



The Morning Guardian.

APRIL 8, 1891.

Mr. Howland's Mission.

Whether Mr. Howland did right to accept a retainer from the Dominion Government after he had been commissioned by this Province to proceed to London, we forbear for the present to discuss. His visit to Newfoundland must delay the explanations required by Sir Douglas F. X. and possibly prejudice the interests of this Province. It is of the utmost importance that a just estimate of the cost of the construction of the tunnel be at once laid before the local assembly and the federal parliament.

At the same time we must recognize the high compliment paid to Senator Howland by his being selected as a delegate to arrange the matters of difference now existing between the Dominion and Newfoundland. Howland's mission is an exceedingly difficult one and it will be quite a feather in his cap if he succeeds. His chances of success are however exceedingly slim. Let us glance at the situation in Newfoundland.

First there is the French shore difficulty. In 1835 an arrangement was arrived at between England and France whereby the French fishermen were accorded the privilege of fishing on the international banks and landing on the west coast and drying their catch ashore. Since that time 700 miles of the west coast has been known as the French shore. These privileges were recognized in 1713 and subsequently by the treaty of Paris in 1815. The French fishermen were not satisfied with their privileges upon the coast—they encroached upon the interior—they laid claim to the soil. The English government so far conceded to their pretensions as to order that along the French shore half a mile of the coast line be deemed French territory. Even this did not satisfy the French—they raised their national flag, they poached on the inland lakes, they opposed the opening of mines and the erection of a railway station within the half mile belt. At the time of the treaty of Paris the lobster fishery was unknown—the French never had any vested rights in that fishery. Notwithstanding, they drove off the colonial fishermen from the French shore. The British Government appear to have taken sides with France against the Colonists. Recently the commander of a British war ship closed one of the lobster factories. The owner of the factory, believing that the French shore did not belong exclusively to France, determined to test the question in the courts. He sued the British commander for trespass, and his right of action was sustained by all the colonial courts. He obtained a verdict for heavy damages against a man who acted under the instructions of the British crown. This was bearing the British lion in his den with a vengeance. The home government was now put upon their mettle. They thereupon introduced into the Imperial Parliament and passed into law a coercive measure, the object of which was to over-ride the decision of the Newfoundland courts and to recognize the supremacy of the French claims upon the west coast. Not only that, but they passed the measure behind the backs of the Colonists—without consulting them—without even sending them a copy of the bill which they proposed to enact. This high handed procedure on the part of the home government naturally created intense indignation among the Colonists and a determination to resist any attempt to enforce martial law in the island of Newfoundland. Mr. Howland of course has nothing to do with allaying the bitterness that has arisen in connection with the French shore difficulty, but that bitterness has an important bearing on what follows.

About a year ago the Newfoundland Legislature commissioned Mr. Bond, a member of the local government, to proceed to Washington to negotiate a reciprocity treaty with the United States. Mr. Bond was well aware that he could not complete any convention without the sanction of the home government. He therefore first obtained the concurrence of Lord K. the Secretary of State, and in arranging the terms of the treaty acted conjointly with the Brit-

Last Night's Meeting.

The Y. M. C. A. Hall was literally packed last night to hear the entertainment in aid of the W. O. T. U. T. C. James, Esq., occupied the chair, and after singing by the choir, the meeting was opened by a Scripture reading and prayer by Rev. Mr. Hamlyn.

Miss Lewis and Mr. Vinnicombe's instrumental duet followed. It was very finely executed, and the performance in response to a hearty, successful rendition of "Home, Sweet Home." The resolutions by Miss Mabel Cook and Miss Ethel Pope were very good for such little girls. The chairman complimented the good sense shown by the ladies in not putting the chairman down for an address, but said he could not refrain from commending them for their noble work, and asked a good collection to aid them in their work.

The Mode City Council was a timely feature of the entertainment though not quite what was expected. Eight young ladies displayed in false whiskers and round tables and discussed civic affairs. The most marked part of the proceedings was probably the case with which the jurist stated the case of the Councilors and the Bible placed in front of the Mayor. There was another model and also several features of the Council meeting; the Councilors showed themselves open to reason, although they were not all particularly wise. A Mr. Vinnicombe is heard of at the bar of the Council preparing for a license to run a saloon. In the course of his remarks he said that as he would be at considerable expense in fitting up the saloon, the money would be expended in the city, and he hinted that there would be considerable plastering, etc. This brought out representing Councilors to his feet. He expressed himself as not being "agin the petition" and reminded Mr. Vinnicombe that he himself was an adept at plastering. However after some discussion the petition was unanimously rejected. Coun. Taylor to do him justice voting like the others. The conclusion arrived at was that it is bad to sell liquor so it is also bad to give the right to sell to others.

Rev. Mr. Kirby gave the address, treating of the danger of moderate drinking, and comparing the appetite for drink, once developed, to a trained wild beast, which though ever so tame was never to be trusted. He regarded the respectable, moderate drinker as one of the very greatest enemies of the temperance cause. The solos by Miss Hamlyn and Miss Bartle fully sustained their well earned reputation, and were followed with the closest attention. Messrs. Fletcher and Knight's instrumental duet—a cornet and a clarinet—was a real treat, and their rendering of "Hard Times," in response to the encore, was even more acceptable to the audience. Mr. S. F. Hodgson's reading was well done, and the matter of it right to the point at this particular time. It was from J. B. Finch, and called for men as true to their country, their province, their city as those Spartans, whose patriotism proudly showed to a contemporary and called the walls of Sparta.

A duet and chorus by the choir and National anthem brought the entertainment to a close.

Charlottetown Markets.

CHARLOTTETOWN, April 8th, 1891.
Beef (small) # lb. 0.07 @ 0.10
Beef (quarter) # lb. 0.05 @ 0.06
Butter, fresh # lb. 0.20 @ 0.22
Butter, tub, # lb. 0.18 @ 0.19
Brant, # lb. 0.00 @ 0.00
Beets, per doz. 0.00 @ 0.00
Carrots, per bunch. 0.10 @ 0.00
Celery, (per head) 0.10 @ 0.00
Cheese, per lb. 0.14 @ 0.15
Calf Skins (trimmed) 0.00 @ 0.00
Cabbage, per doz. 0.25 @ 0.40
Chickens, 0.40 @ 0.48
Ducks, per pair. 0.65 @ 0.70
Eggs, # doz. 0.14 @ 0.16
Fowls, per pair. 0.45 @ 0.50
Flour, per cwt. 2.45 @ 2.60
Geese, 0.50 @ 0.75
Ham # lb. 0.15 @ 0.16
Hides, 0.08 @ 0.09
Hay, # 100 lbs. 0.80 @ 0.00
Lard, 0.00 @ 0.00
Lambskins, 0.00 @ 0.00
Oats, # bush. 0.53 @ 0.00
Oatmeal (white oats) per cwt. 3.00 @ 3.25
Oatmeal (black oats) per cwt. 0.00 @ 0.00
Pork (carcase), per lb. 0.58 @ 0.06
Pork, small, 0.65 @ 0.10
Potatoes, # bush. 0.30 @ 0.35
Straw, per load. 2.50 @ 3.00
Sheep pelts 0.50 @ 0.55
Wood, per load. 0.75 @ 1.00

Our spring stock of Gents' Colored Kid Gloves just received. Jas. Paton & Co.—2in

Y. M. C. A. ANNUAL MEETING.

The Adjoined Annual Meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association for the Election of Officers and transaction of other business will be held in the Association Hall

THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 9 AT EIGHT O'CLOCK

As the Officers must be elected at this Meeting a full attendance of all members is very specially requested.

CHAS. PALMER, President. R. M. BARRATT, Secretary.

ST. GEORGE'S DAY. Dramatic Entertainment. THE CH'TOWN LAWN TENNIS CLUB Will give a Dramatic Entertainment IN THE LYCEUM.

THURSDAY, 23rd OF APRIL. apr 4-1 201

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT UNLIKE ANY OTHER.

POTATO CULLAGE. 25 BARRELS POTATOES. FOR SALE BY F. T. NEWBERRY.

INTENDING to leave the island, we have decided to sell, as early as possible, the following Properties:— Valuable Farm of 84 acres on St. Peter's Road, 7 miles from Charlottetown, in good order and fenced with Spruce Hedgerows

DON'T MISTAKE YOU AVOID AMMONIA ALUM — AND ANYTHING UNWHOLESOME OR INJURIOUS BY USING WOODBILL'S GERMAN BAKING POWDER.

Davies' Drug Store

As we intend moving from the store at present occupied by us to the more commodious and central store in Market Street, Black some time in May next, we will sell all our stock of

Carriage Builders As we intend going out of the Carriage Stock Business we now offer our large stock at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

DODD & ROGERS CHARLOTTETOWN April 3.—e o d & w

VIRGINIA FREE CATALOQUE P. B. CHAFFIN & CO. RICHMOND, VA.

WE NOT ONLY SELL SPECTACLES, WE FIT THEM. Each Eye tested separately at a small extra charge. E. W. TAYLOR, Optician, City.

LIME I I HAVE taken the Kilns lately occupied by John Fleury, and will be pleased to fill all orders for Lime for Farm and Building Purposes

Barb Wire Fencing. TEN TONS IN STOCK. Will Sell for the Next Month at 6 1/2 CENTS Cash.

A FREEHOLD FARM FOR SALE. 100 ACRES prime farming Land within three miles of Dunda, Cross, and Grand River Bridge Wharf, where there is a good produce market.

Dr. JAMES NERVE BEANS. NERVE BEANS are a new discovery that relieve and cure the worst cases of Nervous Debility, Lost Vision, and Failing Memory; restores the weakness of body or mind caused by overwork, or the errors or excesses of youth.

MILLINERY. MISS MAGGIE McQUARRIE Having just returned from New York (where she has been working for the last eighteen months under the different first-class Milliners of that great centre), has taken the Room above Stanley Bros. Store, and is prepared to do all kinds of Millinery work in the latest styles.

Peruse with Care. JUST RECEIVED, a fresh supply of Maltine Preparations, Paine's Celery Compound, Warner's Safe Cure, Pierce's Medicines, August Flower, Boschi's German Syrup, Mother Seigel's Syrup, Dyspeptic's, Beef, Iron and Wine, Quinine Wine, Burdock Blood Bitters, Hall's Hair Renewer, Hair and Whisker Dye, Minard's Liniment, Johnson's Liniment.

Dodd's Medical Hall. CH'TOWN, March 30, d m w s l y

AMERICAN ROPE HAVING been appointed AGENT for Messrs. Randall, Goodale & Co., Manufacturers of Manilla and Sisal Cordage and Cotton Duct, I am prepared to quote prices for all sizes.

BEER BROS. Grand Spring Opening, IN A FEW DAYS.

BEER BROS. A FREEHOLD FARM FOR SALE. 100 ACRES prime farming Land within three miles of Dunda, Cross, and Grand River Bridge Wharf, where there is a good produce market.

BEER BROS. We Sell STAFFORD'S CELEBRATED INKS.

STAFFORD'S INK. WE SELL STAFFORD'S CELEBRATED INKS. All kinds and all sizes at the lowest prices.

STAFFORD'S INK. WE SELL STAFFORD'S CELEBRATED INKS. All kinds and all sizes at the lowest prices.

New Flannelettes. New Print Cottons. New White Cottons.

STANLEY BROS. BROWN'S BLOCK. Ch'town, March 16

WATCHES. A large Stock of the best Time-keepers in the market, at G. H. TAYLOR'S, in Gold, Gold-filled, Silver and Nickel Cases—all guaranteed.

NEW STOCK NOW OPENING. North Side Queen Square, Charlottetown April 11 '90