

Table with 2 columns: Description of work and Amount. Includes items like 'Do. to Theophilus Webster and others, for extra labour performed on Morell Bridge' and 'Do. to William Dingwell and another, for extra labour performed on the wharf at Dingwell's shore'.

DISTRICT No. 3.

Table for District No. 3, comprising Townships Nos. 42 and 43. Includes items like 'To balance due on Rolla Bay Wharf' and 'For repairs of Dixon's bridge, Bear river'.

DISTRICT No. 4.

Table for District No. 4, comprising Townships Nos. 44 and 45. Includes items like 'Balance due Richard Bourke for Souris bridge abutment' and 'Michael Walsh for extra work on Keef's bridge'.

DISTRICT No. 5.

Table for District No. 5, comprising Townships Nos. 46 and 47. Includes items like 'Due for levelling winter roads' and 'Glenoradie road and bridges'.

DISTRICT No. 6.

Table for District No. 6, comprising Townships Nos. 55 and 56. Includes items like 'Road from East line of Lot 56, on Main road, to Dingwell's mills' and 'Groscha settlement road, repairing and straightening same'.

inches over the water—to be a good and substantial road for loaded carriages or other vehicles to pass over in perfect safety;—the said parties to the proposal entering into a penal bond with the Government, (the penalty not to exceed £100) binding themselves to complete the work, according to their proposal, on or before the 20th day of August, 1858, and to be kept in efficient repair at their expense for two years from that date; one half the amount to be paid on their commencing the work, and giving sufficient security for the performance thereof, and the other half when the work shall be completed to the satisfaction of the Road Commissioner, 60 0 0

And a further sum of £15 will be paid to the parties so contracting as aforesaid, out of next year's appropriations, to enable them to construct a good and substantial hand rail on both sides of said road, when completed according to contract. But should the parties herein mentioned, refuse to execute the work in terms of their proposal, or not engage to keep the road in repair for two years after its completion, then the Road Correspondent, by direction of the Government, shall authorise the Commissioner for the Sixth District to expend the Sixty Pounds appropriated as aforesaid, in opening the road for the distance of fifty-five chains on the Southern line of Jeremiah Emman's farm, already laid off, and so carry it out, to connect it with the Grand River road.

DISTRICT No. 7.

Table for District No. 7, comprising Townships Nos. 55, South of Grand River, 53, North of Grand River, and No. 54. Includes items like 'To be paid to Angus Walker for balance of contract on Grand River wharf, South side' and 'To Alexander McDonald for labour performed on the Launching Place Wharf'.

DISTRICT No. 8.

Table for District No. 8, comprising Townships Nos. 53, South of Brudenel River, 52, 51, and 63. Includes items like 'Georgetown Main Post road' and 'Repairs of Brudenel bridge, at John Stewart's'.

DISTRICT No. 9.

Table for District No. 9, comprising Townships Nos. 59 and 61, and Montague Bridge. Includes items like 'Hills at Beers's bridge and Douse's road' and 'Wood Island road, the South end in the County'.

Table with 2 columns: Description of work and Amount. Includes items like 'Road from Aitken's towards Murray Harbour' and 'St. Mary's road'.

DISTRICT No. 10.

Table for District No. 10, comprising Townships Nos. 63 and 64. Includes items like 'Balance for advance made to complete the new bridge across Murray river, in 1856' and 'Bridge at Ephraim Hooper's brook, Toronto settlement, and to extend road'.

DISTRICT No. 11.

Table for District No. 11, comprising Georgetown, Common and Royalty, Reserved Lands, and Township No. 53, between the Cardigan and Brudenel Rivers. Includes items like 'Winter roads for 1857' and 'Due Rodk. Campbell on Cardigan wharf contract'.

Resolved, As the opinion of this Committee, that if any of the Road Commissioners take on themselves to enter into any Contracts, and guaranteeing the amount out of the Road Moneys for the succeeding year, without first obtaining the sanction and approval of the Government, this Committee consider that such Commissioners ought to be dismissed from office.

The Examiner.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I., APRIL 15, 1857.

PROROGATION OF THE LEGISLATURE.

At three o'clock this day, (Wednesday,) His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor having come down to the Colonial Building, attended by his Aides-de-Camp, and received at the entrance thereto by a Guard of Honor, consisting of the First Volunteer Guards, proceeded shortly after to the Council Chamber, and having taken his seat on the throne, gave his assent, in Her Majesty's name, to the various Bills passed during the Session. His Excellency then, in the presence of a numerous audience, embracing the Heads of Departments, Judicial and Naval Officers, Clergy, &c., &c., prorogued the Session with the following Speech:—

Mr. President and Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council:

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly:

The termination of the business that has engaged you enables me to relieve you from further attendance. The unremitting attention which you have given to the public interests, has, to a considerable extent, realized the expectations I had formed at the opening of the Session, and I congratulate you on the accomplishment of some highly important measures which I had recommended to your consideration, and which I confidently hope will be productive of lasting benefit to the Colony.

Although retaining my opinion as to the advantages that must result from the early establishment of Municipal Institutions, I concur with you in believing that by affording ample time and opportunity to the people to become familiar with the nature and character of those institutions, they will be more ready to adopt them when again brought under the consideration of their Representatives.

I regret that measures so urgently required for establishing a Board of Works and for the more secure and effectual application of the public moneys on Roads, Bridges, and other public objects, have not been matured in the present Session.

I trust, however, that the consideration those subjects have received may lead to the formation of an enlightened public opinion, which will ere long enable the Legislature to arrive at such a just estimate of the abuses of the system that has, up to this time, been persevered in, as may effect their early and final extinction.

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly: I thank you for the Supplies which you have granted for the Public Service, and also for the confidence which you have reposed in the Government, by placing at its disposal the requisite funds for various important objects.

Mr. President and Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council:

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly:

It is gratifying to me to reflect that, under Providence, the tranquil and improving condition of this Island is such as to hold out a reasonable prospect of steady and satisfactory progress; and it is with the utmost satisfaction, in relieving you from your labors, that I recur to the spirit of moderation and harmony, so eminently conducive to the general welfare, which has characterized your proceedings.

ARRIVAL OF THE ENGLISH MAIL.

YESTERDAY morning (Tuesday) the courier reached Charlottetown with the usual Colonial and American Mails together with the Mail from England. The English papers are chiefly occupied in publishing reports of public meetings preliminary to the approaching elections. The Foreign news is unimportant. We make, however, a few extracts from our latest papers.

DISSOLUTION OF PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF LORDS, (Saturday).—The House of Lords met at two o'clock, to prorogue Parliament previous to the dissolution. The prorogation took place by Royal Commission. Ferukh Khan, the Persian Ambassador and suite, were present, and occupied seats on the episcopal bench. The Opposition benches were occupied by a large number of ladies connected with various peers of the realm. The Royal Commissioners were—the Lord Chancellor, Earl Granville, the Marquis of Breadalbane, the Earl of Harrowby, and Lord Stanley of Alderley.

ROYAL ASSENT.—The Speaker and members of the House of Commons were summoned to hear the royal assent given by commission to the Mr. Speaker's Retirement Bill, Exchequer Bills (£22,049,70) Bill, Income Tax Bill, and several other Bills. The Lord Chancellor then read Her Majesty's speech:—

THE QUEEN'S SPEECH.

My Lords and Gentlemen,—We are commanded by Her Majesty to inform you that, in releasing you at this early period from your attendance in Parliament, it is Her Majesty's intention immediately to dissolve the present Parliament, in order to ascertain in the most constitutional manner the sense of her people upon the present state of public affairs.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,—We are commanded by Her Majesty to thank you for the liberal provision which you have made for the exigencies of the public service during the period that will elapse before the new Parliament, which Her Majesty will direct immediately to be called, shall have been able to give its deliberate attention to these matters.

My Lords and Gentlemen.—We are commanded by Her Majesty to express the satisfaction which she feels at your having been able during the present session materially to reduce the burthens of her people.

Her Majesty commands us to assure you that it is her fervent prayer that the several constituencies of the United Kingdom, upon whom will devolve the exercise of those high functions which, by the Constitution, belong to them, may be guided by an All-Wise Providence to the selection of representatives whose wisdom and patriotism may aid Her Majesty in her constant endeavours to maintain the honor and dignity of her Crown, and to promote the welfare and happiness of her people.

Parliament was then declared to be prorogued to Thursday the 30th April next; and their lordships separated.

SARDINIA.

RUPTURE BETWEEN AUSTRIA AND SARDINIA.—The Official Gazette, published in Turin, confirms the statement that friendly relations between Austria and Sardinia are broken off. It announces that the Austrian Minister, resident at Turin, has been ordered to depart with the other members of the Austrian Legation. The Prussian Minister will, in the meanwhile, act on behalf of Austria.

RECALL OF THE SARDINIAN MINISTER FROM VIENNA.—The official journal of Turin announces the recall of the Sardinian Legation from Vienna. The French Embassy will take Sardinian subjects under its protection.

STORM IN THE BLACK SEA.—The storms that have prevailed in the Levant have also been felt throughout the Black Sea. Eleven traders from Ajaccio alone had been lost near Varina.

THE AFFAIRS OF NEUCHÂTEL.—On Wednesday, the fourth, Conference on the affairs of Neuchâtel took place in Paris. Dr. Kern took part in it. It was the first time that the Representatives of all the Powers were present. The proceedings have not been made public.

EXECUTION OF THE POISONERS.—Private letters from the Chinese Seas state that the baker at Hong Kong who had taken the lead in a conspiracy to poison the Europeans had been tried before a Council of War legally constituted, and convicted of an attempt to poison the English Charge d'Affaires and his family. The man was condemned to death and shot, together with three of his accomplices. This example had produced a deep impression on the lower classes in Hong Kong.

THE SPEAKER'S TITLE.—It is stated that the title under which the Speaker ascends to the House of Lords is that of "Lord Bromley," the right hon. gentleman having property in that part of this county (Middlesex).

CIVIL WAR IN PERSIA.—A revolt has broken out in Persia against the ruling authority. The revolt appears to have spread with great rapidity, and the insurgents in Kurdistan had captured an uncle of the Shah, and had threatened death unless large demands for ransom had been complied with. This insurrection, it is feared, is the beginning of civil war in Persia, which may tear the kingdom to pieces.

EVACUATION OF THE PRINCIPALITIES BY THE AUSTRIANS.—A telegraphic despatch, received at Vienna, states that the last infantry detachments of the corps of occupation of Moldavia had embarked at Ismail on March 14, to return to Austria.

GREAT CONFUSION AT WHAMPOA.—MURDER OF A SEAMAN AND LOSS OF HIS HEAD.—At Whamboa all is confusion. A poor seaman who was left in charge of Dr. Ryder's chop has been murdered, and his head carried off by a party of miscreants. In fact no one is safe out of a man-of-war. The poor fellow was a Bavarian, and had been placed by a Mr. Ryder in charge of his chop at Whamboa. He proved but too faithful to his trust, and though advised to leave, would not be persuaded to do so, and lost his life in consequence. The murder must have been committed by men from Canaou, who during the night forced open the door of the chop with an iron rail, taken from the factories, killed him on the bed, then dragged the body on the floor and decapitated it, and forced the trunk through the window into the river. The iron rail was left behind.

REPORTED PEACE WITH CHINA.—It is said that government have received information that the Emperor of China has desired the authorities at the four ports to preserve amicable relations with the British, and to continue the trade without interruption. It is plain from this, that no notion of war can be entertained by the Government at Pekin, and that Commissioner Yeh will find himself without authority, and his mob allies of Canton without protection.

JOHN SADLER.—A letter has been received from this accomplished villain, written on the banks of the Tennessee, the authenticity of which can scarcely be doubted.—Wexford Paper.

Household Furniture, &c.

TO BE SOLD by Auction, To-morrow, (Thursday, 16th instant,) commencing at 11 o'clock, the Drawing-room, Dining-room, Bedroom, Kitchen and other HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CHINA, GLASSWARE, &c. of the late Hon. Stephen Rice. For particulars see handbills. April 15. A. H. YATES, Auctioneer.