THE DAILY EXAMINER.

DECEMBER 21, 1892.

The City Court.

THE Canada Gazette, received to day contains the appointment of R. R. Fitzgerald as Judge of the City Court of Charlottetown. We heartily congratulate Judge Fitzgerald. The chief objection lately raised has been removed. It only remains to have the local statute changed to the end that Judge Fitzgerald's position as Stipendiary Magistrate may be beyond dispute.

The Tea Duty.

IN the course of his message to Congress, President Harrison made the inaccurate statement that our only tea duty—10 per cent. on teas imported from the United States—was calculated to discriminate against the carrying trade of the Republic. In point of fact tea is brought through the United States into Canada as absolutely free of duty as it is brought across the ocean or across the Canadian prairies. The reasons why a duty is placed upon tea purchased in the States is clearly set forth by the Montreal Gazette, which says :

"The repeal of the ten per cent. discriminating duty on tea purchased in the United States would divert our freight, capital and enterprise from Canada to the United States and be in direct opposition to the spirit of the National Policy, which aims at making Canada the importer, carrier, handler and distributor of its own trade. If the Government abolished this ten per cent., and abandoned a regulation which has fostered Canadian enterprise, brought foreign firms to open offices, and offer a healthy competition in our midst, the result would simply be to close our establishments and transfer them to New York. Canadian tea merchants do not fear United States competition if on equal ground, but as the latter have sixty-five million people to supply and we have only about five million, our merchants are not likely to import direct to compete against people who whenever they overimport can rush in and slaughter their surplus stock here at any price. It is to safeguard legitimate and important native interests that the discriminating duty is maintained in the Canadian tariff, and while the Americans can, without reasonable complaint on our part, pursue the same policy, we may at least insist that the object and scope of the Canadian law shall not be misrepresented as President Harrison has done in his recent message."

Notes and Comments.

—The amount of inland revenue accrued during the month of November was $781,295, being an increase of $44,869 over the same month last year.

—THE EXAMINER is authorized to state that Mr. James Byrne will not be a candidate for the seat of the late John Kelly at the Board of the Water Commissioners.

—Judging by the representations made to THE EXAMINER, the Water Commissioners could not do a more popular act than supply from the hydrants near by a sufficient quantity of water to make the surface of Government Pond smooth for skating; and judging by the weather signs and probabilities, they could not do it at a better time than this afternoon. We are pleased to learn that the water has been turned on.

— Commenting upon the reported reconciliation of Father McGlynn and the Holy See, the New York Press says :—

"During his sojurn as a theological student at Rome Dr. McGlynn not only won marked distinction by his superior intellectual attainments, but won the hearts of his superiors by his amiable and noble traits of character. Subsequently as a pastor in this city he was the idol of his parishioners. Above all else he has been distinguished by his love for the poor, and it is said that the bulk of his priestly income was devoted to the relief of their distress. His learning and eloquence have given him a national reputation, and have won for him high regard at the Vatican. Through all the years of his suspension and excommunication a large part of his old congregation have stood by him at the risk of ecclesiastical censure and even punishment. He has had a large following among the clergy also, though their sympathies have not of course been so openly expressed. His restoration, if it should take place, will be regarded as a decided victory for the progressive Catholic element."

—In Outing for December we note a well-written and interesting article on "Athletics in Japan," by John A. MacPhail, whom our readers will remember as one of the talented sons of Mr. William MacPhail, of Falconwood. The Japanese are, as Mr. MacPhail remarks, "the only eastern people who ever indulge in outdoor athletic sports." These are, for the most part, "managed and the contestants are engaged by one person, who pays the athletes a salary of two yens a day, which is a little more than a dollar and a half, and defrays all expenses out of the gate money." Mr. MacPhail's description of one of the athletic entertainments is very interesting. By actual tests, the athletes were shown to be of "an average height of six feet, the tallest being three inches above the mark, as large of bone and as muscular as any other number of athletes who ever went into the field."

INVITATION.—All readers of this paper are invited to call in and see our display of choice fruit, nuts, candies and other nice things for Christmas. The finest we have ever imported. We have too large a variety to enumerate here, so give this general invitation to call and see. The variety will surprise you, the quality tempt you, and the price almost compel you to buy.—Geo. Carter & Co.

AGENCY OPENED.—We are pleased to see that the Sun Insurance Office of London (Fire) has opened an agency in the Province. The is probably the oldest purely fire office in the world, as it was founded in 1710. Its surplus over capital and all liabilities exceeds Seven Million Dollars. R. R. Fitzgerald, Esq., is the agent for the Province. Such companies offer undoubted security to insurers.

Back-Ache.

Back-ache is caused by sick kidneys. Dodd's Kidney Pills will remove it. By their peculiar action on the kidneys they impart activity and benefit the system by purifying the blood. You cannot have pure blood with disordered kidneys; health's existence depends upon their natural condition; they are the governors of the system; continual disorder results in kidney consumption, which is Bright's disease. 4

FOSTER ANSWERS FOSTER.

He of Canada to He of the United States.

The Minister of Finance.

Mistakes About Canada's Position on the Canal Question.

A representative of the Montreal Gazette had an interview with the Hon. G. E. Foster a few days ago, respecting the reply made by General Foster, United States' Secretary of State, to the remarks by the Minister of Finance on that portion of President Harrison's message referring to Canada. The Minister of Finance said : "The only exception the Secretary takes is to my statement as to a uniform and higher tariff Mr. Foster will, however, remember that, as a preliminary to the discussion of a possible wider plan of reciprocity than that based on natural products, and which Mr. Blaine had declined, the Canadian delegates raised the question of discrimination of the tariff and the degree of protection. To illustrate, wool, among other articles, was mentioned, upon which Canada had no duty, and the United States a very heavy one. On this point the answer was ready and emphatic that the United States had in reference to this and other classes of goods a large protection which, under any reciprocity arrangement giving Canada power to fix lower or no duties on articles included therein, would be rendered completed nugatory. Mr. Foster will not, I think, be prepared to say that either he or Mr. Blaine proposed to reduce their duties to allow Canada to admit, duty free, the raw materials out of which manufactures could be made for States' markets, or admit into Canada manufactures of like kinds as those produced in the United States at lower duties than those imposed on them by the United States."

SOMETHING HE FORGOT.

"The Secretary of State omits to meet my reference to the action of the United States in 1886 and '87 in seizing and confiscating Canadian vessels and imprisoning British subjects pursuing a lawful avocation on the high seas; but he says the United States does not claim that Behring Sea is a *mare clausum*, and does not seek to restrict the legitimate freedom of the ocean. Except in the assumption that the Behring Sea was a *mare clausum*, and under the jurisdiction of the United States, it is hard to see the reasonableness or friendly spirit, not to say legality, of their activity in seizing vessels therein. Mr. Foster declares that it was not a question of free fishing on the high seas. Canadian fishermen were not on United States territory, or, according to Secretary Foster, within United States jurisdiction; they were not interfering with United States citizens or property, nor were they violating any international law, regulations, or agreements as to methods or modes of fishing. Yet the United States authorities swept down upon them, seized them, imprisoned them. In less refined times this would have been denominated piracy; at no time should a people who had committed such acts and not atoned for them upbraid others for unfriendly and unreasonable adherence to their rights and privileges.

"The only defence urged in support of the action of the United States by the Secretary of State is that fur seals visit, breed on and again visit the Islands in the Behring Sea belonging to the United States, and that the species so bred is liable to extermination if seal fishing as at present be continued. This may be a good reason for international agreement, as to seasons and methods of killing; but is surely none for seizing and confiscating the vessels of a friendly country on the high seas before any international agreement is arrived at; nor will any reasonable man or tribunal even, I think, affirm that the right of possession of wild animals or birds the world over is vested in the nationality which owns their breeding places.

MORE CRAWLING SHOWN UP.

"Secretary Foster next shifts the scene and attempts to substantiate the President's assertion of Canada's unreasonableness, on the ground that an arrangement proposed by the United States in 1888 for close seasons was opposed by Canada. It cannot be doubted that if seal life is threatened by our killing, it is reasonable to endeavor to come to an agreement as to methods for preserving it. But that is poles asunder from the contention that if one interested party cannot agree to the proposal of another interested party, therefore the former is arbitrary and unreasonable. May not the proposition of the other interested party be unfair? Before Mr. Foster establishes his new point he must quote the proposal made by the United States and demonstrate its fairness. Canada is quite willing to have Mr. Foster undertake this. It would then be seen that the proposal of the United States has shut Canadian fishermen out from all participation in seal fishing in Behring Sea as efficiently as though a United States fleet of war ships were set cruising the year round south of the Aleutian Islands, and allowed no craft to sail northwards.

"Under all these circumstances it would have been as well for the Secretary of State to have spared his denunciation of the Canadian fishermen as 'poachers' pursuing and destroying sealers by 'barbarous and inhuman methods.' Poachers they certainly were not, inasmuch as they were taking free property on the high seas. As to the barbarous and inhuman methods of killing seals adopted by Canadian fishermen, the Secretary must be under a misapprehension. If the seals were able to express their sentiments, I presume they would be as willing to be shot from a gun in open water as to be driven for miles over land with all the accompaniments of cruelty and then brutally clubbed to death, as is the case of the Pribyloff Islands. There may be a question as to the wastefullness of the two methods, but not much, I suppose, to their barbarism and inhumanity.

AT SEA ON THE CANALS.

"Mr. Foster is equally afield in saying that in the canal matters the whole movement is as evidently designed to force the United States to yield to Canada the free navigation on the Hudson. If the United States had been as reasonable and friendly as Canada has shown herself, she would have by courtesy granted to Canadian vessels the same privileges in the Hudson as Canada has granted to the United States vessels in the Ottawa River. These privileges are enjoyed by the courtesy of Canada and not by the right of treaty. Not only did they do that, but it took nearly six years and no end of correspondence to get for Canadian vessels the right to navigate the length of the Champlain canal beyond the first port of entry, despite the clear meaning and purpose of the treaty.

"Passing to the statement by Mr. Foster that the free navigation of Lake Michigan for ten years was an equivalent for the perpetual free use of the St. Lawrence, which I do not think it was then thought to be, or can be, looked upon now as being an equivalent. I note a more important statement. Mr. Foster says : 'Every attempt to bring about a better understanding of the question of the canal tolls has been met by the demand of Canada that the free navigation of the Hudson river shall be thrown in by us as the price of Canada's fulfilment of the simple terms of the treaty of Washington.' The Secretary of State is, of course, at perfect liberty to advance hypotheses, but when he uses them as grounds for arguments and proof they must be reduced to the realm of fact.

CANADA'S ONLY SUGGESTION.

"Now, as far as I know, the only suggestion ever made on the part of Canada that the canal tolls difficulty should even in part be settled by the United States' throwing open the navigation of the Hudson River, was made informally at the conference in Washington in June last, and that suggestion simply had in view the withdrawal of Canada's refusal to grant rebate payments on grain transhipped at United States lake ports. This suggestion for a partial settlement having been declined, a proposal was made to settle the whole, not a part, of the questions arising in the canal controversy on a certain basis. In this basis no mention whatever was made of the Hudson River navigation. It was agreed by Mr. Blaine that if the Canadian Government would make this proposition we would have it considered. The proposition was made by the Canadian Government in a despatch enclosing a minute of council of June, and which appears in executive documents, No. 114, part 2 as submitted to the Senate by the President on July 1, 1892. This is the proposition :

'That as regards the navigation of the Welland and St. Lawrence canals, the imposition of tolls and the granting of rebates thereon, the same treatment will be accorded to citizens of the United States as is given to the subjects of Her Britannic Majesty without regard to ports of transhipment or exports, and that the United States will continue to deal in like manner with the subjects of Her Britannic Majesty in the use of the existing Sault Ste. Marie canal. That the provisions of article 30 of the treaty of Washington, granting carrying powers to vessels belonging to the subjects of Her Britannic Majesty, as described in that article, be restored.'

A PARTING REJOINDER.

"This proposition contains no trace of any suggestion of a 'demand of Canada that the free navigation of the Hudson be thrown in,' nor, outside of the informal suggestion for a partial adjustment as noted above, do I know of any attempt by Canada to make this a *sine qua non*, or even a consideration in the settlement of the canal tolls question. Does Secretary Foster know of any? The documents are in his possession and can be used to prove his wide and unqualified assertion

"The count against Canada for thwarting the copyright agreement made by Mr. Foster is of a kind with the allusion to the seal proposal of 1888. All depends upon the nature and reasonableness of the proposed agreement. Mr. Foster has not shown that in is fair and reasonable to Canada, and until he does this, Canada is not shown to be in fault."

Personal.

Hon. J. W. Richards is registered at the Hotel Davies.

Mr. Palmer, C. E., left the Island this morning. It is said that he has gone to Ottawa.

Senator Howlan and wife left this morning for Kingston, Ont., where they will likely remain until the Dominion Parliament opens.

A despatch from Ottawa states that Lieutenant-Governor Carvell has asked for three months' leave of absence on account of ill health.

Mr. F. R. Morrison, agent of the Bank of Nova Scotia, Newcastle and Chatham, N. B., who has been spending a few well-earned holidays in this city, left for Halifax this morning.

Mr. J. H. Haslam, of the C. P. R., will deliver his very interesting lecture on Western Canada, at the following times and place : Souris, Tuesday; 27th; St. Peter's, Wednesday, 28th, Cardigan, Thursday, 29th; Montague, Friday, 30th; Murray Harbor, Saturday, 31st; Orwell, Tuesday, January 3rd; Vernon River, Wednesday, 4th; Pownal, Thursday, 5th.

SKATING RINK.

TICKETS for Hillsborough Skating Rink are now for sale at C. B. Rankin's, Reddin Bros'. and A. S. Johnson's Drug Stores at the following rates :—

GENTLEMAN'S SEASON TICKET.....$1 00
LADY'S " " 2 50
CHILDREN'S " " 2 00

Children's Season Tickets admit on afternoons only.

Rink will be open for skating with Band on Monday and Thursday evenings and Saturday afternoons and without Band on Tuesday and Friday afternoons :

Single admission to skate and promenade at the usual rates.

D. C. McLEOD,
dec21—1w Secretary.

Special Notice.

RECEIVED per "Stanley" :—"Forbidden Fruit," Shaddocks, Ripley Pine Apples, Bananas, Chestnuts, Florida Oranges, Jamaica and Valencia Oranges at 25c per dozen Cape Cod Cranberries (very choice), Stewing Prunes Everything of best quality and lowest prices,

SANDERSON & CO.
dec21—dy 2i wy 1i pd

DR. T. C. ROBINS, Surgeon Dentist.

Office—Prince Street, opposite St. Paul's Church,

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.
dec21

TO LET—A house, with shop, warehouse and seven rooms, on the corner of Pleasant Street and St. Peter's Road. Apply to PETER STEWART, Glasgow House, Grafton Street.
nov12—tf

SELLING OUT.

—(x)—

GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE

—OF—

Ladies' Dress Goods, Dress Trimmings, Ladies' Mantles, Woolen Squares and Scarfs, Ladies' Fur Goods in Shoulder Capes, Collars, Muffs, Astrakan Jackets, Plushes, Velvets, Silks, Ribbons and Trimmings of all kinds.

—(x)—

THE WHOLE STOCK MUST GO.

—(x)—

We have definitely decided to close out this department. THE STOCK MUST GO. No reasonable offer refused. This is your time to buy cheap. Come one and all for REAL AND GENUINE BARGAINS.

J. B. MACDONALD, QUEEN ST.

Charlottetown, December 19, 1892—eod & wky

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER.

Railway Committee.

OTTAWA, Dec. 21.

The Railway Committee of the Privy Council is re-constituted as follows : Hon. Mr. Haggart, chairman, Sir John Thompson, Hon. Mr. Bowell, Hon. Mr. Foster, Sir Adolph Caron, Hon. Mr. Ouimet and Hon. Mr. Daly.

$10,000 Gone.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.

Chas. L. Cadman, clerk at wholesale stamp window of the post office, has disappeared leaving a shortage of $10,000.

No Opposition.

SHERBROOKE, Dec. 21.

No opposition to the President of the Council has yet materialized.

Blaine's Condition.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.

Mr. Blaine remains in about the same condition as yesterday.

Saint George Pharmacy.

Christmas Greeting!

I AM NOT offering my goods at cost or 50 per cent. off, for I cannot afford to do so and live, but I will sell my complete stock of FANCY GOODS, viz., Brush and Comb Sets, Manicure, Smokers' Travelling Companions, etc., at the lowest possible price.

Our line of PERFUMES is even better than last year's, and selling at a very low figure. A bottle of Perfume from 10 cents to $5 00.

HAIR, CLOTH, NAIL & TOOTH BRUSHES, a large variety.

We open our Christmas Stock of PERFUMES on Thursday morning. Do not buy until you see ours.

ST. GEORGE PHARMACY,
dec21 Morris Block, Victoria Row.

Auction of Pigs.

I WILL sell by Auction, on the Market Square, on FRIDAY, the 23rd day of December, inst., at 12 o'clock, noon :—

4 Pigs, seven weeks old (3 Sows and 1 Boar), pure-bred Yorkshire, from Government Stock Farm.

R. BEAIRSTO,
dec20 Auctioneer.

P. E. Island Salmon.

FAR SUPERIOR to British Columbia, in one pound and half pound Cans.

Apply to HORACE HASZARD.
dec20—1w

Sale of Magazines, Newspapers, &c

THE ANNUAL SALE of Magazines, Newspapers, etc., will be held in the Y. M. C. A. Reading Room on the evening of THURSDAY the 22nd inst., beginning at 8 o'clock.

The list includes :—The Illustrated London News, Queen, Graphic, Punch, Grip, Harper's Weekly, Scientific American Supplement, Nineteenth Century, Fortnightly, Contemporary, Eclectic, Popular Science Monthly, Chautauqua, Harper's, Century, Sunday at Home, Good Words, together with all leading Newspapers, London Mail, Truth, New York Herald, etc.

By order of Executive.

H. D. JOHNSON,
dec19 Hon. Secretary.

A. LEOFRED

(GRADUATE OF LAVAL AND McGILL,)

Mining Engineer

MAIN OFFICE.....QUEBEC
BRANCH " .....MONTREAL
dec19—dy 1 yr

FOUND—A few days ago, a bunch of keys The owner can obtain same by applying to MISS IRVING, Ravenwood, and paying for this advertisement. dec20

STORAGE for Carriages, Furniture, etc., in good dry Warerooms at moderate terms. Apply to P. H. TRAINOR, Kent Street.
dec.0—1w pd

XMAS PRESENTS.

—(x)—

Santa Claus Has Arrived

—WITH ALL HIS—

TOYS & XMAS GOODS

—AT THE—

BAZAAR STORE.

He is now ready for a start, but will wait two or three days to get the names of all the Boys and Girls who wish him to bring them TOYS, BOOKS, etc.

DON'T MAKE A MISTAKE, but come to the BAZAAR STORE, the real Headquarters for TOYS and FANCY GOODS.

CHRISTMAS CARDS in a thousand designs ; BOYS' AND GIRLS' OWN ANNUAL for $1 45 ; SLEIGHS and SLEDS, BABY SLEIGHS, etc.

BAZAAR STORE,

Charlottetown, Dec. 17, 1892. Next Door to Watson's Drug Store.

READ THIS AD.

It may help you when planning what to buy for Christmas Presents. The best comes first.

Thousands of Bibles in hundreds of different Bindings, in prices from 15 cents to $10 each.

For Ladies!

Music Holders, Purses, Card Cases, Companions, Photograph Holders, Albums, Japanese China and Terra Cotta Ware, Card Trays, Chatelaine Bags, Candle Sticks, etc., etc.

For Gents!

BRUSH HOLDERS, Tourists' Leather Desks, Purses, Companions, Photo Frames, Fountain Pens.

BOOKS OF ALL KINDS in all bindings.

For Boys!

POCKET KNIVES,
WRITING DESKS,
POCKET PENS & PENCILS,
BOOKS OF TRAVEL & ADVENTURE without number.

For Girls!

The GIRL'S OWN ANNUAL is always a nice Present, but we have an enormous stock of other Books by best authors for GOOD GIRLS.

Store open till till 9 o'clock every night. Bargains all the time.

HASZARD & MOORE, Victoria Row.
Ch'town, Dec. 8, 1892—eod tl jan 1

BEAUTIFUL XMAS PRESENTS

—AT—

Watson's Drug Store.

SOME FANCY GOODS AT COST to close out. Certainly the finest line of beautiful Perfumes ever imported. New designs and good value in all Toilet Articles. Pure English Confectionery for Santa Claus. Our Essences will be found purest and strongest. dec20

Xmas Presents, 1892.

A LITTLE MONEY

GOES A LONG WAY AT

WEEKS & CO'S.

TOWARDS BUYING YOUR

Xmas Presents

USEFUL PRESENTS

is what most people like to receive, and nothing can be more useful than the following :—

A Nice Pair of Gloves,

In BLACK KID,
In COLORED KID,
In LINED KID,
In WOOLEN,
In CASHMERE,

For Ladies or Gentlemen,

or perhaps something in the FUR line would be more acceptable :—

A Nice Muff,
A Nice Collar,
A Nice Tippet,
A Nice Fur Cap,
A Nice Pair of Fur Boas,

or perhaps something in the HANDKERCHIEF line would be more suitable :—

In Linen Hem Stitch, for Ladies and Gentlemen,
In Plain Linen,
In Silk Lisle,
In Hemstitch China Silk,
In Hemstitch Surah "
In Embroidered Silk China,
In Fancy Drawn China Silk,

or something in the large Flowered, Colored, White or Cream SILK HANDKERCHIEFS, of which we have a very large stock.

About 700 Different Patterns and Colors to choose from.

HALF PRICE!

We were fortunate in receiving about 18 dozen JAPANESE SILK SCALLOPED EMBROIDERED HANDKERCHIEFS at about half price, which we opened yesterday, and are offering at 16, 22, 24 and 35 cents. See there Christmas lines—worth double.

W. A. WEEKS & CO.

Black Cashmere,
Black Merinoes,
Black Goods of all kinds.

Our BLACK GOODS are all of the best quality. In Dye, Weight, Purity and Width we pay particular attention. We buy for cash and are selling them at very low prices.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS

For the Next 10 Days.

W. A. WEEKS & CO.,

NEXT TO BEER & COFF'S,
Wholesale and Retail
Charlottetown, Dec. 9, 1892.

COAL.

WINTER STOCK now on hand, consisting of Anthracite (Chestnut and Egg sizes), Old Mine Sydney Round, Victoria do, Acadia do, Intercolonial do, Albion do, Acadia Nut, Intercolonial do., Vale do.

Albion Slack, the best for Blacksmith use

R. McMILLAN.
dec10—1m eod

Best Five-Frame Brussels Carpet, 90 cents per yard, at the Scotch Store. New Black Goods, Ribbons and Silks received.

BRUSSELS CARPETS from 25 cents per yard at JAMES PATON & CO'S. SCOTCH STORE.