HASZARD'S GAZETTE.

FARMERS' JOURNAL, AND COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER.

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Haszard's Gazette.

GEORGE T. HASZARD, Proprietor and Publisher. Published every Tuesday evening and Saturday morning. Office, South side Queen Square, P. E. Island.

TERMS—Annual Subscription, 15s. Discount for cash in advance.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For the first insertion, occupying the space of 4 lines, including head, 2s.—6 lines, 2s. 6d.—9 lines, 3s.—12 lines, 3s. 6d.—16 lines, 4s.—20 lines, 4s. 6d.—25 lines, 5s.—30 lines, 5s. 6d.—36 lines, 6s.—and 2d. for each additional line. One fourth of the above for each continuance. Advertisements sent without limitation, will be continued until forbid.

CHAMPAGNE.

THIRTY CASES of prime CHAMPAGNE, just received ex "Peeping Tom," from Liverpool.

Also, a quantity of *OAKUM*.
Pitch and Coal Tar,
Kegs of White and coloured paints,
Raw and Boiled Linseed Oil,
For sale by CHARLES STEWART.

June 7, 1854. tf

The National Loan Fund Life Assurance Society of London.

CAPITAL £500,000 Sterling. Empowered by Act of Parliament, 2d Victoria. A Saving Bank for the Widow and the Orphan.

T. HEATH HAVILAND, jr.
Agent for Prince Edward Island.

☞ Office, Queen Square, Charlottetown.
September 5, 1853. Isl

Charlottetown Mutual Insurance Company,

Incorporated by Act of Parliament in 1848.

THIS COMPANY offers the best guarantee in case of loss, and accepts Risks at a saving of fully 50 per cent, to the assured.

The present reliable Capital exceds £1700. Persons having property in Charlottetown, or vicinity, should lose no time in applying to the Secretary of this Company for Policies or Information.

☞ One of Philips' Fire Annihilators has been purchased by the Company, for the benefit of persons insured in this Office. In case of Fire, the use of it can be obtained immediately, by applying at the Secretary's Office.

W. HEARD, President
HENRY PALMER, Sec'y and Treasurer.

Secretary's Office, Kent Street, August 5th, 1853.

ALLIANCE

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LONDON.

ESTABLISHED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.
Capital £5,000,000 Sterling.

CHARLES YOUNG,
Agent for P. E. Island.

Equitable Fire Insurance Company of London

Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS for P. E. Island.—*Hon. T. H. Haviland, Hon. Charles Hensley, Francis Longworth, Esq., Robert Hutchinson, Esq., Thomas Dawson, Esq.*

Detached Risks taken at low Premiums. No charge for Policies Forms of Application, and any other information, may be obtained from the Subscriber, at the Office of G. W. Deblois Esq. Charlottetown.

H. J. CUNDALL.
April 7th, 1854. Agent for P. E. I.

WANTED TO PURCHASE the HULL and SPARS of a Vessel from 150 to 200 Tons Register—suitable for the Coasting Trade. Apply to H. W., Post Office, Charlottetown.

FARM WANTED.

WANTED, a small FARM, of 50 acres, of which about 10 are fit for cultivation, or from 8 to 12 acres, near which some wood land may be rented. Address B. 2. at the office of this paper. 4x

WESTMORELAND BANK of New Brunswick.

MONCTON, COUNTY OF WESTMORELAND.

THE Notes of this Bank are redeemed at the Bank of New Brunswick, St. John.

AGENTS:
SACKVILLE—Messrs. Allison & Cogswell.
CHARLOTTETOWN, P.E.I.—James Purdie, Esq.

Bills on London and United States purchased at either the Head Office or Agencies, and all description of Banking Business negotiated on the most favorable terms.

OLIVER JONES, President.
JAMES JOHNSON, Cashier.

Westmoreland Bank of N. B., Moncton, 9th September, 1854.

LEAVING THE ISLAND.

MR. J. WEATHERBIE intending to remove from this Island, in a few weeks from this date, requests all persons having any claims against him to furnish their accounts for settlement, and all who are indebted to him, are respectfully and earnestly requested to come forward and settle the same, without delay, and thereby prevent the unnecessary trouble and expense of falling into the hands of an Attorney, which Mr. W. would much regret. Office next door on Prince Street to Temperance Hall.

NOTICE.

Half of the Packet Schooner H. Ingram for Sale.

THIS VESSEL is built principally of Spanish Oak, her Stauuchions are of Teakwood, her Spars red Pine, and she is well rigged and found, and is so well known that a further description is unnecessary. For further particulars please apply to W. B. Dean, Esq., or to J. WEATHERBIE.

Chrlottetown, Aug. 5th, 1854.

West River Mills to be Let.

A GRIST MILL, SAW MILL and CARDING MILL, with immediate possession. Apply to W. CROSBY.

West River, Sept. 16. 3i Isl.

CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY

THE SUBSCRIBER intending in a few weeks to remove out of this Island, offers to sell at moderate rates, the following freehold properties, viz:—

A small Farm at Seven Mile Bay, Lot 27. An inclosed Farm of 50 Acres, with a House, with or without the Saw Mill, and the water privileges (formerly Maxfield's Mill) Lot 25. Also 300 acres on Lot No. 8, this Property to be sold at Indian River on the 19th inst.

J. WEATHERBE.

Charlottetown, July 8th, 1854.

THOMAS DOUGLASS,

SOLE AGENT FOR

BEE'S BRACE.

Commission Merchant, Importer, Manufacturer, and Wholesale Dealer in every description of

AMERICAN HARDWARE,

NO. 5 PLATT STREET,

THOMAS DOUGLASS, (Four doors from Pearl.)
ASA FARR, Jr., (late of the NEW-YORK.
firm of Child, Farr & Co., St Louis.
June 28. 6m

CLEARING OFF. SUMMER GOODS. JAMES DESBRISAY

WILL commence this day WEDNESDAY *the 9th August* 1854, to SELL OFF his REMAINING STOCK of SUMMER MATERIALS at prices much under the usual marks, in order to make way for fresh supplies expected by the first Autumn Ship from London. Bargains are therefore offered of every thingcoming under the above head.

SELLING OFF AT REDUCED PRICES.

THE STOCK of the SUBSCRIBER remaining on hand, will we offered at a

GREAT REDUCTION

From former prices, to make room for the

FALL STOCK.

LONDON HOUSE,
Near the R. Catholic Church.
HENRY HASZARD.

August 19, 1854. Isl. & Ex.

JUST imported, per Native Lass and Esther from Boston, a choice selection of AMERICAN GOODS, consisting of

SUGAR in hhds., barrels, and by retail;
CRUSHED SUGAR;
Superior Souchong TEA, in chests, half chests, and by retail; COFFEE, RICE, PILOT BREAD, in Barrels, and by retail; Crackers, Vinegar, Mustard, Pepper, Table Salt, Soda, Saleratus, Soap, Candles, Starch, Burning Fluid, Matches, Tobacco, Cigars, Blacking, &c.

CONFECTIONARY, NUTS, CHEESE, &c.

Cotton Warp, Printed Cottons, striped and unbleached do., sheeting, bedtick, &c.; Ladies' and Gent's. India Rubber Boots and Shoes; India Rubber Coats, Oil Suits, Cotton-wick, Lamp-wicks, Fluid Lamps, Glass Lanterns, CHAIRS with cane seats and wood do., in great variety of pattern; Axes, Scythes, Sneaths, Hay-rakes, Hay-forks, Spades, Shovels, Hoes, Garden do.

Also—

An assortment of Currier's TOOLS; Pails, Tubs in nests or single, Clothes-pins, Brooms, Brushes, &c.

ON HAND, American and Island Manufactured SOLE LEATHER, Neats Leather, Calf-skins and Harness Leather, Red, White and Plum coloured Roans, Shoe thread, Zinc, and Iron Sparrowbles.

WILLIAM B. DAWSON.

Charlottetown, June 29th, 1854.

Sheep Skins, Butter, Wool, &c.,

THE Subscriber will pay the highest market price in CASH, for any quantity of BUTTER, WOOL, SHEEP and LAMB SKINS.

ROBERT BELL.

Charlottetown, June 6th, 1854. 9m

A COMPLETE NEW Dyeing, Dressing and Fulling Establishment.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform the public of P. E. Island generally, that he has imported a complete set of Machines, for Dyeing, Fulling, and Dressing Cloth, equal, if not superior to any in the neighbouring Provinces; and has also obtained the services of a first-rate workman from Nova Scotia, to superintend his Establishment.

As the work will be executed equal, if not superior to that done in Nova Scotia, the prices will not be more than the Nova Scotia charges.

Cloth will be taken in at the Subscriber's establishments, viz:—Head of St. Peter's Bay, Glenfinles Mills, and St. Margaret's Mills; at Mr. William Stearns', St. Peter's; and at George T. Haszard's Book-store, Charlottetown.

Other Agents will be appointed in different parts of the Island, of which due notice will be given.

Agents.—HON. JOSEPH WIGHTMAN, Georgetown.
MR. KEMBLE COFFIN, Shipyard, Mt. Stewat.
MR. ALEX. DIXON, Pinette Mills.

JOHN DIXON.

Glenfinles Mills, July 10th, 1854.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned, in confirmation of a certain agreement lately made by CHARLES WORRELL, late of Morell House, but now of London, in Great Britain, Esquire, have by deeds of release and assignment respectively dated the 16th day of August last, conveyed to WILLIAM H. POPE, of Charlottetown, Esquire, all their Right, Title, and Interest, as Trustees of the said Charles Worrell, in and to certain Real and Personal Estates, Debts, and Judgments in Prince Edward Island, formerly belonging to the said Charles Worrell, and conveyed by him to the undersigned by deeds dated the 17th day of June, 1850: of which all Tenants of the said Estates, and other parties interested in, or indebted to the same, are hereby notified and will govern themselves accordingly.

JAMES PEAKE,
CHARLES HENSLEY,
JOHN M. HOLL,
THEOPHILUS DESBRISAY, } Trustees.

Charlottetown, 11th September, 1854. 1, m

For Sale.

A FREEHOLD PROPERTY of 50 Acres of Land, situate on the Princetown Road, 11 miles from Charlottetown; 15 to 20 acres are cleared and ready for the plough; there is a Dwelling House and Barn on the Premises. It is a central place for business, several Roads converging from it. There is also on the Premises, a Saw Mill, with an abundance of Wood around it. Further particulars can be made known to

ALEX. JOHNSTON.

Princetown Road, (11 miles,) Aug. 19, 1854.

THOMAS MANN, TAILOR, (*Late of Upper Queen Street,*) begs to inform his numerous friends that he has just REMOVED his Business to the House lately occupied by MRS. WOOD, in POWNAL STREET, next door to Mr. Dodd's Brick Store. June 2.

NOTICE.

TENDERS will be received by the Subscribers for the erection of a WESLEYAN CHURCH 40 × 30, with a Spire, to be completely furnished by the Fall of 1855. Plans and specifications may be seen at the residence of either of the following persons:

W. G. STRONG,
W. HENRY, Summerside,
G. DOULL. } Building Committee. 4w

FOR SALE.

ABOUT 60 acres of free LAND, situated on Township 30, Argyle Shore, and 17 miles from town; about 30 acres are clear, and the remainder is well covered with Soft and Hardwood, a never-failing Spring of Water is within a few yards of the door, and abundance of Sea Manure can be got on the front. The above property will be sold with the STOCK, which consists of two Horses, 10 Cows, 15 Sheep, together with the Farming Implements. For further particulars apply to EWEN STEWART, on the premises. 5i

Timothy and Flax Seed.

THE highest price will be paid for TIMOTHY and FLAX SEED, during the present year, at George T Haszard's Book Store.

FOR SALE.

THAT valuable plot of GROUND at the head o Prince Street, formerly the site of the Baptist Chapel, fronting 100 feet on Euston Street, and 104 on Upper Prince Street. It is one of the most desirable situations in the suburbs for a gentleman's residence, or is capable of being divided into three good building Lots. For Terms, &c. apply to

W. H. POPE.

June 8.

BRASS FOUNDRY. AND MACHINE SHOP.

BY W. C. HOBS.

NOW open in Great George Street, on the old Stand. Old Copper and Brass bought. An Appretnice wanted.

May 18, 1854.

Carriages! Carriages! Carriages!

THE Subscriber, thankful for past favors, takes this opportunity to inform his friends, and the public generally, that he has removed to Green's Shore, and will be prepared to furnish Carriages, of every description, at the shortest notice; and he hopes by punctuality and good workmanship, to merit a share of public patronage.

JOHN TODD.

TO BE LET,

And possession given on the First day of May next

THE DWELLING HOUSE and Premises near Government House, at present occupied by Captain Beazeley, consisting of a Dwelling House which contains a spacious Dining-room and Drawing-room, Breakfast-room, 7 Bed-rooms, large Kitchen, Servant's Hall, 3 Servant's Bed-rooms, Pantry, Larder, Front-porch, large Entrance Hall, large Inner Hall, Back-porch, 2 Back entrances, Back and Front stair-case, Scullery, Pump and Wash-House, Lumber-room, and a splendid 6 roomed cellar.

A large and commodious Coach-house, 3 stalled Stable, Harness-room, Cow-house, large Hay-loft and Grain-room, Manure-yard, large Kitchen garden with Fruit trees, &c., Flower garden, elegant front entrance and carriage drive, a large Lawn running down to the Harbour with convenience for keeping boats, &c. Extensive plantation of young trees o all kinds, large Root-house, Wood and chopping house, and a spacious and commodious yard.

There are front and back gates facing on different Streets, and a never failing well of water on the premises.

This splendid Mansion from its situation commands the finest view of any house in Charlottetown, and from its proximity to Government House and other advantages the Subscriber confidently offers it as the most elegant, comfortable and desirable residence for a gentleman's family in or near Town. For further particulars apply to

DAVID WILSON, Richmond Street.

Sept. 6th, 1854.

A Farm for sale.

A VALUABLE FREEHOLD FARM, situated on Lot 53, and fronting on Brudenell River, at the head of the Harbour of Three Rivers, and three miles from Georgetown, it contains 105 acres of land, 45 acres of which are cleared; and for soil and convenience, is not surpassed in this part of the country, and is well worth the attention of any person wishing to settle down in a good and pleasant situation; it will be sold with or without the Stock, and immediate possession given. For particulars, apply to W. B. AITKIN, ESQ., Georgetown, or to the subscriber on the premises,

H. JOHNSTON.

September 5, 1854. 4w.

Take Notice Farmers.

JUST arrived, per Schr. 'PROMPT,' from BOSTON—

A lot of FARMERS' BOILERS, assorted sizes; also,

A lot of COOKING STOVES, different patterns and sizes,

'Ladies, Misses & Gent's India Rubber BOOTS & SHOES in great variety, for Sale at T. W. DODD'S Brick Store, Pownal Street.

August 25th. 3w

NAPOLEON'S ATTEMPTS AT SUICIDE.

In Montholon's history of the captivity of Napoleon at St. Helena, it is recorded that he twice attempted self-destruction: once early in his career, and again in 1815. On the first occasion, his life was saved by Demasis, a former comrade in an artillery regiment. Napoleon was then in Paris depressed and suffering from illness. His mother having fled from Corsica, was at Marseilles, without means of subsistence, and had written to him for aid. Napoleon had nothing but an assignat of an hundred sous. Relating this adventure to Montholon, Napoleon says:—

"In a state of dejection I went out, as if urged to suicide by an animal instinct, and walked along the quays, feeling my weakness, but unable to conquer it. In a few more moments I should have thrown myself into the water, when I run against an individual dressed like a simple mechanic, and who recognized me, and threw himself on my neck, and cried, 'Is it you Napoleon? What joy to see you again!' It was Demasis a former comrade of mine in an artillery regiment. He had emigrated, and had returned to France in disguise, to see his aged mother. He was about to go, when stopping he said, 'What's the matter? You look to me like a madman about to kill himself.'"

This direct appeal awoke Napoleon's feelings, and he told him everything. "Is that all?" said he, opening his course waistcoat, and detaching a belt, he added, "here are thirty thousand francs in gold; take them and save thy mother."

"I cannot," said Napoleon, "to this day explain to myself my motives for so doing, but I seized the gold as if by a convulsive movement, and ran like a madman to send it to my mother. It was not until it was out of my hands that I thought of what I had done. I hastened back to the spot where I had left Demasis, but he was no longer there. For several days I went out in the morning, and returning not until evening, searching every place where I hoped to find him."

The end of this romance is eccentric as the beginning. For fifteen years Napoleon saw no more of his creditor. At the end of that time he discovered him, and asked "why he had not applied to the Emperor?" The answer was that he had no necessity for the money, but was afraid of being compelled to quit his retirement, where he lived happily, practising horticulture.

Napoleon now paid his debt, as may be presumed, magnificently; made him accept three hundred thousand francs as a reimbursement from the Emperor for the thirty thousand lent to the subaltern of artillery; and besides made him director general of the gardens of the crown, with a salary of thirty thousand francs. He also gave a government place to his brother.

In April, 1815, when Napoleon was at the head of his army, preparing to attack the allies, his Marshals demanded an interview with him. They were opposed to his plan of operations, and looked upon an attempt to re-enter Paris as hopeless. They proposed that he should abdicate in favour of his son. This was also the advice of the Emperor Alexander. Napoleon did as was proposed; but Marmount and his army had surrendered on that day. After this the allies rejected all negotiation. The propositions and offers of Napoleon to his officers and soldiers were unheeded by them, and he at length signed an equivocal abdication for himself and family. This led to the second attempt on his own life. He thus narrates it:—

"From the time of the retreat from Russia," said he, "I had constantly carried round my neck in a silken bag, a portion of a poisonous powder which Iran had prepared by my orders, when I was in fear of being carried off by the Cossacks. My life no longer belonged to my country; the events of the last few days had again rendered me master of it. Why should I endure so much suffering? and who knows that my death may not place the crown upon the head of my son? France was saved.

"I hesitated no longer, but leaping from my bed, mixed the poison in a little water, and drank it with a sort of happiness. But time had taken away its strength; fearful pains drew forth some groans from me; they were heard and medical assistance arrived. It was not Heaven's will that I should die so soon. St. Helena was my *destiny*."

COCHINEAL.—In Guatæmala only 100 square yards of enclosure are devoted to the cultivation of cochineal. The cochineal is a small insect found in vast multitudes on several species of cactus, in South America and Mexico. They are gathered in pots, destroyed by means of artificial heat, and the mass thus formed is the brilliant crimson drug, sold by the apothecaries for dying purposes. It is also used in colouring tinctures and making carmine. On the 100 yards spoken of, the yield the present year was the enormous amount of 1.400,000 pounds of cochineal! It sells in Guatamala at the rate of $80 per 150 pounds, or one terico. The annual consumption of cochineal in the whole world is estimated at about 25,000 tericos, or 3,750,000 pounds. Beside Guatamala, a considerable quantity of cochineal is cultivated in Mexico, the Canary Islands and Java. Its price will always be subjected to much greater fluctuations than that of coffee, sugar or tobacco.

CHEESE AS A DIGESTER.

As a digester, as some not appropriately call it, cheese—that which is decayed and mouldy being preferred by connoisseurs—is often eaten after dinner. The action which experience seems to have proved it to possess in aiding the digestion of what has previously been eaten, is both curious and interesting, and has had some light thrown upon it by recent chemical researc.

When the curd of milk is exposed to the air in a moist state, for a few days, at a moderate temperature, it begins gradually to decay, to emit a disagreeable odor, and to ferment. When in this state, it possesses the property, in certain circumstances, of inducing a species of chemical change and fermentation in other moist substances with which it is mixed, or is brought into contact. It acts after the same manner as sour leaven does when mixed with sweet dough.

Now old and partially decayed cheese acts in a similar way when introduced into the stomach. It causes chemical changes gradually to commence, among the particles of the food which has previously been eaten, and thus facilitates the dissolution which necessarily precedes digestion. It is only some kinds of cheese, however, which will effect this purpose. Those are generally considered the best in which some kind of cheese mould has established itself. Hence the mere eating of a morsel of cheese after dinner does not necessarily promote digestion. If too new, or of improper quality, it will only add to the quantity of food with which the stomach is already overloaded, and will have to wait its turn for digestion by the ordinary process.—*Chemistry of Common Life.*

INTERESTING DISCOVERY.—The workmen engaged in prolonging the Durham Terrace, (Quebec,) on the site of the old chateau or fort of St. Louis, lately discovered an interesting archaiological relic. In demolishing the old wall which separated the outworks of the fort from the garden attached two monumental stones were found, in an angle of this wall, enclosing a copper plate, having engraved on it the following inscription in latin, which we translate.

[In the year of our Lord, one thousand six hundred and ninety-three, in the reign of the most august, most invincible and most christian King of France, Louis the Great (13th) the most excellent and most illustrious Lord, Louis de Buade, Count de Frontenac, for the second time, Governor of all New France,—the rebellious inhabitants of New England, three years before, having been repulsed, routed and completely vanquished by him in attempting to besiege this town of Quebec, and threatening a renewal of the siege this same year,—has caused to be constructed, at the expense of the King, this citadel, with the adjoining fortifications, for the defence of the whole country, the welfare of the people, and to confound anew this perfidious nation, both towards its God and towards its legitimate King.—And he has laid this corner stone.]

ROYAL CONICAL FLOUR MILLS.—This new mode of grinding wheat is making rapid progress both at home and abroad. The bill for the incorporation of the London company has passed its third reading. The patent for Austria is sold for £30,000, and a splendid mill is now at work in Vienna. Six more are in course of preparation—one at Prague. In France Prince Murat is the president of the French company, and the Emperor has signified his intention of adopting it for his army and navy. Prince Albert has shown it maked support, by accepting a model, and explaining it to his and her Majesty's royal visitors. The magistrates of Hampshire have built a mill for the county prison at Winchester. Lord Portman has one on his estate near Blanford which grinds 8½ bushels per hour, against 2½ by the ordinary mill. Messrs. Pavitt, at Wapping, are working two mills night and day, and Mr. Dargan, the eminent Irishman, has declared that the restoration of the flour trade to Ireland by it is the dearest wish of his heart.

FAST BOY.—"Tommy my, son, what are you doing there with yonr feet dangling in that water?" "Trying to catch cold, ma, so that I can have some of those cough lozengers you gave me yesterday."

The appearance of Philadelphia on Sunday, say the papers of that city, has changed decidedly for the better since Mayor Conrad's recent movements to shut up on that day all the grog shops.