza. The Italian cruiser Monte Cappel arrived last night to evacuate Italian citizens. It will be reinforced by the Italian liner Principessa Maria.

HEARING

(Continued from Page 1)

McMahon insisted he had been hounded by Sir John's office. The Home Office, he related, refused to permit him to publish a magazine after he was convicted of criminal libel in 1933.

The hearing in the dimly court-room was conducted in voices so hushed that spectators crowding forward at the rear had to cup their ears to hear in spite of the use of loudspeakers.

The subdued monotones of counsel were barely audible above the scratching pen of the aged chief clerk. Often the clerk's head would bob up.

"Not so fast," he would caution. "Much of the time McMahon stood on his clubfoot, eyes gleaming, his hands clenching the top of the dock."

Twelve witnesses testified, among them Constable Anthony Gordon, Dick, who smashed at the pistol hand of the prisoner as the King rode by.

Constable Ernest Daniel Mayne caused a stir when he testified, the roadway was running hard into the roadway for the King when I grappled with him. He had gone six or eight feet when I grabbed him. He then was about 10 yards from the King."

Attorney General Sir Donald Somervell, in charge of the prosecution, quoted the prisoner as telling the court he wanted to shoot myself in front of the King, but I lost my head."

John William Remes, an eyewitness at Constitution Hill said the first thing he heard was someone, "I think it was my wife, saying, 'An insult to the King.' I and saw the prisoner in the arms of a policeman. They turned him around I said: "You swine and struck him."

J.G. Schurman, Jr. Highly Commended By Women's Club

The following clipping will be of interest at the moment as Mr. Schurman is visiting relatives on P. E. I. Jacob Gould Schurman was for many years the United States Ambassador to Germany, and is a native of Bedouque.

WOMEN BACK SCHURMAN

A letter of commendation for his request that magistrates keep a careful watch on ball bondsmen has been sent to Chief Magistrate Jacob Gould Schurman by the Women's City Club of New York.

The club agrees that the chief magistrate's proposal should strike at a grip which racketeers have on the local lower courts.

The letter, which is signed by Mary Ballard Durves, president, says:

"The Women's City Club is, as you know, greatly interested in the magistrates' courts, and has recently presented to you a survey of these courts."

Smashing Victory For Govt. Troops

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Party Platforms

(Continued from Page 1)

All overdue advances to farmers for seed and feed in drought areas would be treated as uncollectable and the necessary adjustments made. The debt adjustment act would be continued.

Reduction of the membership of the legislature from 55 to not more than 40 with redistribution before the next election was promised.

Aid would be provided the fishing industry through reduction in license fees and other concessions. Increased facilities to provide farmers with service at reasonable rates from the provincial hydro service was contemplated.

C. C. F. Platform

Establishment of an economic council for Manitoba is proposed by the Co-operative Commonwealth Federation in its manifesto for the provincial election campaign.

The council would survey resources of the province and requirements of the citizens and advise the government in the development of the resources through public ownership, co-operative management and state regulation and control to meet the public need.

Public ownership of natural resources, public utilities and essential industries such as packing plants, flour mills, distribution of milk, etc., was promised. Mobilizing of the provincial credit for the benefit of the people and re-opening of the provincial savings bank were proposed. The platform also included abolition of the two per cent wage tax.

The platform proposed a government-assisted co-operative to supply farm machinery, gasoline and oil at cost to the farmer and a government-assisted co-operative to enable unemployed to meet their own requirements of food, clothing and housing.

Health insurance involving complete medical and surgical care, hospital accommodation and drugs on a non-contributory basis was promised for all farmers and workers receiving less than \$1,800 annually.

Social Credit League

Declaration of a basic dividend to guarantee food, clothing and shelter to all is promised in the manifesto of the Manitoba Social Credit League in the Manitoba elections July 27.

A dividend would be issued to minors to enable them to continue studies until prepared for the business world.

The league proposed setting up of a provincial credit account to ascertain the province's wealth in both capital (material) and vital assets (human productive capacity). All citizens would be registered to conserve the province's cultural heritage and prevent exploitation.

Economic reorganization of the government with consolidation of departments was proposed. Refunding of the provincial and municipal debts at lower interest rates without repudiation was promised.

The league also proposed establishment of a "just price and fair wages" to guarantee a reasonable return to producers and distributors.

PARTY LEADERS

Premier John Bracken

Hon. John Bracken, who long before the advent of a Liberal-Progressive government in Manitoba had played a prominent part in the agrarian life of the province as president of the Manitoba Agricultural College, has been premier of Manitoba since 1922.

Bachelor of scientific agriculture, professor of field husbandry and President of Saskatchewan and President of Manitoba Agricultural College before he was caught in the political currents, Mr. Bracken stepped out of his educational sphere straight into the driving seat of the government. He has been premier for 14 years.

Premier Bracken was head of the straight Progressive government from 1922 until 1932 and since that year has headed the combined Liberal-Progressive government. Sitting member for The Pas, he does not come up for re-election until Aug. 21 when deferred elections are held in The Pas and Rupert's Land.

Born June 22, 1883, at Ellsville, Leeds County, Ont., Mr. Bracken, a descendant from Scotch, Irish and English ancestry, was educated at the University of Toronto.

He was a member of the provincial committee on prevention and correction. In our opinion the letter sent by you to the Board of Magistrates requesting that careful watch be kept on ball bondsmen meets a fundamental problem of the court. We congratulate you upon the courage and vision that prompted this request to the members of the

RESULTS OF LAST ELECTION

June 16, 1935

Liberal-Progressive	38
Conservative	10
Co-operative Commonwealth	5
Independent	2
Vacant	3
Total	55

STANDING AT DISSOLUTION

June 12, 1935

Liberal-Progressive	36
Conservative	9
Co-operative Commonwealth	9
Federation	5
Independent	3
Vacant	3
Total	55

Vacancies: Gimli—Caused by death of E. S. Jonaason, (C-P), Winnipeg (two seats)—Chaired when sitting member, Ralph McKay, (L-P), was elected to the House of Commons, Oct. 14, 1935, and John T. Haig, (C), appointed

DANGER

(Continued from Page 1)

an attempt to rout them. Huesca, held by the revolution, was heavily bombed by loyal airplanes, the government stated.

In repulsing the thrust at Madrid loyal soldiers were aided by powerful artillery fire and drove the rebels down the slopes away from the capital, despite a heavy rain of shells from the revolution's artillery, the government asserted.

The retreating insurgents of the army of General Emilio Mola left behind large quantities of equipment and material. The report declared, after terrific fighting in mountain passes near Soria, Segovia and Avila.

Desertions from the Fascist ranks, it was declared, accompanied the smashing defeat administered by loyal troops composed of guards, and civilian militia.

Massed atop the rugged passes, the loyalists met and repulsed the advancing hordes of rebels attempting vainly to spread the anti-government rebellion to the capital itself.

Fatigued from their long march southward, the Fascist troops were hurled against the concentrated Leftist positions, only to be driven back with subsequent "considerable advances" by the pursuing defenders.

On two other fronts, additional columns of liberals moved on rebel strongholds.

Armed workers from Barcelona were reported in sight of Zaragoza after a steady advance from the northeastern coastal city. Squadrons of government planes aided the advance with bombardment.

Fascists who began a march toward Madrid from Jadrague were reported routed in the northern sector.

Across the southern frontier, fresh loyal militiamen were drawing a line of defence against a possible attack from the direction. The situation of the rebels was declared to have become increasingly difficult after the city of Cordoba fell.

Madrid itself was slowly returning to normal. Business increased and cafes re-opened to renewed patronage.

The secretary of the Interior said the entire province of Madrid was tranquil.

N. D. MacLean Undertaken

Undertaken by N. D. MacLean, Charlottetown and North West Star. Phone 1519.