

The Fire Last Evening.

A FIRE was discovered in the stable of Mr. Thomas Campbell, Richmond Street, yesterday evening, at a quarter past six o'clock. It originated in the basement and spread rapidly to all parts of the building. In fact five minutes after the alarm was given, the whole stable was in a blaze. A slight breeze prevailed at the time. This added to the fury of the flames, and the firemen, on arrival, were unable to do anything further than prevent other property from being destroyed. As it was the flames spread from Mr. Campbell's stable to a stable 40x14, one story high, owned by Mr. T. Murphy; but, further than destroying this, the partial burning of another stable owned by Mr. Campbell and the scorching of a stable belonging to Mr. J. H. Myrick and a warehouse belonging to Mr. Philip Coyle, no serious damage was done.

The building destroyed was, in dimensions, 40x30 feet, two stories pitch roof. It contained a quantity of hay, a bagatelle board, furniture for nine bedrooms, etc. Mr. Campbell estimates his loss at \$1,500. He is insured for \$600, in the British American Assurance Co., represented by Mr. A. S. Urquhart. Mr. Murphy's loss is over \$100. The origin of the fire is unknown. The firemen acted with their usual promptness and bravery. The members of Sisby, Tremont, and the Hook and Ladder Co., distinguishing themselves particularly. Rollo, being laid up for repairs, did not attend the fire.

North Merchiston Church.

ADDRESS TO REV. THOMAS DUNCAN.

(Edinburgh Evening Express.)

Last night a meeting of the congregation of North Merchiston Church was held for the purpose of making a presentation to the Rev. Thomas Duncan, who has been recently discharging the duties of pastor in the Iron Church at North Merchiston. There was a crowded attendance. The Rev. Dr. McGregor, St. Cuthbert's, occupied the chair, and amongst others on the platform were the Rev. Dr. Snodgrass, Rev. Mr. Duncan, Rev. Mr. Hart, Mr. John Campbell, W. S. Mr. David Mein, chairman of the Testimonial Committee, and the members of committee. After devotional exercises, in which prayer was offered by the Rev. Mr. Hart.

Mr. David Mein read an address from the members and adherents of the congregation, acknowledging Mr. Duncan's efficient services during the past fifteen months. Along with the address a silk purse containing 65 sovereigns was presented to Mr. Duncan, and a handsome silver water jug to Mrs. Duncan. The address, which was signed on behalf of the congregation by Dr. McGregor and Mr. Mein, concluded by expressing the best wishes for Mr. and Mrs. Duncan and their family.

Dr. McGregor, in making the presentation, said that he had been acquainted with Mr. Duncan for thirty-seven years. They spent eight years together at the same university, having entered it, and he believed left it too, on the same day. By the same Presidency on 16th May, 1855, they were both licensed to preach. During all that time Mr. Duncan bore a high character for ability and a blameless life. Mr. Duncan became a minister of Charlottetown, where he was for many years a leading and influential minister. Upon Mr. Duncan coming to this country he renewed his acquaintance with him and his amiable and estimable wife, and in his intercourse with Mr. Duncan he had always come away with the impression that he had been in the presence of a sagacious, accomplished, and deeply pious man. (Applause.) Mr. Duncan would be a blessing wherever his lot was cast, and he hoped the Church of his fathers might not lose his services. (Applause.) In the course of further remarks Dr. McGregor mentioned that the new church at North Merchiston would bear the name of St. Michael. (Applause.)

Rev. Mr. Duncan, in reply, thanked the congregation for their kindness, and said the days he had spent amongst them had been exceedingly interesting and pleasant. He felt that they had given him their hearts from the moment he entered into their midst, and there was not a single house to which he had gone where he had not always had a most hearty welcome. (Applause.) In parting he wished to say his memories of the past few months were pleasant and profitable from their kindness to him, and the spirit of earnest co-operation with which so many of them very emphatically came forward and assisted him with their counsels, prayers, and active co-operation in the work of the congregation. (Applause.) He then spoke of the Band of Hope which had been formed recently in connection with the Church, and said he had no doubt that under the new ministry of Mr. Wilson their temperance organizations would expand to a large extent. (Applause.)

The Rev. Mr. Snodgrass, whom Mr. Duncan succeeded at Charlottetown, afterwards addressed the meeting. During the evening the proceedings were varied with sacred music, supplied with excellent taste by the choir, accompanied by the harmonium, and Mrs. Wilson gave a beautiful rendering of the solo "Angels ever bright and fair."

A speaker at one of the Chautauquus gatherings suggested that the study of literature begin in the third year of the school course and be systematically pursued. It might be as follows: "Let the third be the Whittier year; the fourth, Longfellow; the fifth, Irving and Bryant; the sixth, Tennyson and Dickens; the seventh, historical; the eighth, patriotic; while in the High School, the earlier English writers, with Milton and Shakespeare." He would have the course pursued under a syllabus prepared by the superintendent and school board, and examinations regularly given. Worthy of thought.—Journal of Education.

How science has multiplied the ties of human brotherhood! A sharp word spoken by a statesman in Europe indicating the possibility of a war between France and China, comes under the sea by wire and lifts the price of wheat in America a cent a bushel. If American farmers could get all the advances, the word spoken in Paris would be worth \$4,000,000 to them. And some dignity with a long queue, away on the other side of the globe under our feet, may take a step any day that shall affect all the industries of this nation.—New York Tribune.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

SIR.—In a late issue you gave your readers an account of an old lady at Souris, who is said to be 103 years old and quite smart at that. There is a man near Stanley Bridge, New London, whose age is 102 or 103. He is from the "Old S.S." He can be seen any fine day through the week at outside work as usual. He is one of thirteen within three or four miles whose united ages amount to 1102 years, averaging 84 years each. Among them are two nephews of Mr. McKay, whose hard fate on St. Paul's Island you gave us a few days since. One of the nephews was clerk with Mr. McKay in Charlottetown when he left on his fatal voyage.

AN OLD NEIGHBOUR. Nov. 19, 1883.

The Tank on Queen Square.

SIR.—Some months ago a petition was signed by nearly all the taxpayers doing business around and in the vicinity of Queen Square, asking the City Council to have the defective tank on that Square either "repaired or rebuilt to hold water for fire purposes." The Council, not wishing to lay the petition on the table, referred it to a committee, and the last enquiry made in reference to the tank elicited the reply that bricks were too scarce and high in price to build a tank with. Now, Sir, we who signed that petition would like to have some better reason given than the scarcity or price of bricks for not having this matter attended to, we pay the largest proportion of the city taxes, and if we ask for a better supply of water as a means of protecting not only our own but all other property in the vicinity of the Square have a right to have our request granted. If the wind had blown hard last evening when the fire broke out in the tank of Mr. Campbell's, how far would one tank of water have gone towards extinguishing the fire? We cannot always depend on having calm weather when a fire happens, and hope that the City Council will wake up to the necessity of not only having a better supply of water available in case of fire, but also have some arrangement made so that the water can be kept hot in the boilers of the Steam Engines and not have them standing around waiting for steam to get up before any water can be thrown on a fire.

Yours respectfully, PETITIONER. Charlottetown, Nov. 21, 1883.

Hickey's Wharf Notes.

Hickey's Wharf has had a very flourishing business done at it this fall. Although market rates were low and business confined to a few, yet the general tendency of the whole was satisfactory, and those engaged seemed to have a lively and continuous vent for produce. The different samples for market were of good quality, well assorted, and the returns prompt and satisfactory. The farmers were blessed with a good crop well-saved, and now, through the enterprise and courage of a few resident traders and speculators, and the patronage of some of the leading shipping firms of Charlottetown, and Mr. Boyer of Southport, they have disposed of the bulk of their oats and part of their potatoes and turnips. Local industry should be encouraged and congratulated. Messrs. Cumiskey, MacNally and Trainor are *les* men in a community. We wish them all the success which their energy so well deserves.

The wharf is in need of some repair. The end next the channel is pretty shaky after the butting and battering the steamer "Southport" gave it during the summer. It would be well for the Local and Dominion Governments to agree as to which of them it does belong. If neglected it may be moving in the spring. The river should be provided in summer with a more suitable steamer, and not be encumbered with an expensive suited for nothing only demolishing wharves. There is no use in the Local Government saying they have no suitable boat. Let them offer to lease the exclusive right of running the river for twenty or twenty-five years. The present term is too short to induce any company to put a good boat on the route. She should run from Charlottetown to Mount Stewart twice a week—Tuesdays and Fridays. It will be admitted that the officers of the "Southport" are very courteous and accommodating; but she is totally unsuited to give the public general satisfaction. We want something better.

Mr. J. H. Cumiskey is doing a good mercantile business at Webster's Corner. He has a beautiful new mansion almost completed.

We wish THE EXAMINER success, and our thanks for keeping its patrons posted in the local and foreign market rates.—Com.

Military Matters.

Machine guns in the field are now entirely abandoned. The French Mitraluse, from which such wonders were expected, was as heavy as a field gun and required six horses to draw it. Its range was practically the same as that of infantry, and had its disadvantages. If the range was correct and the mark remained steady, great execution was done, but the slightest error would throw every bullet out, unless at short range. Both French and Germans have given up machine guns for the field, and have increased and developed their field artillery. They both admit that the machine guns cannot face field artillery at artillery ranges, and that its projectiles have no power whatever against walls or buildings or earthworks; but they believe when two hostile bodies of infantry are closing, the machine guns may be brought from cover, in which they should be kept till then, and may then exercise great influence on the result.

An officer of a school in Boston for the blind says that sightless persons may become the most expert piano tuners. Through the constant exercise the faculty of hearing becomes so acute that intervals in the scale of sounds, which are so slight as to be unnoticed by others, are readily detected by the blind. The slightest imperfections in unisons is discord to them. Their knowledge of the mechanism of pianos is obtained through the use of models and the dissection of old instruments. Besides, they are thoroughly taught in that branch of physics which treats of the nature of sound and the laws of its production and transmission.

Foreign News Notes.

The postal note is reported to be a failure in the United States.

The slaughter of seven hundred drunken Indians by Chilians is reported.

It has been decided that the United States tariff ton shall be 2,240 pounds.

The troops have had to be called on to suppress disorder among Russian workmen at Kiel.

It is reported in Paris that several towns of Madagascar will be bombarded by the French.

A grant will be asked by the German Government for the construction of fifty torpedo boats.

A Paris despatch says the French squadron in Chinese waters will be reinforced, as the Viceroy of Canton is assisting the Black Flags.

It is reported that the American Bishops in Rome have suggested that a Papal Nuncio be appointed to the United States.

It is reported that Germany will send a special envoy to Peking to exert his influence on behalf of a peaceful solution of the trouble between France and China.

A Berlin despatch says.—The tone of the French press in commenting upon the projected visit of the Crown Prince to King Alfonso has made a very bad impression here.

The United States has 16½ doctors to every 10,000 persons. In England the proportion is 6 to 10,000; in France 3; in Germany, 3 and a fraction; Hungary and Italy 6; and Switzerland, 7.

Many of the Cleveland iron works will make either a total or partial stoppage on the first of next month, ostensibly for repairs, but really on account of the lack of orders. Two companies at Milwaukee closed their works yesterday.

The North German Gazette, referring to the declining trade of France, upbraids the anti-German press of that country for keeping the people in fear of impending war with Germany, which has the effect of paralyzing every branch of business.

It is reported that the remains of President Lincoln have been removed from their supposed resting-place at Springfield, and deposited in another portion of the monument known only to a select few, to prevent the success of any further attempt at desecration.

A Vienna despatch says.—A monstrous trial will begin in Hungary shortly, the prisoners being one hundred and eleven persons accused of participating in the recent anti-Jewish riots. One thousand four hundred witnesses will be called by the prosecution there.

Statistics show that every successive year the consumption of horse meat in France increases, the largest demand being in Paris. In some of the restaurants it is the foundation of many a soup and entree, and this alone goes to prove where ignorance is bliss it is folly to be wise.

In a recent discourse Rev. Henry Ward Beecher remarked that the evils of intemperance surpassed all other evils put together, but he thought their immediate extinction impossible. Maine, he said, has failed by legislation to clear out drinking. In Kansas the sale of liquors has increased since the passing of the constitutional amendment, and Iowa is just like it.

There is sometimes a great deal of luck, whatever the moralists may say. For example, of the ships which this year went all the way to the Arctic to catch whales, several had at last reports secured but one whale apiece and others none, while, on the other hand, a little schooner goes out to the Farallones, scarcely out of the sight of San Francisco, and after cruising around six weeks, returns with 300 barrels of oil. Our Arctic fleet is "down on its luck" for once.—Alta California.

A letter written by Andrew Jackson has been found at Trenton, New Jersey, in which he declines Commodore Elliott's offer of a Roman sarcophagus. Jackson says: "I cannot consent that my mortal body shall be laid in a repository prepared for an emperor or a king. My Republican feelings and principles forbid it. Every monument erected to perpetuate the memory of our heroes and statesmen ought to bear evidence of the economy and simplicity of our Republican institutions and the plainness of our Republican citizens, who are sovereigns of our glorious union, and whose virtue is to perpetuate it."

The real reason, says London Truth, why Cardinal Manning as well as so many distinguished prelates from other countries have been called to Rome, is that Leo XIII. wants to confer with them, in an informal manner, as to the best manner of ruling their respective churches, and yet remaining on good terms with the different Governments under which they live. The present Pope is utterly unlike Leo IX. The latter seemed to think that the more animosity that existed between the Church and the secular authorities of all lands, the more credit there was for the former. His successor is persuaded that the Church ought to assist the State as to all matters in which her moral influence can do any good.

British News Notes.

Postmaster-General Fawcett has been elected Lord Rector of Glasgow University.

The Queen has intimated that she will herself invest the Duke of Argyll with the ribbon and insignia of the Garter.

The London Engineer strongly condemns the work of the United States Naval Advisory Board in the design of the cruiser Chicago.

Burgan, late manager of the Union Bank of Birmingham, has been convicted of forging bills of exchange and falsifying accounts and sentenced to fifteen years.

The Conservative students of St. Andrew's University have nominated Mr. Edward Gibson, member of Parliament, for the rectorship, against Mr. Lowell, the United States Minister.

The Right Hon. John Chamberlain, President of the British Board of Trade, says the Imperial Government proposes to amend the insurance laws so that shipwrecking will be made unprofitable.

The official returns show that the healthiest class of people in Great Britain are the

inmates of prisons, where simple diet, regular hours, and exercise are compulsory. But the cases of insanity among the convicts are out of proportion to the number of other ailments. To commit a crime a man must be more or less mad.

An English bride, Miss Jewel, had a wonderful wedding cake. On top, done in sugar, was a representation of the meeting of Rebekah and Abraham's servant at the well, the grouping modelled after Verne's celebrated picture. The cake was four feet high, and weighed 227 pounds. The cover or top lifted off, so that the cake could be cut.

Mr. Labouchere says in Truth.—It is no longer a War Office secret that the present state of the recruiting market is causing serious anxiety. Our army is now about 8,000 short of the number voted by Parliament in this year's estimates; while even in the Foot Guards the deficiency is so pressing that the standard of height has had to be lowered to five feet seven inches.

At the Evangelical Alliance, recently held at Norwich, Rev. Hugh Price, of Oxford, made a startling remark. "In China," he said, "a congregation which is not satisfied with a preacher gets up and walks out, and" he added, "would to God we could introduce that custom into England. Well, if it ever were introduced, the immediate result would be a vast number of empty churches."

Home News Items.

Snow is twelve inches deep at Brantford, Ontario.

A nugget of gold weighing twenty ounces and valued at \$300 has been taken out of the River Gilbert at Beauce, Quebec.

Manufactures are extending, notwithstanding the howl about dulness. Goudin Bros., are about to establish an extensive bolt factory at Berthier, Quebec.

Kirkham's offer dam has been found of the greatest advantage at the port of Halifax. Already three steamers, which formerly would have had to go elsewhere, have been repaired in it. The saving in expense thus effected must certainly make this comparatively inexpensive method of getting at the hulls of vessels in order to make repairs, very popular among ship owners.

The Toronto Mail's Ottawa correspondent writes: The indications now are that the present year will be the best the Dominion has ever experienced in the cattle and sheep export trade. The quantity will be greater both of cattle and of sheep, and the quality will be much superior. The shipments of sheep will be at least thirty per cent. beyond those of the best year of the past. The promise of the future is that this will be one of the great industries of the country.

A noticeable feature of social agitation in Lower Canada is the determined stand which the Roman Catholic clergy, French and English speaking, are making against the use of strong drink. They are making a vigorous crusade, not only against intemperance, but against moderate drinking, and their temperance efforts are rapidly leading them up to a position from which they may be expected to assail insufficient license laws. There are many indications that some very prominent clerical leaders of that denomination will range themselves on the side of legal prohibition.

The Rev. C. B. Pitblado, in his thanksgiving sermon, at Winnipeg, said: "If commercial depression teaches men lessons of caution in their dealings, of economy in their way of living, of honesty in their business transactions, they accomplish a beneficent purpose in social economy. We are reminded that the 'boom' is over. The fever of excitement is gone, and the depression of re-action has come. Lots have lost their value and buyers are without their money. Well it is a good thing that though the castles in the air have been demolished, the solid land remains, though fictitious values have fallen, real worth is not impaired. Honest work and skillful farming will survive the fever of wild speculation. The sickness of intoxication is not a premonition of death but the signs of returning health—for that we can be thankful."

General News Notes.

The Century Magazine answers the questions why the more intelligent class of people have quit going to church. It says they have not.

"Whar yer gwine wid dat man?" asked a negro to his daughter. "He ain't fitten ter com'pny yer." "Gwine ter de show," she replied. "Dat's all right. Thought yer wos gwine to church. A 'oman can go wid mes' any man ter a show, but she's got ter be might petic'lar who goes to church wid her."

It is not so much overwork that is killing us as under exercise. The fatal routine of the ordinary minister's (and teacher's) life, and its lack of novelty and stimulus, hush his activities into benumbing sleep. No, it is not work that hurts; for we can work as long as the day lasts, if indigestion and rheumatism, the two enemies of all Americans, will only let us alone. To be teased and fretted by pain, to be compelled to write when the neuralgia has twisted your brain out of shape or taken it away altogether—well, under such circumstances, life becomes a heavy burden. In nine cases out of ten it is nothing more than a disgruntled muscle or nerve that stands in your way.—Dr. G. H. Hepworth, in Independent.

STATISTICS of Lunatic Asylums show that nine-tenths of their patients are brought to their condition by abuses of the generative organs. A great Brain and Nerve food, known as Mack's Magnetic Medicine, is sold by our druggists, and comes highly recommended as an unfailing cure in all these diseases. Sold in Charlottetown by Apothecaries Hall Co. See advertisement in another column. [no] 1w wklly.

ROOM PAPER from five cents to three dollars per roll at the Diamond Bookstore. The stock is the largest in the city.

AWAY BELOW ZERO.—A St. Paul, Minnesota despatch says advices from all parts of the Northwest show the thermometer 15 to 40 below zero. Trains are delayed on account of the strong wind and navigation is suspended. The thermometer has not yet reached zero in New Brunswick. The lowest marking has been from 8 to 10 above.

DIED.

On Tuesday, the 20th inst., Janet, the beloved wife of John Sayers, aged 44 years. [Funeral will leave the V. M. C. A. building to-morrow (Thursday) at 1:30 o'clock.] (Boston papers please copy)

At Hamilton, Dakota, of typhoid fever, aged four years and six months, Cecil, eldest child of Dr. James Bearisto, formerly of Albion.

At Miminishash, P. E. Island, at the advanced age of eighty-six years, Mr. Simon Luttrell, who emigrated to this Island in the year 1823. Mr. Luttrell leaves a number of children and grand-children to mourn the loss of a Christian father.

At Arlington, Lot 14, on the 7th instant, Isabella, eldest daughter of the late James McLellan, aged nineteen years. Requiescat in pace.

V. M. C. A.

LECTURE COURSE.

THE First Lecture of the Winter Course, before the Young Men's Christian Association, will be delivered by the

REV. JOHN BURWASH, A. M.

—IN THE—

Y. M. C. A. HALL,

—ON—

Thursday, the 22nd instant,

SUBJECT—"WATER."

Professor Burwash will illustrate his subject by several experiments. Chair to be taken at eight o'clock. Admission ten cents.

HENRY SMITH, Secretary.

Ch'town, Nov. 17.

JUST RECEIVED,

ALL SIZES ENGLISH

Iron Bedsteads and Cribs,

MARKED LOW.

Largest and best assortment of PICTURE MOULDING in the city, selling by the foot or made up very cheap.

500 LOOKING GLASSES, every variety and price, from 6x8 to 24x60. New Plates for old frames.

FANCY GOODS, in every variety, viz.—Brackets, Music Stands, Bases, and Canterbury, Fire Screens and Tables (combined), Flower Stands and Light Stands, Folding Chairs and Rocking Chairs, Chess Table and Ladies' Work Table (something new), Smokers' Stands, Parlor Baskets, etc., etc.

Two very fine BAGTELLE BOARDS.

FRAMED CHROMOS.

MANTLE MIRRORS (new patterns).

Upholstering Department,

Under the management of MR. DREW, a veteran in the trade.

We have just received our Fall and Winter Stock of Goods, comprising forty-five different pieces of Furniture Coverings, Gimp and Buttons to match, Hosiery, Ticking, Hair Cloth, imitation of Leather, etc., etc. In this department to give satisfaction, as our stock was purchased in the cheapest markets and marked accordingly.

HAIR MATTRESSES, FLOCK do., EXCEL-SIOR do., STRAW do., FEATHER BEDS.

Every variety of Spring Beds, Dominion Wire Mattresses, best in the market, every bed warranted, price \$8.00.

We have now on hand (and are manufacturing daily) a large and varied stock of Household Furniture, comprising many new and beautiful designs. Particular attention given to ordered work.

KILN-DRIED STOCK and BEST WORK-MANSHIP, every time.

Venetian Blinds, Inside and Outside Shutters, School and Church Furniture.

Machine Jabbing, Wood Turning, etc., etc. Prices low.

Factory, Office and Showrooms,

King's square.

Branch Show Rooms, 83, Queen Street.

MARK WRIGHT & CO.

Ch'town, Nov. 1883.—3a w

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A NEAT LITTLE COTTAGE on East Kent Street to sell or let. Possession given immediately. Apply to

W. P. COLWILL.

Nov. 19, 1883.

JOB PRINTING of every description executed with neatness and despatch by the EXAMINER JOB PRINTING ROOMS, 111 Queen Street.

WANTS, LOST, FOUND, &c.

TO LET, and immediate possession given, a comfortable, well finished Dwelling, containing eight rooms, with frost-proof pantry and cellar. Apply at THE EXAMINER OFFICE. [no] 20 21 pd

WANTED to Rent immediately, a comfortable Dwelling House, with stable, in a pleasant part of the city. Address, Mrs. B. Haszard, Charlottetown. [no] 20 21

McKINNON & McLEAN are paying fifty cents per hundred weight for SCRAP IRON. [no] 17 101

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—A GOOD COOK. Apply at EXAMINER OFFICE. [no] 17 91 pd

ADRIET.—On or about the 19th instant, a raft of Spruce Logs drifted from its moorings, three miles south-west of Cape Bear. Any parties having found the same shall be rewarded by notifying McLean Bros., Murray River, King's County, or David Small, Harbor Master, Charlottetown. [no] 3

SITUATION WANTED.—As Auctioneer two days in each week, and every night, for the winter, at low rates. Apply at this office. [no] 2

A FEW PERMANENT AND TRANSIENT BOARDERS can be accommodated in the House corner of Weymouth and Dorchester Streets, on reasonable terms. Very convenient for Railway travellers.—L. B. McMillan. [no] 30

BOARDERS.—Mrs. Robert Rodd, has removed to the house of Mr. C. Hearta, Euston Street, where she can accommodate a number of Boarders, on reasonable terms. [no] 30

TO LET and possession given immediately in the two story Dwelling House, corner of Prince and Fitzroy streets. Apply on the premises to J. Frazar or W. E. Bawson. [no] 2

Household Furniture.

BY AUCTION, on FRIDAY, 23rd inst, at two o'clock, at the Subscriber's Room, a quantity of Household Furniture, consisting of,—

- 1 Drawing Room Suit (8 pieces), 1 Parlor Suit (Hair Cloth, 8 pieces), 2 Sofas (Hair Cloth), 4 Chandeliers Lamps, 1 Chandelier, 6 Carpets (Brussels and Tapestry), 3 Whatnots (Walnut), 1 Extension Table, 18 Dining Room and Kitchen Chairs, Rocking Chairs, Washstands, 7 Bedsteads, Oil Cloth, Mats, Mattresses and Pillows, Chests Drawers, 1 Stewart Range, 1 Franklin Stove, Clock, Hats and Umbrella Stand, 1 Bedroom Suit, and other articles

WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer.

Ch'town, Nov. 21, 1883.

Apples, Onions, &c.

BY AUCTION, THURSDAY, Nov. 22nd, at eleven o'clock, at my Auction Room, 11 Queen Street,

50 barrels Choice Winter Keeping Apples,

In Baldwins, Greenings, Pippins, Tompkins, etc., etc.

1 brls. Onions, 20 doz Cabbage.

A. McNEILL, Auctioneer.

Ch'town, Nov. 20, 1873.—11

BREMNER BROS.

44 QUEEN STREET.

WE desire to call attention to our Stock of popular and standard

BOOKS,

making the best selection, for old and young, that we have ever had. Also our Stock of

Christmas Cards,

which is by far the most extensive and varied ever seen in Charlottetown, imported from the leading makers in Europe and America, and

The Grandest Display

ever made here. All at the lowest prices.

BREMNER BROS.

Ch'town, Nov. 20, 1883.—1w pat

CARD.

I TAKE this mode of acknowledging the timely assistance I received, by the very handsome gift of one hundred and eighty-one dollars and eighty-five cents, from the officers and employes of the P. E. Island Railway, and hereby express my deep gratitude to the kind donors, especially as the bestowal of so generous a gift was unsolicited on my part.

MRS. M. E. WATSON.

Georgetown, Nov. 17, 1883.

CANARIES!

JUST ARRIVED from Hartz Mountain, Germany, a choice lot of

Singing Canaries,

FOR SALE AT THE DIAMOND BOOKSTORE.

Will only remain until Friday evening