

THE EXAMINER.

VOL 2.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1877.

NO 187.

THE DAILY EXAMINER

Is Published every Evening.
OFFICE:
INGS' BUILDING, CORNER OF WATER
AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS,
Charlottetown, P. E. I.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:
Six Months, \$2 50
Three Months, 1 25
One Month, 0 50
One Week, 0 12

Advertising at most moderate rates.
Contracts may be made for monthly, quarterly, or half-yearly advertisements, on application.
W. L. COTTON, J. W. MITCHELL,
Manager. Office Sup't.

The Weekly Examiner

Is Published every Friday.
OFFICE:
INGS' BUILDING, CORNER OF WATER
AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS,
Charlottetown, P. E. I.

Subscription price, postage prepaid, \$1.00 per year, in advance.

Rates of advertising, in the Weekly Examiner, will be as follows:
First insertion, per inch, \$0 50
Each continuation, " 0 12
Contracts may be made for quarterly, half-yearly, and yearly advertisements on application at the office.

W. L. COTTON, J. W. MITCHELL,
Manager. Office Sup't.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 8.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
To come into force MONDAY, DEC. 24, 1877.

TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	No. 1 EXPRESS		No. 3 MIXED	
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
GEORGETOWN	Dp. 8.35			
Cardigan	" 9.02			
Mount Stewart Junction	Ar. 10.25			
Royalty Junction	Dp. 10.35			
	" 11.46			
CHARLOTTETOWN		P. M.		P. M.
	Ar. 12.10	Dp. 2.40		
	A. M.			
Royalty Junction	Dp. 9.00			
North Wiltshire	" 9.25	" 3.05		
Hunter River	" 10.22	" 4.02		
Brakalbane	" 10.40	" 4.20		
County Line	" 11.18	" 5.00		
	" 11.28	" 5.10		
	P. M.			
Kensington	Ar. 12.07	" 5.50		
SUMMERSIDE	Ar. 12.45			
Wellington	Dp. 2.00	" 6.25		
Port Hill	" 2.45			
O'Leary	" 3.28			
Alberton	" 4.43			
Tignish	" 5.45			
	" 6.35			

TRAINS GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	No. 2 EXPRESS		No. 4 MIXED	
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
TIGNISH	Dp. 8.00			
ALBERTON	" 8.55			
O'Leary	" 9.52			
Port Hill	" 11.07			
Wellington	" 11.48			
SUMMERSIDE	Ar. 12.35	Dp. 8.35		
Kensington	" 2.48	" 9.12		
County Line	" 3.30	" 9.50		
Brakalbane	" 3.40	" 10.10		
Hunter River	" 4.20	" 10.40		
North Wiltshire	" 4.35	" 10.58		
Royalty Junction	" 5.30	" 11.56		
CHARLOTTETOWN	Ar. 5.55			
Royalty Junction	Dp. 2.05	" 12.20		
MT. STEWART Junc.	Ar. 3.40			
Cardigan	Dp. 3.50			
GEORGETOWN.	" 5.12			
	Ar. 5.40			

SOURIS BRANCH.

Going West. Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 5 MIXED		No. 6 MIXED	
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Souris	Dp. 7.30	Mt. St'w't Jc	Dp. 3.50	
Harmony	" 7.55	Lot 40	" 4.25	
St. Peter's	" 9.10	Morell	" 4.32	
Morell	" 9.42	St. Peter's	" 5.05	
Lot 40	" 9.48	Harmony	" 6.20	
Mt St'w't Jnc	Ar. 10.25	Souris	Ar. 6.45	

C. J. BRYDGES, W. McKECHNIE,
Gen. Superintendent Sup't P. E. I.
Govt. Railways. Railway.

FLOUR FLOUR

Good Family Flour,
FOR SALE AT
W. W. CLARKE'S.
Water St., Dec. 1—cod 7

A. McNEILL.

Auctioneer and Commission Merchant
NO. 1 QUEEN STREET,
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND

AUCTION SALES, of all descriptions, attended to in city and country at moderate rates.
May 21, 1877.

MORTGAGE SALE.

To be Sold, by PUBLIC AUCTION, on TUESDAY, the 12th day of FEBRUARY, 1878 at the Court House in Charlottetown, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, of the same day, under and by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage, dated the 3rd day of January, 1860, and made between PETER McNEILL and Mary his wife, of the one part, and JOHN KNIGHT, now deceased, of the other part—All that Piece and Parcel of land being part of Township No. 45, and situated near the head of Souris River, bounded on the west and north by land then an occupation of Donald McCormack, and on the east by land then in the possession of Angus McDonald, and on the south by Souris River—containing fifty-one acres of land, being the farm then and until lately in occupation of the said Peter McNeill, together with all the Buildings and Appurtenances connected therewith.

For terms and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Hodgson & McLeod,
Dated 9th day of November 1877.
JAMES McFARLANE,
EDWARD J. HODGSON,
ERON H. KNIGHT,
Trustees and Devises under the will of the late John Knight.
Nov. 10—t sale



The Greatest Medical Discovery since the Creation of Man, or since the Commencement of the Christian Era.

There never has been a time when the healing of so many different diseases has been caused by outward application as the present. It is an undisputed fact that over half of the entire population of the globe resort to the use of ordinary plasters.

DR. MELVIN'S CAPSICUM POROUS PLASTERS are acknowledged by all who have used them, to act quicker than any other plaster they ever before tried, and that one of these plasters will do more real service than a hundred of the ordinary kind. All other plasters are slow of action, and require to be worn continually to effect a cure; but with these it is entirely different: the instant one is applied the patient will feel its effect.

Physicians in all ages have thoroughly tested and well know the effect of Capsicum; and it has always been more or less used as a medical agent for an outward application; but it is only of very recent date that its advantages in a porous plaster have been discovered. Being, however, convinced of the wonderful cures effected by DR. MELVIN'S CAPSICUM POROUS PLASTERS, and their superiority over all other plasters, they now actually prescribe them, in their practice, for such diseases as rheumatism, pain in the side and back, and all such cases as have required the use of plasters or liniment. After you have tried other plasters and liniments, and they have failed, and you want a certain cure, ask your druggist for DR. MELVIN'S CAPSICUM POROUS PLASTER. You can hardly believe your own convictions of its wonderful effects. Although powerful and quick in its action, you can rely on its safety for the most delicate person to wear, as it is free from lead and other poisonous material commonly used in the manufacture of ordinary plasters. One trial is a sufficient guarantee of its merits, and one plaster will sell hundreds to your friends.

Ask your druggist for DR. MELVIN'S CAPSICUM POROUS PLASTER, and take no other; or, on receipt of 25 cents for one, \$1 for five, or \$2 for a dozen, they will be mailed, post paid, to any address in the United States or Canada.

MANUFACTURED BY THE
NOVELTY PLASTER WORKS
Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.,
G. E. MITCHELL, Proprietor,
Manufacturers of Plasters and Plaster Compounds.
W. R. WATSON, Agent.

December 7, 1877.

HAY! HAY!

FOR SALE AT
W. W. CLARKE'S.
Water St., Ch'town, Dec. 1—cod 7

THE LATEST YET!!

THE new Patent CLOTHES-HORSE, the most complete ever invented, selling cheap. Also WANTED—a first-class Carriage Maker. Apply to
J. C. KEEFE,
North Side Queen's Square.
Dec. 5, 1877.

BLANK BILL - HEADS,

BLANK STATEMENTS,
—AND—
BUSINESS CARDS!

Furnished promptly and cheaply, to order, at the
EXAMINER OFFICE,
INGS' BUILDING,
Corner Great George and Waters Streets.

Coarse Salt for Packing.

FIFTY TONS Coarse Salt, three hundred Bags do.
For sale by
HASZARD BROS.
Dec. 8, 1877—1m cod

Fancy Woods for Fretwork.

JUST RECEIVED, a consignment of Boards, consisting of the following varieties:—
Walnut, Bird's Eye Maple,
Ash, White Poplar,
Mahogany, Cherry,
Rosewood, Red Cedar,
Poplar, Spanish Cedar,
White Wood, Oak,
Satinwood, Cocobola,
White Holly.

Also, a quantity of Walnut Boards, 1/2, 3/4 and 1 inch thick.

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL VERY CHEAP.

F. S. HANFORD & CO.,
Opposite Rankin House.
Ch'town, Dec. 10, 1877.—6in cod

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT
BOYS' DRUMS!!
all sizes, from 75 cts. to \$2.50, and TOY MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, suitable for Christmas and New Years' Presents, at
C. P. FLETCHER'S Music Store,
Queen St., Dec. 8—cod

ROYAL HOTEL,

King Square, Saint John.

I HAVE much pleasure in informing my numerous friends and the public generally, that I have leased the Hotel formerly known as the CONTINENTAL, and thoroughly renovated the same, making it, as the ROYAL always had the reputation of being, one of the best Hotels in the Provinces.

Excellent Bill of Fare, First-class Wines, Liquors and Cigars, and superior accommodation.

Blackhall's Livery Stable attached.
THOS. F. RAYMOND.
July 3, 1877—6m

American & Foreign Patents.

Gilmore, Smith & Co., Successors to Chipman, Hosmer & Co.

PATENTS procured in all countries. No fees in advance. No charge for services until the patent is granted. Preliminary examinations free. Our valuable pamphlet sent free upon receipt of stamp.

Address, GILMORE, SMITH & CO.,
Washington, D. C.

ARREARS OF PAY, BOUNTY, ETC.

FEDERAL Officers, Soldiers and Sailors of the late war, or their heirs, are in many cases entitled to money from the Government, which has been found to be due since final payment. Write full history of service and state amount of pay and bounty received.

Certificates of Adjutant General U. S. A. showing service and honorable discharge thereon, in place of discharge lost, procured for a small fee.

Enclose stamp to Gilmore & Co., and full reply, with blanks, will be sent free.

PENSIONS. PENSIONS.

ALL Federal Officers, Soldiers and Sailors, wounded, ruptured, or injured, in the line of duty in the late war, and disabled thereby, can obtain a pension.

Widows, and minor children of Officers, Soldiers and Sailors, who have died since discharge of disease contracted or wounds and injuries received in the service and in the line of duty, can procure pensions by addressing Gilmore & Co.

Increased rates for pensioners obtained. Bounty Land Warrants procured for service in wars prior to March 3, 1865. There are no warrants granted for service in the late rebellion.

Send stamp to Gilmore & Co., Washington D. C., full instructions.
July 24 1877.

HERRING! HERRING!

FOR SALE AT
W. W. CLARKE'S.
Water St., Ch'town, Dec. 1—cod 7

GROCERIES.

31 Hds. SUGAR,
25 Bbls. do.,
255 Packages TEA,
135 Boxes RAISINS,
10 Bbls. CURRANTS,
All of Finest quality and at lowest figure

BEER & SONS.

Ch'town, Nov. 30, 1877.

SEE HERE MEN!

IF you want SLEIGHS or CARRIAGES made of best American Wood, in latest style, or your Horse Shod in FIRST-CLASS STYLE, call on the undersigned. All work warranted or no pay.

J. C. KEEFE,
North side Queen's Square.
Ch'town, Dec. 5, 1877.

CHRISTMAS POETRY.

I Love to Greet Old Christmas.

I love to greet old Christmas,
When the rime is on the bough,
With his coronet of holly
And the berries on his brow.
What though the clinging icicles
Hang on his beard of snow,
They'll vanish in a twinkling
Before the yule log's glow.

I love to greet old Christmas,
When snow lies thick without,
Or old King Frost comes nipping
And biting all about;
For then the ringing laughter
Falls pleasant on the ear,
And old friends gather round us
To taste the season's cheer.

I love to greet old Christmas,
If not for present joy,
At least for recollections
That come without alloy.
A thousand hallowed memories
Around his form are cast;
They link the sober present
To the seasons that are past.

Temper.

There seems to be left at least one man who thinks that Solomon knew something about the management of children. This latter-day advocate of the rod is the editor of the *Manufacturer*, who says:—An uncontrollable temper in a child is the fault of the parents, or of those who have in early years charge of the training of a child. If a child gets into an angry passion no leniency should be exercised much less, indulgence in the child's wishes. If a child, when failing to have things its own way, becomes passionately angry, this anger should at once be whipped out, no matter how young the child is; a child old enough to become angry can bear corporeal punishment, especially as it is impossible to reason with infants, they not having yet arrived at the age of reason, and only understand what they feel. We personally have whipped fits of passion out of our own children when they were scarcely one year old. Such passions, far from being objectionable in children, are desirable, proving as they do that there is spirit in them, only this lively spirit must be put under restraint, and when this is properly accomplished such children make the best men and women.

Those very good children, with whom parents and teachers never have any trouble, do not amount to much intellectually, and seldom make their mark in after life. We noticed in school that the most troublesome boys, when well controlled, became the best students in college and the men of mark afterward. We could name several who are now eminent men who were very mischievous boys at school, while most of the good boys have disappeared from public view.

Fits of passion are as contagious among boys as fainting fits are among girls: it is in this same as with other bad examples. Hoping that the reader will pardon a reference to personal experience, we will relate the following:—

"When about eight or nine years old we remember very well having seen a few times a boy of our acquaintance, by falling into a fit of passion, similar to an attack of epilepsy, arouse the sympathy of his parents, who indulged him in what he wished and what he got into a fit of passion for. On a suitable occasion we did the same thing—threw ourselves back in our chair, screamed and yelled, etc. Our father, who did not understand such nonsense, at once gave us the soundest thrashing we ever received, and we never got into a fit of passion again, and have since been always able to control ourselves, even when the provocation was strong. We must confess that we remember this act of our father with gratitude."

When now we see any one exhibiting their anger we often say silently: "If you had had the benefit of the thrashing which we got when a little boy you would now have learned not to make a fool of yourself now."

President MacMahon has agreed to all M. Dufaure's conditions, and a Parliamentary Ministry has been formed with the following members:—MM. Dufaure, DeMarec, Waddington, Bardoux, Leon Say, Teisserenc de Bort, Defraycinet, General Borle and Admiral Pothman. A correspondent asserts that a Batbie Cabinet was formed on Wednesday, but that the President on being persuaded that the course intended to be pursued was illegal, wrote out his resignation and declared he would never see the Duc de Broglie again. He then resumed negotiations with M. Dufaure, whose Cabinet has been accepted.

It has been the habit for High Sheriffs of the County of Northampton to receive her Majesty's Judges in evening dress for the last fifty years; but Sir Henry Hawkins insisted upon the High Sheriff, Mr. Bouverie, of Delapre Abbey, receiving him in uniform.

Christ's Hospital Governors want £700,000 for the site of their building if they move. The post office people can't "see it" so far.

A meddlesome old woman was sneering at a young mother's awkwardness with her infant, and said, "I declare, a woman never ought to have a baby unless she knows how to hold it." "Nor a tongue, either," quietly responded the young mother.

Dr. Cumming is again out in force on the prophetic war path.

Stanley at the End of His Journey

STANLEY, at the close of an address delivered at a dinner to his honor at Capetown, referring to the last of his adventures, said:

Rum was demanded, but of course we had none. I only wished we had, for my people were worn out and famished, and a little rum would have cheered us up, and made us feel we were approaching civilization. (Laughter.) The chief refused to allow us to pass unless we gave him rum, and came and sat down in a big chair, with the smaller chiefs around him, and put on all the dignity imaginable. I called my faithful Ouladi, the coxswain, and said to him, "Do you know what this man wants?" He replied, "No, master." I said, "He wants rum." "That's rum," he said, and thereupon gave the King a clout in the face, and he tumbled over and all his dignity with him, and that settled the question. (Loud laughter.) There was not another word said, good, bad, or indifferent, and the rum-drinking business was nipped in the bud by Ouladi, who settled the matter completely to my satisfaction. The old chief got up, rubbed his cheek, and said it was an awfully hard blow, but allowed us to pass along. Mr. Stanley went on to say that three days from Boma the condition of his people was desperate; they were on the brink of starvation. He selected three of his strongest and best young men, and sent them on to Boma with a request for rice and fish, and a few baskets of other food. His people were rejoiced at getting near the end of their journey, and tried to keep up their spirits. They said, "Oh, master, we will tie our clothes tightly around our waists, so that we shall forget our hunger, and we will walk and walk until we see the white man." But he believed that few of them thought that they would see the white man. They were settling down to solemn despair thirty miles from Boma, starvation was staring them in the face, and many of his people could not have lasted much longer. Suddenly the cry was raised, "Oh, master, here are lots of men coming; lots of clothes and lots of food." And indeed it was so. The men had reached Boma, and without delay a relief party was sent with fish and rice and everything that was required. His men furiously rushed at the fish, and did not want to cook it. There was for him a small parcel of dainties, and beer, wine and champagne. The pots were placed on the fire, the rice was cooked, and the lives of the people were saved. Mr. Stanley described how the rags of his men, venerable relics of that great march through Africa, were replaced with clothes, how a joyous party came out to receive him from Boma, how splendidly he was received by the Portuguese, how he reached St. Paul de Lando, and from there came on by the "Industry" to the Cape. He had great doubts, as he told the commander of the "Industry," whether the people of the Cape of Good Hope had ever heard of Stanley, and he was perfectly astonished on his arrival in Simon's Bay to be received by the aide-de-camp of the officer in command of the naval forces with an invitation to be Commodore Sullivan's guest during the stay in Simon's Bay. He thought this extraordinary, but after he came on shore and saw the face of the Commodore, he ceased to doubt. There was a cordial geniality and genuine hospitality in all that Commodore Sullivan did (cheers); at the fervent grasp of the hand with which he was received, he felt at once that he was in the presence of a true Englishman. (Cheers.) What Commodore Sullivan had done Mrs. Sullivan seconded. She had been as a mother to his people and as a friend to himself. If he deserved any thanks from those present, he should ask them to give three cheers for Commodore Sullivan and Mrs. Sullivan (cheers). What Mrs. Sullivan had done in Simon's Town Lady Frere had done in Cape Town (cheers). To Sir Bartle Frere he owed a deep debt of gratitude, for on three different occasions His Excellency had come forward in his defence. In the absence of Sir Bartle the honors of Government House had been dispensed most generously by Lady Frere. (Cheers.) His people would never forget Government House at the Cape of Good Hope.

Miscellaneous News.

The Turkish ship of state is hard up Porte. Mr. Sims Reeves has at last been obliged to accept an encore.

The love of heaven and the love of earth are like scales of a balance—when one rises the other falls.

If "time is money," some of our subscribers must be wealthy by this time, for we have given them time enough.

It takes 5,000,000 yards of muslin annually, and eight tons of paper daily, to make collars for the American public.

In Switzerland donkeys have bells on their necks. In this country it is not unusual to see them with bells on their arms.

A movement is on foot in England, similar to that being attempted in Halifax, to supply a Home for the reformation of women who are habitual drunkards.

The French railway companies now use electric lights at their stations, rendering night as bright as day, and enabling work to be prosecuted with equal safety and celerity.

It is very simple but curious fact that a single inch of water converted into steam, under the ordinary pressure of the atmosphere, expands into 1696 cubic inches, or nearly one cubic foot.

At Stirlith Church, Shropshire, England, on a certain Sunday last month, all of a sudden the walls and roof cracked right across. There was some excuse for the builder, as they had held together for seven hundred years.

A recent marriage of the Baroness Wallersee, a niece of the Empress of Austria, at the Imperial Palace at Goeloele, among all the great ladies who were present not one wore a train to her dress, and not one was to be seen who did not wear her own hair only arranged in the plainest fashion.

Cutter, of Cutter and Potter, large building contractors, absconded, owing large sums. Potter is in jail. Cutter belongs to Massachusetts; Potter to Portland, Maine.—St. John Pa. per.