

THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 5.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1879.

NO. 132.

MACLEAN & MARTIN, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

Newson's Building, Opp. Post Office,

Charlottetown, P. E. I.

A. A. McLEAN. D. C. MARTIN.
June 18, 1879.—ex2aw

FURTHER REDUCTION IN PRICE OF

Albion Mines (Pictou, N. S.)
SLACK COAL.

SLACK and ROUND COAL can now be obtained at the above-mentioned Mines. Slack Coal, only \$1.30 per ton; Round Coal, \$2.00.

For orders, apply to
G. W. DeBlois,
Sole Agent for P. E. Island.
Office: No. 35 Water street.
Ch'town, June 23, 1879.—patsj kea h sp2m

Valuable Property for Sale.

TO BE SOLD, all that part of Town Lot No. 74, in the first hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown; having a front of 67 feet, Dorchester Street, and running back 80 feet, together with the buildings thereon erected.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. Hoggson & McLean Charlottetown. Sept. 18, 1879.

SALT! SALT!

And Mackerel Barrels,

FOR SALE.

DAVID SMALL,

Queen Street

Charlottetown, Oct. 13, 1879.—tf

BRITISH AMERICA

Assurance Company.

FIRE AND MARINE.

Cash Capital & Assets, \$1,176,491.45.

INCORPORATED 1833.

Head Office, - Toronto, Ont.

Risks taken on all descriptions of Property at lowest rates.

PROMPT SETTLEMENT OF LOSSES.

HORACE HASZARD, Agent.

Office, South Side Queen Square.

July 10, 1879.

DR. P. W. G. CANNING,

Licentiate Royal Colleges Physicians and Surgeons of Edinburgh.

LICENTATE MIDWIFERY.

RESIDENCE:

Upper Hillsborough St., corner Hillsborough and Euston Streets, Charlottetown.

OFFICE HOURS: 8:30 to 11 a.m.; 7 to 9 p.m.
Charlottetown, June 24, 1879.—cod

QUEEN INSURANCE CO'Y. OF ENGLAND.

CAPITAL. . . TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise and Produce. Also, on Vessels on the stocks.

Special rates for isolated residences.

Losses settled promptly.

GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank),
Agent for Prince Edward Island

June, 1877—

No. 35 Water St.,
Charlottetown.

Prince Edward Island Branch

—OF THE—

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE

FIRE AND LIFE.

INSURANCE CO.

Subscribed Capital, \$9,733,332.00

Paid up Capital, - 1,216,666.00

CHIEF OFFICES—Edinburgh, 64 Princess Street; London, 61 Threadneedle Street.

Nine-Tenths of the Profits of the Life Assurance Business are divided every Five Years.

The Tables of Rates are moderate.

Fire Insurances effected on nearly every description of Property, at the LOWEST RATES of Premium, corresponding to the nature of the risk.

Losses settled with promptitude and liberality.

G. W. DeBlois,
General Agent.

Dec. 14.

GENTLEMEN:

WE HAVE ABOUT COMPLETED THE

Most Choice Collection

SCOTCH TWEEDS,

Canadian Tweeds,

West of England

CLOTHS,

Overcoatings,

&c., &c., &c.,

We have yet offered to the Public.

Manufactured on the Premises

IN THE

LATEST STYLES

And With Despatch.

BEER & SONS.

Oct. 11, 1879.—tf

For Fall Trade

MOLASSES,
PORTO RICO SUGAR,
WHITE SUGAR,
REFINED SUGAR,
LUMP SUGAR, (Boxes 50 lbs.)
VALENCIA RAISINS,
LAYER RAISINS,
CHEST TEA,
HALF CHESTS TEA, {warranted,
SUPERIOR EXTRA FLOUR,
EXTRA FLOUR,
SPRING EXTRA FLOUR,
BOXES FLAT TOBACCO,
CANS SMOKING TOBACCO,
KEGS TWIST TOBACCO,
BARRELS WASHING SODA,
KEGS BAKING SODA,
DOZENS BROOMS
DOZENS PAILS
BOXES CLOTHES PINS,
BARRELS PICKLES,
BOXES PICKLES,
BOXES TABLE SALT,
BOXES STARCH,
BOXES SOAP,
COILS MINILLA, (all sizes)
BOXES PEPPER,
TINS MUSTARD,
TINS GINGER,
TINS CINNAMON,
ROLLS SOLE LEATHER,
BAGS NUTS,
BOXES CREAM TARTER,
BARRELS ONIONS,
CASES MATCHES,
HALF CASES MATCHES,
QUARTER CASES MATCHES.

CARVELL BROS.

Ch'town, Oct. 17, 1879.—tf



"LORNE HIGHLAND WHISKY.—Sole proprietors, Greenlees Brothers, London and Argyleshire. This Whisky is a pure unadulterated spirit, very mellow, in quality excellent, and in our opinion perfectly wholesome. Where a stimulant is required, it is to be preferred to brandy."—London Medical Review.

AGENTS:—

MESSRS. OWEN CONNOLLY & CO.,
Charlottetown, P.E.I.

June 24, 1879.—6m

TO LET.

THAT well-known store at present occupied by Robert Young, Esq., South Side Queen Square. The situation is one of the best in the city. Possession given 1st of Oct. next. Apply to

HASZARD BROS,
Agents.

Ch'town, Sept. 12, 79.—pat tf.

SUBSCRIBE for the DAILY EXAMINER the Cheapest and most newsy Paper published the Province.

CHEAPSIDE

WAREHOUSE.

Matthew, McLean
& Hartz

—INTEND MAKING A—

CHANGE IN THEIR BUSINESS,

AND WILL

Sell the Whole of Their

Large Stock of

DRY GOODS

AT FROM

Twenty to Thirty Per
Cent. Discount.

FOR CASH ONLY.

Now is the Time to Get Bargains,

—AS THE—

WHOLE STOCK

Must be Cleared Out in
a Few Months.

Just Call and Examine our
Reduced Prices, as we
Mean Business.

Dress Goods,

—IN—

Cashmeres, French Merinos,
Persian Cords, Serges,
Lustres and Coburgs,
at Cost.

Fancy Dress Goods for 8 cents per yard.
Heavy Wineys for 6 cents per yard.
Good Black Lustre for 12 cents per yard.
Heavy Tweeds for 50 cents per yard.
Woolen Shawls from 70 cents upwards.
Ladies Wool Clouds and Scarfs at Cost.
Ladies Cloth Sacques at Great Reductions.
A Lot of Fur Muffs at Less than cost.
Black and Colored Silks, Satins, Mantle and Bonnet Velvets, Velveteens and Trimming Silks at Cost.

Mens' Heavy Overcoats, Ulsters,
Reefers, Pants and Vests

AT COST.

Mens' Fur and Cloth Caps,
Shirts and Drawers,

At Prices that Must Sell Them.

White and Grey Blankets and
Mantle Cloths at a Bargain.

White and Grey Cotton from 5
Cents Upwards.

If you want Cheap Goods give us a call,
as we are confident the prices will give
satisfaction.

Matthew, McLean & Hartz,
Charlottetown, Nov. 3, 1879.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

CANADIAN.

OTTAWA, Nov. 12.

Sir Leonard Tilley has left the city for a visit to the manufacturers of London, Brantford, Guelph, &c.

Sir Charles Tupper left yesterday for the Lower Provinces. He is to be a witness in a libel suit to be tried at Halifax.

In the Supreme Court this morning argument in the South Ontario election case was resumed.

BRANTFORD, Nov. 12.

Sir S. L. Tilley is expected here next Monday to visit the manufacturers, &c. A meeting of the committee appointed by the City Council and citizens met to-night to arrange a banquet to Sir Leonard.

BELLEVILLE, Nov. 12.

Messrs. Longham & Co., cattle dealers of this city, have orders for 2,000 head of beef cattle for the English market to be delivered before Christmas.

MONTREAL, Nov. 12.

Prof. Bell, of the Geological Survey has returned here after a six months surveying trip in the North West Territory. He brings samples of gold, silver and other minerals found in the territory, and claims to have made several important discoveries which will not be disclosed to the public until he has made his report to the Government.

HALIFAX, Nov. 12.

Sir Charles Tupper will arrive here tomorrow morning.

Canard & Co. received a dispatch from the captain of the Hibernia, at Baltimore, that on the passage from Halifax he picked up a derelict vessel, the Royal Arch, placed a crew on board and ordered her to Halifax. No further particulars. [The "Royal Arch" is a barque, belonging to Sunderland, England, 333 tons, built in 1868; was from Liverpool to Halifax with a cargo of salt chartered by T. L. DeWolf & Co. for the trip and back.]

A young married man named Everett, of Plymton, Digby Co., was killed by falling from a bridge on the W. C. Railway at Meteghan.

The first attempt has been made to wreck trains on the W. C. Railway. Some days since a piece of timber was laid across the track on the Weymouth bridge. This is a very high bridge and a quarter of a mile long. Luckily, it was discovered in time to prevent an accident.

The value of goods imported into Halifax in October was \$473,310, and the value of exports \$329,375.

Gold has been discovered at the head of the Musquodoboit River. The discovery of a rich copper mine is also reported on the Musquodoboit.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.

Alex Leith, of Brooklyn, aged 16, recently while wading in the water, stepped upon the bones of a decayed blue fish and died on Saturday from lockjaw.

Fourth Officer Rowell, of the steamer Anchoria which arrived on Saturday reports seeing on Thursday night while off Newfoundland banks, a sea serpent 400 feet long sporting in the water. It moved faster than the ship.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 12.

The track of the late tornado in Crawford County was half a mile and the centre was near National Dam, Crawford county. It made a clean sweep of everything in its path. One house was lifted out of sight and nothing left of it. John Newton was killed by a falling house. The storm at Van Buren was accompanied by hail stones, which were found in the streets two by three inches in size.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 12.

Wm. A. Robinson (colored) was shot dead yesterday by Geo. Trust, because he acknowledged he was a "Republican nigger," in answer to a question of Trust.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 12.

Particulars of the murder of five children in Lancaster County, N. C., show that Mrs. James Adams deliberately planned her own death and the murder of her children, while insane from what is said to have been well-founded jealousy of her husband. After cutting the throats of her five children and firing her own clothing, she appeared at a neighbor's house and begged to be killed with an axe. Her children were all dead upon the bed.

A man named Walde was hanged by a mob at Long Prairie, Minn., on Saturday night, for the murder of two men and burning the house. The mob also await the capture of Michael Walde, whom they intend to hang.

On Saturday afternoon Jacob Cline was murdered at Picketon, Ky., by Harry Scott without cause. Scott escaped.

The barkentine "Harriet S. Jackson," of Portland, Me., which arrived there from Glasgow on Monday morning, brought Alfred Anderson, second mate, a Norwegian, dangerously stabbed in the abdomen by a Spanish sailor named John Bullhan. The latter was a vindictive, insubordinate fellow and picked a quarrel with Anderson last Friday night, finally plunging a large knife to the hilt in his abdomen. Anderson's condition is serious but not desperate.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.

Blakie meets Hanlan and Courtney today at Rochester, to arrange the race on the 2nd Dec.—the day after Congress assembles.

EUROPEAN.

MALTA, Nov. 12.

Admiral Hornby has issued orders for the Channel Squadron to prepare to proceed eastward in four days.

MADRID, Nov. 12.

The Cortes will suspend business for ten days during the marriage festivities of the King.

ROME, Nov. 12.

The *Aurora*, daily newspaper, organ of the Pope will be issued on the first of January.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 12.

Midhat Pasha has definitely withdrawn his resignation.

BUCHAREST, Nov. 12.

The cattle plague is breaking out in Moldavia.

LONDON, Nov. 12.

Lord Dufferin, ambassador to Russia, has gone to St. Petersburg via Paris.

Washington Letter.

THE GRANT MOVEMENT—GRANT A CANDIDATE.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10, 1879.

A curious turn has been made in the Grant movement, if we may believe his friends. Formerly it was industriously maintained and generally believed that Grant was indifferent about more political honors, and would not be considered a Presidential candidate or labor for the nomination. But events have exposed the fallacy of this, for, as I shall show, the General has long considered himself a candidate, has been trying to promote nomination by refusing to say anything about it, and now proposes to let his friends manage him as they see fit to that end. Curiosity was first aroused on this point by the General refusing to come to Washington to participate in the reunion of the army of the Cumberland, and to accept several other soldiers reunion invitations. Why was this, when he has accepted so many invitations to private receptions, and personal glorifications? I made inquiries of some of his friends. The very first one, who is a very firm Grant man, on the religious score, said bluntly, "Why, don't you see, we don't want the General to take part in celebrations where he will be only one of many heroes; we want him to go only where Grant will be the only attraction, where there will be nobody else to cheer for, and where there can be no mistake about the Grant boom. He has been so informed by those who are working the political wires, and has consented to do what they think most judicious in the matter." I suggested that this did not agree with what we had heard about the General, that he did not want to re-enter politics, and said nothing about the Presidency. "That is stuff," said the man, "It did well enough for a while. But the General and his friends have had an understanding all the time." "But why," I asked, "is it necessary now to change this silent plan and make the General an active, outspoken candidate?" "Why, you see, it really was becoming understood that Grant wasn't a candidate, and after the October elections showed that we should make a clean sweep in the North, and this proves that no one man was necessary to success next year, such a condition would not do. Then we began to make out a programme for him, but it wasn't till after the November elections that the thing was finally arranged. So you see now that Gen. Grant announces that he will appear in Louisville and thence come East, accepting the honors at different points. Then he will go to Cuba for the winter, returning by way of New Orleans, and other southern points in time to be borne along by the Southern Republicans. The Grant movement, which will need a little enlivening about that time." "And will Gen. Grant declare himself to be a candidate in any way?" "Under no circumstances. He will not even consent to take the nomination if it comes unanimously. That is his strongest hold, and we wouldn't have him break the chain by speaking. He will keep mum to the last moment. I have consulted with other Grant men; and while none speak out as plainly as this we did, they all admit that General Grant has an ambition to try his hand again. The late elections have excited his anxiety, since so many have declared that they know other men just as available as he, and from this time forth he will work indirectly for the nomination. That explains the announcement from Galena of his programme of travel, and his refusal to attend any general celebration, if he can help it. I state the facts as I find them, and the reader must make his own comment.

THE RICHES OF THE FIRST NAPOLEON.—The first Napoleon endowed all his family splendidly, as the master of Europe might have been expected to do. Thereon is St. Helena show that a sum variously estimated at from \$20,000,000 to \$100,000,000 of money was at the command of the exiled Emperor, in Amsterdam, Frankfurt and London. Notwithstanding the idle stories which have been current for years as to the pecuniary embarrassments of Napoleon III before he became ruler of France, it is absolutely certain that at the death of his father, the ex-King of Holland, at Leghorn in 1848, he inherited a very handsome property.