

The Daily Examiner.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

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NEW SERIES

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, FRIDAY, JULY 15, 1881.

VOL. 9.—NO. 45.

THE DAILY EXAMINER

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Advertising at most moderate rates.
Contracts may be made for monthly,
quarterly, half yearly or yearly advertise-
ments, on application.

Prince Edward Island RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 16.
Summer Arrangement.

To take effect on the 23rd May, 1881.

TRAINS GOING WEST.

| STATIONS. | EXPRESS. | MIXED. | MIXED. |
|------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Souris | Dp 6.30am | Dp 2.15pm | |
| Bear River | " 7.04 " | " 3.50 " | |
| St. Peter's | " 7.44 " | " 4.25 " | |
| Morell | " 8.08 " | " 4.55 " | |
| Mt. Stewart | Ar 8.40 | Ar 5.05 | |
| Georgetown | Dp 7.20am | Dp 3.10pm | |
| Cardigan | " 7.40 " | " 3.36 " | |
| Mt. Stewart | Ar 8.40 | Ar 5.00 | |
| Mt. Stewart | Dp 8.45am | Dp 5.30pm | |
| Bedford | " 9.14 " | " 6.07 " | |
| York | " 9.31 " | " 6.30 " | |
| Royalty Junction | " 9.45 " | " 6.45 " | |
| Ch'town | Ar 10.00 | Ar 7.10 | |
| Ch'town | Dp 6.30am | Dp 9.20am | Dp 4.35pm |
| Royalty Junction | " 6.45 " | " 9.32 " | " 4.56 " |
| N. Wiltsh's | " 7.23 " | " 10.45 " | " 5.47 " |
| Hunter R'r | " 7.35 " | " 11.00 " | " 6.03 " |
| Bradalba's | " 8.02 " | " 11.37 " | " 6.39 " |
| Co'ty Line | " 8.10 " | " 11.47 " | " 6.52 " |
| Kensington | " 8.39 " | " 12.25pm | " 7.28 " |
| Summ'side | Ar 9.05 | Dp 2.45 | Ar 8.00 |
| Wellington | Dp 9.25 | " 3.36 " | |
| Port Hill | " 10.25 " | " 4.25 " | |
| O'Leary | " 11.52 " | " 5.42 " | |
| Alberton | " 12.20pm | " 6.45 " | |
| Tignish | Ar 1.00 | Ar 7.35 | |

TRAINS GOING EAST.

| STATIONS. | EXPRESS. | MIXED. | MIXED. |
|------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Tignish | Dp 2.00pm | Dp 6.45am | |
| Alberton | " 2.40 " | Ar 7.40 " | |
| O'Leary | " 3.28 " | " 8.00 " | |
| Port Hill | " 4.25 " | " 9.05 " | |
| Wellington | " 4.58 " | " 10.35 " | |
| Summ'side | Ar 5.35 | Ar 11.15 | |
| Kensington | Dp 6.00 | Dp 1.05pm | Dp 6.30am |
| Co'ty Line | " 6.25 " | " 1.40 " | " 7.06 " |
| Bradalba's | " 6.52 " | " 2.17 " | " 7.49 " |
| Hunter R'r | " 6.58 " | " 2.57 " | " 8.02 " |
| N. Wiltsh's | " 7.29 " | " 3.05 " | " 8.42 " |
| Royalty Junction | " 8.15 " | " 4.15 " | " 8.53 " |
| Ch'town | Ar 8.30 | Ar 4.35 | Ar 10.15 |
| Ch'town | Dp 4.00pm | Dp 6.45am | |
| Royalty Junction | " 4.15 " | " 7.08 " | |
| York | " 4.26 " | " 7.25 " | |
| Bedford | " 4.43 " | " 7.47 " | |
| Mt. Stewart | Ar 5.10 | Ar 8.30 | |
| Mt. Stewart | Dp 5.25pm | Dp 8.55am | |
| Georgetown | " 6.25 " | " 9.16 " | |
| Cardigan | Ar 6.45 | " 10.45 " | |
| Mt. Stewart | Dp 5.20pm | Dp 8.50am | |
| Morell | " 5.52 " | " 9.32 " | |
| St. Peter's | " 6.15 " | " 10.06 " | |
| Bear River | " 6.55 " | " 11.00 " | |
| Souris | Ar 7.30 | Ar 11.50 | |

N. B.—The Express Train from Souris and Georgetown connects at Royalty Junction with the Mixed Train from Charlottetown to the West, in the morning, and the Mixed Train from the West connects at Royalty Junction with the Express Train from Charlottetown to Georgetown and Souris, in the afternoon.

L. B. ARCHIBALD,
Superintendent,
Railway Office, Ch'town, May 21, 1881.

**JOSEPH GILLOTT'S
STEEL PENS.**
BY ALL DEALERS THROUGHOUT THE
WORLD.

BENJ. F. GRAFTON, **STORY B. LADD**
HALBERT E. PAINE.
Late Commissioner of Patents.

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Attorneys-at-Law and Solicitors of American
and Foreign Patents.
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the Patent Office, and in the Supreme and
Circuit Courts of the United States. Pamph-
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Newest Hats and Bonnets of Every Description. Latest Novelties in Dress Goods, Prints Ribbons, Ties, Gloves and Hosiery. Large Display of Feathers and Flowers.

AN IMMENSE VARIETY OF CLOTH AND TWEEDS AT VERY LOW PRICES.

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS. ROOM PAPER.

NEW GOODS BY EVERY STEAMER.

PERKINS & STERNS.

Charlottetown, May 19, 1881.

FIRE! MARINE! LIFE!

HORACE HASZARD,
General Insurance Agent,

—REPRESENTING—

Commercial Union Fire Assurance Company, of London, Eng.,
CAPITAL, £2,500,000 STG.

Western Fire Assurance Company, of Toronto, Ont.,
CAPITAL, \$800,000.00.

British America Fire Assurance Company, of Toronto, Ont.,
CAPITAL, \$500,000.00.

Sun Mutual Life & Accident Insurance Company, of Montreal,
CAPITAL, \$500,000.00.

MARINE INSURANCE ALSO EFFECTED.

Risks taken on all descriptions of Property at LOWEST RATES.

Office—Corner of Queen and Lower Water Streets.

Charlottetown, April 4, 1881.—1f

SUMMER RESORT! SEASIDE HOTEL

RUSTICO BEACH, P. E. ISLAND.

THIS BEAUTIFULLY-SITUATED and well-known estab-
lishment will be open from JULY 1st till SEPT. 10th for
the accommodation of Guests and Visitors.

Rates—\$1.75 per day; \$10.00 per week; \$32.00 per month.

To reach the Hotel a Coach will leave Charlottetown every
Wednesday and Saturday evening, calling for Guests; returning
every Thursday and Monday morning, at 9 o'clock, a. m.

Also, arrangements have been made with Mr. Bagnall to
meet Trains from all points at Hunter River, for passengers to
Seaside—seven miles. Address,

JOHN NEWSON & CO.,

June 28, 1881.

FRANKLIN HOUSE.

A SUMMER HOTEL NOW OPEN. Built on high land,
it commands a splendid view of the city, and is one of the
healthiest sites on the Island. Connected with this House are
pleasant grounds, well wooded. If you want cool rooms and
quiet surroundings, patronize the FRANKLIN. The dust
nuisance will not trouble you when staying at the FRANKLIN.
Guests at the FRANKLIN have the exclusive use of the Bath
House on the private Beach near the FRANKLIN. Terms
very moderate.

N. B.—This is a Temperance House.

H. F. COOMBS,

PROPRIETOR, June 15, 1881.

Scotland's Bagpipes.

It is not generally known that the bag-
pipes are not the old national instrument
of Scotland. Up to the sixteenth cen-
tury the harp was the national instru-
ment of both Ireland and Scotland, and
the national melodies of both countries
were not dissimilar. Musical ears will
notice that these melodies, reduced to
their simplest expressions, abound in
thirds, fifths and octaves; and that these
intervals are the peculiar concordant ones
for the ancient harp form. How the
bagpipes superseded the harp in Scotland
has always been considered a mystery,
and we should feel obliged if Vich
Dhonnul Nan Ord could elucidate this
interesting question of Scotch history.
Some critics trace the introduction of
the bagpipes into Scotland to the French
influence of Mary Queen of Scots. It
was about the close of the sixteenth
century when the harp went out, and
bagpipes entranced the Scotch ear. The
Queen of Scots attempted in many
instances to graft on Scotland various
French customs. At the period of her
sojourn in France, the French bagpipes,
or *cornemuse*, were fashionable, and
probably affected her not over delicate
ear. When she left France she probably
brought over, among her other musical
vagaries, the *cornemuse*, which at once
became popular and now yields such a
peculiar power over these loyal people.

A Week of Fatalities.

A Montreal despatch of the 12th inst.,
says:—"Within the past week there has
been an epidemic of misfortunes in and
about Montreal. First was the foul murder
of a convict by one of his fellows in the
penitentiary; next the death of a
bank clerk named Creighton, of Halifax,
by blood poisoning from the effects of a
stab in the arm by a drunken companion
in the Windsor Hotel; then the drown-
ing of four young men—some while
bathing, others while boating; the stab-
bing of a Nevada miner in the American
House followed; and then came the
shooting of a volunteer at rifle practice.
The terrible death of a fireman next
occurred, whilst to-day a horrible murder
is reported at Longue Point Asylum, and
a laboring man named Lapointe was
killed while attending a dummy engine
on board the steamship Cretonia, by a
piece of lashing giving way, by which a
hook was dashed out of deceased's hand
and entered his head, tearing out his
brains. Shortly afterwards four long-
shoremen got their legs fractured by a
chain holding railroad iron giving way
and the iron falling upon the men. A
number of others were injured, but not
seriously.

The prospect in the Transvaal, if the
whole country is given up to the Boers,
is viewed very seriously. The native
chiefs in all parts of the country say that
they will fight rather than acknowledge
the supremacy of the Boers. Moutsoia,
a loyal Baralong chief, who was on his
way to relieve the Potchefstroom garrison
when he heard of the peace, says that
he and all the chiefs on the north-
west border are watching the progress of
events, and if the country is given up to
the Boers, they will all fight. Moutsoia
says he has under his command, besides
his ordinary army, 8,000 men armed
with breech-loading rifles and 1,000
mounted men. The Commission is
still sitting in Pretoria. Its labors are
kept very secret, which causes great dis-
satisfaction.

THE N. P. IN SAN FRANCISCO.—One
of the results of the National Policy in
San Francisco is evidenced in the com-
mencement of the building in that city
of the largest sugar refinery in the world.
The buildings, which will be of brick,
will occupy seven and three-quarter
blocks of land. The main building will
be ten stories in height and in the tower
portions will attain a height of thirteen
stories. Its length will be 400 feet by
an average width of 150. On the hill
overlooking the refinery, a reservoir
capable of holding 7,000,000 gallons of
fresh water has been built. It is expected
that the new refinery will be completed
and in running order by the 1st of
February next, in time for the next crop
of sugar.

Every now and then, we get from our
Grit contemporaries the best answers to
their arguments of the last session
against the Syndicate bargain. Then, it
will be remembered the land was placed
at all prices from \$2.50 to \$5.00 an acre,
and in this way the amount given to the
Company was pronounced extravagant.
The Toronto Globe, discussing the South-
western railway scheme, and referring to
the land grant says "it will cost the
company \$1 an acre cash; it is worth to-
day at least \$2 an acre." Now these
lands, by their greater proximity to the
capital of the Northwest, are certainly
worth more on an average than the lands
granted to the Syndicate, and yet they
are pronounced by the Globe as worth
only two dollars an acre, as an asset for
the building of a railway.

MARKETS.

OATS.

Oats in the English market continue very
dull with a slower sale, and 18s. 0d. and
19s. is all that buyers offer. Sellers are
holding out for 19s. 3d., but have very little
hopes of realizing that figure.

POTATOES.

Old potatoes have no quotable price in
the United States; in fact they have
almost gone out of the market. There has
been a liberal supply of new Southern po-
tatoes in the Boston and New York
markets, and these are selling at \$2 and
\$2.50 per barrel in the first named place.

MACKEREL.

The receipts of mackerel in Boston have
been very large of late. Sales of Shore No.
3 have been made at from \$3.25 to \$3.50.
Those sold in fishermen's order have
brought \$2 to \$2.50 per barrel. These
prices have induced large purchases in Bos-
ton, and, as a consequence, all receipts
have moved off very freely, and dealers
have used them for the southern market,
where there is always a demand for cheap
fish. This will have the effect to keep
the Boston market clear, and a better state
for Prince Edward Island and other Pro-
vincial fish.

CODFISH.

A Boston circular of the 6th inst., states
that codfish of all kinds are dull, and
prices have dropped off 25 to 37 cents per
quintal.

EGGS.

On the 9th, there was a good demand
for fresh laid stock in the Boston market,
and prices there were firmer. Sales of
Choice Eastern and Northern have been
made at 17 and 17½ cents, and Prince
Edward Island stock, commanded 16½ cents.

WHEAT.

The Galt, Ont., Circular which we usually
quote says:—"The holidays that have in-
tervened since the 1st advice on the 1st, both
in Canada and the United States in con-
junction with the check created by the
attempted assassination of the President,
have had a disturbing effect upon general
business. It is now conceded on all sides
that stocks of breadstuffs are unusually
light, and all will be fully required for
home consumption; in consequence a quiet
trade will move until the new crops move
at firm prices that cannot be effected by
outside markets until in an upward direc-
tion. Regarding flour the circular says that
although the feeling is easier holders
will make no concessions, and no change
can be quoted. The Montreal Flour
Market was dull on the 9th, with
prices about steady. Quotations as
follows:—

| | |
|-----------------|---------------|
| Superior Extra | \$5 90 @ 5 95 |
| Extra Superfine | 5 75 @ 5 80 |
| Spring Extra | 5 70 @ 5 75 |
| Superfine | 5 10 @ 5 20 |
| Strong Bakers | 5 75 @ 6 35 |
| Fine | 4 50 @ 4 60 |

PORK.

The Montreal Gazette of the 11th says:—
Western provisions were again strong, and
the recent fluctuations in the prices of both
pork and lard indicate disturbances of a
speculative character, which up to the
present appear to favor the "bull" element.
Pork in Chicago closed steady for August at
\$17.10, but strong and 7½¢ up on September
option. Lard was 10¢ per 100 lbs. higher,
closing at \$11.55 August, \$11.22½ September.
In the Montreal market we hear that
lard is getting somewhat scarce, and prices
have a staidier tone. Sales of Canada lard
during the past few days amounting
to about 1,000 pails, are reported at 14c.
to 14½¢ per lb., while Fairbanks' brand
has brought higher figures. There has been
a little better inquiry for heavy mess pork,
and one or two round lots have been placed
at within range of quotations. A fair de-
mand has also been experienced for smoked
hams, sales being reported at 13c to 13½c.
per lb. for uncovered.

An Extraordinary Shot.

SCORING A BULL'S EYE THROUGH A MAN'S
BODY.

An unfortunate mishap occurred yester-
day afternoon at the new ranges of the
Victoria Rifle Club, between here and the
Half-way House, Dundas Road. Members
of the Club were engaged in practice at the
1000 yard range, and George Margretts was
firing at the target when, unhappily, the
marker, George Jenkins, stepped in front
and received the bullet, which passed
through his body and, strange as it may
appear, struck the bull's eye, which was
shattered with blood. A reporter of the
Times soon after the occurrence investigated
the facts and ascertained that it has been
the practice of the marker at the ranges to
wave a red flag when he wishes to repaint
the target after a number of shots have
been fired, or prior to examining it after
the marksmen are through firing. But in
this instance Jenkins neglected to wave his
flag and exposed himself with the result
stated. The unfortunate man was carried
to the residence of Mr. McNab (located
near the ranges), where he was attended
by Drs. Griffin and Rosebrugh. Jenkins
passed the night very favorably, and to-
day Dr. Griffin has great hopes that he
will recover. The bullet was one of
Remington's 550 grains, and entered at the
back below the shoulder blade, passing out
about an inch below the left nipple. After
looking where the ball had struck the
target, and seeing that it was a bull's eye,
Jenkins says he felt a stinging pain as if a
needle had gone through him. He then
yielded to the parties at the range for the
purpose of letting them know that he had
been struck, and ran down the ranges 240
or 250 yards, and as several of the mark-
smen approached him he fell over. He bled
but little from the wound, and there has
not been much internal hemorrhage. Jen-
kins has performed the duty of marker at
the rifle ranges for nearly three years, and
has always been considered a very cautious
man.—Hamilton (Canada) Times 9th.