

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

"This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, MONDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1891.

VOL. 28.—NO. 123

CALENDAR FOR OCTOBER, 1891.

MOON'S CHANGES.
New Moon, 2nd day, 4.48 a.m., N.W., below horizon.
First Quarter, 10th day, 6h., 44.3m., p.m., S.
Full Moon, 17th day, 9h., 32.5m., a.m., W.
Third Quarter, 24th day, 9h., 44.7m., a.m., S.W.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Moon	High	Days
	rises	sets	water	length
1 Thursday	6 35 36	4 17 10	31 11	33
2 Friday	4 34 5	20 11 1	30	
3 Saturday	6 33 6	23 11 30	27	
4 Sunday	7 31 7	26 morn	24	
5 Monday	8 29 8	31 0 1	20	
6 Tuesday	10 27 9	38 0 34	17	
7 Wednesday	11 25 10	46 1 11	14	
8 Thursday	12 23 11	54 1 55	11	
9 Friday	14 21 12	57 2 46	7	
10 Saturday	15 19 1	55 3 57	4	
11 Sunday	16 17 2	43 5 24	1	
12 Monday	18 15 3	33 6 52	10 58	
13 Tuesday	19 14 3	24 8 2	54	
14 Wednesday	20 12 4	16 8 55	51	
15 Thursday	22 10 4	9 9 40	45	
16 Friday	23 8 5	4 10 23	45	
17 Saturday	25 6 5	26 11 2	42	
18 Sunday	27 4 5	11 41	35	
19 Monday	27 3 6	21 42 23	35	
20 Tuesday	29 1 6	58 1 6	32	
21 Wednesday	30 4 5	7 45 1 55	29	
22 Thursday	32 5 7	4 41 2 50	26	
23 Friday	33 5 6	9 44 3 55	23	
24 Saturday	34 5 4	10 50 5 10	20	
25 Sunday	36 5 2	11 57 6 21	17	
26 Monday	37 5 1	morn 7 24	13	
27 Tuesday	39 4 9	1 3 8 13	10	
28 Wednesday	40 4 8	2 7 8 52	7	
29 Thursday	42 4 6	3 10 9 27	4	
30 Friday	43 4 4	4 24 10 0	1	
31 Saturday	6 43 4	43 5 17 10 32	9 58	

JAMES A. MORRISON, HALIFAX.

AGENT FOR WARREN, CAKEBREAD & CO., TEA MERCHANTS, London, - - England, - - AND ALSO - - Several First-Class West India Firms, etc.

SPECIALTIES: Tea, Sugar and Molasses.

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OF HOREHOUND AND ANISEED FOR CROUP, COUGHS AND WHOOPING COUGH AND COLDS.
OVER 40 YEARS IN USE.
PRICE 25¢ PER BOTTLE.
ARMSTRONG & CO. PROPRIETORS
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NASAL BALM
SOOTHING, CLEANSING, NEVER FAILS.
Instant Relief, Permanent Cure, Failure Impossible.
Many so-called cures are simply symptoms of Catarrh, such as sneezing, loss of sense of smell, foul breath, hawking and spitting, general feeling of debility, etc. If you are troubled with any of these or kindred symptoms, you have Catarrh, and should lose no time procuring a bottle of NASAL BALM. Be warned in time, neglected cold in head results in Catarrh, followed by consumption and death. Sold by all druggists, or sent post paid, on receipt of price (50 cents and \$1 by addressing FULFORD & CO., Brockville, Ont.)

CATARRH
CURES GOLDEN HEAD AND

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
EPPS'S COCOA
BREAKFAST.
"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure food and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.
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Oct 12—1 yr dy & wy

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IMMENSE STOCK! BEST QUALITY!

At Prices to Suit Everybody.

SELLING OFF!—New and Fashionable Drawing Room and Parlor Suites, Bedroom Suites, Mirrors, Chairs, Bedsteads, Tables, Washstands, Window Blinds, Window Poles and all kinds of Window Furniture.

Lounges, Easy Chairs, Rattan Chairs, Feather, Hair, Flock and Wool Beds, Mattresses, Pillows, etc.

Gilt Moulding, every style, cheap. Call and examine.

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Charlottetown, June 4, 1891.

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Carpenters' Supplies!

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The Best Goods. The Lowest Price for Good Goods that the market affords. Goods bought right and sold low. Satisfaction guaranteed in every respect. Wholesale and Retail.

NORTON & FENNEL, City Hardware Store.

Charlottetown, May 28, 1891—2aw and wy



W. W. Clarke's Steamship Agencies.

S. S. FASTNET, HALIFAX TO DEMERAR

E. N. Crewes, Commander.

WILL sail for Halifax every THURSDAY AFTERNOON, at 4 o'clock, calling at the following ports:—

Souris, Port Hastings, Port Hawkesbury, Arichat & Canso.

Returning, will leave Halifax every MONDAY EVENING, at 6 o'clock, making the same calls.

Intermediate Ports.

It is intended to sail the S. S. TAYMOUTH CASTLE for the above ports on THURSDAY, September 24, calling at Bermuda, St. Thomas, St. Kitt's, Antigua, Guadalupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbadoes and Trinidad. Returning via same ports.

S. S. ALPHA, NEIL HALL, COMMANDER.

WILL SAIL FOR

Bermuda, Turk's Island and Jamaica

The 15th of Every Month.

FROM LONDON.

S. S. HISTORIAN September 16th
" DAMARA October 1st
" OTTAWA " 15th

FOR LONDON.

S. S. OTTAWA September 19th
" HISTORIAN October 10th
" DAMARA " 10th
" OTTAWA November 7th

The above steamers have first-class accommodation for passengers, with saloon amidships, carry a stewardess and do not carry cattle.

London Agents:—THOS. RONALDSON & SON, 34 Leadenhall Street, London, E. C.

PICKFORD & BLACK, Agents at Halifax.

September 9, 1891—1w dy then eod

S. S. BETA, A. N. SMITH, COMMANDER.

Will Sail for Havana the 1st of Every Month.

Charlottetown to Pugwash.

THE S. S. MAYFLOWER is intended to make trips between above ports every other day.

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USE "EVERYBODY'S PILLS," THE BEST FAMILY MEDICINE.

Safe, Mild, Certain. Guaranteed Pearly Vegetable.

FOR INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION, BILIOUSNESS, HEADACHE, etc., they cannot be surpassed. For sale by all Druggists at 25 cents per box. Prepared only by A. S. JOHNSON, Corner Kent and Prince Streets.

Charlottetown, Sept. 19, 1891.

TEACHERS IN COUNCIL.

The Spoils System Condemned.

Strong Expressions of Disapproval by Our Teachers.

Superintendent of Education Ought Not to be a Tool in the Hands of the Party in Power.

(MR. OXENHAM'S REPORT CONTINUED.)

Mr. R. Campbell.—It is hardly necessary to explain what is meant by the "spoils system," as the principle upon which it is based is well known to us all. That principle is embodied in the adage, "To the victors belong the spoils." Whenever a political party comes into power, it immediately fills all the offices in its gift with its own political supporters and friends. In this respect both parties follow the same course. No matter how faithful an official may prove himself to be, he must leave his position. When another party comes into power, there are so many clamoring for an opportunity to serve their country and themselves (cheers) that the new Government is forced by political influence to find a place for some of them. In such a case, ability and fitness for office are not always the qualifications possessed by the applicants; neither are they made the first consideration in their appointment. Now, these remarks apply to both political parties equally: one is as bad in this respect as the other. It is certainly high time to speak out in condemnation of this system as injurious to our highest educational interests. I wish to have it distinctly borne in mind that I am not now referring to any particular appointment, and that I have nothing to say against the persons recently appointed to office. The latter may prove to be just as efficient as their predecessors. But the spoils system tends to lower the standard of efficiency of aspirants to office, for if the latter become aware that fitness for position is not the supreme test, and that political influence will enable them to secure the place sought for, they will pay less attention to fitness and more to political influence. It is clear, therefore, that this tends to the appointment of third-class men to positions which should be filled only with first-class men. It is well known that first-class men will not take part in a scramble for office in our Education Department. No first-class man would give up a permanent position for one which he may retain only for a short time. Frequent changes, without any good reason for them, are certainly injurious to the whole school system of the Province. It requires considerable time to enable the best men to master all the details of an important public office, and as soon as he succeeds in doing so he may prepare for dismissal from his position. Now, the Conservatives had a long lease of power, while the present Government have a majority of one in the House of Assembly, and may, at the close of their term, go out of power. If the latter proves to be the result, the officials now appointed will lose their positions, and another change will take place. Under such an arrangement, our public school system suffers most outrageously. It, therefore, becomes our duty to use our best efforts to make it politically unprofitable for any party in future to attempt to carry out such a wretched system.

Mr. Kiely.—As our Secretary, Mr. Campbell, has shown up the evils of the "spoils" system so thoroughly as he has, and he a staunch Liberal at that, there must be something in it, radically wrong. The fact is, we have time and again discussed this subject, and have uniformly condemned it. But it now seems as if the Board of Education have of late seen fit to ignore our existence as an Association altogether, as no action whatever has been taken by them on the resolutions passed by us and forwarded to them. I think it high time for us to take some active steps towards asserting our rights. As we are paid servants of the Government, they seem to be determined to make catspaws of us. They seem to think that it does not make any difference to the teachers on account of appointing their political friends to office under the Education Act. Now, I look upon such appointments from the standpoint of a teacher, and not of a politician. Last year the Board of Education issued a circular to the effect that there was this year to be a summer vacation for all the schools. We, as teachers, were delighted at this announcement; but as soon as the present Government came into power they were influenced by some old cranks who wanted to keep their children at home in spring and autumn, and rescinded the order made by their predecessors. It is now quite clear that until our public school system can be kept separate and distinct from party politics, it will not work properly. Meanwhile, our schools are suffering. Not only this, but the removal of public officials from educational offices for political reasons is universally felt to be highly detrimental to the public interests as well as to those engaged in school work. If the persons appointed to positions under the Schools Act are incompetent, our educational system suffers and our schools retrograde instead of progress. I think it is high time that a member of this Institute should be appointed a member of the Board of Education, for the purpose of representing our interests there. As matters now stand, the Superintendent of Education frequently becomes a mere tool in the hands of the party in power for the time being, and his suggestions are entirely ignored. Important changes are made in our school system by the Government without ever consulting this association. This is not as it should be. The time has arrived when we should take steps to have our power felt in the proper quarter. (Applause.)

Mr. N. McLeod.—There can be no difference

of opinion with respect to this matter. Every teacher present must agree with the opinions which have already been expressed in condemnation of the spoils system, so far as our education system is concerned. During the past ten or eleven years, our association has expressed opinions respecting school matters, and has forwarded resolutions to the Superintendent of Education, in order that they might be brought before the Board of Education; but no action was taken thereon. I have done my best to prevent political interference in the working of our school system, without avail; but the passing of such a clause in this report as the one now before, will give this matter particular significance. I must say, in this connection, that the gentleman lately appointed to the office of Chief Superintendent of Education made no application for that office. I received this information from members of the Government. If our education system were shaped and worked entirely independent of politics, it would be a fortunate thing for this Province. I am satisfied that the appointments of officials under the School Act have not been considered at meetings of the Board of Education; but that action in all cases has been previously determined on by the Government in caucus, and the form gone through at the Board. So that if this Association were represented at the Board by one of its members, nothing would be gained thereby. Last spring, when the proposal to have summer holidays for the schools was under consideration, I urged a member of the Government to support Mr. Nicholson in making the change; but I subsequently found that this very proposal was used as a weapon with which to stab the Superintendent, and to deprive him of his position, as it was made a political question. Political interference with the working of our school system is injurious in every instance.

Mr. Kiely.—This Association has always had a representative in the Board of Education in the person of Dr. Anderson, who is a member.

Mr. N. McLeod.—Dr. Anderson is a member of this Institute, and has always been a member; he is also a member of the Board of Education.

Mr. Kiely.—The statement made by Mr. McLeod is quite correct, but Dr. Anderson does not come near; he never attends our meetings. The present Western Inspector never was a member of this Institute.

Mr. A. D. McDonald.—None of us, as teachers, can approve of educational matters being drawn into politics. Mr. Campbell has already shown how our school system has suffered in that way. Every intelligent teacher must view this matter in the same light, as all must have become cognizant of the evils that have resulted. What is particularly significant respecting it is that the Liberals, who have suffered most in the past from the spoils system, have followed the examples set them by their predecessors, and have pursued precisely the same course. Although a Liberal myself, I must strongly condemn that system, so far as it applies to educational matters. I am sorry to say that it is only too true that resolutions passed by this Association respecting important matters in connection with our school system, having for their object the advancement of the cause of Education and the best interests of all interested therein, have been totally ignored by our educational authorities. Now this is a very serious matter, and one which should be grappled with at once. Some of our public officials have expressed their opinions respecting it and have, probably, suffered therefor.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

"Make Hens Lay."

Such is the caption of an advertisement that appears not only in the local, but many leading agricultural papers, and which suggests the propriety of a few thoughts upon the subject. It may be laid down as a rule that most farmers indulge in raising poultry not for the pleasure it gives, but for the profit that is realized from the same which must come from young chicks or eggs, and since the chicks must come from the eggs, the real profit may be traced to egg production, so the advice given in these words is of vital consequence to the ambitious farmer. "The advertisement referred to recommends Sheridan's Condition Powder to make hens lay, and so do we," says Mr. Hunter, poultry editor of the N. E. Farmer. "A hen to lay prolifically must be in perfect health, must be in condition, and here is based the true theory of the value of Sheridan's Condition Powder—it promotes the general good health of the fowl, gently quickening digestion, and stimulating all the various organs of the body, as well as the ovaries, to perform their functions." At this season of the year the use of Sheridan's Condition Powder is very valuable for moulting hens and young pullets. By its use now they will get to laying earlier when the price for eggs is very high. Any person buying and using Sheridan's Condition Powder now, will get their hens in good laying condition before cold weather, and stand a good chance to win one of the large gold premiums to be offered later by J. S. Johnson & Co., 22 Custom House Street, Boston, Mass. (the only makers of Sheridan's Condition Powder) who will send for 50 cents, two packs of powder; for \$1, five packs; for \$1.20 a large 2½ lb. can, postpaid; six cans for \$5, express prepaid. Six cans will pay a good dividend. J. S. Johnson & Co. will also send to anyone asking for it a copy of the best poultry magazines published, free. The paper one year and a large can of Powder for \$1.50.

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS Mrs. Winsloe's Soothing Syrup has been used by millions of mothers for their children while cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best-known remedy for diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winsloe's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. 17r mar23 eod & wk

Life in Vancouver.

LETTER FROM A RESIDENT

NO ENCOURAGEMENT FOR TRADESMEN.

A person here wrote to a person in Vancouver for information concerning the place and its prospects for a tradesman. The reply has been placed at the disposal of THE EXAMINER. We quote:

I wish in this letter to give you a true account of the prospects here for a tradesman, not alone for your own benefit, but also for the benefit of any of your friends who may be contemplating a trip to this Mecca (?) of the West—this overgrown and petted city—this Vancouver—for the purpose of bettering their fortunes. In the first place, this is the hardest summer that has ever been known here, and this fact is a very poor sign for any increased prosperity the coming winter. There is a dozen men waiting for every job, and work is very scarce. Tradesmen especially are always numerous here, and so many of them are in want that they will work for small wages rather than starve. Nearly all the lumber camps have been closed down, and the discharged men have flocked to the cities to look for work, and Vancouver, as is always the case, gets her share of the surplus.

A good paper-hanger can get \$3.00 a day; but it is impossible to get steady work, and the best of them can manage to do no more than make what pays their expenses. The trouble with Vancouver is not lack of work, but the great number that are always ready to snap up a job when it is open, and in spite of the fact that there are a great many new buildings going up all the time, there are always twice the amount of men ready that is needed. The hotels here are crowded all the time with men who are waiting for something to turn up; and I might say that the hotels and boarding houses get the best of it here, for men have to eat whether they work or not. So much for the working men, or the mechanics, if you like.

A man who comes to Vancouver without money is very likely to remain that way, and those who come here with money are very apt to lose it, if they are not sharp. However, I would by all means advise any one coming to Vancouver to bring all the ready cash with him that he can command. A man's only hope here lies in his having a few hundred and a chance to invest it in something that will pay. I believe that the private boarding houses are doing well here. Board and lodging cannot be had here for any less than \$5.00 per week, and this is about the regular price in all private houses and small hotels. It depends, of course, a great deal on the scale on which the business is carried on. A house cannot be rented here fit for any kind of a boarding house under \$30 a month, and then to make it pay, the house requires to be well filled, and with good paying boarders; and this last fact is a very important one. Most of the laboring class board at the hotels, where they can better watch for work, and where the doings of the city is discussed daily. Then, again, other expenses as well as rent are very high here. Coal is \$8 and \$10 per ton, and provisions are high. Furniture is very high, and it costs a good deal to furnish even a small boarding house. A \$25 bedroom set is not of much account, but will do very well for a boarding house.

I think what I have said will give you a very true idea of how things really are in Vancouver. You cannot believe the reports that are being circulated all the time in the East about this place. Everyone whom I have seen come here from the East has been disappointed with the place, and there are thousands of people here today who would go back home at once if they had money to take them. My advice to anyone coming here is to be sure and bring a return ticket. Of course, some have fallen into good positions since they came here. I myself have had good success, just for the reason that I happened to fall into a good position, and for my own part I cannot complain of the place; but it is only one in a hundred that is so fortunate. My folks are talking about coming here this fall, but I have given them no encouragement to do so—in fact, I have rather discouraged them by keeping them posted as to the truth of the matter.

Still, at the same time, I would not advise you not to come here if you are a good business man and can command a few hundred dollars. But if you have a family I would not advise you to bring them out here at once. I would advise you, if you are a married man, as I presume you are, to come here first yourself and get settled in something before you bring your family. I have advised my father to do this by all means, although his family is small and all able to shift for themselves.

HARTSHORN'S SELF-ACTING SHADE ROLLERS
Beware of Imitations.
NOTICE: Autograph of the GENUINE HARTSHORN.
Insist upon having the HARTSHORN.
SOLD BY ALL DEALERS.
Factory, Toronto, Ont.

LOST.—Between Dr. Johnson's and the Driving Park, on Monday afternoon, 1891, inst. a purse containing several notes. Finder will please leave it at this office. sept29