THE DAILY EXAMINER.

OCTOBER 26, 1888.

Some Errors Pointed Out.

SIR RICHARD having given the word, the organs of the Opposition all over the country are again striving to boom the almost dead question of Commercial Union or Unrestricted Reciprocity. The *Patriot* of last evening contains an article which is so far from being original that it is a specimen of many other articles published broadcast, east and west. Stripped of vituperative platitudes and mere inanities, the *Patriot's* article amounts to this:

1. That the policy of the Government is calculated to provoke a fratricidal war with the United States.

2. That the Government is opposed to a reciprocal arrangement under which trade with the United States will be as free as possible.

3. That the National Policy has greatly increased the cost of the necessaries of life and made living in Canada harder than it was in the olden time.

As to the first of these statements: Every one will remember that throughout the sessions in which the alleged causes for war were created, the Grit press, (the *Patriot* included), was loudest of all in condemning the Government for not guarding more sedulously the rights of Canada in the fisheries, and prosecuting the offending United States fishermen more actively and more sternly. It does not, therefore, lie in the mouth of the Grit press, (including the *Patriot*), to condemn the Government now, on the allegation that their acts, while protecting the fisheries, provoked in the United States a feeling of hostility to Canada and threats of retaliation. Further, it is admitted that the conduct of the Government in respect to the appointment of a Commission to settle the Fisheries difficulty and in the negotiation of the Fisheries Treaty was eminently conciliatory. Indeed it was argued by the *Globe*, by Mr. L. H. Davies, and by many other Government organs and partisans that the Government of Canada had, under the Treaty settlement, "given away the whole case." On the grounds deliberately taken, from time to time, by the Opposition, it is evident that the conduct of the Government in respect to the fisheries was not, from the Canadian point of view, provocative of war. But how about the present and the future? Well, the Government are now waiting until the Presidential election is over and the politicians of the United States have again become reasonable beings. The attitude of the Government was, only the other day, defined at Ottawa by Sir John Macdonald himself. Referring to the rejected treaty, Sir John said:—

"It was a fair treaty, and I believe after the Presidential election is over, after the temporary fever has subsided, and when they get down to the calm coolness that characterizes the Americans, they will look with more favorable eyes upon the treaty, and that they will have another arrangement based on the same lines and principles as the treaty which they have rejected. I hope and believe that that will be the case. Whether it be or not our course as a government, the course of the parliament as a parliament, the course of the people as approving the action of the parliament and the government will say that we have ratified that treaty; we are anxious to carry it out, and if you don't choose to accept it we cannot help it. The responsibility rests upon your shoulders. We will rely upon the treaty of 1818, and we will just rest upon the law, and let the law take its course, and if there be any difficulties as to the construction of that treaty, we must find some mode by arbitration otherwise to decide what the true legal meaning of the convention of 1818 is. That will be the course of the Canadian government, that will be the course of the Canadian parliament, that will be the course approved of by the vast majority of the people. But I have no fear that there will be any difficulty with the United States. If there be any question of the construction of the treaty we can leave to some tribunal elected by both sides to settle what those obstacles are."

That is the policy of the Government in respect to the fisheries; and we leave it to the reasonable people of this Province and the other Provinces of Canada to decide whether or not it is a policy calculated, as the *Patriot* says it is, to provoke war.

But how about Reciprocity? Is the Government opposed to trading as freely with the United States as is consistant with the interests of Canada, the preservation of our trade with Great Britain and Europe, and the position of a country forming an integral part of the British Empire? Not at all. In the course of the correspondence by which the Fisheries Commission was brought about, Mr. Bayard wrote to Sir Charles Tupper:—

I am positive we both seek to attain a just and permanent settlement—and there is but one way to procure it—and that is by a straightforward treatment on a liberal and statesmanlike plan of the entire commercial relations of the two countries. I say commercial because I do not propose to include, however indirectly, or by any intendment, however partial or oblique, the political relations of Canada and the United States, nor to effect the legislative independence of either country.

And Sir Charles Tupper writing, as we know, with the knowledge of the Governor General, and, as we have no doubt, with the full knowledge and consent of the Government, wrote to Bayard in reply:

I had great pleasure in receiving your letter of May 31st, evincing as it does *the importance which you attach to an amicable adjustment of the fisheries question and the maintenance of the cordial commercial relations between the United States and Canada*, under which such vast and mutually beneficial results have grown up. I entirely concur in your statement that we both seek to attain a just and permanent settlement—and that there is *but one way to procure it*—and that is by a straightforward treatment *on a liberal and statesmanlike plan of the entire commercial relations of the two countries.*

Do the words and tone of this letter accord with the statement that the Tupper Government are utterly opposed to reciprocity of trade with the United States? Certainly not. While at Washington, Sir Charles Tupper, acting for the Government of Canada, acting with the knowledge and consent of the Government of Canada, made to the Commissioners the following proposition:

"That with a view of removing all causes of difference in connection with the fisheries, it is proposed by Her Majesty's Plenipotentiaries that the fishermen of both countries shall have all the privileges enjoyed during the existence of the fishery articles of the Treaty of Washington in consideration of *mutual arrangements providing for greater freedom of commercial intercourse between the United States and Canada and Newfoundland.*"

In the face of these formal and deliberate statements of its policy, how can Sir Richard and his press seriously contend before the intelligent people of Canada that the Government is opposed to free trade and the most friendly political relations with the United States?

As to the statement of the *Patriot* that under the Protective Policy of Canada, "wages are becoming practically smaller by reason of their purchasing power being less," we ask—we challenge—the *Patriot* to point to another decade in which a dollar, or a hundred dollars, would purchase more in Canada, or in this Province of Canada, than in the decade of the National Policy, which closes this year. And as to the contention of the *Patriot* that Unrestricted Reciprocity would result in lower prices here for imported articles, we ask—we challenge—the *Patriot* to prove that the prices of articles which we import are cheaper in the United States than they are in Canada? Further, we ask the *Patriot* to explain why, if our Protective Tariff enhances prices, it contends that unrestricted trade with a country which has a still higher tariff would make them lower?

Our Advertisers To-day.

The grand match race between Black Pilot, Helena and Blackbird, will take place on the 31st inst. Special rates of fare to and from Summerside.

E. W. Taylor advertizes new goods—continually arriving.

E. S. Bonnell announces bargains in his line.

Sale of City property, by R. Bearisto, will be on Wednesday, 7th November.

A. McNeill will run off another car load of apples on Monday next.

The Parnell-"Times" Commission.

When the Parnell Commission resumed its sitting on Wednesday, Sir Charles Russell, counsel for Parnell, demanded the production of certain letters, which the *Times* possessed, alleged to have been written by Dillon, Biggar and other members of Parliament. He said the *Times'* solicitor had filed an affidavit affirming that the *Times* had received these documents from an American named Roberts, that the same had proved to be bogus, and that they had not been in the O'Donnell case. This admission that somebody was supplying the *Times* with forged letters, said Sir Charles, had a direct bearing upon the Parnell-Egan forgeries.

Attorney-General Webster held that the documents demanded were not material to the issue, but the court ordered the documents to be produced.

Sir Charles Russel, when asked for particulars of the charges against Parnell and those involved with him, said Michael Davitt claimed to appear for himself. The court assented.

Justice Harmon, President of the Commission, said the court was of opinion that all particulars were given which were required.

The Attorney-General informed the court that the other side still continued to disobey orders for the production of the League Bank books.

Justice Harmon intimated that if the refusal to produce the books was final, the court would have recourse to its powers to compel their production.

Attorney-General Webster then continued the presentation of the *Times* case, making further review of the article on "Parnellism and Crime."

Patrick Egan, of Lincoln, Neb., ex-President of the Irish National League, who is in Paris, was asked by a New York *Herald* reporter on Wednesday, what he thought of the enquiry being made by the Parnell commission. Egan is one of the Irish Americans arraigned by the London *Times* with Parnell and his compatriots. He said: "Nothing new has developed yet to talk about; what has been said so far is simple rehash of charges without proof that has been made for the last five years. But wait until the evidence of Parnell is produced. The whole *Times* case will be exploded and indisputable evidence developed which will show Parnell guiltless and the true character of the allegations against him. You may expect some sensational testimony." "You have some private information concerning Parnell's defence?" "Yes, I know something of it. I shall, perhaps, be able to tell some things which have not been printed, in the event of a sub-commission being sent here to take depositions of those of us in United States. I have no doubt of a complete vindication of Parnell and his associates."

CORNER STONE.—The Halifax *Herald* of the 24th inst., reports:—Yesterday Bishop Courtney laid the corner stone of the new Episcopal church at Hantsport. He was accompanied by Rev Dr. Partridge and Rev. W. B. King, and joined at Windsor by Rev. Canon Maynard, Rev. Mr. Polehampton, Dr. Bowman and Rev. Mr. Hind. They were received at Hantsport by Rev. C. H. Fullerton, who has charge of the parish. The Bishop and clergy marched to the site in procession in episcopal dress. The ceremonies took place in the presence of a large gathering, and after the formal exercises were over the Bishop delivered a most pleasing and pleasant address. Hitherto Hantsport, although a village of some importance, has had no place of worship in connection with the Episcopal church. There are but few churchmen in the village, and this effort on their part to erect a church will no doubt receive the sympathy and support of churchmen throughout the diocese.

Success in life is the result of push and energy. If the blood is impure and sluggish, both body and mind lack vigor. To cleanse and vitalize the blood, and impart new life to the system, nothing else has such a marvelous effect as Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

An Innocent Abroad.

(The Vancouver World.)

All the liars are not dead yet. One still lives in Charlottetown, P. E. I. His name is Charles Walker and it seems he walked the rails west, on a "pleasure trip" and told the result of his observations from that democratic highway to the *Patriot*. When he says that "an immense number of buildings are being erected here (Vancouver) and fully two-thirds are brick or stone and the future of Vancouver will undoubtedly be a great one," the gentlemen is quite right. He begins to talk sense. But when he says there is "six months, rain every year" the question naturally arises, who has been "stuffing Mr. Walker? "Last winter," he tells us, "it rained for 66 consecutive days; is not that good British Columbia weather?" If Mr. Walker at any time desires a certificate of character he can have it by applying at this office. We would not stand in the way of his becoming Chief of the Lying Bureau of Canada. He is too eminently adapted for the position. But the fun of the thing is to follow. Thus says the Island Munchausen: "Vancouver is a wicked city, far worse than Boston; almost every second store is a bar room or billiard hall, kept open and running on Sunday. Drunkenness is prevalent, and worse sins abound. Women are very scarce and consequently the population is a rough one." One might be disposed to laugh at this tissue of falsehoods, if such statements going abroad were not calculated to injure the prospects of this city. Probably Mr. Walker lives in back concessions of Prince Edward Island, and never having seen a real live city before had his breath taken away when he first set foot in one. If he is a church member we would recommend the parson and congregation to keep a careful watch on the collection plate. The man who would lie so abominably, wouldn't hesitate to steal.

Talking 800 Miles.

SUCCESSFUL TEST OF TELEPHONING FROM BUFFALO TO BOSTON AND NEW YORK.

The Buffalo *Evening News* reports that the new long distance telephone, which is soon to be put into operation there, was tested by the officers and directors of the Bell Telephone Company on the 24th inst. The connections had been put in at 5 p. m., and communication was at once opened between Boston, Springfield New York, Troy and Buffalo. The wires worked well, and conversations between the most distant points could be as easly carried on as if both parties were within a block or two of each other in the city. The line belongs to the American Telephone and Telegraph Company of New York, and is 800 miles in length, going through Troy down to New York, thence to Boston via Springfield, Mass. This test shows that the problem of long distance telephoning has been solved and all interested were congratulated on its success.

Personal.

W. A. Brennan, Esq., of the *Journal*, was in town to-day.

Levy, the great cornetist, is to perform in St. John next week.

The Czar is expected in Berlin about the middle of November.

A Belgrade despatch says that the Metropolitan Theodosius has issued a pastoral dissolving the marriage of King Milan and Queen Natalie.

Sir Thomas Grattan Esmonde started for Australia on Thursday, with the object of making a tour of the colony, in the interests of home rule.

The German Emperor, it is said, never permits any person to talk with him on matters which they are not specially competent to discuss. A splendid way to escape being bored!

The Emperor William's visit has left the best impressions among all classes in Rome. The *Popolo Romano* says the Emperor has seen how in free Rome one does homage to a Prince who goes to do honor to the head of the Catholic Church, and how the Pontiff, free from the ties of temporal power, can dedicate himself exclusively to his high mission for the benefit of the Church.

Mrs. Moore, who is seventy years of age, passed through Bangor a few days ago from Fredericton, on her way to Lowell, Mass., where she will visit relatives. She has come into the possession of $1,000,000, as is reported, through the death of a near relative in Belfast, Ireland. She has always worked for a living, and her great wealth comes to her quite unexpectedly.

Sir Charles Dilke says that he is at present preparing a new edition of "Greater Britain" and other important literary work will fully take up his time till he can finally and triumphantly show that he is not the bad abandoned man which the Crawford trial led many to believe he was. If Sir Charles should, in this respect, make good his expectations, all will unfeignedly rejoice, and his re-entering into public life may be possible.

Augustine Cove Notes.

Mr. Thomas Robinson contemplates building a saw mill on the stream which winds its way through his farm.

Mr. Freeman Calibeck's house, which is now in course of erection, will be the finest in the land when completed.

Mr. Richard Cameron purchased a two-year-old mare recently, which shows great signs of speed. Mr. Cameron appears to be a good horseman, as a short time ago he sold a chestnut which could trot in 2.43.

SAM.

DIED.

At Hay River, on the 21st October, after a short illness, Ann McCormack, wife of Joseph Gillis, in the 76th year of her age, leaving a sorrowing husband, four sons and two daughters, besides a large circle of relatives and friends to mourn their loss. May she rest in peace.

Ayer's Pills, being convenient, efficacious, and safe, are the best cathartic, whether on land or sea in city or country. For constipation, sick headache, indigestion, torpid liver, they never fail. Try a box of them; they are sugar-coated.

Manhattan Feed for stock; also Poultry Feed, for sale by Geo. Carter & Co. Call and enquire about it. oct25 2i eod

RUBBERS.—The largest and best assortment of American rubbers, for sale cheap at John Connacott's. Oct 20 3i s w f.

MAGIC HEALER SALVE.

BARGAINS IN

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry,

SILVERWARE, &c.,

FOR SIXTY DAYS

—AT—

E. S. BONNELL'S.

WATCHES, CLOCKS and JEWELRY Neatly Repaired.

All Watches, Clocks and Jewelry left for repairs over one year, if not called for by 1st of December, 1888, will be sold to pay expenses.

E. S. BONNELL.
Charlottetown.

oct26—dy 2m 1aw & wky

Sale of City Property.

The undersigned will sell by Auction,

On Wednesday, 7th November Next,

AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK,

The Following City Properties:

ENGINE HOUSE and LAND on Grafton Street.
ENGINE HOUSE and LAND on King Street.
Three BUILDING LOTS at Head of Queen Street.
HOUSE and LAND on Bayfield Street.
Sale to commence at Engine House on Grafton Street.

R. BEARISTO.
oct22 Auctioneer.

ANOTHER CAR!

BY AUCTION, on MONDAY, October 29th, at 10.30 o'clock, a. m., at Rooms:

A Carload of CORNWALLIS APPLES, in Gravensteins and other good varieties.

A. McNEILL,
oct26 Auctioneer.

CHARLES I. MORRISON,

General Agent for P. E. Island

—FOR THE—

"Ideal" Washing Machine.

The only Washing Machine worthy of the confidence of the public.

Hundreds of Testimonials of those who have used it.

Correspondence solicited.

CHARLES I. MORRISON,
Charlottetown.

N. B.—MR. J. W. HODGSON, Travelling Agent. oct25

Notice to the Public.

I HEREBY notify parties indebted to W. F. BURDETT & CO., or myself, not to make any payments or settlements with MR JAMES A. McKIE, as he is no longer in my employ.

Payments and settlements to be made to myself or R. BEARISTO, Auctioneer, Charlottetown.

E. KINSMAN,
General Agent.

Dated at Charlottetown, Oct. 24th, 1888.
oct25—2i

Real Estate For Sale.

I AM instructed by MRS. JOHN TRAINOR to sell BY AUCTION,

On Thursday, 1st November Next,

AT TWELVE O'CLOCK, NOON:

Her HOUSE and LOT on the Premises situated on Fitzroy Street, adjoining property owned by the late Thomas Pethick, Esq.

Terms made known at sale.

E. NEEDHAM,
oct25 Auctioneer.

THE STMR. "MIRAMICHI"

LEAVES MONTREAL

On Monday Next, 29th Inst.,

—FOR THE—

LAST TRIP THIS SEASON.

Orders for Goods should go at once.

CARVELL BROS.,
oct22 Agents.

Labrador Herring.

100 half barrels very choice Labrador Herring, now landing at Queen's Wharf,
500 boxes and half boxes No. 1 Table Codfish
200 cases Lobsters, tails and flats,
100 " B. C. Salmon, "Bon Accord" brand.

For sale by
HORACE HASZARD.

Flour, Cornmeal, &c.

2,000 bbls Howard Flour, in store and to arrive
250 " Am. Kiln Dried Cornmeal,
100 " and bags Oatmeal,
100 bags Bran,
250 bushels Barley.

For sale by
HORACE HASZARD.

Molasses and Sugar.

50 puns Porto Rico Bright Molasses,
50 bbls Extra Standard Granulated Sugar,
50 " Yellow Sugar.

—ALSO—

100 half chests Kaisow Tea,
10 " Oolong "
50 boxes Extra Fine Flavored Tea,
300 bags Liverpool Salt,
20,000 Grain and Potato Sacks,

At Lowest Wholesale Prices.

HORACE HASZARD.
oct19—2w eod

TROT!

GRAND MATCH RACE!

BLACK PILOT, 2.30¼, by All Right, 5817,
BLACKBIRD, 2.36, by the same sire,
HELENA, 2.32, by Mambrino Charta, 868,

—WILL TROT A GRAND MATCH RACE ON—

SUMMERSIDE DRIVING PARK

—ON—

Wednesday, Oct. 31st, Inst.,

—FOR—

TIME AND A PURSE OF $200.

THE ABOVE MATCH will, without doubt, be the most exciting and hotly contested race ever trotted in the Maritime Provinces, and as it is one principally for record, there will be some of the fastest speeding ever seen in Prince Edward Island, if not in Lower Canada, as the contestants are among the fastest of the Provincial horses. Pilot and Blackbird will be driven to lower their records, in order that they may become eligible for registration. The race will therefore be a fair, square, honest trial of speed, in which each animal will trot on its merits.

Every objectionable feature will be eliminated from the contest, and those who wish to witness a square race will have the opportunity of doing so, as the managers are determined to prove that trotting can be conducted in an entirely satisfactory manner.

Lovers of the Noblest of all Sports should not miss this Race.

No fakir business or intoxicating liquor will be allowed on the grounds. The races will be conducted according to National Rules, and first heat will be called at 1.30 p. m. sharp.

Admission to Park: Gentlemen, 25 Cents; Ladies Free.

SPECIAL RAILWAY FARES.—A Special Train will leave Charlottetown at 9.15 a. m. (local time), returning after the trot is over in the evening. Return Tickets will be issued on this Train at ONE DOLLAR from Charlottetown, and from intermediate Stations between that city and Summerside at same rate as those granted late Hernando-Black-Pilot race. Return Tickets at one first-class fare will be issued from all other Stations on the line.

To fill in the time, it has been suggested to give the patrons of the Park a full afternoon's genuine sport, and consequently it is probable there will also be a 2.55 class, for a good purse, in which several of the best local horses will take part, and of which fuller particulars will be given in Monday's *Agriculturist*.

Summerside, Oct. 26, 1888.

New Goods Continually Arriving!

Among the Latest Are:

LADIES' COLORED GOLD SETS, BROOCHES and EARRINGS, at extraordinary low prices,
Ladies' QUEEN CHAINS and FOBS,
" HAIR PINS, in Oxydized and Bright,
" WALTHAM WATCHES,
" CUFF BUTTONS, in great variety,
" Silver-Plated Button Hooks, very nice and cheap,
" BLACK BROOCHES and EARRINGS,
Gents' CHEAP WATCHES, in Rockford and Waltham,
" Rolled Plate ALBERT CHAINS,
" Cheap " "
Opera Glasses, Field Glasses and Telescopes.

Another Large Lot Spectacles and Eyeglasses,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

E. W. TAYLOR,

Jeweler and Optician, Cameron Block, Ch'town.

October 26, 1888—2aw & wky

GREAT BOOM!

[x]

Away Ahead!

[x]

IT IS A FIRST-RATE PLACE TO BE, and as we undoubtedly possess the ability to keep ahead, we can afford to lend a helping hand to our numerous struggling competitors. As we have attained to the proud position we now enjoy as leaders in our art, through years of toil and hard work, we would say to our competitors, DON'T BE DISCOURAGED. Step by step, if you persevere, perchance may find you approaching our present standard. BUT REMEMBER! you will not find us there. Perfection is our Standard, and nothing short of that will satisfy our ambition to present a faultless garment upon a faultless gentleman.

To supplement our own natural skill, we employ artists who acknowledge no superiors in the Dominion of Canada. Thus equipped with superior heads and unequalled hands, and Goods of the finest quality, we feel safe in saying that we are prepared to fill the bill every time.

McLEOD & McKENZIE,

Star Merchant Tailors.

Charlottetown, October 2, 1888.