

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1888.

VOL. 23.—NO. 143.

The Daily Examiner

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Advertising at most moderate rates.
Contracts may be made for monthly, quarterly, half-yearly or yearly advertisements on application.

ALMANAC FOR NOVEMBER, 1888.

MOON'S CHANGES.
New Moon, 3rd day, 7h. 49m. a. m., S. E.
First Quarter, 10th day, 0h., 3.3m., p. m., E.
(below horizon.)
Full Moon, 18th day, 11h., 3.4m., a. m., N.
(below horizon.)
Last Quarter, 26th day, 1h., 8.0m., p. m., W.

| DAY OF WEEK | Sun | Moon | High | Day's |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| M | rises | sets | rises | length |
| 1 Thursday | 6 47 | 4 41 | 3 22 | 8 55 |
| 2 Friday | 48 | 39 | 4 39 | 9 41 |
| 3 Saturday | 50 | 38 | 5 38 | 10 25 |
| 4 Sunday | 51 | 36 | 7 17 | 11 7 |
| 5 Monday | 53 | 35 | 8 57 | 11 51 |
| 6 Tuesday | 54 | 34 | 9 52 | 12 40 |
| 7 Wednesday | 56 | 33 | 10 59 | 0 35 |
| 8 Thursday | 57 | 31 | 11 56 | 1 23 |
| 9 Friday | 58 | 29 | 12 43 | 2 16 |
| 10 Saturday | 7 0 | 28 | 1 23 | 3 14 |
| 11 Sunday | 1 27 | 1 53 | 4 25 | 26 |
| 12 Monday | 3 26 | 2 20 | 5 43 | 23 |
| 13 Tuesday | 4 25 | 2 44 | 6 53 | 21 |
| 14 Wednesday | 6 24 | 3 7 | 7 50 | 18 |
| 15 Thursday | 7 22 | 3 29 | 8 34 | 15 |
| 16 Friday | 8 21 | 3 52 | 9 13 | 13 |
| 17 Saturday | 10 20 | 4 18 | 9 49 | 10 |
| 18 Sunday | 11 19 | 4 46 | 10 23 | 8 |
| 19 Monday | 13 19 | 5 18 | 10 55 | 6 |
| 20 Tuesday | 14 18 | 5 56 | 11 29 | 4 |
| 21 Wednesday | 16 17 | 6 43 | 12 5 | 1 |
| 22 Thursday | 17 16 | 7 32 | 0 41 | 59 |
| 23 Friday | 18 15 | 8 31 | 1 20 | 57 |
| 24 Saturday | 20 14 | 9 33 | 2 2 | 54 |
| 25 Sunday | 21 13 | 10 39 | 2 51 | 52 |
| 26 Monday | 23 13 | 11 48 | 3 49 | 50 |
| 27 Tuesday | 24 12 | 12 59 | 5 0 | 48 |
| 28 Wednesday | 25 11 | 0 58 | 6 19 | 47 |
| 29 Thursday | 26 11 | 2 11 | 7 28 | 45 |
| 30 Friday | 7 28 | 4 10 | 3 27 | 8 27 |

L. WHEAT. J. G. BRIDGE. S. L. BURR
WHEAT, BRIDGE & BURR,
Receivers and Commission Dealers

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Butter, Cheese, Poultry, Game, &c.

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Leave St. John for Boston, via Eastport and Portland, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7.25 a. m.

Fare from Charlottetown to Boston, \$6.50, 2nd class; \$9.50, 1st class.

For tickets and other information apply to

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May 7, 1888—wky

JAMES A. MORRISON. GEORGE MUSGRAVE

MORRISON & MUSGRAVE,

BROKERS

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

HALIFAX

Consignments of Island produce will receive prompt attention.

References: Thomas Fyfe, Esq., Cashier Bank of Nova Scotia, Halifax; George Macleod, Manager Bank of Nova Scotia Charlottetown.

WARREN & JONES,

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1 EAST CHEAP AND 9 & 14 MINDING LANE,
LONDON, ENGLAND.

Represented in Canada by MORRISON & MUSGRAVE, Halifax.

Oct 9, 1887

THIS PAPER may be found on

file at GEO. F. ROWELL & CO'S

Street, where advertising contracts may be made for it to

NEW YORK.

JAMES PATON & CO'S

POPULAR STORE.

NEW CLOTHING ROOMS.

STOCK JUST IN!

PEOPLE MUST HAVE CLOTHING, and want the Best Value for their Money.

DON'T BUY without first seeing our Flannel and Dress Shirts, Hats, Caps, Furs, Gloves, Ties, Collars

DON'T BUY without seeing our NEW SUITS, our New OVERCOATS.

A Great Bargain also in WARM UNDERCLOTHING.

Special Qualities in Scotch Lambswool UNDERWEAR!!!

JAMES PATON & CO.,
Ch'town, Oct. 18, 1888. MARKET SQUARE.

GREAT BOOM!

—[x]—

Away Ahead!

—[x]—

IT IS A FIRST-RATE PLACE TO BE, and as we undoubtedly possess the ability to keep ahead, we can afford to lend a helping hand to our numerous struggling competitors. As we have attained to the proud position we now enjoy as leaders in our art, through years of toil and hard work, we would say to our competitors, DON'T BE DISCOURAGED. Step by step, if you persevere, perchance may find you approaching our present standard. BUT REMEMBER! you will not find us there. Perfect n is our Standard, and nothing short of that will satisfy our ambition to present a faultless garment upon a faultless gentleman.

To supplement our own natural skill, we employ artists who acknowledge no superiors in the Dominion of Canada. Thus equipped with superior heads and unequalled hands, and Goods of the finest quality, we feel safe in saying that we are prepared to fill the bill every time.

McLEOD & MCKENZIE,

star Merchant Tailors.

Charlottetown, October 2, 1888.

JOHNSON'S

FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE.

Cures Diphtheria, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Pneumonia, Rheumatism, Bleeding at the Lungs, Hoarseness, Influenza, Hacking Cough, Whooping Cough, Catarrh, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Chronic Diarrhea, Kidney Troubles, and Spinal Diseases.

We will send free, postpaid, to all who send their names, an illustrated Pamphlet.

All who buy or order direct from us, and request it, shall receive a certificate that the money shall be refunded if not abundantly satisfied. Retail price, 25 cts.; 6 bottles, \$1.50. Express prepaid to any part of the United States or Canada. L. S. JOHNSON & CO., P. O. Box 2118, Boston, Mass.

THE MOST WONDERFUL FAMILY REMEDY EVER KNOWN.

ANODYNE

—[x]—

—[x]—

Still at the Front

FROM YEAR TO YEAR the Manufacturers, Merchants and Mechanics are striving to make and place before the consumers Goods that will please the eye and give satisfaction to the consumer. And to please Fickle Fashion, Styles and Patterns have to be changed, for MEN OF FASHION, as of old, are ever looking for something NEW. And we take great pleasure in informing the FASHIONABLE PUBLIC, and also those who love the GOOD OLD STYLES, that we have this season spared no pains to place on our counters

The Largest and Most Select Stock of Cloths to be found in any Merchant Tailoring House in Canada.

In TROWSERINGS, we have an immense stock—over 150 patterns; also, a large line of STRIPED SCOTCH SUITINGS, the newest things in the market. In WORSTED PLAIN AND FANCY OVERCOATINGS our Stock is complete. We guarantee our Cloths, for FIT, STYLE and WORKMANSHIP, superior to any made in this city, and at lower prices for the same quality. We respectfully solicit an inspection of our Stock.

ALWAYS ON HAND—A full line of GENTS' FURNISHINGS, BOYS' SUITS, TRUNKS, VALISES, FUR COATS, &c., &c.

JOHN MACLEOD & CO.,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
Rogers' Building, Upper Queen Street.

nov3—2aw & wky

Long-Standing

Blood Diseases are cured by the persevering use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

This medicine is an Alterative, and causes a radical change in the system. The process, in some cases, may not be quite so rapid as in others; but, with persistence, the result is certain. Read these testimonials:—

"For two years I suffered from a severe pain in my right side, and had other troubles caused by a torpid liver and dyspepsia. After giving several medicines a fair trial without a cure, I began to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I was greatly benefited by the first bottle, and after taking five bottles I was completely cured."—John W. Benson, 70 Lawrence st., Lowell, Mass.

Last May a large carbuncle broke out on my arm. The usual remedies had no effect and I was confined to my bed for eight weeks. A friend induced me to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Less than three bottles healed the sore. In all my experience with medicine, I never saw more

Wonderful Results.

Another marked effect of the use of this medicine was the strengthening of my sight."—Mrs. Carrie Adams, Holly Springs, Texas.

"I had a dry scaly humor for years, and suffered terribly; and, as my brother and sister were similarly afflicted, I presume the malady is hereditary. Last winter, Dr. Tyron, of Ferdinand, Fla., recommended me to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and continue it for a year. For five months I took it daily. I have not had a blemish upon my body for the last three months."—T. E. Wiley, 145 Chambers st., New York City.

"Last fall and winter I was troubled with a dull, heavy pain in my side. I did not notice it much at first, but it gradually grew worse until it became almost unbearable. During the latter part of this time, disorders of the stomach and liver increased my troubles. I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and, after faithfully continuing the use of this medicine for some months, the pain disappeared and I was completely cured."—Mrs. Augusta A. Furbush, Haverhill, Mass.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Price \$1; six bottles, \$5. Worth \$5 a bottle.

BOSTON STEAMERS.

SINGLE FARES

—BY—

'Carroll' & 'Worcester,'

\$4.00.

EXCURSION TICKETS,

—GOOD FOR—

BALANCE OF SEASON

\$6.00.

CARVELL BROS.,
AGENTS.

oct16—

Civil Service Entrance Examinations.

THESE EXAMINATIONS will commence on TUESDAY, the 13th day of November next, at 9 o'clock, a. m., and will be held at Halifax, N. S.; St. John, N. B.; Charlottetown, P. E. I.; Quebec, Montreal, Que.; Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, Port Arthur, Ont.; Winnipeg, Man.; Regina, N. W. T., and Victoria, B. C.

By order of the Board.

L. LESUEUR,
C. S. Commissioner and Secretary.

Ottawa, 15th October, 1888.

nov7—2aw

LAND AT AUCTION.

PASTURE LOTS Nos. 294 and 296, in Charlottetown Royalty, will be sold at Public Auction, at the Supreme Court Building in Charlottetown, on TUESDAY, the 27th day of November next, A. D. 1888, at the hour of TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON.

These Lots are sold subject to a long lease, with a five-year term of 217 1/2, equal to \$56.70, payable yearly to purchaser of these Lots.

This sale offers an opportunity for a good investment, as the property is likely to sell moderately. Sale positive.

Terms—Cash or approved security.

For further particulars apply at the office of Messrs. McLeod, Morson & McQuarrie, Barristers-at-Law, Charlottetown.

Dated this 5th day of November, A. D. 1888.

LOUISA MURPHY,
Administratrix cum. test. an. of the Estate of Cornelius Mabey, deceased.

nov5

THE BLEW RAPPER

—IS—

The Cheapest,

The Purest

Baking Powder

SOLD ABOVE GROUND.

TRY IT and be CONVINCED.

sept27

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

Facts About the Stroppe Tragedy, Continued.

SIR,—“Vidette,” it seems, is still bent upon screening, if possible, his political supporter who figured so conspicuously in the Stroppe tragedy, and in the last Patriot after prowling round Red Point and letting a characteristic howl out of him over something your correspondent “Fairplay” has said, returns to the attack upon the coroner who conducted the Stroppe inquests. He has, it is true, nothing new to say in the matter, and simply repeats the charges he made in his former letter, viz., that it was wrong to impanel a Conservative jury to try a political opponent, and that it was wrong also not to have had a post mortem on the body at the first inquest. I answered these charges to the satisfaction of all reasonable minds in my former letter. I may here add, however, for his edification that there was no political opponent on his trial. How could the coroner know on the morning of the inquest who was to blame for Stroppe's tragic death? It was not known then, as it was proven afterwards in court by two respectable witnesses, that it was J. R. McLean who fired the shot immediately, or a minute or two before the deceased disappeared over the cliff. But the jury, “Vidette” repeats was conservative, and hence the coroner was to blame. He must have a very low regard for the sacredness of a jurymen's oath if he thinks any one on that jury would allow himself for one moment to be swayed by political motives. Who ever heard of a jurymen in the Supreme Court being questioned as to his politics before entering the jury box? Still, according to “Vidette's” ideas of justice, no Conservative is competent to sit in judgment on a Grit, and vice versa. On the same principle, or rather want of principle, judges who are known to have political leanings would be incompetent to try cases in the Supreme Court. Fortunately for the country, judges and juries are not as easily moved by political considerations as the Patriot writer would have people believe.

I may add further that Conservatives were present on the morning of Stroppe's death, but not for the sake of the fees, as “Vidette” meanly says. The jurymen, as “Vidette” says, to their credit be it said, generously donated their fees to the widow, who acknowledged the same with thanks, in a letter received by the Coroner a short time afterwards. I may say also in passing that the Coroner's pockets are not a “doubtful source” of payment. The “Coroner” pays his debts, both as a Coroner and as a private citizen, and his pockets, if the truth were known, are as flush as “Vidette's.” At least the “Coroner” has never considered it necessary to make over his property to another party for safe keeping.

But what right has this fault-finder of the Patriot to shove himself so persistently into this late date into the unfortunate Stroppe affair? Is he such a stickler for justice that he is acting solely in the interests of law and order; is he prompted by purely humane and philanthropic motives? I know not. What is his record on these lines as a public man? We all know that after poor Scott had been murdered by the notorious Louis Reil, this same “Vidette” voted to have Reil take a seat in Parliament. And not only this, but a short time after, when the present Minister of Inland Revenue, the Hon. Mr. Costigan, submitted a resolution in the House of Commons asking that his injured countryman, O'Donohue, a man who had committed no crime, should be included with Reil and LePine who were granted an amnesty by the McKenzie Government.

“Vidette” voted against O'Donohue and for the guilty half-breeds. Does this look as though he is a lover of justice and fair play? And, again, further on, with the full knowledge of the enormity of the rebel half-breed's crimes, he espoused the side of lawlessness and revenge by voting against the Government simply because they allowed the law to take its course in the case of Louis Reil. Does this, I ask again, look as if he were a lover of justice, ready to maintain at all times, regardless of party politics, the rights of our citizens and the laws of our country? Most emphatically, no!

And in the part he is now playing in the Stroppe affair how does he demean himself? In his former letter he was unfair enough to assert that Stroppe was one of those who attacked McLean and Doyle. The assertion is false. Neither Stroppe nor McNeill was among those who attacked these men. At the time the assault was made, Stroppe and his friend were up the street and knew nothing of the affair until chased, with others of the crew, towards the cliff. And now that the man is dead, why should “Vidette” seek to blacken his character? The man is dead, and this should suffice his traducer. On the fatal night he was guilty neither of assault nor of riotous conduct, and even if he were (which I positively deny) his friends might well be spared the pain of now having his character impugned.

I may here remark that many inquests have been held in this part of the country at which no post mortem was deemed necessary. It is only a few years since this community was shocked at the conduct of the acting coroner who investigated the cause of a not very sudden death at Chepstow. That coroner was not Dr. Muttart either. Does “Vidette” remember how this inquest was conducted? He found no fault at that time, although he knew very well that that proceeding was the most arbitrary and unjustifiable by facts that ever disgraced the privileges of a Coroner. Were he then so critical of inquests as he is now, he might, perhaps, with some justice, have something to say about a desire for “boodle,” which, whatever it means, appears to be a familiar word with him this year or two. The inquest I refer to

was held on the body of the late Alex. McKenzie, of East Point, who died at Chepstow. A certain physician (who was not Dr. Muttart in this case either) attended the dying man for several days. The man died, however, and was buried. A few days afterwards rumors were circulated that the man met his death by foul play. So much had been said concerning the affair that the Attorney-General then, as well as in the Stroppe case, deemed it necessary to make proper investigation in the interest of justice. The body of McKenzie, after a week's internment, was exhumed, and a post mortem held on it. What was the result? According to the medical testimony adduced at the inquest the man died from exposure and heart disease; yet in the face of all this, two innocent and respectable young men were arrested and sent to jail! But as soon as the Attorney-General had opportunity of reading the evidence taken at the inquest he very properly ordered their release. When all this humbug and injustice were being enacted, why did not “Vidette” raise his voice then? It is too late now for him to assert his love of justice and impartiality in matters of this kind. It makes all the difference in the world with him “whose ox is gored.”

TRUTH.

Souris, Nov. 16, 1888.

Football.

How—conquered was, And how the folk turned apes—because,—Link. Fid.

SIR,—For some time the second team of St. Dunstan's College (Excelsiors) composed mainly of 200 lb. individuals, has been giving notice to the Prince Edwards, or junior Abegweits, that they were desirous to meet the Prince Edwards on the battlefield. A match was arranged for the 10th inst; but as the muck and slop rendered the ground altogether unfit for human creatures to roll on, the Prince Edwards politely declined to play, which, of course, rendered their opponents more desirous for the game, and caused a column of print to appear in Wednesday's Patriot. The game was therefore postponed. On Thursday, however, the Excelsiors, headed by their 200 lb. heroes, who waddled like elephants to the front, to bear down on the ranks of the enemy, had the misfortune to face their opponents, and the result was that the second team of St. Dunstan's College placed their tails between their legs, skulked off the field, and made tracks for home, closely followed by their First Team; and I may safely say that no oysters were devoured and no toasts responded to within the classic walls of St. Dunstan's, Thursday evening.

Towards the end of the game there was one incident which struck me forcibly. Two umpires had been selected, Mr. McDonald, by the Prince Edwards, and Mr. Burke, by the Excelsiors. A discussion arose as to whether the Excelsiors had secured a touch-down, or the Prince Edwards a rouge, in which the captain of the St. Dunstan's First Team, a person of infinite verbosity—standing high in favor—with himself—and like Waterloo Sedley, “an old veteran,” took the most prominent part. In fact, the discussion was wholly confined to this First Team, for it is a indisputable fact that so sure as you catch a gander by the tail, the whole flock, geese, goslings, one and all, have a fellow-feeling on the occasion, and begin to cackle and hiss, like so many devils bowitched. The following was the ruling of the Excelsiors' umpire: “You say the Prince Edwards made a rouge, I have as much right to say our boys made a touch-down. You stick up for yours, I'll stick up for mine.” When a referee was chosen this decision was, of course, overruled.

I think a gentle reprimand by the heads of St. Dunstan's College would not be out of place, and if, instead of displaying their fanaticism in the papers, they would attend more to their Shakespeare and their Horace, the institution would be more esteemed and respected.

NOT A PRINCE EDWARD.

November 16, 1888.

A Doubtful Compliment.

SIR,—In an editorial on Gladstone, in the Weekly Patriot to hand, the writer thought proper to apply to the Grand Old Man, the lines from Dryden:

“A daring pilot in extremity,
Pleased with the danger when the waves
Went high,
He sought the storms,”

and observed that the poet referred to Lord Halifax. Now, every reader of Dryden ought to know that this statement is inaccurate. The lines occur in Dryden's political biblical allegory Absalom and Achitophel, and are not applied to Lord Halifax, but to the Earl of Shaftesbury, who is described under the name of Achitophel.

Intended as a graceful allusion and compliment to Gladstone, I think his admirers would not consider the quotation a happy one, and applied to him it can scarcely mean much.

Dryden was filled with no blind admiration for Shaftesbury, and to have a proper idea of the poet's estimate of this statesman you cannot ruthlessly tear a few lines from their context. As a Gladstonian, I should not desire to have the character that Dryden gives of Shaftesbury applied to Gladstone. The following is the passage in which are to be found the lines quoted by the Patriot:

“Of these the false Achitophel was first,
A name to succeeding ages curst;
For close designs and crooked counsels fit,
Sagacious, bold and turbulent wit—
Restless, unfix'd in principles and place,
In power unpleas'd impatient of disgrace.
A fiery soul, which, working out its way,
Fretted the pigmy body to decay,
And o'er-informed the tenement of clay.
A daring pilot in extremity,
Pleased with the danger when the waves
Went high,
He sought the storms, but for a calm unfit,
Would steer too high the sands to boast his
wit.”

Yours, &c.,
GERALDINE.

Nov. 16th, 1888.