

THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 7.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, JULY 14, 1880.

NO. 45

LONDON HOUSE.

JUST RECEIVED EX S. S. "HIBERNIAN,"

Black Cashmeres,
Black French Merinos,
Black Persian Cords,
White and Grey Cottons,
Velveteen Wincies,
New Stockinette Worsted Coatings.

EX S. S. "NESTORIAN,"

80 Packages Choice Teas,
3 Cases Linen and Cotton Thread.

G. DAVIES & CO.

Charlottetown, July 13, 1880.

Great Summer Resort

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

LORNE HOTEL.

THIS New and Commodious House, situate at North Shore, offers great attraction for Tourists who are wanting recreation, sea bathing, fishing, etc.

It is within easy access of the City, being only thirteen (13) miles by rail or carriage. Charges moderate. For further particulars apply to the Manager, or address

LORNE HOTEL COMPANY,
Charlottetown, P. E. I.

June 12, 1880.

PACIFIC

Mutual Insurance Co.,

NEW YORK

MARINE.

Assets 31st Dec., 1879, - \$744,149.00

Insurance effected on all CARGOS and FREIGHTS, covering \$15,000 and upwards on first-class risks.

Certificates issued payable in London at the office of Morton Rose & Co., Bankers, or in New York.

Risks taken, and rates fixed without being referred to Head Office.

FENTON T. NEWBERRY,
Agent for P. E. Island.

May 11, 1880.

Nut Coal.

Nut Coal.

FREE from Slate and Fire Clay. Also Round and Slack, at Albion Mines, Pictou, Nova Scotia. For orders apply to G. W. DEBLOIS, Sole Agent for P. E. Island.

Old Sydney Mines, Cape Breton.
Lingan Mines, Cape Breton.

ORDERS for Round Coal can be obtained on application to G. W. DEBLOIS, Sole Agent for P. E. Island. Office, No. 35 Water Street, Charlottetown. June 17, 1880—pat her sj kca ff

QUEEN INSURANCE COY OF ENGLAND.

CAPITAL, . . . TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise and Produce. Also, on Vessels on the stocks. Special rates for isolated residences. Losses settled promptly.

GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank),
Agent for Prince Edward Island
June, 1877—

C. McLennan,

COMMISSION MERCHANT, GENERAL AGENT,
AND AUCTIONEER.

46 QUEEN STREET,
Charlottetown, - - P. E. Island.

Consignments solicited. Prompt returns guaranteed. Auction Sales conducted in any part of the City or Country on reasonable terms. May 11, 1880—3m eod

A Fact Worth Knowing!

HOW OFTEN do we hear men say, "I never can get clothes to fit." The reason is obvious. Few Tailors understand how to cut the garment to afford the evolutions of the body. Come to the right place and get suited. Mothers, bring your boys; wives, send your husbands.

Cutting promptly executed. Good fits guaranteed.

Quailed by few, excelled by none.

Charges Moderate. Terms Cash.
THOMAS SMITH,
Upper St. George Street,
Ch'town, June 1, 1880.

Flour and Meal.

ORDERS will be received for the following Brands of Flour and Meal!—

"Burl" (Patent), "Alabaster," "Golden Age," "Extra Family," "Warcup's Superior," "White Rose," "Florence," "Seaver," "Pastry" and "Amber" and choice K. D. Corn Meal—"Golden Star."

Quotations for the above Brands of Flour and Meal f. o. b. at Mills, or delivered at Charlottetown or Summerside.

J. R. FOSTER,
Millers and Shippers' Agent,
May 6, 80. Moncton, N. B.

Emigrants, Attention.

THE BEST ROUTE FOR
Manitoba, Colorado, and
the West,

IS VIA THE
Intercolonial and Grand Trunk Railway.

QUICKER TIME, SHORTER DISTANCE
and FARES always LOWER from Prince
Edward Island than by any other route.

For Trimmers and all information about
Luggage, Freight, &c., apply to
F. W. HALES,
Agent Grand Trunk Railway
Charlottetown, April 17, 1880—3m wkly

THE NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE CO.,

Of Edinburgh and London,
ESTABLISHED IN 1809

Subscribed Capital, \$9,733,332.00

Paid up Capital, - 1,216,666.00

Transacts every description of Fire, Life
and Annuity Business on the most favorable
terms.

FIRE DEPARTMENT—Insurances may be effected at the lowest current rates.

Insurances upon Public and Private Buildings effected on especially favorable terms.

Losses settled with promptitude and liberality.

LIFE DEPARTMENT—New and Reduced premiums for Dominion of Canada.

G. W. DEBLOIS,
General Agent for P. E. Island.
Office, No. 35 Water Street, Charlottetown.
April 14, '80—pat her ne sj kca ff eod

SUBSCRIBE for the DAILY EXAMINER,
the Cheapest and most Newsy Paper
Published in the Provinces.

1880.

BRITISH WAREHOUSE, QUEEN SQUARE.

Spring and Summer Goods.

COMPLETE IN EVERY DEPARTMENT,
VALUE UNSURPASSED.

THE Subscribers have, by the S. S. "Prince Edward," "Ethel Blanche," and other later arrivals, completed the

LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF
British and Foreign Dry Goods
AND GROCERIES

Ever imported by them, which they will dispose of at the lowest Cash prices.

Please give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

W. & A. BROWN & CO.
June 1, 1880. [14

A. McNEILL, Auctioneer, Commission Merchant, and Manufacturers' Agent.

AUCTION ROOMS (the largest in the City.)
No. 11 Queen Street (largest Building.)

STORAGE facilities for any quantity and all kinds of Merchandise, Frost-proof Cellar (capacity 1,000 Barrels); Real Estate, Bankrupt Stock and Furniture Sales attended to at reduced rates.

Sales of Horses, Carriages, Farm Implements, Stock, &c., on Market Days, at Market House. Auction Sales of Household Furniture at Residences, and of General Merchandise at Stores, Warehouses, Wharves, &c., conducted on moderate terms. Consignments of Goods of every description will receive prompt attention. Apples a specialty.

Advances made and proceeds guaranteed when required. Business solicited, correspondence answered promptly and in confidence.

A. McNEILL, Auctioneer.

Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island.
N. B.—All kinds of P. E. Island products bought and shipped to order.

April 29, '80—3m

To Fisheries and Factories.

ONE TON AMERICAN MANILLA MARLIN (Tanned and White), Cotton Lines, Twines, Leads, Hooks, Bait Mills, Fishing Anchors, Cotton Ducks (light and heavy), 160 coils Manilla Rope, Hemp Rope, Wire Rope, Paints, Oils, Tar, Oakum, Ships Chandlery, Sail Making, Light Ducks for Boats' Sails.

D. SMALL.
Jan. 21, 1880—tf

WORTH'S LIVERY STABLES!

PRINCE STREET,
Between Kent and Grafton Streets,

Charlottetown, P. E. Island.
June 17, 1880—3m eod pd

At the Fish Market.

FRESH HALIBUT, Codfish and Mackerel; also, Smoked Alewives and Finnan Haddies.
Charlottetown, June 3, 1880.

OBITUARY.

On Friday last the spirit of Joseph Snake, warrior, chief, and sachem of the Micmac tribe, took its departure for the Happy Hunting Grounds. This venerable sachem, who had reached the venerable age of ninety-four, was born near what is now known as Murray Harbor, in the year 1878. In that early day settlers were few, and the Micmacs, if not powerful and numerous, were, at least, a power in the land not to be despised. Young Joseph grew up to manhood, trained in all the arts of the hunter, and the skins of many a mink, fox, otter, and bear—trophies of the chase, graced the poles of his lodge in the forest. In the days of the chief's youth, the Cambridges were the great mercantile firm of the colony. Away back in the first days of the century, when George the Third was king, Joseph Snake, warrior and chieftain as he was, worked in Cambridge's Mill at Murray Harbor. His recollections of his native Island extended as far back as eighty five years ago. For nearly all of that long period he had followed the chase, and reaped laurels and gains in the hunter's field. In 1859, during the Governorship of the late George Dundas, Esq., Joseph Snake was honored by the Queen's Commission, appointing him Head Chief of the Prince Edward Island Micmacs. This commission was printed and written on parchment, bearing the great seal of the Island, and the signature of the late Judge Pope, who was then Colonial Secretary. Chief Joseph always prized this document, and generally carried it, carefully wrapped up, about his person. He distinctly remembered the first white settlers of Richmond Bay and Lot Fourteen, and was always a welcome guest at their fireside. His health was vigorous until within the last year; but he had not followed the wild goose or brandis for some years previous to his demise. Belonging to a race of chieftains, he was, in his best days, of stately mien, though lately stooped and shrunken in stature. He was a typical man of a race that is fading away; and possessed many virtues that would honor the most civilized of men. To him the words of Shakespeare may well be applied,—

"Take him for all in all
We'll never shall look upon his like again."

It is not known who will succeed the late chief. Possibly, according to Micmac rule, the chieftainship may descend to some collateral branch of the Snake family; and if so, we trust that Joseph's mantle may fall on no unworthy shoulders.—S. Journal.

Maritime Cattle for England.

A shipment of nine car loads of cattle, of about 150 head, left this station last evening at 8.25 for the north, to take the steamer "Grecian" for England. The cattle as a whole were a fine lot. Two car loads were from Josiah Wood, Sackville, two car loads from John and Lewis Avar, of Shemogue, and one car load from E. Humphrey, Esq., Sackville. The Messrs. Coughlan, St. John, and Mr. Buckley, Amherst, were also interested in the shipment. The Coughlans brought some of their cattle to this station from Kentville last week, and also a few head from St. John. The Messrs. Avar brought a few head from Point du Chene, these perhaps being purchased on the Island; but the biggest part of the shipment was obtained in Westmoreland and Cumberland Counties, which with Albert, and to some extent two or three other Maritime counties, promise to become famous for cattle raising. The shipment which started from this station last evening was quite a creditable one for the Maritime Provinces. The Messrs. Avar took their own feed with them for the trip across, in the shape of two car loads of potatoes, which were purchased on Prince Edward Island on very favorable terms.—Moncton Times.

A BRILLIANT CELESTIAL VISITOR.—The St. John "Telegraph" says: "A meteorite of extraordinary brilliancy was seen at Sussex, Hampton, St. John and elsewhere in this Province about ten o'clock on Thursday evening, passing northward in the western sky. At first it appeared like a sky-rocket in ordinary fireworks, but it rapidly increased in brilliancy until the whole atmosphere seemed ablaze as if by lightning itself. The head of the meteorite seemed one fifth the size of the moon's ordinary disc; a blaze of light several degrees, (perhaps 8 or 10) in length followed it in its perceptibly retarded progress, through the upper regions of the earth's atmosphere; and from the extremity of this blazing tail were dropped of numerous incandescent lumps or spots which soon disappeared. At length, (probably after 20 to 20 seconds) the head or nucleus seemed to lose in part its brilliancy, assumed a reddish cast, and almost lost its speed before completely passing from view. This same meteor was, we learn, seen by persons on this Island.

A Good Thing.

German Syrup is the special prescription of Dr. A. Boschee, a celebrated German Physician, and is acknowledged to be one of the most fortunate discoveries in Medicine. It quickly cures Coughs, Colds and all lung troubles of the severest nature, removing, as it does, the cause of the affection and leaving the parts in a strong and healthy condition. It is not an experimental medicine, but has stood the test of years, giving satisfaction in every case, which its rapidly increasing sale every season confirms. Two million bottles sold annually. Beware of medicines of similar names, lately introduced. Boschee's German Syrup was introduced in the United States in 1868, and is now sold in every town and village in the civilized world. Three doses will relieve any ordinary cough. Price 75 cents. Sample bottle, 10 cents.

Famine hides his hideous head in Ireland at last. No new contributions are required from this side of the water.

WHAT IS IT?—The Montreal Witness of last evening says: "The Canada Cotton Company at Cornwall are also making important additions to their factory. A weaving shed, 240 feet long by 50 feet wide and one story high, is being built with a view to the reception of 200 additional looms. In aid of this, the Corporation of Cornwall, a short time since, granted the Company a bonus of \$10,000. The number of hands employed in the new weaving house will be over 100, and the whole will be in operation the latter part of August." It is the hum.

The Rector of Hawarden, Rev. Stephen Gladstone, at a recent Sunday School gathering in England, expressed the opinion that the Sunday school institution has been enormously overpraised, and does not merit one hundredth part of the credit bestowed upon it. He also came down heavily on Sunday school treats and prizes. The Gladstone's, one and all, seem to have definite opinions of their own. We dare say the Sunday school might have been made more useful than it has proved; but for all that it has done an immense deal of good.

VALUE OF MONCTON PROPERTY.—Says the Times:—"The valuation of the town is as follows:—Real estate, \$759,300; personal property, \$130,975; income, \$223,400. The total tax levied is \$12,970.00, or a rate slightly in excess of 1 per cent. The valuation figures for last year were as follows: Real Estate, \$784,750; personal property, \$204,250; income, \$246,900. The total tax levied last year was \$13,384.40, and if the assessment had been all collected, or as nearly as might reasonably be expected, there would be a handsome surplus at the credit of the town."

GRAIN TRADE.—The merchants of Buffalo are jubilant over the prominent increase in grain receipts at that point. The receipts at Buffalo by lake during June foot up 16,500,000 bushels, against 10,000,000 in June, 1879. From the opening of navigation the receipts were 38,700,000 bushels, against 14,600,000 for the same period of last year. The receipts by rail for the month amounted to 3,500,000 bushels, and from January 15,400,000 bushels. The shipments by canal from the opening of navigation show the movement to have been over 23,000,000 bushels, against 9,253,000 last year, and by rail this year nearly 12,000,000 bushels. The number of canal boats cleared from Buffalo this season is 3,418, against 1,795 last year.

France is at present suffering from a plague of wolves, no less than half a million of these animals being estimated to exist in France at the present moment. The damage inflicted by these creatures in their nocturnal raids from forest and mountain is estimated at about 50,000,000 francs annually. The large number of wolves is the more surprising as a regular body known as the "Louvetier," and numbering close upon 1,000 men is maintained specially to keep down wild beasts; but from the returns published it appears that only 355 wolves were killed in 1879. Two bills have been introduced on the subject, and it is proposed to place a high price on the head of each wolf—as high as 200 francs in the case of a known "maneer."

It is reported in our exchanges that there will be no contest in Selkirk, Manitoba, for the Dominion seat made vacant by the avoidance of Mr. D. A. Smith's election. The Ministerial nominee, Dr. Cowan is to be allowed to walk the course unopposed. This is rather significant!

The fullest and best ears of wheat hang lowest toward the ground. Life, as we call it, is nothing but the edge of the boundless ocean of existence. The population of Calais, Maine, increased only 217 in the ten years since the last census. The population of the town now stands at a fraction over 6,000. At a wedding among the nobility of Samoa the numerous relatives of the bride are presented with roast pigs, 300 having been given on a recent occasion. In return the relatives of the bride give mats fringed with feathers, some of them being valued at \$1,000 each. It is reported from Ottawa, on what authority we know not, that Mr. Sandford Fleming is to be Chief Engineer of the new railway company about to be formed for the construction and operation of the Canada Pacific Railway. The report is likely enough to be true. The intelligence from Montreal is of a generally gratifying character. Money is plentiful and cheap. There are signs of an active autumn trade. Bank losses are few and small. Bank stocks are again in demand. Failures in business are scarce and unimportant, and the general outlook is inspiring.

Sample bottle, 10 cents.

Latest News Notes.

The fullest and best ears of wheat hang lowest toward the ground.

Life, as we call it, is nothing but the edge of the boundless ocean of existence.

The population of Calais, Maine, increased only 217 in the ten years since the last census. The population of the town now stands at a fraction over 6,000.

At a wedding among the nobility of Samoa the numerous relatives of the bride are presented with roast pigs, 300 having been given on a recent occasion. In return the relatives of the bride give mats fringed with feathers, some of them being valued at \$1,000 each.

It is reported from Ottawa, on what authority we know not, that Mr. Sandford Fleming is to be Chief Engineer of the new railway company about to be formed for the construction and operation of the Canada Pacific Railway. The report is likely enough to be true.

The intelligence from Montreal is of a generally gratifying character. Money is plentiful and cheap. There are signs of an active autumn trade. Bank losses are few and small. Bank stocks are again in demand. Failures in business are scarce and unimportant, and the general outlook is inspiring.

WHAT IS IT?—The Montreal Witness of last evening says: "The Canada Cotton Company at Cornwall are also making important additions to their factory. A weaving shed, 240 feet long by 50 feet wide and one story high, is being built with a view to the reception of 200 additional looms. In aid of this, the Corporation of Cornwall, a short time since, granted the Company a bonus of \$10,000. The number of hands employed in the new weaving house will be over 100, and the whole will be in operation the latter part of August." It is the hum.

The Rector of Hawarden, Rev. Stephen Gladstone, at a recent Sunday School gathering in England, expressed the opinion that the Sunday school institution has been enormously overpraised, and does not merit one hundredth part of the credit bestowed upon it. He also came down heavily on Sunday school treats and prizes. The Gladstone's, one and all, seem to have definite opinions of their own. We dare say the Sunday school might have been made more useful than it has proved; but for all that it has done an immense deal of good.

VALUE OF MONCTON PROPERTY.—Says the Times:—"The valuation of the town is as follows:—Real estate, \$759,300; personal property, \$130,975; income, \$223,400. The total tax levied is \$12,970.00, or a rate slightly in excess of 1 per cent. The valuation figures for last year were as follows: Real Estate, \$784,750; personal property, \$204,250; income, \$246,900. The total tax levied last year was \$13,384.40, and if the assessment had been all collected, or as nearly as might reasonably be expected, there would be a handsome surplus at the credit of the town."

GRAIN TRADE.—The merchants of Buffalo are jubilant over the prominent increase in grain receipts at that point. The receipts at Buffalo by lake during June foot up 16,500,000 bushels, against 10,000,000 in June, 1879. From the opening of navigation the receipts were 38,700,000 bushels, against 14,600,000 for the same period of last year. The receipts by rail for the month amounted to 3,500,000 bushels, and from January 15,400,000 bushels. The shipments by canal from the opening of navigation show the movement to have been over 23,000,000 bushels, against 9,253,000 last year, and by rail this year nearly 12,000,000 bushels. The number of canal boats cleared from Buffalo this season is 3,418, against 1,795 last year.

France is at present suffering from a plague of wolves, no less than half a million of these animals being estimated to exist in France at the present moment. The damage inflicted by these creatures in their nocturnal raids from forest and mountain is estimated at about 50,000,000 francs annually. The large number of wolves is the more surprising as a regular body known as the "Louvetier," and numbering close upon 1,000 men is maintained specially to keep down wild beasts; but from the returns published it appears that only 355 wolves were killed in 1879. Two bills have been introduced on the subject, and it is proposed to place a high price on the head of each wolf—as high as 200 francs in the case of a known "maneer."

A Good Thing.

German Syrup is the special prescription of Dr. A. Boschee, a celebrated German Physician, and is acknowledged to be one of the most fortunate discoveries in Medicine. It quickly cures Coughs, Colds and all lung troubles of the severest nature, removing, as it does, the cause of the affection and leaving the parts in a strong and healthy condition. It is not an experimental medicine, but has stood the test of years, giving satisfaction in every case, which its rapidly increasing sale every season confirms. Two million bottles sold annually. Beware of medicines of similar names, lately introduced. Boschee's German Syrup was introduced in the United States in 1868, and is now sold in every town and village in the civilized world. Three doses will relieve any ordinary cough. Price 75 cents. Sample bottle, 10 cents.