

who created this last best gem of earth, shining through this his fairest creation.

THE JESUITS.

The following extract from the October number of Brownson's Quarterly Review, will be found particularly interesting at the present time, when the children of St. Ignatius are persecuted. When the devil, and the world betimes, even urged on by the hastiness of imprudent friends, are up in arms against them, we love to read words like these.

"Everybody knows the popular meaning attached to Jesuitical. Taking the word in this meaning, there are no men so little Jesuitical as the Jesuits. Their whole history proves them to be remarkable for their simplicity of heart, singleness of purpose, and straight-forwardness of conduct. No man can take up a work in defence of the Order, written by a member, without being fully convinced that the Jesuit is the antithesis of the character commonly ascribed to him. We have heard many charges, and grave charges, against him; but we have not heard one that we have not seen refuted.— Jesuits are men, and, of course, suffer more or less the infirmities common to all men: but we should like to be shown a body of men, of equal numbers, placed in the trying circumstances in which they have been, who have shown less of human infirmity, or have been more true to the motto, *Ad majorem Dei Gloriam*. There is no field of science or art which they have not cultivated with success; no department of literature which they have not enriched with their contributions: scarcely a nation to which they have not preached the cross; and hardly a land which they have not sanctified with the blood of their martyrs.

"Even the present persecution of the Society is to its glory. If the Jesuits had been political demagogues,— if they had been violent radicals, ready to sacrifice liberty to licence, order to anarchy, religion to politics, heaven to earth,—our ears would not have been stunned with maddened outcries against them; the world would have owned them as her children, and the age would have delighted to honour them. We know it is pretended that they are the enemies of liberty and the friends of despotism, but it needs only a slight knowledge of facts to know that this is mere pretence. Liberty has more than once found her noble champion in the Jesuits, and the hostility a year or two since manifested to them in France was because they demanded the freedom of education a right guarantee by the character itself. They may not be, in these days, foremost among those who stir up rebellions and revolutions; they may not regard the fearful events which have just transpired in Europe, or are now transpiring, as sure to bring back the golden age of the poets; they may hold their mission to be spiritual, rather than political, and believe it more important to convert individuals and nations to God than to one political creed or another; but if so, it does not follow that they are wrong, or that for this very reason they are not all the more worthy of our respect and confidence.

"The Society of Jesus was instituted, not for political, but for religious purposes, and its members, by their profession, are devoted to preaching the Gospel, hearing confessions, and educating youth, and that not for one country only, but for all countries. These ends are the same and of equal importance everywhere and under all forms of government. If the Jesuits were to adopt a political creed, and become its propagandists, how could they devote themselves alike to the ends of their institute under the monarchy of Europe and the democracy of America? What course would or could be proper for them, but to abstain from declaring themselves in favour of any particular form of government, and to content themselves with simply inculcating upon all citizens to obey the legitimate government of their country, whatever its form or constitution?

"The charge against the Jesuits of being in favour of this or that form of government arises from their refusal to declare themselves in favour of one or another, from the fact that they have no political creed, and make it a point of duty to stand aloof from politics, and to confine themselves to the discharge of their spiritual functions. They obey the powers that be, and comport themselves as loyal subjects to the authority of the country, whether it be autocracy, as in Russia, constitutionalism, as in France and Great Britain, or republicanism, as in America. What more could be asked of them? If tyrants denounce them because they will not turn defenders of tyranny, if revolutionists denounce them because they will not join in the war against legitimate authority, whose fault is it? Are we to condemn the Jesuits because tyrants and revolutionists have wronged them?

"Wherever the Jesuits are permitted to establish themselves, they are a blessing. It is not easy to estimate the value to this country of their services as instructors of our youth. It would be difficult to find a substitute for them as educators. In every part of the country, they are, for the pure love of God, founding colleges, and training up our children in the way they should go. Is this nothing? These colleges are but of yesterday, yet they have already done great service,—as we ourselves can testify, who have had four sons for a long time in one of them, and who have peculiar reason to thank Almighty God for raising up and moving the good fathers to devote themselves to the important work

of education. But as yet they have really done nothing, in comparison with what they will do. They now rank among the best in the country, and in a few years they must place education with us at least on a level with what it is in the most favoured countries of the Old World. And can we count this small service?

"Worldlings may despise the Jesuits: infidels and heretics may calumniate them; misguided Catholics, whose faith is but a dead faith, may distrust them; but the world needs them, our own country needs them, and though the Church is dependent on no religious order, they are not the least efficient of her servants."

NEW SHOP & NEW GOODS.

JOHN COLL M'DONALD respectfully begs leave to announce to his Friends and the Public that he has commenced business in his NEW BRICK BUILDING, corner of Dorchester and Queen's Streets, where he has now on Sale a very

General Assortment of Goods, received per "Mary McWhinnie," from London; "Fanny," "Corsair," and "George," from Liverpool; "Lulan," from Glasgow, and having adopted the **Cash System and No Credit,** has marked every article at the lowest price for which he can sell the same for **READY MONEY PAID DOWN** on delivery, upon which terms only can he solicit Patronage, as no account will be opened for any person. **Charlottetown, Dec. 4. 2m.**

The Well Known CHEAP NEW STORE, RIGHT OPPOSITE MESSRS. J. & W. MCGILL'S ESTABLISHMENT.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends in the Town and in the Country in general, that he has received his usual **FALL SUPPLY of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.** And is satisfied to sell at his usual low prices for Cash only. A superior lot of Cotton Balling for sale. **DONALD McISAAC. 4w. December 4.**

Winter Goods, AT REDUCED PRICES.

CHARLES DEMPSEY begs respectfully to announce that he has just received a very rich and fashionable assortment of London, Leeds and Manchester Goods, for the Winter Trade; consisting in part of all the most desirable and latest styles of Goods—a very large assortment of Cloths, Cassimere, Doeskins, Vestings, Cloakings, Whitney Blankets, Gala Plaids, &c. &c. &c. Also, a splendid assortment of Gent's PARIS HATS. Those in want of a good article at a low price are respectfully invited to call before purchasing elsewhere.

The above have been added to his original stock of Dry Goods, Hardware, Groceries, &c., making in all a splendid and varied assortment suitable for the coming season. As C. D. intends shortly to leave the Island, he now offers for sale his whole Stock in Trade at prices never before quoted in Town!!! Also, he hereby notifies all persons indebted to him to make immediate payment; if not, their respective Accounts shall be placed in the hands of his Attorney for collection. **Nov. 27, 1848. Gaz. 4w.**

NOTICE. THE Subscriber hereby notifies all persons indebted to him, whose amounts are over 12 months due, that unless they are paid within one month from this date, they will be placed in the hands of his Attorney for collection. Grain or Potatoes will be taken in payments to be delivered at his Brewery and Distillery. **Just Arrived.** 50 chests and boxes TEA, 80 puncheons MOLASSES and SUGAR, and a large assortment of American Goods, which will be sold cheap by wholesale. **GEORGE COLES. October 30.**

India Rubber Clothing. JUST arrived and for sale by the Subscriber, a Case of METALLIC RUBBER COATS, BOOTS, GLOVES, PANTS, OVERALLS, SOU-WESTERS, SHOES, &c. **GEORGE COLES. Dec. 11, 1848.**

NOTICE. ALL Persons having legal demands against the Estate of Angus McIntyre, late of Township No. 41, deceased, are requested to furnish the same within Eighteen Calendar months for Settlement; and all those indebted to the said Estate are requested to pay their Accounts before the expiration of that period. **PETER McINTYRE, } Executors. JOHN McINTYER, } Cable Head, Lot 41, Dec. 11, Gaz. Im.**

PRICES CURRENT,

DECEMBER 23, 1848.

PROVISIONS		Coal, Pictou, chald.	none
Flour, Am superfine seconds	50s	slack do	18s a 19s
P E I per lb.	24d a 23d	Wood per cord	10s 12s 6
Rye per barrel	14d	SUNDRIES.	
Corn Meal per barrel	14d a 13d	Tea, Bohea per chest	1s a 1s6d
Oatmeal per lb	24d a 5d	per lb	2s
Beef, small pieces lb	2d a 4d	Congo per chest	2s 4d
per quarter	47s 6d	per lb	3s 6d
per barrel	24d a 5d	Coffee P Rico, cwt	84s
Mutton per lb	2d a 3d	per lb	1s
Veal do	80s	St Domingo, cwt	80s
Pork per barrel	24d a 34d	per lb	11d
per carcass	10d a 1s	Sugar per cwt	44s a 46s
Butter, fresh, per lb	3d a 10d	per lb	6d
tub do	4d a 7d	Refined do	9d
Cheese, P E Island lb	9d a 10d	Molasses, per gal.	1s 7d
American	1s	Raisins, per box	15s
Eggs per doz	1s4 a 1s6	Tobacco, Fig, P E I.	1s a 1
Potatoes per bushel	10d 1s 2	Cavendish, Am.	9d
Turnips	8d a 10d	Soap, per box	43d
Tallow per lb	6d a 8d	Candles, mould P E I.	1s
Lard do	2d	dip, P E I.	10d
Pearl Barley do	4d	mould, Am.	10d
Ham do	25s	dip Am.	9d
Rice do	2s6d a 4s	Brandy (Martel's) gal	12s6 a 14s
no per cwt	1s 9d 2s	Wine, Port do	14s a 16s
Turkeys each	1s a 1s8d	Sherry do	12s
Geese do	11s a 13s	Gin (Hollands) do	7s6d a 9s6
Chickens per pair do	20s 28	Rum, Demerara, high	8s a 8s3d
Codfish per quintal	20s 28	proof, per gal.	8s 6d
Salmon each	2s 6d a 3s	Jamaica, high	8s 6d
Herrings per barrel	1s6d a 1s9	proof, per gal.	5s a 6s
Mackerel do	2s 6da3s	Boards, Pine 100 ft.	2s 6d a 4s
GRAIN.		Spruce do	2s5d a 3s
Oats per bushel	45s a 55s	Hemlockdo	6s a 10s
Barley do		SHINGLES.	
Wheat do		EXCHANGE.	
Hay, per ton	37s 6d	On London 60 days	32 1/2 pr. ct
Coal, Sydney, chald.		do 30 days	35 do
		On Halifax 60 days	20 do
		Sovereigns	30s
		Doubleloons	96s
		Dollars	6s a 6s3d

FARM FOR SALE. THE LEASE and IMPROVEMENTS of the Farm now in possession of the Subscriber, within eight miles of Charlottetown, on the St. Peter's Road, and fronting on Hillsborough River. There are 111 acres of first rate Land, nearly 45 of which are clear and in a high state of cultivation,—the remainder of the Land is covered with Hardwood, Scantling and Fencing Poles. There is a good Dwelling House, Out-houses and Well of Water on the Premises. A large quantity of Sea Manure can be had on the shore. A Lease of 999 years at one shilling currency per acre. For particulars enquire of the Subscriber on the premises. **FRANCIS McQUAID. Summer Valley, December 4.**

Freehold Property for Sale at Lot 8. THE Subscriber offers for Sale 50 Acres of Land situate on Lot 8, within half a mile of McWilliams Mill, and fronting on the Western Road. It is covered with excellent Timber, principally hardwood, and the land being of a very superior quality, it is well adapted for a good and valuable Farm. The Subscriber will also dispose of 30 Acres of Land, situate on Lot 25, a very valuable Freehold Property. About 22 Acres of this Land are covered with good Timber, and 8 acres of it are clear. Reasonable terms will be given to any person or persons desirous of purchasing the above Property. Application for either of the above places to be made to the Subscriber at Wilmot Creek, or to the Editor of the Examiner at Charlottetown, who is empowered to treat with purchasers, if by letter, post paid. **DANIEL CONNOR. Wilmot Creek, July 24.**

Leasehold Farm for sale. FOR SALE at Lot 45, near Souris, within half a mile of Mr. Hugh McEachern's Mill, and about five miles of Mr. MacGowan's Mill—FIFTY ACRES OF GOOD LAND, about thirteen acres of which are fit for stumping. It is a Leasehold of 199 years, at one shilling per acre when under full rent. Terms of Sale, &c. made known on application to JAMES O'REILLY, Charlottetown, next door to Mr. David Wilson's, Richmond Street. **December 18. tf.**

Debts! Debts!! Debts!!! NOTICE is hereby given that all DEBTS due the Subscriber over Six Months will be sued for without distinction, after the 1st of January next. **Nov. 20. DANIEL BRENNAN.**

NOTICE. THE Subscriber having been duly authorized by the REVEREND JOHN MACDONALD, of Tracadie, to take the management of his Property in this Island, and to act as his Agent generally, hereby requests all persons indebted to him, for arrears of Rent or otherwise, to pay the same without delay. **WILLIAM FORGAN. Charlottetown, Oct. 1, 1848.**

ALL persons indebted for the services of the Horse SALADIN, are requested to make immediate payment to the Owner, at his Office, Grafton street, or to the Groom, Francis Bell. **Nov. 20. STEPHEN RICE.**

NOTICE.—All accounts due the Subscriber over six months will be sued for, if not settled before the first of January, 1849. Oats and Flour taken at cash price. **DONALD McISAAC. December 4. 4w.**

WANTED—As an Apprentice to the Printing Business, a Lad of about 15 or 16 years of age, who can read and write well, and has a knowledge of English Grammar. Enquire at the Examiner Office.