

THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 6.

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NO. 49

THE DAILY EXAMINER

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KINGS' BUILDING, CORNER OF WATER
AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS,
Charlottetown, P. E. I.

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One Month,	0 50
One Week,	0 12

Advertising at most moderate rates.
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W. L. COTTON, | J. W. MITCHELL,
Manager. | Office Sup't

QUEEN INSURANCE COY.

OF ENGLAND.

CAPITAL, . . . TWO MILLIONS STERLING.
INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise and Produce. Also, on vessels on the stocks.
Special rates for isolated residences.
Losses settled promptly.

GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank),
Agent for Prince Edward Island
June, 1877—

J. R. FOSTER,

Moncton, N. B.,
REPRESENTING IN THE MARITIME PROVINCES
Ontario, Chicago and Western
Millers and Shippers,

FLOUR, MEAL, GRAIN, Seeds and Provisions.

The following are some of the leading brands of Flour for sale wholesale, in car-loads only, viz:—"Buds," "Alabaster," "White Head," "Warren's Superior," "Pastry," "Beaver Mills," "Red XXX," "Amber," &c., &c.
The above choice brands of flour, with many others, can be obtained at all the leading Flour Houses in the Maritime Provinces. Samples of all kinds of Seed Grains, and other goods will be sent to any address on application free of charge.
Ask for quotations by telegraph in "Cipher," which will be supplied to all correspondents on application.
Nov. 25, 1879—ly

MACLEAN & MARTIN, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

Newson's Building, Opp. Post Office,
Charlottetown, P. E. I.
A. A. McLEAN. D. C. MARTIN.
June 18, 1879.—ax2aw

No. 35 Water St., Charlottetown.

Prince Edward Island Branch —OF THE— NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE CO.

Subscribed Capital, \$9,733,332.00
Paid up Capital, 1,216,663.00

CHIEF OFFICES—Edinburgh, 64 Princess Street; London, 61 Threadneedle Street.
Nine-Tenths of the Profits of the Life Assurance Business are divided every Five Years. The Tables of Rates are moderate.
Fire Insurances effected on nearly every description of Property, at the LOWEST RATES of Premium, corresponding to the nature of the risk.
Losses settled with promptitude and liberality.

G. W. DEBLOIS,
General Agent.

Dec. 14.

COAL. COAL.

FOR SALE, at the Gas Works, and Koughan's Scales, a quantity of Round Lingan Coal, at \$3.50 per ton.
This Coal gives a great heat, and being almost free from sulphur, is suitable for either grates or cooking stoves.
Dec. 27, 1879—city papers 61

Valuable Property for Sale.

TO BE SOLD, all that part of Town Lot No. 74, in the first hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown; having a front of 67 feet, Dorchester Street, and running back 80 feet, together with the buildings thereon erected.
For further particulars apply to Messrs. Hodgson & MacLeod Charlottetown.
Sept. 18, 1879.

Daily Examiner!

1880.

Advertisers Cheap
FOR CASH!

JOB PRINTING

PROMPTLY, NEATLY, AND
CHEAPLY DONE.

Persons who have not yet settled last year's accounts, will please do so before commencing the business of the coming season.

Small Profits—Quick Returns,
IS OUR MOTTO.

Warned by the past, we intend to deal closer to the cash system than ever heretofore.

THE DAILY EXAMINER

Local News,
Foreign News,
Political News,
Social News,
Commercial News,
Shipping News,

laid before Subscribers, Purchasers,
and Borrowers,

EVERY EVENING,
PRICE 2 CENTS.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

Quarterly \$1.25
Half-Yearly 2.50

THE DAILY

HAS A
Largely Increased Circulation
AND IS AN EXCELLENT

ADVERTISING MEDIUM

THE WEEKLY EXAMINER

Made up from THE DAILY—a Compendium of all the News of the Week.
Subscription price only

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR,
IN ADVANCE.

Sent to any address in

Great Britain or North America.

Persons having relatives or friends abroad cannot do better than send them THE WEEKLY EXAMINER.

A few Advertisements only, received

J. W. MITCHELL, | W. L. COTTON,
Office Sup't. | Manager

FOR THE HOLIDAYS

—OR—
ANY OTHER TIME.

W. R. BOREHAM

Has on hand, and coming, per steamer *North ern Light*, a large stock of Men's, Women's and Children's Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Overshoes and Slippers, all styles and prices to suit all ages and pockets. Come along to
W. R. BOREHAM,
South Side Queen Square.
Dec. 23, 1879.—3mostaw

Notice to Importers.

THE Fast Sailing brigantine *Shanrock*, classed 7 years A1 at English Lloyds, William McPhee, commander, will sail from Glasgow, carrying freight direct to this Port, about the 15th MARCH, next, 1880.
For terms, freight, &c., apply to JAMES KEISO, Esq., 134, St. Vincent street, Glasgow, Scotland, or here to the owner.

OWEN CONNOLLY.

Ch'town, Dec. 27th, 1879.

Hewson, McDougall & Seaman

BEG leave to acknowledge thanks to the public generally for the very liberal patronage extended to them since commencing business, and intimate that they have on hand a large and select stock of material for the manufacture of Sleighs, etc. They have recently received photos of all the latest prize sleighs of the Ottawa Exhibition. Parties requiring new sleighs would do well to call at their factory and examine before ordering elsewhere.

They keep on hand and make to order Top Buggies, Phaetons, the famous Dexter Spring Wagons, and carriages of every description. Repairing of all kinds done with neatness and despatch, and warranted to give satisfaction to those who favor them with a call, at prices to suit the times.
N. B.—Parties having their Sleighs repaired and painted would do well to leave them at once in order to have them in time for the first snow.

Wagons stored at moderate charges. Parties having their wagons repaired and painted in the spring will have them stored free of charge for the winter.
Ch'town, Oct 27th, 1879.

ST. MARGARET'S HALL, HALIFAX, N. S.

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES.

VISITOR:

The Lord Bishop of Nova Scotia

PRINCIPAL:

The Rev. John Padfield.

THIS SCHOOL offers, at very moderate cost, the advantages of a comfortable and pleasant home together with a thorough and refined education.

The course of instruction is the same as that of the best Schools in England and is founded upon the University Examinations for Women. Eight young ladies from this School passed the Local Examination of the University of King's College in June last. This is the only School in Canada that has passed pupils at a University Examination.

The number of pupils is limited, rendering the school select, and while it possesses all the educational advantages of a large public school, each pupil is enabled to receive that individual care and oversight which is so important, and which cannot be given in a large establishment.

Mr. and Mrs. Padfield are assisted by a staff of four resident governesses, besides visiting masters.

Parisienne French is taught conversationally. There are two resident French Governesses.

References given to parents of pupils.
For further particulars address the Principal.
Sept. 19, 1878.

A SOUP KITCHEN

IN connection with the Women's Temperance Union and Benevolent Society, will be opened for the winter if sufficiently assisted by the charitable public. In order to distribute judiciously, only those will be relieved who identify themselves with the Society, which will enable the committee to look particularly into each case. In view of the present pressing demands for help, the friends of the poor are urgently requested to send donations immediately and as regularly as possible, which will be received by Mrs. W. KENNEDY, Confectionery. Clothing will likewise be very acceptable.
E. McRAE,
Secretary of the Women's Benevolent Society.
Dec. 13, 1879.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THAT FARM lately owned by John and Peter Meikle, situate on Lot 23, in Queen's County.
For further particulars apply at the office of Messrs. Hodgson & MacLeod, Charlottetown.
Jan. 9, 1880—eod

To Inventors and Mechanics

PATENTS and how to obtain them. Pamphlet of 60 pages free upon receipt of stamps or postage. Address
GILMORE, SMITH & CO.,
Solicitors of Patents, Washington, D.C.

SECOND EDITION

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

JANUARY 19, 1880

Prince of Wales College and Normal School.

The following pupil teachers passed the final examination for teachers' licenses on the 16th inst. We give the names in the order of merit:—

YOUNG WOMEN.	YOUNG MEN.
Eliza McNeill,	Daniel McDougall,
Emma Caldwell,	A. J. McDougall,
Amelia Robertson,	A. McLennan,
Annie McNevin,	George West,
Mary Foley,	Isaac Schurman,
Maggie Nicholson,	George Robertson,
Janet Lowther,	James Callaghan,
Sarah Hopgood,	Martin McInnis,
	John Morson,
	John McDougall,
	Donald C. McDonald,
	William Campbell.

There are over 100 applicants for third class licenses and admission to the Prince of Wales College and Normal School. The examination of these candidates will commence on the 20th inst.

Prince Bismarck.

SERIOUS CONDITION OF HEALTH—APPROACHING END OF THE GREAT CHANCELLOR'S LIFE—POSSIBLE RESULTS TO THE NATION.

Bulletins from Varzin give most discouraging accounts from Prince Bismarck. His sufferings from insomnia do not abate and the most powerful agents which the physicians dare to employ have thus far proved unavailing to produce refreshing and consecutive slumber. The Prince, still following his usual regime, eats a hearty dinner late in the day, forcing himself to do so, although his appetite is extremely deficient, and his stomach soon after his meals rejects the food which had been thus forced upon it. In conversation with his intimate friends, the Prince gives way frequently to expressions of profound despondency and dejection. He repeats the remarkable expressions to which he gave utterance some weeks ago respecting the pitiful outcome of all the work of Germany which has absorbed his time and strength for so many years. The critical position in which Germany now is, including the imminent prospects of war with Russia, the undoubted rejuvenation of France, and her ascension to the standing of a first-class civic and military power, which he did all in his power to prevent, and the complications in which the Empire is involved on all sides, of which the Prince talks almost continuously, burden his mind and unquestionably aggravate the disease under which he is suffering. The influence of his wife to whom he is devotedly attached, is sufficient on some occasions to soothe and quiet him temporarily, but when deprived of it, he at once reverts to his previous talk and burdensome anxiety. The Prince's mental disquietude has now developed into hypochondria, and the opinion is expressed, even among the personal and political associates and friends of the Chancellor, that his work is done, and nothing but an extraordinary constitution, already broken and impaired, stands between him and death, which is regarded as probable in the event of the near future.

The British Revenue.

The London papers publish the following statement of the revenue of the United Kingdom for the year ended Dec. 31st, 1879, as compared with the previous year:

	Year ended Dec. 31, 1879.	Year ended Dec. 31, 1878.
Customs	£19,750,000	£20,165,000
Excise	26,177,000	27,272,000
Stamps	11,019,000	10,652,000
Land-tax & House Duty	2,644,000	2,655,000
Property and Income Tax	9,435,000	6,030,000
Post Office	6,319,000	6,180,000
Telegraph Service	1,375,000	1,330,000
Crown Lands	399,000	410,000
Interest on advances	1,126,774	1,047,242
Miscellaneous	4,272,243	4,641,797
Totals	£32,637,017	£30,484,039

The Electric Light.

A NUMBER OF THE LAMPS SUDDENLY GO OUT.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—A reporter of the *Post* went to Menlo Park yesterday, and found matters in Edison's shops at a stand still. Many of the lamps which had been burning beautifully, suddenly went out, owing to the breaking of the Carbon horse shoes. Some lamps were found to last no more than an hour, and it was decided to suspend their further manufacture. Edison is now at work trying to find out the weak point which causes the trouble.

Vennor writes to the *Montreal Witness*: In February I shall not be surprised should the mercury, from a zero standpoint, take a 30 degree plunge in a most uncomfortable direction, but this I do not anticipate during the remainder of the present month.

Miscellaneous.

The "Bellerophon" was to leave Bermuda on Monday last, for England.

The Russian press and various continental special correspondents now pretty freely discuss the probabilities of the British occupation of Herat.

The *Journal of Siberia*, the only unofficial newspaper in all Siberia, has been suppressed indefinitely, the censor not having been informed of the names of its contributors.

The Princess Louise will be accompanied on her return to Canada by two newly appointed ladies in waiting. Lady Sophia MacNamara remains in England. The Princess will, it is said, pay another visit to England in the Autumn.

THE VICE-REGAL VISIT.—We understand that the Governor General and Princess Louise will be guests of His Honor Lieut. Governor Archibald during their stay in Halifax. Government House is being fitted up for their reception.—*His. Herald.*

Sam Ward, the magnificent, has just reached New York, after a flying visit to England. He was the guest of Lord Roseberry, and met Mr. Gladstone at a private dinner. No "Costonian Abroad" has ever been treated with more distinguished consideration.

Sad accounts are given of the condition of the population in the northern provinces of the former kingdom of Naples where fever is epidemic. Over large districts in a population of 62,000, the sick amounts to 33,000 persons. The deaths from July to December, 1879, numbered 3,423.

Unusual vigilance is exercised by the Canadian Customs officers to detect a number of parties now engaged in smuggling jewelry into this city from the United States. A trunk with a false bottom, under which 15 gallons of high wines were concealed, were seized at Rouse's Point on the 1st by the United States Customs. It was brought from Montreal.

Two English ladies have just obtained the diploma of a doctor at the Paris Faculty of Medicine, one, Mrs. Marshall, the sister-in-law of Mrs. Henderson Garrett, and the other, Mrs. Chaplin Ayerton, the author of a book on "Child Life in Japan," published in London last year. Mrs. Ayerton's thesis was on the average height and physical characteristics of the Japanese race.

Dr. Richardson says that the body should be in the best physical condition at forty years; for thirty after, the organization should become more perfect; at seventy, old age should begin and last for fifteen years, when from eighty-five to a hundred, there should be ripe old age, without disease, or pain, but marked by a general subsidence of the vital functions. Pity we can't all do as we should.

As an evidence of the swiftness of justice, the case of Henry Picott is an illustration. He was apprehended on the morning of the 12th, in Montreal, for theft, and an hour later he was committed for trial in the Police Court; 15 minutes afterwards he was arraigned in the Special Sessions Court, convicted and sentenced to 5 years in the penitentiary, and within four hours of his arrest was safely lodged in that institution, which is 10 miles from the city.

The repeal of the duty on Quinine in the United States has given the Protectionists a wholesome fright, and on Tuesday their fright was increased by a motion made in the House of Representatives to repeal the duty on salt, which is now eight cents per 100 lbs. The motion to make salt free resulted in a tie vote; but it is understood that another attack is to be made on this unjust tax, which is imposed for the benefit of a monopoly, and that it will probably be repealed.—*St. John Telegraph.*

A HUSBAND CONVICTED FOR KISSING HIS WIFE.—A singular case was heard at the county police court, Hereford, G. B., on Monday, before Sir Henry Scudmore Staunhope, chairman, and other magistrates, in which George Watkins, of Wellington, near Hereford, a man between 70 and 80 years of age, was summoned for assaulting Mary, his wife, who is somewhat younger, by kissing her. The case caused immense merriment during its hearing. Complainant said that, on Monday last, they were seated round the fire, when defendant was playing with the poker, and she told him to be quiet. He went on, and when she tried to get up to go away he threw his arms around her neck and held her down while he gave her a kiss. (Laughter.) In kissing her he scratched her face slightly. (Renewed laughter.) That was all the assault. Defendant was then asked to put questions to the wife, and he said he did not mean to scratch "his dear Mary, only to kiss her—(laughter)—as a proof of his affection." He did not use violent language. He then addressed his wife with appealing volubility. "Did I ever curse, you my dear Mary, or illtreat you in any other way, Mary dear? (Laughter.) Have I not offered to get wood and fetch everything for you? Whatever I got for my labor I gave you. I never went to a public house and don't smoke bacca. (Laughter.) I never cursed you; but you have cursed me in bed, Mary, and I have traces of it now." The Bench gave defendant the option of going to jail for fourteen days, or to the workhouse for that period, that he might receive medical treatment. He accepted the latter option.—*Cardiff Weekly Mail.*