

# THE DAILY EXAMINER

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W. L. COTTON, J. W. MITCHELL,  
Manager. Office Sup't.

# THE DAILY EXAMINER.

FEBRUARY 23, 1878.

## DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

FIFTH SESSION.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Feb. 16, 1878.

### MR. PERRY SPEAKS.

AMONG others who took part in the debate yesterday was our friend Mr. Perry. He sharply rebuked "hon. members" for lowering the dignity of Parliament, and then proceeded to assert that the visit of the Premier to P. E. Island had been eminently satisfactory. He said the Premier was cordially welcomed by the people of Mount Stewart and Sonris; and that when three cheers were proposed for him in Charlottetown the "cheers were almost unanimous." He claimed that the favorable award of the Fishery Commission was largely owing to the evidence given by P. E. Islanders and to the exertions of the P. E. Island Attorney General. Therefore, the Government should, he argued, expend a large proportion of the Award in providing for the public wants of P. E. Island. He was surprised to hear Mr. Pope say a reaction had taken place in the Province. He thought Mr. Pope must have alluded to some other P. E. Island. The Conservatives of P. E. Island had, he said, raised the taxes six pence an acre to bribe landlords, and they had opposed all the good measures passed since 1851. He was sure there was no reaction in their favor in his County. He was certain that Prince County would again return two staunch reformers and that he would be one of them. The majority of P. E. Islanders are, he declared, naturally Liberal. They must necessarily return "Reformers." Mr. Pope, he said, advocates free trade; and how could he oppose the Free Trade Government! The EXAMINER—Mr. Pope's organ—is, he asserted, a Protectionist paper. The Progress was protectionist; but it has lately changed its policy upon that question. Mr. Perry concluded by exclaiming—in thrilling tones—"None of this delusion, this humbug to catch votes," and was cheered to the echo. Mr. Perry, it will be seen, was—to use a vulgar expression—"a little mixed," and not a little inaccurate.

### BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Mr. Thompson, of Cariboo, said the people of British Columbia feel that so long as the present Government are in power, an incubus rests upon their Province, and that if they were turned out Canada would—in the words of the Address relating to Sitting Bull—be relieved of a "source of uneasiness and a heavy expenditure." He charged the Government with a declared and deliberate breach of faith with British Columbia, and thanked Providence that the valuable mines recently discovered will soon render its people independent of the McKenzie Administration. To judge by the temper of their representative, the people of the "Pacific Province" are not just now in a pacific mood.

### A SCENE.

Several dreary speeches had been delivered. The hour was late, the House weary, the benches empty. Everything worth saying had been said. A drowsy listlessness prevailed the Chamber. The ladies had long since left the galleries, and only a few masculine spectators remained to hear the debate concluded. The Members present lolled upon their seats and dozed, or rubbed their sleepy eyes as they coned the evening papers. At the end of each tiresome speech, there was a call for "question," "question." Shortly after midnight the question was put. The first paragraph of the Address was carried. But on the motion, that the second paragraph "do now pass," Dr. Tupper rose. All at once Honorable Members began to straighten up, and look interested. The reading room, the smoking room, the library—all these Parliamentary resorts—were quickly deserted, and the vacant chairs were speedily filled. Dr. Tupper was replying to Mr. Jones; and drowsy listlessness gave way to animation and attention. Dr. Tupper pointed out that Mr. Jones had not defended himself against any of the charges which, on public grounds, had been preferred against him. Nor had he shown how he could possibly reconcile the opinions he preferred to hold respecting the Protection of sugar and the Pacific Railway, with the policy of the Government—which is entirely at variance with those opinions. It was, therefore, evident that he had no defence or explanation to offer. Doctor Tupper then turned his attention to the false charges which Mr. Jones had preferred against him, and in the clearest, most explicit, and most forcible manner possible to imagine, proved from documentary evidence that they were utterly false and ridiculous. He spoke for over an hour—holding the attention of the House throughout. Mr. Jones replied, by re-stating, in less vigorous language than he before used, the stale charges he had before

preferred. But, in the light of Dr. Tupper's explanations, they fell flat. When Mr. Jones resumed his seat, the floor was taken by Sir John McDonald, who surprised and electrified the House with one of the most witty, pungent, and withal clear and convincing speeches he has for years delivered in Parliament. The vigor he displayed at an hour when most of the members were tired out with the long sitting, was remarkable. Sir John is undoubtedly to-day—notwithstanding his years—the ablest politician in the Dominion. His sallies of wit elicited roars of laughter. The facts he adduced could not be denied. He carried the House along with him in his argument; and the excitement of both sides reached a climax when he pointed out that if Mr. Jones denied that he had declared that he would cheer when the British flag was hauled down from the citadel, the only inference was that Sir William Young, Judge DesBarres, Mr. Thomson, Sir Hastings Doyle, and even the "lamented Vail," were—according to Mr. Jones' own showing—liars and foul calumniators. The people of this Dominion, he said, a loyal people; and they will not tolerate at the head of the Militia a man who has—by evidence of the highest authority—been convicted of having given expression to disloyal words, and will not acknowledge that he did wrong. Mr. McKenzie replied to Sir John. He made a bad defence of a bad case. Alluding to the fact that Sir George Cartier was once a rebel, he insinuated that he was also a coward. The French members of both sides were displeased, and those who sit upon the Opposition benches said that he slandered the dead. Sir John McDonald promptly corrected Mr. McKenzie. He said that, by the generals who fought the rebels, he had been told that Sir George was present at the engagement, bravely bore his part, and was among the last to leave the field. Joe Rymal—one of McKenzie's supporters and one of the wits of the House—says that "Cartier wasn't that kind o' man to run away." The whole affair has given rise to much talk. Sir John, by the vigor and eloquence of his speech, extorted the admiration even of his stoutest opponents. Mr. Holton was heard to say that the speech reminded him of Sir John's efforts thirty years ago. McKenzie's blunder is recognized by himself; and after he had gone too far, he tried to explain away his insult to the memory of the greatest of French Canadians.

W. L. C.

### Mr. Perry.

WE regret that Mr. Perry should have gone out of his way to misrepresent the EXAMINER in Parliament. It would give us extreme pleasure to hear of Islanders bearing a high part in the deliberations of the Commons of Canada; and if Mr. Perry (or any other Grit) could possibly speak without saying "the thing that is not," we should be glad to chronicle his sayings. But Mr. Perry's speech, the other night, was instinct with gross inaccuracies; and none more gross, than that THE EXAMINER is a Protectionist paper." Mr. Perry is, it appears, ready to make any misrepresentation, no matter how glaring, to serve the purpose of the incapable combination, led by the man who—only a day or two ago—slandered the greatest of French Canadian statesmen, and was not even deterred from entering the hallowed precincts of the grave to effect his cowardly purpose.

THE Patriot confesses, but endeavors to palliate, his theft of our telegram. He says the dispatches we published were always to be found in the Reading Room of the Y. M. C. A., and that they were procured by that Institution. These assertions are both false, and the Patriot condemns himself when he says that he could not get the telegram we allude to in the Reading Room, but had to steal it out of the EXAMINER. Once entered upon a dishonest course, our contemporary does not halt or turn back. He proceeds to inform the public that he is going to lay before his readers telegrams from Europe at least twelve hours later than the EXAMINER can procure. This is a dishonest attempt to mislead the public. The Patriot, with all his vaunt of enterprise, cannot do it. Let him speak the truth and be honest.

WE regret to learn of the continued suffering of P. McGowan, Esq., of this city, who sustained his late injuries from the effects of a fall he received about a month since in descending the steps of the Police Office while they were very slippery. He fell on his left thigh, which was sprained, and he still is confined to his room and bed. We extend to him and Mrs. McGowan our sympathy on this occasion, and hope he will soon be able to be out again to resume the duties of his office as Clerk of the Fire Department, which he still retains.—Com.

WE would call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Mr. James Hobbs, in another column of to-day's paper. Parties wishing anything in the Cabinet-Making line, would do well to give him a call. Mr. Hobbs is an industrious young man, and a first-class mechanic.

A. M. HUBLEY, who was tried and found guilty of forgery during the present session of the Supreme Court, was to-day sentenced by Chief Justice Palmer to imprisonment in the common jail of this County for twelve calendar months. Thomas Imman, found guilty of larceny, was sentenced to three calendar months imprisonment.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN making engagements for next week, will please not forget that Mr. Earle's Concert takes place in the Y. M. C. Association, on Friday, the 18th inst.

WE are having heavy successions of southerly gales since one o'clock to-day, and yet there is nothing heard from the Northern Light.

A REPORT of the Rev. D. Fitzgerald's lecture on "Knowledge is Power" is crowded out. It will appear on Monday.

## Latest by Telegraph.

### WAR NEWS.

Special Dispatch to Examiner.

LONDON, Feb. 23.

The Times' Berlin dispatch says that Bismarck's speech is disliked in South Germany, where the popular wish is to support Austria. Assurance counteracting the unfavorable effect of the speech and calculated to persuade the public that Germany will not oppose Austria in any way are circulated in more quarters than one.

A St. Petersburg dispatch states that the Agence Ruse says Nanyk Pasha will not come to St. Petersburg. Such a mission as was entrusted to him could serve no purpose, as the Grand Duke Nicholas is invested with full powers to treat with Turkey. The journey of Nanyk Pasha would only increase the delay in the negotiations for peace, and Turkey is wrong to persevere in this course. [Nanyk Pasha's mission was to endeavor to obtain a modification of peace terms, especially those concerning the withdrawal of Mussulmans from Bulgaria and the limits of the new principality.]

A Belgrade dispatch says the Roumanian forces having left Bulgaria, the Russians have requested a Servian division to occupy Widin and Belgradchik.

ATHENS, Feb. 23.

The Turks occupied Platonis this morning, and burned a portion of the town, but the Insurgents received reinforcements and recaptured the place at noon.

LONDON, Feb. 23.

Rev. Henry Dodwell, who has been some time insane, fired a pistol at Sir George Jessel, for a fancied injury, as Jessel, who is Judge of the Court of Appeals, had Dodwell removed for a disturbance in the court; the bullet grazed Jessel's ear.

In the House of Commons last night, a motion of G. O. Trevelyan, in favor of the equalization of the franchise throughout the kingdom with the English borough franchise, and the redistribution of seats, was rejected by 271 to 219. The lock-out of 4,000 Oldham weavers began to-day. The weavers sometime since gave notice that they intended to quit work, on account of a reduction in wages.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 23.

Breadstuffs quiet.

## OUR OTTAWA DESPATCH.

(Special Dispatch to Daily Examiner.)

OTTAWA, Feb. 23.

The Budget speech occupied two hours. Cartwright estimates the total revenue at twenty-three millions eight hundred thousand dollars, derivable as follows:

Customs, thirteen millions seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Excise, five and a quarter million of dollars.

Stamps, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Post Office, twelve hundred thousand dollars.

Public Works, nineteen hundred thousand dollars.

Miscellaneous, fifteen hundred thousand dollars.

The question of the further increase of taxation he leaves till after the next election. He compared the result of his policy with those of his predecessors.

Tupper followed, and showed that Cartwright had asked for and obtained three millions of dollars of extra taxation the first year his Government was in power, and five millions of dollars the next year; their deficit amounted to \$3,361,000; he pointed out that fifteen per cent tariff gave more protection than the increased duties imposed by the present Government. The late Government also protected industries by relieving raw materials, machinery used in manufactories, ship-building material, tea and coffee, &c., from duty; he said it is a policy of the present Opposition to return to the same kind of protection on a more extended basis. He contended that the interests of manufacturers may be advanced as much by lowering taxes as by raising them, and that the policy of the Opposition is closely identified with reciprocity. He also said it was ridiculous for us to expect renewal of reciprocity while our markets are free to Americans. The joint issue with those who said differential duties might be imposed, while goods from Great Britain were admitted under low revenue tariff. He believed there would be no difficulty in imposing such duties upon the United States goods as would force the United States Government to grant the reciprocity we so much need.

At the Stipendiary Magistrate's Court this morning, Win. FitzPatrick, drunk and incapable, was fined \$2 and costs or 8 days; James McQuillan, drunk and using abusive language in the Police Station, was fined \$3 and costs or 14 days.

THE thirty-two bags of mail matter that arrived in this city yesterday evening were assorted by our P. O. clerks in less than three quarters of an hour. "It is proper to make a note of what seldom occurs."

THE Supreme Court opens at Georgetown on Tuesday. There are on the docket four larcenies, two shooting cases, one stabbing case and a large number of civil suits.

THE Jury in the case of the Queen v. McCloskey has not yet returned a verdict. They have now (4.30 p. m.) been locked up in their room for over twenty four hours.

WE have not yet received the "Hansard" with the continuation of Sir John's speech; consequently, the conclusion will not appear till Monday.

THERE were no mails left either Capes to-day.

## New Advertisements.

# WANTED!

1,000 MEN

to bring their Cloth and Trimmings to  
**Joseph A. McDonald's**

## TAILORING DEPOT,

and have their Clothing Made to Order in  
**FIRST CLASS STYLE,**  
and **Save Money,** as we will allow 10 per cent. discount for cash on our former low prices for Tailoring during the next three months.

**FIRST CLASS FITS AND WORKMANSHIP GUARANTEED.**

Ladies' Sacques and all kinds of Gentlemen's Garments cut at very reasonable prices by Mr. Nicholson.

## JOSEPH A. MACDONALD,

Sidney Street, one door east of the late  
Hon. D. Brennan's.  
Feb. 23—Sun tues & sat.

## JAMES HOBBS, CABINET MAKER,

Cor. Kent and Prince Streets,  
Charlottetown.

THE SUBSCRIBER, in returning thanks to his customers and the public generally, for past favors, would take this method to solicit a further continuance of their patronage.

I am better prepared than ever to execute any orders that may be entrusted to me. The latest styles of all kinds of Household, Office, Church and School Furniture, made from well selected and seasoned stock, at short notice.

Special attention paid to Cutting, Making and Laying Carpets.  
Repairing neatly done, at short notice. I would also invite the attention of Trustees of City and Country Schools to A DESK, one of the Cheapest and Best ever offered here for School purposes. Please call and inspect it at my Show Room.

### JAMES HOBBS.

Corner Kent and Prince Streets,  
Ch'town, Feb. 23, 1878.

## Union Bank of P. E. Island.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of this Bank will be held at their Banking House, in Charlottetown, on **Wednesday, 6th March,** at twelve o'clock, noon, to elect Directors for the ensuing year, and transact such other business as may be laid before the Meeting.

GEORGE MACLEOD,  
Cashier.

Ch'town, Feb. 23—1w

## Recitation & Dialogue Books

AT  
**BREMNER BROTHERS.**

February 23, 1878.—2i

## NEW SCHOOL BOOKS

constantly being received by mail, at  
**BREMNER BROTHERS.**

February 23, 1877—2i

## PENNY READINGS

—IN—  
**S. PETER'S SCHOOLROOM,**  
Tuesday Ev'n'g, Feb. 26, 1878.

Doors open at 7.30. Admission 25 cents.  
Feb. 21—dy pat till 26th.

### A GRAND FANCY DRESS

## CARNIVAL!

WILL BE HELD AT THE RINK,  
On Thursday, Feb. 28th, 1878,  
Commencing at 8 p. m. (Sharp.)

### RULES:

No one will be allowed to skate unless in Costume.  
Personation of Religious orders will not be permitted.

No gentleman will be allowed to personate a female character.

Only those taking part in the Carnival will be allowed in the Dressing Rooms.  
Strict order will be enforced in all parts of the building.

### ADMISSION:

Gentlemen and Ladies in Costume will be admitted free.  
Season ticket holders for promenade, 25 cts.  
Non-ticket holders for promenade, 50 cts.

The Rink will be suitably decorated for the occasion.  
Galbraith's Band will be in attendance, and will perform a select programme from 8 till 11 p. m.

All intending to take part in the Carnival must hand in their names to Dr. Strickland on or before Tuesday, 26th instant.

Ch'town, Feb. 19, 1878.

**SOLE LEATHER**—500 Sides No. 1 & 2  
**CARVELL BROS.,**  
Dec. 5—pat 2i

## New Advertisements.

# TEA!

SEASON 1877-1878.

We have received, by last trip of "Northern Light,"

**50 CHESTS TEA,** of the latest season—  
FRESH AND VERY SUPERIOR.

CARVELL BROS.

Ch'town, Feb. 23—2i

## MANILLA

ORDERS for Spring delivery solicited.  
PRICES AND TERMS unusually favorable.  
Also—all sizes in store for present requirements.

CARVELL BROS.,  
Agents.

Ch'town, Feb. 23—dy pat 2w for 3w

## RANKINE'S BISCUIT!

ON CONSIGNMENT:

**85 BOXES** Soda, Graham, Pilot, Wine and Butter, Fruit, Lemon, Cinnamon, Abernathy, etc., for Sale at **MANUFACTURERS' PRICE.**

FENTON T. NEWBERRY & CO.

Ch'town, Feb. 15, 1878.—3i

# UNLESS

ALL OUTSTANDING ACCOUNTS are paid by 1st MARCH, there will be an unpleasantness immediately after. Mind that, NOW!

THEO. L. CHAPPELLE.

Diamond Bookstore,  
85 N. Side Queen Square

Ch'town, Feb. 15, 1878.—3in

## KING SQUARE HOUSE!

WE HAVE A COMPLETE STOCK OF

## CARRIAGE GOODS

Consisting in part of

**Iron, Steel, and Castings,  
Spokes and Rims,  
Axles and Springs.**

We call special attention to HENRY'S PATENT  
SINGLE PLY

## Cast Steel Carriage Springs,

for which we are agents. We warrant each Set.

OUR PRICES ARE VERY LOW  
**BEER & SONS.**  
Ch'town, Jan. 9, 1878.

## GROCERY

—AND—

# Provision Store!

Cor. Great George & Kent Sts.

THE Subscriber wishes to inform his friends and the public generally that he still keeps on hand a choice assortment of

## Groceries and Provisions,

AT HIS OLD STAND,

and will be pleased to have them call and inspect for themselves.

ON HAND,

**10 CHESTS CONGOU TEA,**

("New Season")

**1,000 Lbs. Canadian Cheese,**

**10 Casks American Kerosene OIL,**

(12° test; 35 cts. per gal.)

**20 BARRELS SUGAR**

(all kinds),

**100 Bbls. Sup. Extra Flour,**

**3 Fans. Very Choice**

## MOLASSES

**20 doz. Pickles, 20 doz. Assorted Jams**

**20 boxes Dessert Prunes,**

**100 Tins Sardines.**

**CANS PEACHES, PINEAPPLES**

**STRAWBERRIES, TOMATOES!**

**NEW RAISINS, ZANTE CURRANTS!**

**DRIED APPLES, STEWING PRUNES,**

**300 QUARTS CRANBERRIES,**

**GREEN CRAPES.**

**500 LBS. SMOKED HALIBUT,**

**25 QTLS. CODFISH,**

**100 BOXES DIGBY HERRING.**

and all goods usually found in a First-

Class Grocery Store.

FAMILIES SUPPLIED BY THE MONTH

**DONALD NICHOLSON.**

Jan. 16, 1878.—y.