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NO. 348.

THE DAILY EXAMINER

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PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 9.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT!

ON AND AFTER

MONDAY, APRIL 29th, 1878.

Trains Going West.

STATIONS.	No. 1 Express.	No. 3 Mixed.	No. 5 M. E.
Georgetown	Dp 4.00 pm	Dp 7.30 am	
Cardigan	" 4.20 "	" 7.50 "	
M. Stew't Jun	ar 5.25 "	ar 9.20 "	
Royalty Jun.	dp 5.35 "	dp 9.30 "	
Ch'town	ar 6.50 "	ar 11.05 "	P. M.
Royalty Jun.	dp 6.25 am	dp 11.35 "	dp 5.25 "
N. Wiltshire	" 6.43 "	" 11.55 "	" 5.45 "
Hunter River	" 7.18 "	" 12.50 pm	" 6.42 "
Breadalbane	" 7.30 "	" 1.07 "	" 7.00 "
County Line	" 7.58 "	" 1.47 "	" 7.38 "
Kensington	" 8.05 "	" 1.57 "	" 7.48 "
Summerside	ar 8.33 "	ar 2.38 "	ar 8.25 "
Wellington	ar 9.00 "	ar 3.15 "	ar 9.00 "
Port Hill	dp 9.15 "	dp 3.45 "	
O'Leary	" 9.52 "	" 4.40 "	
Alberton	" 10.22 "	" 5.27 "	
Tignish	" 11.18 "	" 6.54 "	
	ar 12.00 pm	ar 8.00 "	
	ar 12.40 pm	ar 8.50 "	

Trains Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 2 Express.	No. 4 Mixed.	No. 6 mixed
Tignish	Dp 1.50 pm	Dp 6.30 am	
Alberton	" 2.30 "	dp 7.20 "	
O'Leary	" 3.13 "	dp 7.50 "	
Port Hill	" 4.10 "	" 8.57 "	
Wellington	" 4.40 "	" 10.22 "	
Summerside	ar 5.15 "	ar 12.05 pm	A. M.
Kensington	dp 5.30 "	dp 12.40 "	dp 6.30 "
County Line	" 5.55 "	" 1.17 "	" 7.07 "
Breadalbane	" 6.23 "	" 1.57 "	" 7.46 "
Hunter River	" 6.32 "	" 2.07 "	" 7.58 "
N. Wiltshire	" 7.00 "	" 2.48 "	" 8.35 "
Royalty Jun.	" 7.12 "	" 3.05 "	" 8.52 "
Ch'town	ar 7.47 "	dp 4.10 "	ar 10.05 "
Royalty Jun.	ar 8.05 "	ar 4.30 "	
Ch'town	dp 8.05 am	dp 3.40 "	
Royalty Jun.	" 8.23 "	dp 4.10 "	
Mt. Stewart	ar 9.20 "	ar 5.25 "	
Cardigan	dp 9.40 "	dp 5.45 "	
Georgetown	" 10.43 "	" 7.06 "	
	ar 11.05 "	ar 7.35 "	

SOURIS BRANCH.

Trains Going West.

STATIONS.	No. 7 Mixed.	No. 9 Mixed.
Souris	Dp 3.15 p. m.	Dp 6.30 a. m.
Harmony	" 3.31 "	" 6.52 "
St. Peter's	" 4.28 "	" 8.07 "
Morell	" 4.59 "	" 8.38 "
M. Stew't Jun.	ar 5.25 "	ar 9.20 "

Train Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 8 Express.	No. 10 Mixed.
M. Stewart Jun	Dp 9.30 am.	Dp 5.35 p.m.
Morell	" 10.02 "	" 6.15 "
St. Peter's	" 10.25 "	" 6.47 "
Harmony	" 11.23 "	" 8.02 "
Souris	ar 11.40 "	ar 8.25 "

C. J. BRYDGES, W. M. McKECHNIE, Gen. Sup. Gov. Railways, Supt. P. E. I. R. Ch'town, April 20, 1878.

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CARD.

MISS ROBERTS (formerly pupil of Mr. R. Watson, Royal Academy of Music), begs to inform the ladies of Charlottetown that she would be happy to receive pupils for instruction in Music at her residence, head of Pownall Street. Reference as to capability may be made to Mrs. Bayfield or to Mrs. Penne, of this City. Charlottetown, June 21, 1878—cod

1878.

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Ch'town, Dec. 6, 1877.

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SURGEON DENTIST.

(LATE OF OTTAWA).

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Ch'town, June 3, 1878—2aw

WAGSTAFF'S HOTEL.

THE Subscriber having fitted up the Hotel formerly known as

THE RANKIN HOUSE,

in first class style, is now prepared to give comfortable accommodation to

Permanent and Transient Boarders.

Tourists and others will receive every attention at the Wagstaff's Hotel.

WM. WAGSTAFF.

May 25, 1878.

P. E. I. Starch Manufacturing Co.

CAPITAL . . . \$25,000,

In Shares of \$25.00 each.

THIS COMPANY has been incorporated by Act of Parliament during the present session, and one-third of the Shares have been taken up by the leading men of Charlottetown. Farmers holding Stock in this Company will have the benefit of the preference in the large purchase of produce which the working of the Company entails.

Applications for Shares to be made to Messrs. Hyndman Bros., until the Directors and Officers of the Company are appointed.

April 16, 1878—

Tinsmithing, Gasfitting, &c.

THE Subscriber thankful for past patronage, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he is still prepared to do all work in his line. Tinsmithing, Gasfitting, and General Jobbing punctually attended to.

On hand, a lot of Tinware, which will be sold very cheap, wholesale and retail.

Also wanted, a good steady man to peddle Tinware.

GEO. E. MILLNER,

Cor. Great George & Fitzroy Sts.

Ch'town, May 16—

JAMES HOBBS, CABINET MAKER.

Cor. Kent and Prince Streets, Charlottetown.

THE SUBSCRIBER, in returning thanks to his customers and the public generally for past favors, would take this method to solicit a further continuance of their patronage. I am better prepared than ever to execute any orders that may be entrusted to me.

The latest styles of all kinds of Household, Office, Church and School Furniture, made from well-selected and seasoned stock, at short notice.

Special attention paid to Cutting, Making and Laying Carpets.

Repairing neatly done, at short notice.

I would also invite the attention of Trustees of City and Country Schools to A DESK, one of the Cheapest and Best ever offered here for School purposes. Please call and inspect it at my Show Room.

JAMES HOBBS.

Corner Kent and Prince Streets, } 3m 2aw
Ch'town, Feb. 23, 1878.

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FRED. W. HYNDMAN,

March 25—1y law

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ALEXANDER HORNE,

Charlottetown, June 26, 1878.—Sin cod

The Young Men Address Sir John

—Extracts from Sir John's Reply.

THE young men of West Middlesex recently present Sir John McDonald with the following address:—

To the Right Honorable Sir John Macdonald, K. C. B.

RIGHT HONORABLE SIR,—We, the young men of the West Middlesex Liberal-Conservative Association, desire to express the pleasure your visit to the riding to-day gives us. On their behalf we extend to you, and the gentlemen who accompany you, an ardent welcome.

We thank you for the admirable exposition of the Conservative policy which you gave this afternoon with your usual ability and clearness.

We take the present opportunity to congratulate you on the brilliancy of your past political career. The marked success which has distinguished your life is to us an evidence of what may be effected in our own country by capacity, coupled with energy and perseverance.

It is to be hoped that among the young men of to-day some may be found to emulate your high example.

Your prominent connection with that great national event, the Confederation of the British North American Provinces, must alone secure to you an honored place in the annals of our country.

We trust that the National Policy which you are so ably advocating may be carried to a successful issue, and impart renewed vigor to our at present depressed industries. We confidently hope that Conservative principles will receive such an emphatic endorsement at the hands of the people in the ensuing contest as to again secure to you the administration of our public affairs.

This being the first occasion upon which we have had the honor of addressing you, we desire to express our appreciation of those eminent talents which have placed you in the foremost rank of Canada's statesmen, and which have been of such signal service in the development of the resources of this country. In conclusion, permit us to hope that the remainder of your life may be one of happiness and prosperity.

J. S. MACRAULT,

WM. CAIN,

WM. GORDON.

On behalf of West Middlesex Liberal-Conservative Young Men's Association.

In his reply Sir John urged the young men to continue to pursue the course they had entered upon, and to keep this Canada of ours for themselves—a course in which he believed the whole interests of this country were involved. He believed, from his heart, that if the tariff should be allowed to remain in its present state, there would not, in the course of five years, be a factory in Canada (hear, hear)—the result of which would be that every young man of constructive ability would be forced to find his way to the United States if he wanted to make a living. He would therefore say that the young men would be wanting in their sense of duty and in patriotism if they did not rise in their might and carry at the polls the great principle of a National Policy for this country.

RECIPROCITY.

He (Sir John) favored reciprocity of trade, believing that the skill and energy of our people were such that they could hold their own anywhere, if they met other nations on equal terms. (Applause.) And the Americans were afraid to let Canadians into their markets; and when he was down in Washington, neither Ulysses Grant, Hamilton Fish, nor the whole American Government, dared give us reciprocity, when the farmers of the United States had petitioned against it, because they believed that the opening of their market to our four millions of people would injure them.

THE PRESENT INJURIOUS TARIFF.

He then pointed out the extent to which the country was being injured by the present policy, and showed that some of our millers—men who were anxious to forward the interests of Canada—were taking their machinery over to the other side. Why was it? It was because, while in the United States, they could have the market of forty millions of people as well as the Canadian market; they could only supply the Canadian market if they remained in Canada. (Applause.) A man living opposite Buffalo, for instance, could not send anything into the United States, but if he took his machinery across the river, he could send not only over the United States, but all over Canada. (Applause.)

UNION—BRITISH COLUMBIA—AN ANECDOTE.

He ought to have remembered that there were many ladies present. To them he would say, however, that he had a claim upon them—not exactly because of his personal appearance, but because he believed he was the chief man in carrying out union in the Provinces, and ladies were always in favor of union. (Laughter and applause.) As the ladies always supported union, they ought to support him and his friends. (Laughter.) They had made a great nation out of a few scattered Provinces, a course which had been found to be necessary in order to prevent troubles at home, and perhaps absorption by the United States. In the case of British Columbia, it was found that the Province must belong to either the British or the American system, and it was in order to secure for Canada a standing on the Pacific similar to that which she had on the Atlantic, that British Columbia was brought in. He (Sir John) did not regret the taking in of British Columbia into the Confederation, although it had been said that he and his friends were insane for doing so. The charge that they were insane reminded him strongly of the story told of

George II. At the time that General Wolfe went with a small force to conquer Canada, some one told George II. that the General must be mad. The King, who was a German and could not speak English very well, replied, "Mat, is he? Mat! Well, by Cott, I wish he would bite some of my generals." (Loud laughter.) It was this mad man who took Canada and added to the British crown its brightest diadem. And he (Sir John) was equally mad in adding British Columbia. At this moment, when the gold mines of Australia were nearly exhausted, when gold stock at San Francisco was down to zero, it had been discovered that there were ledges of gold in British Columbia far exceeding in richness and in facility of working anything that had ever been known before. British Columbia was going to be one of the richest portions of Her Majesty's dominions, and ere long an English mint would be seen there coming Canadian sovereigns. (Applause.) There would also be an influx of people, of wealth and strength such as had never been known anywhere since fabulous days of California and Australia, and British Columbia, instead of being a burden to us, would be one of our brightest jewels. He did not wish to go into politics—(laughter)—but he would like to say something as to the future.

BRILLIANT PROSPECTS.

The Conservatives were going to carry Ontario—(applause)—and instead of this Province being Mr. Mackenzie's stronghold it was going to be his weakhold—(cheers)—for he (Sir John) believed there would be a greater change in Ontario than anywhere else. He would not doubt be told that he was a false prophet, but he had lived long enough to know what Ontario was. He remembered the feeling of the people in 1836 when there was a threat of the rebellion; he remembered the rallying round Sir Chas. Metcalfe in 1844, but he had never seen such an excitement since, until at the present time. There was, he believed, a wave of loyal Conservative feeling passing over the country. There could be no ebb to it; it must flow on until it carried its object, because the people whether they were Baldwin Reformers or Conservatives were in favor of the National policy. (Cheers.) Perhaps Mr. Mackenzie would come out with an address to the people of Lambton, saying that he was strongly in favour of National policy—(laughter)—but his promise would be something like that promise of his about the Dunkin Act—but he (Sir John) would not go into that just now. Then, the people of British Columbia had confidence in him and they would send the whole of their delegation to support him. (Cheers.) In Quebec, Mr. Joly was ahead, but he could be put out in a minute or two if the Opposition pursued the same factious course which Mr. Joly had pursued in the Government. But whether Mr. Joly was out or not, it made no difference, for the Conservative English speaking population who voted for Joly and against DeBoucherville, would vote for him (Sir John), and against Mackenzie—(cheers)—and the Conservatives would have a majority of fifteen, if not twenty, from that Province. There was no doubt as to the Maritime Provinces, all of which would give the Liberal Conservative Party a large majority.

O'DONOGHUE.

A Voice—How about O'Donoghue? Sir John Macdonald pointed out the favoritism of which the Government had been guilty in refusing to pardon O'Donoghue who had been guilty of no murder, while they pardoned Riel and Lepine who had been guilty of murder. Poor O'Donoghue was dead now; he had gone to his grave on exile, and he (Sir John) sincerely hoped that his family would get the property in Winnipeg which had belonged to him. He received a letter not long ago from Mr. O'Donoghue's brother in Ireland, thanking him for the course he had taken in and out of Parliament in this case, and stating that it had not been expected that a Protestant would have taken such a course. He (Sir John), in reply to a request in the same letter, had told Mr. O'Donoghue's brother what ought to be done in order to secure the property to the family, and it was hoped that the means he proposed would be successful. He concluded by thanking his hearers for their kind attention.

An Astonishing Fact.

A large proportion of the American people are to-day dying from the effects of Dyspepsia or disordered liver. The result of these diseases upon the masses of intelligent and valuable people is most alarming, making life actually a burden instead of a pleasant existence of enjoyment and usefulness as it ought to be. There is no good reason for this, if you will only throw aside prejudice and skepticism, take the advice of druggists and your friends, and try one bottle of Green's August Flower. Your speedy relief is certain. Millions of bottles of this medicine have been given away to try its virtues, with satisfactory results in every case. You can buy a sample bottle for 10 cents to try. Three doses will relieve the worst case. Positively sold by all druggists on the Western Continent.

Victor Hugo is seriously ill.

An English clergyman, the Rev. J. G. Sydenham, of Collumpton, has been fined £1 for cruelty to a game cock. Collumpton and Tiverton were for many years notorious for cock fighting, and a great number of persons in the vicinity still keep up the old strains.