

# THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 3.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1878.

NO. 389.

## THE DAILY EXAMINER

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Advertising at most moderate rates.  
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W. L. COTTON, J. W. MITCHELL,  
Manager, Office Sup't.

## PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RAILWAY.

### TIME TABLE NO. 9.

### SUMMER ARRANGEMENT!

ON AND AFTER  
MONDAY, APRIL 29th, 1878.

#### Trains Going West.

STATIONS.	No. 1 Express.	No. 3 Mixed.	No. 5 Mixed.
Georgetown	Dp 4.00 pm	Dp 7.30 am	
Cardigan	" 4.20 "	" 7.50 "	
M. Stew't Jun	ar 5.25 "	ar 9.20 "	
Royalty Jun.	dp 5.35 "	dp 9.30 "	
Ch'town	ar 6.50 "	ar 11.05 "	P. M.
Royalty Jun.	dp 6.25 am	dp 11.35 "	dp 5.25 "
N. Wiltshire	" 6.43 "	" 11.55 "	" 5.45 "
Hunter River	" 7.18 "	" 12.50 pm	" 6.42 "
Breadalbane	" 7.30 "	" 1.07 "	" 7.00 "
County Line	" 7.58 "	" 1.47 "	" 7.38 "
Kensington	" 8.05 "	" 1.57 "	" 7.48 "
Summerside	ar 8.33 "	ar 2.38 "	ar 8.25 "
Wellington	dp 9.15 "	dp 3.45 "	ar 9.00 "
Port Hill	" 9.52 "	" 4.40 "	
O'Leary	" 10.22 "	" 5.27 "	
Alberton	" 11.18 "	" 6.54 "	
Tignish	ar 12.00 pm	ar 8.00 "	

#### Trains Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 2 Express.	No. 4 Mixed.	No. 6 Mixed.
Tignish	Dp 1.50 pm	Dp 6.30 am	
Alberton	" 2.30 "	ar 7.20 "	
O'Leary	" 3.13 "	dp 7.50 "	
Port Hill	" 4.10 "	" 8.57 "	
Wellington	" 4.40 "	" 10.22 "	
Summerside	ar 5.15 "	ar 12.05 pm	A. M.
Kensington	dp 5.30 "	dp 12.40 "	dp 6.30 "
County Line	" 5.55 "	" 1.17 "	" 7.07 "
Breadalbane	" 6.23 "	" 1.57 "	" 7.46 "
Hunter River	" 6.32 "	" 2.07 "	" 7.58 "
N. Wiltshire	" 7.00 "	" 2.48 "	" 8.35 "
Royalty Jun.	" 7.12 "	" 3.05 "	" 8.52 "
Ch'town	" 7.47 "	dp 4.10 "	ar 10.05 "
Royalty Jun.	ar 8.05 "	ar 4.30 "	
Mt. Stewart	dp 8.05 am	dp 4.40 "	
Cardigan	" 8.23 "	dp 4.10 "	
Georgetown	ar 9.20 "	ar 5.25 "	
	dp 9.40 "	dp 5.45 "	
	" 10.43 "	" 7.06 "	
	ar 11.05 "	ar 7.35 "	

#### SOURIS BRANCH.

#### Trains Going West.

STATIONS.	No. 7 Mixed.	No. 9 Mixed.
Souris	Dp 3.15 p. m.	Dp 6.30 a. m.
Harmony	" 3.31 "	" 6.52 "
St. Peter's	" 4.28 "	" 8.07 "
Morell	" 4.58 "	" 8.38 "
M. Stew't Jun.	Ar 5.25 "	Ar 9.20 "

#### Trains Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 8 Express.	No. 10 Mixed.
M. Stewart Jun	Dp 9.30 am.	Dp 5.35 p.m.
Morell	" 10.02 "	" 6.15 "
St. Peter's	" 10.25 "	" 6.47 "
Harmony	" 11.23 "	" 8.02 "
Souris	Ar 11.40 "	Ar 8.25 "

C. J. BRYDGES, WM. McKECHNIE,  
Gen. Sup. Gov. Railways Supt. P. E. I. R.  
Ch'town, April 20, 1878—

## For Sale,

50 ACRES IMPROVED LAND on Lot 38, situated on **Donnelly's Road**, within 1/2 mile of Peake's Station. Fifteen acres are under plow; the rest is covered with hardwood and rails. This farm will be sold at a reasonable rate.—TERMS: half down; time for balance made known at sale. Apply to the owner, **JAS. HANDRAHAN**, Aug. 30—2t

**DR. WILLIAM GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.**  
The Great English Remedy is an unfailing cure for **Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all diseases that follow as a consequence of Self-Abuse, or Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, etc.** Before taking, Premature Old Age, and After taking, many other diseases that lead to **Insanity or Consumption** and a **Premature Grave**. Price, \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, by mail free of postage. Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. Address **Wm. Gray & Co., Windsor, Ontario, Canada.**  
Sold in Charlottetown by W. R. Watson, Dr. Dodd, C. D. Rankin, P. G. Fraser at Apothecaries Hall, and by all Druggists anywhere.

## Daniel W. Job & Co.,

—FORMERLY—  
**PERKINS & JOB,**  
COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AND  
**SHIP BROKERS,**  
91 State Street, Boston.  
August 23, 1878—3m

## PROFESSIONAL CARD.

**A. A. McLEAN,**  
Barrister and Attorney-at-Law,  
NEWSON'S BUILDING, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE,  
South Side Queen Square,  
CHARLOTTETOWN, - - P. E. I.  
Aug. 13th, 1878—3m eod

## E. G. HUNTER,

—IMPORTER OF—  
Italian and American Marble,  
AND MANUFACTURER OF  
Monuments, Tablets, Headstones,  
Tomb Tables, &c., &c.

Also, Mantles, Centre Table Tops,  
Bureau and Commode Tops,  
Wash Bowl Slabs, Bracket  
Shelves, &c., &c.  
**Granite, Freestone, and Soapstone**  
Work done in all its branches.  
PRICES TO SUIT,  
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.  
Designs furnished on application.

Next Door to Mark Butcher's Furniture Factory, Kent Street,  
Charlottetown.  
August 7, 1878.—3taw

## General Insurance Office.

FIRE AND MARINE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE effected.  
Office, opp. Post Office, South Side.  
HORACE HASZARD.

**SURVEYOR OF SHIPPING,**  
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE—SOUTH SIDE.  
HORACE HASZARD,  
Surveyor.  
Ch'town; Aug. 2—

## DR. CLEMENT,

**SURGEON DENTIST,**  
BEGS to inform the citizens of Charlottetown and vicinity that he has opened an office next door to the Reform Club (rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Caldwell), for the practice of Dentistry. He has adopted the following Scale of Charges, to suit the times, and to put Dentistry within the reach of all:—

For a full upper or lower Set of Teeth, \$10 00  
For partial Sets—each tooth, . . . 1 00  
For Gold Fillings, . . . . . 1 00  
For Amalgam and all composition fillings, 50  
**ALL WORK GUARANTEED FIRST-CLASS.**  
In inserting Artificial Teeth, the *Best Material* only is used, and a perfect fit warranted in all cases, or no pay.  
Ch'town, July 6, 1878—pat 3aw ar pres.

## WAGSTAFF'S HOTEL.

THE Subscriber having fitted up the Hotel formerly known as **THE RANKIN HOUSE**, in first class style, is now prepared to give comfortable accommodation to  
**Permanent and Transient Boarders.**  
Tourists and others will receive every attention at the Wagstaff's Hotel.  
WM. WAGSTAFF.  
May 25, 1878.

## Tinsmithing, Gasfitting, &c.

THE Subscriber thankful for past patronage, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he is still prepared to do all work in his line. **Tinsmithing, Gasfitting, and General Jobbing** punctually attended to.  
On hand, a lot of Tinware, which will be sold very cheap, wholesale and retail.  
Also wanted, a good steady man to peddle Tinware.  
GEO. E. MILLNER,  
Cor. Great George & Fitzroy Sts.  
Ch'town, May 16—

## P. E. I. Starch Manufacturing Co.

**CAPITAL . . \$25,000,**  
In Shares of \$25.00 each.

THIS COMPANY has been incorporated by Act of Parliament during the present session, and one-third of the Shares have been taken up by the leading men of Charlottetown. Farmers holding Stock in this Company will have the benefit of the preference in the large purchase of produce which the working of the Company entails.  
Applications for Shares to be made to Messrs. **Hyndman Bros.**, until the Directors and Officers of the Company are appointed,  
April 16, 1878—

## THE DAILY EXAMINER.

SEPTEMBER 3, 1878.

## POLICY OF THE MINISTRY.

"We have in this country at the present moment NO IDEA of having a system of Free Trade."—Hon. A. McKenzie at Toronto.  
"The policy of the Government is determined opposition to the Opposition."—Premier's Speech at the Drill Shed.  
In other words, the policy of the Government is to slander their opponents and do nothing for the good of the country.

## THE OPPOSITION PLATFORM.

A RE-ADJUSTMENT OF THE TARIFF.  
To make the duties fall more equitably.  
To make it the interest of the United States to accord Reciprocity.  
To revive the languishing West India Trade.  
To remove the present barriers to the development of our Agricultural, Mining and other Natural resources; and generally  
To encourage Home Industries with Home Markets for Home Produce.  
To promote our Fishing interests and protect the rights of our Fishermen.  
ECONOMY IN DEPARTMENTAL ADMINISTRATION.  
A REPRESENTATIVE OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND IN THE CABINET.

## HALIFAX.

### Depression of Trade.

ONE ELEMENT OF HOPE—A CHANGE OF GOVERNMENT.

It is pretty low tide just now with general business within the city. Granville street, those bright summer afternoons, has a "Pompeian" appearance, and as far as humanity is concerned it might almost be taken for the back street of the Deserted Village. We would hardly care to write "Ichabod" over the doors of our warehouses; but judging from present appearances, unless that "something" we have been looking for so long soon comes, the City Board of Works might as well let the grass grow in the streets, and allow buttercups and daisies to flourish on the sidewalks. Yet there are elements of hope from which to draw encouragement. The results of the impending elections, as forecast by experienced interpreters of public feeling, must bring a change for the better. Not an insignificant factor in this position of affairs is the decision of the Supreme Court in the railway dispute, which, though appealed from, virtually settles the question for the W. & A. Company. This will restore to Halifax the trade of the beautiful Annapolis Valley, which was wrested from us by an iniquitous act of spoliation, and for over a year has been in the possession of others. If we can only get the "few years of apparent prosperity," which even the opponents of the National Policy admit possible, the country will be better able to stand the years of adversity so freely croaked of as coming by people who do not seem to have learned the lessons of the five years of terrible adversity we have already borne.—*Hc. Herald.*

### Cyprus Wine.

A gentleman has presented to Queen Victoria some Cyprus wine that is more than three centuries old, so that it must have been made from grapes that grew under the Venetian rule of the island, or very soon thereafter, as the Turks took Cyprus in 1571. It beats the Opimain wine, for that, at the end of two centuries, had become as thick as honey, and was eaten with a spoon. Then it is as strong as Samson, and knocks the drinker down as easily as that matchless Hebrew would have laid out a dozen Philistines. Should Queen Victoria ever offer you a glass of the old Cyprian vintage, take it, but don't ask for more, for a second glass would upset you. Counting interest, this wine must be worth much more than a guinea a glass. As Hawthorne says of the Juno Madeira brand, it is "a golden liquor, worth more than liquid gold."

### DR. TUPPER'S PLANK.

"I trust I have satisfied the House that **IT IS NOT** a question of high or low taxation, any further than this, that, inasmuch as we governed the country with a small taxation, and inasmuch as we are prepared to govern the country again without those extravagant expenditures made by the present Government since they have been entrusted with power, all we ask is, NOT THAT THE TAXATION OF THE PEOPLE SHALL BE INCREASED, because we do not require so much money as the hon. gentlemen opposite, as we have shown by our economy in the past, and which we are prepared to practice in the future, but that the money shall be levied in such a way as to FURNISH EMPLOYMENT FOR THE PEOPLE AND PROVIDE THE MEANS OF PAYING THE TAXATION THAT IS LEVIED UPON THEM."

### THE OPPOSITION CANDIDATES.

Queen's County.  
{ HON. J. C. POPE,  
{ HON. F. DE ST. CROIX BRECKEN, }  
Prince County.  
{ CORNELIUS HOWATT, Esq. }  
{ EDWARD HACKETT, Esq. }  
King's County.  
{ AUSTIN C. McDONALD, Esq. }  
{ DR. MUTTART. }

### An Important Decision.

MR MACKENZIE PLACED IN A VERY UNDESIRABLE LIGHT.

HALIFAX, N. S., Aug. 29.

The Supreme Court to-day delivered judgment confirming the decision of Judge Ritchie of the 11th March last, in the case of the Windsor & Annapolis Railway Co. vs. the Western Counties Railway Co. This decision directly attacks the action of Mr. Mackenzie in giving forcible possession of the Windsor Branch Railway to the Western Counties Railway as a reward for the political services of Frank Killam, M. P.

Mr. Mackenzie gave forcible possession to Mr. Killam's Company in the face of his own lease of the same road to the Windsor & Annapolis Railway Co., and in violation of acts giving this company running rights over the road, and the result was a dual system of railway freights between Halifax and the Western Counties, which has injuriously affected the trade of this city and the three counties.

The result of the litigation will put an end to Western Extension perhaps, and will fling in Mr. Mackenzie's face the votes of four Counties. It is the last straw that breaks the Grit camel's back in this Province.

Mr. Mackenzie is now in a position to be pressed for large damages by the two railway companies through an act of sheer dishonesty and ruthlessness.

A procession and demonstration will be held to-night, in King's County, over the result of the decision of the court.

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### Another Reformer.

AT LOGGERSHEADS WITH THE GOVERNMENT.

At a meeting in Toronto recently (a Reformer) Mr. O'Donohoe said he could fight his personal battle with Mr. O'Conner, but no one ever found him going into a constituency to oppose a Catholic, no matter to what party he belonged. (Loud cheers.) He had too much confidence, too much regard for the independence and the judgment of his friends who were present, he had too much faith in their manhood to believe that they would desire to pull him or themselves at the tail of any Administration which insulted the whole Catholic body. He professed himself as he had ever been, and he trusted, ever would be—a Reformer. But, if the Government of Ontario acted as had that of the Dominion, much as he respected it and upheld it, he would oppose it as he would oppose to the very last the Administration of Alexander McKenzie. (Loud cheers.) Let them change their men, take Mr. McKenzie away, and place a man at the head of affairs who would be true to his principles, and he (Mr. O'Donohoe) would be found back in their ranks fighting for them; but it would be necessary for them to repudiate the utterances of their Postmaster-General at Argenteuil, (cheers), it would be next necessary for them to make an apology for the conduct of their Prime Minister to the Catholic people through their delegation, and next, it would be necessary for them to reform his acts and show that instead of unbounded extravagance they would set out with economy the platform upon which they received support, because, if Ministers could say one thing to a constituency on the eve of an election, and traverse that when in power, where was political immorality to end? Had they no political independence, to say to a Government, "We will dispose of you as of any other servant when you fail to perform your duties?" Would any merchant keep a dishonest or incapable servant rather than look for one who might be better? If such a man there were, he was on a par with those who said, "Keep in McKenzie and his Government for fear you may get a worse one." (Cheers.)

After apologizing for detaining the meeting so long, Mr. O'Donohoe pointed out that this was the only means he had of explaining his position to them. He had received over a hundred letters in response to his invitations, all breathing the same view that something should be done to secure representative positions for the Catholic body. He suggested that in one or two months, when the heat of the political contest was over, another meeting should be held for the purpose of organization. After stating the pleasure he should derive from seeing Messrs. P. Hughes and John O'Connor returned for Niagara and Russell respectively, he concluded by moving the following resolution:—

"1. Whereas the principles of the Reform party, as enunciated through its recognized exponents—conventions, press, and leaders—may be summarized as follows:

1st. Government by party, or no coalition of opposing political parties.

2nd. Independence of the people's representatives of the power of the "Crown" or Executive.

3rd. The absolute control of Parliament over all public moneys, the utmost vigilance over all appropriated expenditure, a stern reprobation of the practice of unauthorized expenditure by the Executive, and that every sum voted should be for a specific and definite purpose.

4th. Economy and efficiency in the administration of public affairs.

5th. Strict conformity with, and faithful adherence to the theory and practice of the responsibility of Ministers to the people.

2. And, whereas, these principles and professions commended themselves to the good sense of the people, who believed that their practical application would redound to the country's benefit, and with faith in the promises and pledges of their accredited leaders, accorded them a hearty support and generous confidence to enable them to inaugurate and carry them out.

3. And whereas, after five years trial, with the most ample opportunity of giving effect to these professions and proving their own sincerity, backed by a majority in the House of Commons, unexampled in the constitutional history of this country, all the principles, professions and promises of the Reform party have either been ignored, forgotten or broken; a coalition taking the place of pure party Government, the independence of Parliament violated, members contracting with the Government, wide-spread corruption of members of Parliament, which required a white-washing Act to shield the delinquents; members, from the first Commoner downwards, tempted by a venal Government; the Speaker, a Minister of the Crown, and several other members, compelled to vacate their seats, while others, fearing the ordeal, absented themselves for a whole session; the control of Parliament set at naught in giving contracts without being submitted for its approval; moneys expended without being appropriated; the cost of administration in every department of the public services increased, notwithstanding the crippled resources of the people and an unusually severe commercial depression; pledges of retrenchment disregarded; and while pretending to be the custodians of popular liberty defending the violation of the principles of responsible Government by sustaining the Lieutenant Governor of Quebec in dismissing a Ministry possessing the confidence of the people's representatives.

"Be it therefore resolved that the McKenzie Administration has, in the opinion of this meeting, forfeited the confidence reposed in it in 1874; that it is justly chargeable with much of the distress to-day prevailing in the country, that any further lease of power would augment the destitution brought on by incapacity and extravagance, and that it is the duty of the electorate, irrespective of party bias, to unite in displacing a Government whose record is made up of broken pledges, abnegation of principles and unblinking hypocrisy."

EXTRA VALUE in Black Lustres and Cashmeres—just received. J. & W. BEER.