

was taken up by reading Annie Parker's and Hickey's deposition.

The probable result of the trial is exciting considerable interest. Some three hundred and fifty persons were present to-day.

Mr. Palmer will continue and probably finish his address on Monday. His Honor will begin his charge about Wednesday.

(To be continued.)

THE CAMPAIGN.

Queen's County—The Liberal-Conservative Candidates.

{ Hon. J. C. POPE, }
{ Hon. F. DE ST. CROIX BRECKEN, }

Prince County—The Liberal-Conservative Candidates.

{ CORNELIUS HOWATT, Esq. }
{ EDWARD HACKETT, Esq. }

King's County—The Candidates.

{ AUSTIN C. McDONALD, Esq. }
{ DR. MUTTART. }

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

AUGUST 22, 1878.

Substantial—Golden—Reasons.

WHY SOME PEOPLE FOLLOW THE MINISTERS ABOUT AND STAND IN THE WAY OF A FAIR HEARING FOR BOTH PARTIES:—

Hon. L. H. DAVIES (Local Premier) Solicitor to Dominion Ministry (yearly fees, say) \$5,000 00
Hon. B. DAVIES, Railway Cashier, salary, 1,200 00
C. J. BRYDGES, General Supt. 12,000 00
W. McKECHNIE, R. R. Supt., 2,500 00
S. H. BROWN, Storekeeper, 1,000 00
Dodd & Rogers—Supplies.
Beer & Sons—Supplies.
Beer & Goff—Railway Favors.

We refrain from a further detail at present.

The Debt.

On the 1st day of July, 1877, the Public Debt of Canada was \$174,675,834 97
On the 1st July, 1874, it was \$141,163,551 33

Total increase of Public Debt between 1st July, 1874, and 1st July, 1877 \$33,512,283 64

It will be remembered that McKenzie and Cartwright took office in November, 1873; so that well within the time they held office—in three years—the Public Debt of Canada was increased by the enormous amount of \$33,512,283.64.

Mr. Cartwright may quote columns of figures till doomsday. He may exert all the ingenuity he possesses. He cannot explain away the above exhibit. The public accounts of Canada show that it is a true one.

Abusive Ministers.

It is stated by the Grits that Messrs. McKenzie and Cartwright's visit, was for the purpose of explaining the policy of the Government. If so, they have taken a most singular method of affecting their object. It has always been considered the privilege of electors to ask proper and pertinent questions of public men. McKenzie and Cartwright answered such questions by torrents of abuse. A respectable and intelligent elector asked the Premier to explain the Steel Rail transaction. He was told that he knew more about brass faces than he did about Steel Rails. Mr. Cartwright told an elector in Summerside who asked for an explanation, that to answer him would be casting pearls before swine. Another elector who asked a simple question received the retort: "I am amazed at his ignorance." Well might the elector respond, "I am amazed at your effrontery." Such conduct as this, on the part of public men, should be resented by intelligent men of all parties. It is but too apparent that McKenzie believes in the power of a "brazen face" to slur over his blunders and corrupt practices; and it is on points where he is most egregiously wrong, such as Steel Rails, for instance, that he is most abusive.

We accused the editor of the EXAMINER of audacious lying, he says. So we did. We reiterate the charge, and say further that a greater tissue of shameless and audacious falsehoods than the EXAMINER'S account of the Summerside meeting we have never read. The editor of the EXAMINER lies about the reception Cartwright received on coming to the platform in Charlottetown; he lies about the cheers for McGill and Sinclair; he lies about the action of that cowardly and hypocritical sneak, Edward Hodgson, and he lies about the Ministerial visit to the Island. Not an article has appeared in the EXAMINER about the Premier's visit to the Island which is not a tissue of the most shameless misrepresentations. Little better, perhaps, could be expected from one who, side by side with John Mc Masters, howled himself hoarse in his attempts to put down the Premier of Canada—Patriot.

The gentle editor's spirits are ruffled—not without cause. The Premier showed clearly that a duty on flour and grain could not raise their prices in this country. The Premier gave the gentle editor a rather sharp rap over the knuckles. No wonder he whimpers. As for Dr. McIntyre, he

will have to get up another scare. And as for the truth of our report,—let the people present judge of it. At present it is evident that the editor of the Patriot is not in a judicial state of mind.

Certificates of Character.

THE TORONTO "GLOBE" DUBS CARTWRIGHT A MIXER AND MUDDLER OF FIGURES.

BEFORE Mr. Cartwright joined the Party of Purity, the Toronto Globe criticised one of his speeches as follows:—

"If we may judge by the financial calculation with which he endeavored to amuse the House the other evening, the 'Independent' member for Lennox and Addington is under the impression that he is a wit—a delusion in which the Government papers are likely to confirm him by reprinting his 'calculation', AS THOUGH IT WERE OF SOME ACCOUNT. Since the member for Lennox and Addington has, by a little figuring succeeded so much to his own satisfaction, in confuting his own opinion of a year ago, we would suggest that he keep himself at the figure business. His party is just now in need of the services of a GOOD MAN AT MIXING AND MUDDLING FIGURES."

"I wish you to follow Tupper in the future as you have followed me in the past."—Hon. Joseph Howe's last Address to Nova Scotia Senators and M. P's.

Milton Meeting.

Pursuant to notice a public meeting of the electors of Milton and vicinity was held in the Hall on the evening of the 13th inst. Mr. Jonas Carter occupied the chair.

Mr. Pope, at the call of the chairman, came forward and addressed the audience. He went fully into the trade question, declared himself in favor of Reciprocal Free Trade and would support any measure calculated to bring it about; was opposed to an increase in the tariff, but felt confident that a judicious readjustment would have the desired effect. It was plain to any sensible man that the consumer paid the duty on all articles not produced in his own country. Why, then, do the self-styled Free Traders of the Grit party put a heavy duty on the poor man's tea, sugar, etc., and at the same time allow the Yankees to glut our market with their surplus produce, thus compelling our own farmers to seek a foreign market? It had been said that the policy of the Opposition would increase the price of flour. This was a false cry, raised by interested parties to deceive the people. As there is not only sufficient grown in the Dominion for the use of its people, but also a large surplus exported, no legislation could affect the price of the flour we consume. (Mr. Pope here read an extract from one of Mr. McKenzie's speeches in support of this.) There was nearly as much grain imported from the States as was grown in the Province altogether. No part of the Dominion would profit as much by a readjustment or by Reciprocity as this Island. He had no faith in the present party—they got up false cries to cover up their own doings, and when cornered, their excuse invariably was, Sir John did the same. They "elevated the standard" and put down bribery and corruption with "lots of money," thirty of them were unseated for corrupt practices, men whose crimes were rank and "smelt to heaven" became confidential friends, the whole public lost confidence in the men at the helm of the ship of state, and a general depression of trade followed. The foregoing is but a mere outline of Mr. Pope's speech. He went fully into the Pacific Railway schemes of the two parties and other matters. His concluding remarks were: Gentlemen, two years ago you elected me to represent one of the most intelligent constituencies in the Dominion. I have acted with a single eye to the interests of this Province, and if you again do me the same honor, nothing will be left undone, on my part, to foster and advance the various interests of our people.

Mr. Brecken said, as Mr. Pope had gone over the Trade Question so fully and ably, he would confine himself to a few general remarks. We had here an extensive country, and the various interests of the people should be wisely fostered and protected. To this end, a re-adjustment of the present tariff was absolutely necessary. It was a pity that there was so much selfishness, so much party feeling and bitterness, so much jealousy to hinder the more speedy development of the many resources of our extensive country. Our population being small, we should encourage the surplus population of the great cities of Europe to come and settle in our uncultivated lands. Politicians cannot create trade, but with the energy and enterprise of the people, and a good Government to remove obstructions and give good laws, we would expect a great future for our country. He well remembered the time we had reciprocity with the United States, and how farm produce obtained a ready market and good prices, and had no doubt but it could be obtained again by taking the proper course. If those who are now trying to mislead the people lose their political pap, let them work for their bread as others do. He had no confidence in the Grit Party. Our representatives in the Commons were dumb as quadrupeds when an attempt was made to disfranchise our young men and a number of our old men. A seat in the Cabinet was part of their price on joining with McKenzie, and when the late incumbent went to the Northwest not one of them had the manliness to claim it. The people of this Island were told to send the right man—a man fit to become a member of the Government—and he would get the seat. The five Grit representatives from here coolly pocketed the insult and ask you to re-elect them. Surely some one of them was as good as Canchon, who was appointed to a Governorship.

It is impossible, for want of space, to give an extended report of the able and eloquent speeches of Messrs. Pope and Brecken. They were heard with marked attention and heartily applauded.

Mr. Richard Wise was much surprised,

that Messrs. Sinclair and McGill did not attend. Public men always received due courtesy here and sufficient notice had been given. Mr. McGill had been personally invited.

Mr. Tanton made an excellent address on the trade question, after which J. McKay, Esq., proposed, and Messrs. Frederick Horne and Henry Hooper seconded, the following resolution, which was carried unanimously.

Whereas, Having heard the views of Messrs. Pope and Brecken on the questions of the day, we are of opinion that those gentlemen are deserving of the support and confidence of the electors of this County;

Therefore Resolved, That we will use every lawful means to secure their election as our representatives in the Dominion Commons.

The thanks of the meeting were tendered to the Chairman and ordered that the minutes be published.

There were about seventy electors present. JOHN K. McINNIS, Sec'y. North Milton, Aug. 13, 1878.

The Foul-Tongue Cure.

Messrs. McKenzie and Cartwright met the same fate in Charlottetown as in other places in which they have spoken in the Maritime Provinces. They are listened to attentively so long as they confine themselves to the topics of the day. But whenever they attempt to introduce personalities or to make offensive allusions to their opponents, they are stopped at once. That is the way we did it in Halifax. That is the way they managed in Pictou, and that is the plan they adopted in Charlottetown. Whenever Mr. Cartwright's foul tongue—the foulest, says *Rose-Belford's Magazine*, in Canada, except Mr. Jones—led him astray, he was "brought up with a round turn." Whenever Mr. McKenzie used insulting language, whether in Halifax, Pictou or Charlottetown, he was "brought up with a jerk." The pair have certainly received some lessons in good manners that will last them for a time.—*Hs. Reporter.*

A TERRIBLE TRAGEDY.

Under the Influence of the Eclipse.

In the dark path of the late eclipse across Texas, 116 miles in width, there were thousands of ignorant people, both white and black, who had not heard that anything peculiar was about to happen. Many of these people the eclipse surprised at work in their fields. Many ludicrous scenes are reported. Especially on the plantation of United States Senator Coke, near Waco, was it that the negroes went to praying, believing verily that the day of judgment had come. A terrible tragedy in Johnson County may be set down to the eclipse. Ephram Miller, colored, with his family of wife and four children, lived near Buchanan, in that County, whither he had removed from Tennessee six months ago. On the morning of the eclipse he said he had heard the world was coming to an end that evening, and if so, he intended to be so sound asleep the trumpet of the Angel Gabriel could not awaken him. When the eclipse commenced and the darkness of totality came on he ran from the field to his house with a hatchet in his hand. He was followed by a negro woman named Nancy Ellison, who also thought the world was coming to an end. As she got to the house Miller's wife rushed under the same delusion, and looking up at the beautiful coronation of light around the black moon, screamed, "Come, sweet chariot!" at the same time rushing across a cotton field wringing her hands. In the meantime, Miller, wishing to take his ten-year-old boy with him to the other side of Jordan, raised his hatchet and split his son's head open. Leaving the latter weltering in his blood and struggling in the last throes of death, the father, on a ladder, ascended to the top of the house. Here with a new razor he cut his throat from ear to ear, and fell to the ground a corpse. His two little daughters escaped by hiding under a bed.

Liberal-Conservative Committee Rooms.

The committee room of the Liberal-Conservative Party in Queen's County is in Mr. Donald McKinnon's building—next door to the drug store of P. G. Fraser, Esq. It is open daily from nine o'clock a.m. Reciprocal Free Traders from all parts of the Province are invited by the committee to call at all times.

An action of trespass was tried before Theoph. DesBrisay, Esq., yesterday, between Thomas Murphy and Thomas Monaghan. The action was instanced by the defendant passing through an enclosed field, the property of the plaintiff. The facts of the case are these: A cow belonging to the plaintiff, along with several others, broke into a grain field belonging to the defendant's brother. The brother drove them off and penned them up in a field belonging to the defendant, who is a reeve, in order that he might collect the fine. In the meantime the plaintiff's cow escaped over the fence into the field of her owner, and the owner cautioned the reeve not to meddle with her. He did, however, and hence the action. He was fined forty cents and costs on the ground that no person can pound cattle for the reeve, and when the reeve does so he must impound them from the road.

In the West Bog, yesterday evening, a young girl named Callaghan died from sheer destitution. A short time before her death the matter was reported at the Police Station, and on the Marshal visiting, he found her lying sick and famishing. He immediately procured some nourishment for the dying girl, but she was unable to eat, and shortly expired. The deceased has been living with the mother of George Kelly, who was murdered on the night of the 14th. Mrs. Kelly became so depressed by the violent death of her only son that she has since been unable to procure the necessaries of life, and she is at present very destitute.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

APPLES.

CHOICE EATING FRUIT—now landing, Ex S. S. WORCESTER. For sale low. FENTON T. NEWBERY & CO., Aug. 22—pat 11

TENDERS FOR COAL!

TENDERS will be received at the Office of the City School Board, until MONDAY, the 2nd day of September, next, at 12 o'clock, noon, for supplying the City Schools with Old Albion Mines Round Coal and Acadia Mines Nut Coal. Tenders to state the rate per ton for each kind of coal, delivered at the several schools. Further particulars will be given at the Office of the Board, on application. By order, ISAAC OXENHAM, Secretary City School Board. Aug. 22nd, 1878—d pat till 2nd

AMERICAN WALTHAM WATCHES.

A LOT of those celebrated Watches, in 2, 2½, 3 and 4 oz. Solid Silver open-faced and Hunting Cases received to-day. W. W. WELLNER. Ch'town, Aug. 22, 1878—4i

"BUDA,"

—BETTER THAN—

"HAXALL."

100 BBL'S. this new brand Flour, which is far ahead of any other manufactured in the Dominion for pastry or family purposes. CARVELL BROS. Aug. 21—pat 2i

FLOUR.

200 BBL'S. SUPERIOR, 300 bbls. CHOICE EXTRA, 500 " SPRING EXTRA. CARVELL BROS. Aug. 21—pat 2i

MOLASSES.

35 PUNS. BARBADOES, 10 tierces " 10 bbls. " 55 puns. extra nice TRINIDAD. CARVELL BROS. Aug. 21—pat 2i

SUGAR.

10 HHDS. PORTO RICO, 10 bbls. BARBADOES, 25 bbls. White GRANULATED, 15 " CUT-LOAF. CARVELL BROS. Aug. 21—pat 2i

KEROSENE.

50 CASKS 120° test—best in the Market. CARVELL BROS. Aug. 21—pat 2i

Sole Leather.

1,000 SIDES No. 1 and No. 2. CARVELL BROS. Aug. 21—pat 2i

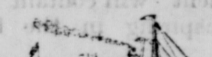
TEA.

340 PACKAGES, in Chests, Half-Chests and Boxes; and 230 Packages to arrive shortly—ALL WARRANTED. CARVELL BROS. Aug. 21—pat 2i

APPLES.

100 BBL'S. to arrive on Saturday. CARVELL BROS. Aug. 21—pat 2i

Montreal and Acadian



S. S. LINE.

THE S. S. "VALETTA," Capt. Anderson, leaves Montreal on or about the 22nd inst. for this Port, sailing from here, after discharging cargo, for Sydney, C. B., and St. John's, N. F., carrying freight and passengers at moderate rates. For freight or passage apply to OWEN CONNOLLY & CO., Agents. Ch'town, Aug. 20, 1878—till 24

FOR SALE,

TWO NEW DWELLING HOUSES, situated on Weymouth Street (nearly opposite the former residence of Daniel Hodgson, Esq.) They are fitted throughout with iron gas pipes, register grates, &c., &c., and contain 9 rooms each, with pantry, 4 closets and unfinished attic. Price reasonable. For further particulars apply to JAMES M. BUTCHER, July 19—dy pat 3w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Public Meeting.

MESSRS. McDONALD and MUTTART will meet the electors at Bay Vue Hotel, Souris East, on Friday, August 23, at 3 o'clock, p.m. Hon. J. C. Pope will be present. The opposing Candidates are respectfully invited to attend. Aug. 20, 1878—

TO LET

A TWO STORY HOUSE, with Mansard Roof, containing nine rooms, situated on Euston Street, adjoining Haszard's Conservatory. Apply to CHARLES MCGREGOR, Ch'town, Aug. 20, 1878—H

PIC-NIC!

THE ANNUAL FESTIVAL of the St. Paul's Church Sunday School will be postponed till Thursday next, 29th inst.

Shaw's Wharf, West River.

Steamer leaves Ferry Wharf at 10.30, a.m. Tickets for adults, 25 cents; children not belonging to the Sabbath School, half price. Adults to bring their own refreshments or procure them on the ground. If weather unfavorable, will take place next fine day. W. LOCHHEAD, Sec'y. Aug. 20—

Public Meetings.

MESSRS. A. C. McDONALD AND DR. MUTTART

will meet the electors of King's County as follows:— At Bay Vue House, Souris East, on Friday, the 23rd inst. at 3 p.m.—Hon. J. C. Pope will be present.

At Whim Road Cross, on Wednesday, the 25th inst., at 3 p.m.

At Murray Harbor North, on Thursday, the 29th inst., at 3 p.m.

At Byrnes' Road Schoolhouse, on Saturday, the 31st inst., at 3 p.m.

At Dundas Cross, on Wednesday, 4th Sept., at 3 p.m.

At Stewart's Hall, Cardigan, on Saturday, the 7th Sept., at 3 p.m.

Opposing candidates are respectfully invited to attend. Aug. 17, 1878—pres till 7th

Y. M. C. A. HALL.

Thursday Evening, Aug. 22,

the distinguished Lady Tourist, and Lecturer to over 3,000 audiences,

MRS. MATTIE G. SMITH,

will deliver her Great Lecture, entitled

"WONDERLAND,"

an account of the incidents in her great tour of the North West—an exhaustive journey of the Great American Desert, Rocky Mountains and California.

Admission, 15 cents; Reserved Seats, 25 cts. Ch'town, Aug. 20, 1878—3i

POLITICAL MEETINGS.

MESSRS. POPE & BRECKEN

will meet the Electors of Queen's County at the following places:

CORNWALL, Saturday, 24, at 6 p.m.

ELDON, on Monday, the 26th inst., at 6 p.m.

WOOD ISLANDS, on Tuesday, the 27th inst., at 6 p.m.

MURRAY HARBOR ROAD (Green Marsh Schoolhouse), on Wednesday, the 28th inst., at 6 p.m.

O'NEILL'S ("Half-Way House"), on Thursday, the 29th inst., at 6 p.m.

KELLY'S CROSS, Fort Augustus, on Friday, the 30th inst., at 6 p.m.

POWNAI HALL, Lot 49, on Saturday, the 31st inst., at 6 p.m.

MOUNT STEWART HALL, on Monday, September 2, at 6 p.m.

SAW-MILL BRIDGE, on Tuesday, Sept. 3, at 6 p.m.

RUSTICO HALL, on Wednesday, September 4, at 6 p.m.

NEW GLASGOW, Thursday, September 5, at 6 p.m.

HOPE RIVER, Friday, Sept. 6, at 6 p.m.

BRADALBANE, Saturday, September 7, at 4 p.m.

SPRINGTON, Monday, Sept. 9, at 6 p.m.

KELLY'S CROSS, Lot 29, Wednesday, Sept. 11, at 6 p.m.

BONSHAW, Thursday, Sept. 12, at 6 p.m.

LONG CREEK, Friday, September 13, at 6 p.m.

SOUTH WILTSHIRE, Saturday, September 14, at 6 p.m.

PISQUID ROAD SCHOOLHOUSE, Monday, Sept. 16, at 6 p.m.

Aug. 17, 1878—

PROFESSIONAL CARD.

A. A. McLEAN, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, NEWSON'S BUILDING, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE, South Side Queen Square, CHARLOTTETOWN, - - P. E. I. Aug. 13th, 1878—3m eod

PLASTER PAIS!

\$2.50 Per Barrel—Cash. CARVELL BROS. Ch'town, July 26—pat 3w 2w