

THE CITY'S CANDIDATES. HON. NEIL McLEOD -AND- PATRICK BLAKE, ESQUIRE. THE DAILY EXAMINER. APRIL 29, 1882.

A Point to be Noted. Here is one little point which should be well considered by electors. It is admitted on all hands that the Government have been economical. The Opposition say they have been economical to a fault. Defeat the Government, or greatly lessen their majority—and what is the inference? The plain inference is that the people of the Island do not appreciate economy in the public service? What follows? Future Governments will adopt "the dashaway policy;" for they will say among themselves, "what does it matter; the people don't like economy; we shall probably be turned out at the end of our term; let us make it merry for ourselves and our friends while we can; "we shall stand just as good a chance for re-election!" Tax-payers should think over these considerations. If they do so, and then set on election day as reasonable and prudent men, having a regard to their own pockets would do, every Government candidate in the Province will be elected.

"Watchman's" Letter. There is no doubt a good deal of truth in the remarks of our correspondent "Watchman." Taxation in the City has increased; the burden falls very heavily upon the property holders; and the cause certainly is, not Mr. Blake's action at the City Council Board, but the increased cost of the City Schools. The City is compelled to bear this cost; and it is simply the duty of the City Council to levy for the amount required. But it must be remembered that the improved City Schools were introduced by the desire of the people clearly expressed at the polls, a majority, including nearly all the property holders of the City, voted for the introduction of those schools; the minority acquiesced with good grace; all heartily assisted in their establishment; they are undoubtedly doing good work; if the necessary cost has increased the civic burden, the taxpayers themselves are responsible for it; and we see no adequate reason why the question should now be dragged into the contest. The question has been settled. Whether or not, Latin, Greek, and Mathematics should be taught in the schools, and if so, whether instruction in these branches should be paid for by the taxpayers or by the parents of the children who receive it, are questions of detail to be considered by the City School Boards. What we have now to do is to sustain the economical Government which has materially lightened the taxation of the Province at large.

Bank of P. E. Island. The Committee of eight gentlemen, who were appointed at the meeting of shareholders and others, on the 20th instant, have issued a circular to all the creditors of the Bank, asking them to write off thirty per cent. of their claims, and promising to pay the balance of seventy per cent. in three annual instalments, without interest. This, in some respects, carrying out the plan of resumption we suggested some days since. Instead, however, of asking a rebate of fifty per cent., as we proposed, they ask for thirty per cent. from the creditors. Our idea was that the rebate should be conditional; the proposition they make is absolute. It will be a boon to the community, a blessing to the shareholders, and a pecuniary benefit to the creditors, if the request of the committee is promptly complied with. Time is precious; and the depositors and other creditors should at once give the proposition immediate and earnest attention. It is gratifying to find that a definite plan of resumption has at length been determined upon. Perhaps it was impossible, until the present time, to strike upon a feasible plan whereby the Bank might be lifted from the great slough of despond, into which it was so unhappily precipitated last November, as the exact condition of the affairs of the Institution has only recently become really known;—and that after much investigation and probing. The gentlemen of the committee are interested as creditors, and we are satisfied that they have given the whole subject of the Bank's condition careful thought; and being business men, they have understandingly adopted and, through the circular, urged, the best plan of resumption that could be devised, taking into consideration the position of the Bank, and the probability of its acceptance by the creditors. We have already said that it would be for the pecuniary benefit of the creditors to accept the conditions named in the circular and we reiterate the statement. A refusal to rebate the thirty per cent. will result in the bankruptcy of the Bank. Years must then elapse before the final dividends could be paid, and no one supposes that more than fifty per cent. would be realized, and it is doubtful if so much—perhaps only twenty-five or thirty per cent.—would ever reach the pockets of creditors. The whole thing lies in a nutshell. If creditors agree to the propositions of the Committee, resumption will follow; and they will realize 70 per cent. of their claims; if they refuse the Bank will go into liquidation, and creditors may get 25 per cent., certainly not more than 50 per cent. of the amounts due them. Business men and others are fully aware of the unsatisfactory returns made in cases of bankrupt estates. Certain sly foxes generally appropriate the larger part of the cheese. Let the old fable be a lesson to all interested.

A society has been founded for the purpose of removing from England the disgrace of having till now left buried in manuscript the most important works of her early reformer, John Wycliffe. The society proposes to print all his genuine writings by the year 1884, the five hundredth anniversary of his death.

Ralph Waldo Emerson.

A short month ago, America laid its purest and sweetest singer in the grave. Unlaurelled, unmedalled, unennobled, Longfellow received the richer tribute of a nation's simple homage. To-day, the Republic bewails the loss of its profound philosopher, Ralph Waldo Emerson. Born at Boston, May 25, 1803, descended from Puritan forefathers, Emerson became minister of a Unitarian congregation in the city of his birth. At the end of three years' ministerial labor, his opinions having become Pantheistic, he was induced to resign his charge. Henceforth Emerson led a semi-recluse life, devoting himself entirely to literature and lecturing. In 1846, he went to England, and there delivered his lectures on "Representative Men," and by these he is chiefly known to the general reader. He published several volumes of essays, and a well-known work called "English Traits." Emerson's genius had a lyric turn, which he used as the vehicle of his mysticism. His poems are considered unmelodious and incongruous, but they show a lively sympathy with nature, and have a prevailing tone of cheerfulness. "Thousand minstrel's wake within me, Our muses on the hills."

In the classic vale of Concord, Emerson lived and died. His oft-used study was his dear Walden woods, a well worn way there denoting the meditative pacing to and fro. From his home at Concord, our Philosopher, Poet, and incisive Essayist:

"Has gone from us for ever, He has moved a little nearer To the Master of all music."

The Intercolonial.

Sir Charles Tupper laid on the table of the House of Commons, recently, a return of the expenses, etc., of running the Intercolonial Railway from 1876 to the end of the fiscal year, 1881. From this return, it appears that the loss, for the three years ending June 30th, 1879, was \$1,665,638, and for the year ending 30th June, 1880, the loss was \$97,132, but for the year ending 30th June, 1881, the receipts had exceeded the expenditure by \$643. In this connection the comparative statement of the tariff on railways as shown by Sir Charles in a recent speech will prove interesting. According to this statement, it appears that the rate for first-class freight per hundred pounds for twenty to twenty-five miles is as follows:—

Table with 2 columns: Railway Name and Rate in CENTS. Includes Intercolonial Railway, Prince Edward Island, Canadian Pacific Railway, etc.

New Haven.

A public meeting of the Electors of the Second District of Queen's County was held at New Haven last evening. It was addressed by Messrs. McKay and Shaw on behalf of the Government, and Messrs. Farquharson and Laird on behalf of the Opposition. There was no division taken, but the indications are that Messrs. McKay and Shaw will have a fair majority in this section of the District.

The Grit Alphabet.

A is their action which purity lacks, B ear gave his vote for imposing the tax, C is the craven, who eagerly waits, D is for Dodd, who sells register grades, E represents the evil they do, F is for Farquharson—clown of the crew—G stands for greed—a stock far from small—H is for honor, unknown to them all, I shows iniquity, black as the night, J udged by their records, opponents of right; K is the kneeling, on penitent knees, L et us inside (we're reform-ed) if you please, M is for Morris, now brewing his woes; N ever can he be elected, he knows; O r is his colleague, a fabled Tory, bring P eters, whose name with instructions will Q uiet the hum of the poor working man. R eassally conduct! Mechanics! how can S uch a bold enemy ask you to go T amely as serfs, and reward the death blow. U pin your might and teach such as he. V ulcan's descendants, as men, must be free. W e, on account of our space, must refrain, X tending our list and giving each name. Y e "party of purity" will be whipped bad. Z is the latter; and they, too, are SAD.

The N. Y. World's London cable says Professor Tyndall makes public the results of experiments made by Dr. Koch, of Berlin, on tubercular disease. It was known before that the disease was communicable, but Dr. Koch has ascertained the exact nature of the parasite which causes consumption. He has propagated it artificially, and killed the animals with parasites thus produced. The matter explicated from the lungs of consumptive persons has been found to be swarming with parasites, which are highly infective. Prof. Tyndall's object is to protest against legislation which prohibits in England experiments such as enabled Dr. Koch to make these discoveries. But it is hoped Dr. Koch will develop the harmless form of the tubercular parasite, which, by inoculation, may prevent consumption, and thus check the scourge which, according to Dr. Koch's calculation, carries off one-seventh of the human race.

The Boston Daily Advertiser has been taking a census of Sabbath Church attendance at the Hub. The result, for which, however, perfect accuracy is not claimed, shows that on the average about one-third of the whole population of the city will be found at church. Amongst these were over 30,000 Presbyterians, 15,000 Baptists, about the same number of Congregationalists, 12,000 Episcopalians, 9,000 Methodists, smaller numbers of other Protestant churches, and almost 50,000 Roman Catholics.

OLD BANK PAPER FOR CASH.—A few hundred dollars wanted. Apply to H. Coombs, Agent.

CORRESPONDENCE.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions or statements of our correspondents.

Down With the Tax Curse.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

Sir,—If there ever was a Government in P. E. Island that deserved the hearty thanks of the entire people, from East Point to West Cape, it is the present one. Previous to the last election this Province was stirred from centre to circumference with a cry of Opposition to the Assessment Act, and the unfair valuations of property throughout the country. Now, Sir, it would be incredible—if we did not hear it ourselves every day—to think that men could be found in this Island to come before the people with any such monstrous proposition as that of direct taxation; when we are shown, and it is proven to a demonstration by the present Government that we have more than enough money on hand already, to meet all ordinary requirements of the country. The people, at the last election demanded economy and retrenchment in the public expenditure and the repeal of the Assessment Act. The present Government have not only acceded to these demands, but by constant vigilance and carefulness in handling the finances of the Province have wiped off a heavy debt left by their predecessors, met the current expenditure, and show a handsome surplus. This, Sir, is a record to be proud of. It is something that should commend itself to every thinking man in P. E. Island. If these worthies who are going about preaching taxation have more money than they know what to do with, let them pay it into the Treasury as taxes, but the people generally have quite enough use for their hard-earned money without shelling it out to the tax-gatherers of Farquharson, Stewart & Co. I for one, say down with the tax curse, and long life to the Government that has so ably delivered us from it.

Yours, etc., TAXPAYER. April 27th, 1882.

"Ye Amateur of Music."

To the Editor of the Examiner.

Sir,—Able, honest, and sympathetic criticism is always an estimable boon to a community. But when a person, possessed with such obtuse ears as the Patriot's musical amateur, undertakes to slur such performers as Galbraith and Hayden, together with the tenors and the basses of the Glee Club, surely it is time for some one to drop "Ye Amateur" a gentle hint of his stupidity. Now, here is an instance: "The Band of the 82nd Battalion performed several pieces. The 'Midnight Galop' was their most harmonious selection." This is a very amateurish remark—one that suggests to me the idea that "Amateur" himself must have been on a "midnight galop." The Band did not play the "Midnight March" at that concert. This is but one instance selected from "Amateur's" waste of time and exhibition of ignorance.

SOME clue has been obtained to the identity of the remains found in a ravine near Sutton, Que., by the information giving by a neighboring farmer, who recollects two men, one answering the description of the murdered man, applying to him for work last summer. He engaged the elder of the two, and his younger companion disappeared the same day. After working for him a month, the supposed murderer left for the States. As the younger man had some money in his possession, it is thought that he was murdered and robbed by his companion, the two men being last seen together near the spot where the remains were found.

A SENSATION has been created in Montreal by the news of the arrest of H. S. W. Goodhue, a young lawyer of that city, in Brussels, Belgium, on a charge of malversation of a large amount of bonds belonging to the deposed Bishop of Toronto. Mr. Goodhue was employed to catch a sharper who had stolen the bonds, and succeeded in his mission. On returning to Brussels, he was himself taken into custody. His friends in Montreal believe that he will come out of the ordeal with his character unimpaired, and the intervention of the Imperial Foreign Secretary has been invoked in his behalf.

LONDON has its outrages on Jews as well as Russia. At an inquest held recently, Mr. Cohen, a Levite, objected to serve on a jury because his religion forbade him to look upon a dead body on that day. The coroner insisted that Mr. Cohen should attend, which he did, warning the coroner that the sin he was about to commit was upon his head, whereupon the coroner said he would put up with all that, and the inquest proceeded. This action has not apparently been publicly denounced by anybody.

News has been received from Mr. D. Charney—sent to explore the ruined cities of Central America by Mr. Pierre Lorillard, the well known New York sportsman, conjointly with the French Government—that he had succeeded in penetrating the country of the Locodones, in north-west Guatemala, and has discovered the ruins of a large city, which, on account of its inaccessibility, was called the "Phantom City."

MR. TIM GLEESON, ex-member of the Council from the Fourth Ward, Cincinnati, says he suffered terribly with rheumatism all last winter and spring. He tried all kinds of liniments and medicines without any benefit until he used St. Jacob's Oil, the first application of which insured a full night's repose, and its subsequent use entirely cured him. It is a great remedy, and the sufferer's hope.

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The United States Treasury agent at New York has seized a finger ring valued at \$12,000. The ring is said to have originally belonged to Queen Isabella of Spain. It is supposed to have been smuggled into the United States.

Three thousand five hundred Jewish families at Balta, in Southern Russia, have been rendered homeless by the excesses of fanatics during the recent riots in that town, and hundreds of Hebrews are in a starving condition.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Special Dispatch to the Examiner.

LONDON, April 28. Dr. Lamson was executed to-day. Death was instantaneous.

DUBLIN, April 28. Earl Cowper has resigned the Lord Lieutenancy of Ireland, and Earl Spencer, now Lord President of the Council, has accepted the appointment as his successor.

LONDON, April 29. There will be a Cabinet Council to-day, when the question of the detention or liberation of three members of Parliament, now in Kilmainham jail, will be decided.

WASHINGTON, April 28. The Senate to-day passed the anti-Chinese Bill, with ten years suspension of immigration.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., April 28. Late advices from Labrador give a gloomy account of affairs on that coast. In some harbours, not an article of food can be purchased, and the people are reduced to the verge of starvation.

LONDON, April 29. Hanlan continues steadily at work, in preparation for the championship match on Monday.

This morning he rowed to Barnes at a smart rate, returning more leisurely. In the morning he was again in his shell and made the trip to Hammersmith and back, finishing in good shape. His general health is robust, and he manifests the greatest confidence in the coming contest. Trickett also was out, but did lighter work. There is virtually no betting and little or no interest is taken in the race by the general public. The result is considered a certain victory for the Canadian.

Weather Bulletin. Probabilities for the next 24 hours for the Maritime Provinces.

TORONTO, April 29—10 a. m. Moderate winds, mostly westerly, fair weather, slightly higher temperature.

MANILLA.

2 CAR LOADS, 6 thread, 9 thread, 12 thread, 15 thread, to arrive first steamer from Pictou. CARVELL BROS. Charlottetown, April 29, '82—21 pat

Citizens Skating Rink Co'y.

A DIVIDEND at the rate of 12 1/2 per cent. per annum on the capital stock of the Citizens' Skating Rink Company has been declared and will be paid on or after MONDAY, the first day of May, on application to JOHN A. MOORE, Treasurer.

JUST PUBLISHED!

"Short Speculative Essays," BY ROBERT B. THOMAS. For sale on and after MONDAY, May 1st, at the Bookstores of Messrs. Bremner Bros., Chappelle, Harvey and G. H. Haszard. Price 50 cents. [ap 29 2w]

Bright Yellow Sugar.

EX "NORTHERN LIGHT,"—50 BARRELS. CARVELL BROS. Charlottetown, April 29, 1882—21 pat

MILL VIEW CREAMERY.

LOT 49. THERE are a few shares of stock in this profitable industry yet unsold. Parties wishing to invest will do well to apply immediately to P. M. BOURKE. Mill View, April 17, '82. 2aw wklly 2w

TO LET.

THE premises on Water Street formerly occupied by Hazard Bros., adjoining the Bonded Warehouse. There are 2 rooms in the attic, 5 rooms on the second floor, 3 rooms and a shop on the ground floor, besides kitchen and scullery. There is a good cellar under the Building, fitted up expressly for curing Pork with Keeres and other appliances for Pork curing. Also a large warehouse attached to the Building, a small stable and moderate-sized yard in the rear. Apply to HORACE HASZARD, Charlottetown, April 29, 1882—1w cod

CARD.

ALL parties indebted to the Estate of the late Wm. R. Watson, Esq., are hereby notified that in order to wind up the affairs of the Estate, all Book accounts remaining unpaid on the 15th May next, will have to be placed in the hands of the Clerk of the Courts for collection. For the convenience of parties, I will be in attendance at the office of the Estate, at the City Drug Store, Queen Street, between the hours of 3 and 4 o'clock, p. m., daily, where all payments may be made to me. WILLIAM H. SHANKS, Agent for Estate. April 27, 1882—cod 1f, rg 3f

TO FISHERMEN.

WANTED, a few good Lobster Catchers. Apply to M. R. RAY, Tracadie, or F. W. HYNEMAN, Charlottetown. [ap 25 1w wklly 3f]

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders in the Charlottetown Gas Light Company will take place at the Gas Works on TUESDAY, the 9th day of May next, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing Directors and the general transacting of business. By order, WM. MURPHY, Manager and Secretary. April 25, '82—2aw

DRY GOODS. DRY GOODS. PERKINS & STERNS, Queen Square. WE ARE NOW OPENING A Portion of our Stock of NEW SPRING GOODS

MUSICAL & LITERARY ENTERTAINMENT. Y. M. C. A. HALL, Monday Ev'ng, May 1st. Instrumental—Leval d'Amour. Orchestral Club Chorus—Hail to thee, Liberty. Glee Club Solo Vocal—The Witch of Wenham. Whittier. Mr. G. E. Paul Double Quartette—Oh, that Men would Praise the Lord. D. M. Fraser and others Duett Vocal—All's Well. Messrs. Reid and Maynard Solo Vocal—The Miller and the Maid. Miss K. Hendry Reading—The Witch of Wenham. Whittier. Instrumental—String Quartette. Orchestral Club Solo Vocal—"Twas in the Sunny Rime Land. Miss Knight Boys' Chorus—Robinson Crusoe's Experience. Reading—Geo. Peake, Esq. Violin Solo—Mr. Viniomich Chorus—O! Hail us ye Free. Glee Club Solo Vocal—When the tide comes in. Miss Minnie Palmer Reading—Spring Flowers Waltzes—Bonnet. Orchestral Club Grand Chorus from Faust. Glee Club God Save the Queen. To commence at 8 o'clock. Admission only 15 cents. [ap 25]

GRAND CONCERT WILL BE HELD ON Wednesday Ev'ng, 3rd May, MARKET HALL, in aid of the St. Vincent de Paul Society. The Orch. and Club and the best musical talent in the city will take part. Admission 25 cents. Reserved Seats 35 cents. Doors open at 7 p. m.; to commence at 8 p. m. J. A. MCKENNA, Secretary. April 28—till date

COAL. COAL. A FEW TONS ROUND PICTOU COAL for sale for cash on delivery. Enquire at ROUGHAN'S SCALES. April 28, 1882.

To the Electors of the First Electoral District of King's County. GENTLEMEN,—I have been nominated at a meeting of Liberal-Conservatives held at Souris, as a candidate for your suffrages at the coming election for the Local Legislature, and have decided to accept the nomination. I am a supporter of the present Government, and believe they have carried on the business of the country for the last four years in such a way as to merit their return to power, and should you do me the honor to elect me I shall give them my hearty support in all measures that I believe to be for the good of the country. Having resided in the district for a number of years, and being personally known to you all, it is not my intention to make a personal canvass, but most respectfully ask you to give me your cordial support. I remain, Gentlemen, yours, &c., JOHN McLEAN. April 27, 1882.

Lobster Factories. TENDERS will be received up to SATURDAY, 6th MAY NEXT, at 11 o'clock, noon, for the following Lobster Canning Factories, viz: 1. At 7 Mile Bay, near Cape Traverse, consisting of Factory 70x30 feet, and cookhouse, four boilers, with all necessary fittings, plant, and stock of about 14 1/2 cases, cans, roller, etc., and 900 to 1000 traps. 2. At Bell's Point, Cape Traverse, consisting of Factory 100x30 feet, and Cook House, 4 Boilers, with all necessary fittings and plant, and about 1300 traps. 3. At New London, formerly the property of Mr. John A. McLeod, consisting of Factory 162x26 feet, Cook House, Boiler House, with steam apparatus, and other fixtures and fittings suitable to a well-equipped Canning business; also 1,200 traps, quantity of dials, laths, bars, etc., and 10 Boats, 16 feet each, with sails, new last summer and cost \$45 each. Last season this was considered to be one of the finest and best equipped factories on the Island, favorably situated, and the fishing ground good. 4. Two at Egmont Bay, both in fair working order and ready for the purchaser to commence operations on an early day. Satisfactory security will be required for the faithful payment of the purchase money. The Directors do not bind themselves to accept the highest or any tender. For further information and details, apply either personally or by letter to Mr. James Jack, Bank of Prince Edward Island, to whom Tenders for Lobster Factories, on or before the date specified, [till 5th 11 wklly]

BEST MARKETS, And we can Assure our Customers NO BETTER VALUE WILL BE HAD THIS SEASON. Give us a Call, AND INSPECT OUR GOODS & PRICES, Perkins & Sterns. April 26, 1882.

Public Meetings. MESSRS. BENTLEY & HOLLAND will meet their constituents as follows: At Cape Traverse on the 28th inst. At New Annan, on SATURDAY, the 29th inst. At Kennington, on TUESDAY, the 2nd May. At Somerset, on WEDNESDAY, the 3rd May. At Freetown Hall, on THURSDAY, the 4th May. [ap 27]

TO SELL OR TO LET. A FIRST-CLASS BUSINESS STAND on Queen Street, with twelve rooms and a large shop, suitable for any kind of business, with a good cellar, and every other accommodation. For further particulars enquire at the Examiner's office. [ap 27]