destined to cover the approaches to the capital were concentrated at Salerno, at Naples, and at Gaeta. The annexation Committee was continuing to issue its orders and proclamations throughout the whole kingdom, and had sent agents to Ponte-Corvo to raise that town, which belongs to the Pope, and which is included in Terra de Labour, a province of the two Sicilies. Several ships of war have also arrived, and cast anchor in the Bay, in order to reinforce the Piedmontese squadron before Naples. Nearly all the new arrivals have troops on board belonging to the Sardinian army, which are ready to be disembarked.

The Paris correspondent of the Liverpool Times says:—

"It is thus seen that events are advancing a pace towards their final solution. At the present moment the whole of the western portion of the kingdom, from the Gulf of Tarento to the Roman frontier, is lost to the Royal authority. Garibaldi is scarcely a day's march from the capital, which only waits for his arrival, to pronounce against the dynasty of the Bourbons. As for the young Bourbon himself, he is still wavering between an armed resistance and a quiet departure.

A despatch from Turin, dated the 2nd, states that Garibaldi was at that date moving on Salerno; and a correspondent of the *Presse* writes that great preparations are being made there by the Neapolitans to resist him. "Legions" of soldiers are being despatched thither from the capital by rail, and a large entrenched camp was being formed; but whether the trenches were cut with a view to subdue the malaria which was raging on that unwholesome coast, or with a view to repel the still more formidable attacks of Garibaldi's legions, remains to be seen. It is given out, however, in the meantime, that a great *coup* is to be tried in this quarter, and General Von Michel, who commands the Bavarians, promised before he left the presence of the King on Saturday to proceed to Salerno, to give a good account of the "infernal vagabonds." It will be the last attempt at defence, you may rely upon it."

In Italy there are rumors of a convention between the Piedmontese Government and the Emperor of the French, of a nature similar to that which is believed to subsist between Austria and Prussia. In the event of a fresh outbreak of hostilities, Piedmont and Lombardy would be occupied by French troops, as a counter-move to the occupation of the non-Italian portions of the Austrian empire by those of Prussia. Both the belligerent states would thus be enabled to bring the whole of their military force upon the debateable ground.

The *Patrie* informs its readers that there are reports current of a coalition being formed in Europe against France. It considers them absurd, but nevertheless takes great pains to contradict them, by pointing out that Austria is too much engaged "with terrible internal problems," to think of attacking France, who "pursues her peaceful progress," heedless of the "alarming" but "absurd" reports circulated by "evil-intentioned persons."

The Paris correspondent of the Herald says that the French Government has just purchased ten large steam transports in the United States.

The King of Naples is to pay an indemnity of 300,000 francs for the losses suffered by the French inhabitants during the bombardment of Palermo.

The tour of the French Emperor is a very triumphant one, and will, no doubt, add to his popularity in the provinces visited. It appears quite undeniable that throughout the departments of France there is no lack of enthusiasm in favour of his Government. Every journey he makes in the provincial districts of France at once proves and increases the popularity which he enjoys.

The Emperor and Empress have been sailing on the Lake of Geneva, opposite the magnificent coasts of Chablais. Whilst so occupied his majesty is stated to have had a long conversation with the chief engineer of the department and the representatives of the proposed railway to Italy, which will become, in part, a French line, in the course of which his Majesty was greatly struck with the idea of having a tunnel constructed under the Alps, by which a subterranean passage of the Simplon might be accomplished in 25 minutes. If this project be carried out, the passage of the Menai Straits will thenceforth not be the greatest engineering monument in Europe.

The correspondent of the Globe plainly states that, in the recent interview between the Minister Farini and the Emperor, the latter expressed his perfect willingness that Victor Emmanuel should interfere in Naples.

ROME.

ROME, Sept. 2.

It is stated in official quarters that the French garrison at Rome is to be increased by 3,500 men, in order to better protect that city, as well as Civita Vecchia and Viterbo. General Noue has been appointed commander of the French division. All political manifestations have been prohibited. Ancona has been declared in a state of siege, and the Papal delegate has been recalled. Ponte Carvo and Benevento are almost in a state of insurrection. Agitation likewise prevails in all the other provinces.

POLITICAL AND MILITARY MOVEMENTS IN ITALY

The *Opinione* of Turin states that Garibaldi is at six days' march from Naples. The Italian journals remark that as Gaeta, though strongly fortified on the land side, is open to an attack by sea, it is not probable that Francis II. will linger there, as Garibaldi will soon have a formidable navy under his command.

General Caldini, who commands the fourth division of the army of Upper Italy, has transferred his head quarters to Forli, in order to be nearer to La Cattolica, the well-known strategical point which lies within the Papal frontier.

General Lamoriciere has concentrated 5,000 men at Macerata, and addressed an order of the day to the army, announcing that on the day of battle he would bring 50,000 men into the field.

The Ultramontane journal *Le Monde* publishes a letter from Vienna, which states that Lord John Russell has addressed a confidential note, advising Count Cavour to abstain from any attack on Venetia.

AUSTRIAN ITALY.

On account of the rapid progress of Garibaldi's army in the kingdom of Naples, four batteries, sent from Vienna, have been added to the great artillery depot at this place. It is asserted that the seventh and eighth Austrian *corps d'armee* have received orders to join, at the first summons, the army of Venetia.

The Steamship *Europa* arrived at Halifax on Wednesday morning last, with three days later dates than those brought by the *Melita*. The mail was received here on Friday morning. There is, however, but little additional news. The following items are taken from our latest papers.

A revolutionary committee has been unearthed at Verona, and the papers discovered are said to "throw a surprising light on the proceedings of a neighbouring power." Austria, under ordinary circumstances, could scarcely be expected to hold off much longer from Italian intervention.

The special correspondence of the *Times* in Syria seems to be convinced that the Druses have been encouraged by some officious Englishmen to believe that "the slaughter of the Christians would be acceptable to England, as tending to reduce French influence," and he declares that "it is due to our honour to ascertain who has inspired the Druses with the belief that England would uphold them in their bloodguiltiness, and to take such measures as shall forever destroy that belief."

A letter from Naples in the *Armonia* states that the Queen Dowager, with all her children except the count of Trani, who remains with the King (his half brother), has taken her departure for Spain.

The Roman correspondent of the *Armonia* says, in a letter dated August 16th:—

"General de Lamoriciere pursues his noble task with alacrity, and has already produced wonderful results. Ancona is superbly fortified and defended. The port is closed with chains, and guarded with temporary gunbrigs; the fortifications towards the sea are completed; every ship that arrives is compelled to pass before a range of batteries well situated and fortified. I think I may assure you that Garibaldi would fare badly if he attempted one of his usual *coups de main* in that quarter. Such is Lamoriciere's activity that he has visited Ancona eight different times in fifteen days, to superintend the last preparations for defence. At his last review of the troops, he was saluted with loud cries of "Long live our brave General!" The enthusiasm of the army is immense and universal.

SARDINIA AND LAMORICIERE'S ARMY.

The Paris letter in the *Daily News* says that unless the Pope, yielding to the demand of Piedmont, at once dismissed Lamoriciere and his bands, they will probably be attacked immediately by a Sardinian army, with Victor Emmanuel in person at its head.

The *Debats* mentions a report that Count Cavour has given Cardinal Antonelli to understand that any movement of the Pontifical troops, beyond the frontiers of the Roman States, would be considered an act of intervention, and that Piedmont would in such case think itself justified in occupying the Marches.

Three of the ministerial journals of Turin contain leaders on Lamoriciere's orders of the day, in which he threatens with pillage the towns that may revolt. They say that the Piedmont Government cannot leave, without protection, Italian populations exposed to the assaults of a foreign Power.

The Turin correspondent of the *Debats* cannot believe in the existence of this order of the day, so contrary to the French character.

GREAT CONFLAGRATION AT SMYRNA.

Seven hundred houses have been destroyed by a great fire which occurred the last week in August.

A pretty and elegant present had been forwarded to Miss Nightingale by a grateful officer who recovered under her kind treatment whilst in the Crimea. It consists of a small repeating watch in a ring, the cylinder of which is made of an Oriental ruby. Its diameter is the fifty-fourth part of an inch, its length the forty-seventh, and its weight the two hundredth part of a grain.

THE *ISLANDER* AND THE *GLASGOW GAZETTE*.

Our readers will remember that some time ago we called their attention to the fact of the *Glasgow Gazette*—"a publication of the highest respectability"—copying into its columns our strictures on the conduct of Mr. George Smith—the very *un*-successful Emigrant Agent—who sought to impose upon the ignorant peasantry of Scotland by the most false and exaggerated statements regarding the resources and capabilities of this Island. The *Islander* of Friday last refers to some of our articles in connection with Mr. Smith's adventures in search of emigrants, and repeats the lie, which we several times exposed, that the *Examiner* represented the whole Island as "a bleak and dreary wilderness;" but not satisfied with rehashing the old lie, it serves up two or three new ones in the following sentence:—

The *Gazette*, it appears, published these extracts from the *Examiner*, on authority, which was considered "reliable;" but having since learned that the *Examiner's* remarks, disparaging the Island, had been written for a political purpose, and were grossly untrue, the Editor, in the *Gazette* for Aug. 18, very honorably acknowledges the error into which he had been led, and places the Island in its proper character before his readers.

Now, it is false that the remarks of this paper, at any time, has had a tendency to disparage this Island; and certainly it is most false to assert that the remarks relating to Mr. Smith and his Emigration schemes "had been written for a political purpose." As to their being "grossly untrue," the fact that the *Islander* and its correspondents have never yet refuted them, is very good evidence in their favour. The *Islander* has certainly denied their correctness, but it has never supported its denial by any proof. As to the editor of the *Glasgow Gazette* stating that *he* now believes our remarks were untrue—that they were published for a political purpose, and that he committed an error in copying them—we have reason to know that that is the greatest lie of all. If the *Gazette* contained anything that would bear this construction, the *Islander* would be only too ready to copy the article, word for word; but it must stand charged with an impudent falsehood until it reproduces the exact words of the *Gazette*, duly authenticated. By the way, will the *Islander* inform us of the result of Mr Smith's labours in settling the unoccupied lands of this Colony? We have heard, on the best authority, that not even a dozen emigrants were brought or induced to come here by him. After all the promises about a shipload, not an emigrant ship has entered any port in this Island during the past twelve months. This shows that Mr. Smith was a very bad Agent for the Proprietors who sent him on a fool's errand to Scotland; and that the evils of the landlord system in this Island are too well known on the other side of the Atlantic, to warrant the supposition that even the most ignorant of the Scottish peasantry would, to any extent, add to the number of its victims.

PROGRESS OF THE LAND COMMISSION ENQUIRY.

NEARLY a month has elapsed since the Royal Commissioners, engaged in the investigation of questions relating to landlord and tenant, opened their Court in this Island; and from the zeal and assiduity with which they have performed their duties, there is no doubt that they have collected a large amount of information. In a few days they will end their labours here, and the general enquiry is—What will be the result? It is extremely difficult to answer this question; but one thing is very clear, that public opinion has been most unequivocally pronounced against the leasehold tenure, in any and every shape. Instead of allaying agitation on the Land Question, it has received an impulse by the present enquiry hitherto unknown in the Colony; and whatever may be the award of the Commissioners, we are confident that landholders have little or no chance, without the intervention of a strong military or constabulary power, of enforcing their demands upon the tenantry. From the whole tenor of the enquiry, it appears to be the determination of the Commissioners to set such a price on Township lands as will enable the leaseholders to acquire a freehold interest in their occupations, at very moderate prices, and on long time. Of course, there is very considerable difference of opinion as to the value of land. The tenant, who has spent a lifetime in clearing the forest, very properly estimates all land at what it is, or has been worth in a wilderness state; and the estimate of the tenantry will be found, from the evidence taken by the Commissioners, not to exceed four shillings; while the proprietors and agents estimate their lands, to be taken in the gross, at prices ranging from 7s. 6d. to 20s. per acre—swamp, bog, backward and worthless land, to be sold in no case less than 7s. 6d. per acre. Of course the tenants will not agree to pay any such price for their lands. The proprietors evidently are not willing to take any thing less. Now, the first question is—Will the Commissioners fix a lower price—a price somewhat similar to that given for the Selkirk estate, for Lot 54, for Lot 11, or even for the Worrell property? We believe they will decide upon some price that will be a fair average between the cost to the Government of the foregoing estates; and with a full remission of the arrears of rent, and a thorough relinquishment of the Fishery Reserves and the Loyalist lands by the landholders, the agitation may be somewhat lessened, and the minds of the tenantry in some measure relieved. But the great question is—Should the Commissioners make an award with regard to the terms on which lands shall be sold, shall it be binding on the proprietors? The majority of them seem to think it will not—and that they cannot be compelled to sell at any price or at any time,—they contend that if their titles to the lands are not set aside, the rights of property should be held as sacred in their persons as in those of others. This is the view advocated, with a good deal of circumlocution, by the *Islander*, the organ of the proprietors as well as of the Government; and if it is held to be sound, there is an end to the demands against the proprietors for arrears of quit rents, for the restoration of the Fishery Reserves and the Loyalist lands; and whether, in this case, they will remit arrears of rent, is a matter for their own humane consideration. The *Islander* very plainly says—and we know it speaks the views of the majority of the proprietors—that the Commission are restricted to an enquiry into the titles, and the *Islander* feels confident that the titles will be confirmed. Indeed, it plainly avows that the Commission was appointed for the purpose of confirming the titles; and if they don't do what was expected from them, their report will be treated with very little respect by the proprietary party.

We can hardly give an opinion yet touching the result of the enquiry, further than an expression of the belief, which is generally entertained, that neither landlords nor tenants will be satisfied; and that the agitation about the land tenures will be kept up with a more lively spirit than in former years, producing, as one of its first and most glorious results, the destruction of the present bad Government in this Island.

LETTER FROM SIR ALEXANDER BANNERMAN ON THE LAND QUESTION.

WE received the following letter by the last Mail from our venerable friend and formerly very popular Governor of this Island, Sir Alexander Bannerman. We are not aware that His Excellency intended the letter for publication, but as he authorises us to make a statement concerning his connection with the Land Question, we prefer using his own words for the purpose:

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
NEWFOUNDLAND,
12th September, 1860.

DEAR SIR,—I frequently take a glance at the *Examiner*, to remind me of the Island, in the prosperity of which I have always taken a lively interest. I regret to find that the Land Question is one which still seems to create disputes and animosity between Landlord and Tenant; but my attention was principally directed to your paper of the 21st August, in which there is a Petition, stated to be from the inhabitants of Prince Edward Island to the Queen, copied at full length, with the signature of John B. Cox, Chairman, and in the petition is the following paragraph:—

"It was publicly reported, and has not been denied, that the late Lieut. Governor, who was authorised to concede Responsible Government to this Colony in the year 1851, pledged his Council, before they were allowed to take office, that they would maintain the forfeited Grants, and not seek or allow the titles to be investigated; and yet the same Governor gave his assent to the Land Purchase Act, which required the titles to *be* investigated."

I cannot conceive how the publication of a statement so utterly devoid of truth can in any way forward the views of the petitioners. It is convenient enough to say: "It was publicly reported, and has not been denied;" but how could it have been denied, if the individual who was said to have "pledged his Council, &c. &c." never saw, or heard of such a report?

Better late than never, however; and I now authorise you to give a direct contradiction to the statement in question, in order that the petitioners may know that the Lieutenant Governor to whom they allude, never dreamt of asking his Council, before they were allowed to take office, (nor did ask them), to pledge themselves that they "would maintain the forfeited Grants, and not seek or allow the titles to be investigated;" and he cannot but express his surprise, that after his absence of nine years from Prince Edward Island, any of its inhabitants should have now made such an unwarrantable use of his name, more particularly in a public document which is to be presented to Her Majesty.

I remain,
Dear Sir, faithfully,
Your obedient servant,
A. BANNERMAN.

Hon. EDWARD WHELAN, &c. &c. &c.

We may here observe, that in reprinting the Petition from which an extract is given above, the false statement it contains entirely escaped our notice; but when again printing the Petition in the form of a circular for more general distribution, at the request and cost of its author, we noticed the objectionable paragraph, and having assured the writer that it was wholly untrue, he authorised us to strike it out. We may further observe that we have frequently heard the report, and have contradicted it fully as often, in the House of Assembly and elsewhere, that the Liberals were pledged by Sir Alexander Bannerman not to agitate Escheat previous to their taking office in 1851. Some of the more intelligent of the Tory party—even members of the present Government—are ready enough still to repeat the lie, when an occasion offers, and when they think it will serve their purpose; but we believe that, for the future, they will abstain from indulging in such a contemptible trick in the hearing of persons who may read the foregoing crushing refutation of the lie from the pen of the Governor of Newfoundland.

Life has few charms for the Dyspeptic, which is not to be wondered at, when we take into account the amount of bodily suffering which he endures. By use of the *Oxygenated Bitters*, the picture is reversed and the bright side of life appears.

Died,

At Margate, on Friday, the 7th instant, of Dyptheria, William B. son of Mr. W. R. Tuplin, aged 13 years and 6 months. His end was peace.

On the 12th inst., Sarah, the sixth daughter of Mr. John and Sarah Foster, of Pleasant View, Charlottetown Royalty, after several years of heavy affliction, aged 18 years and 9 months.

At Princetown Royalty, on the 5th inst., Alexander Henry, in the 82nd year of his age.

At Wilmot Creek, on the 15th ulto., of Scarlet Fever, Charles Washington, third son of Edward and Grace Henry, aged 9 years and 2 months.

On Sunday, 16th inst., of Dyptheria, Horatio Nelson, second son of Mr. Samuel Weatherbie, aged 10 years.

On Saturday, the 8th inst., at Rocky Point, Charles Alfred, eldest son of Mr Jonathan Perkin, aged 3 years and 6 months.

On Thursday, the 13th inst., in the 17th year of her age, of Dyptheria, after an illness of 25 days, borne with Christian resignation to the Divine Will Drusilla, sixth daughter of Mr. Samuel Weatherbie, of West River.

At Richmond, Lot 19, of Scarlet Fever, Ellen Lawson, second daughter of the Rev. Richard Cotton, after 21 days severe illness, aged 2 year and 10 months.

PORT OF CHARLOTTETOWN.

ENTERED.

Sep. 14—Schr. Elizabeth, Scott, Bay Verte; deals. Str. Westmorland, Evans, Pictou.—17 Dove, McDonald, Richibucto; shingles & deals. Str. Westmorland, Evans, Shediac. Lark, O'Brien, Halifax, goods. Annie Bell, Crocker, Frankfort, U. S; do. Breeze, McLeod, Pictou; coal. Mount Vernon, King, do.; do. Reward, Demings, Bay Verte; lumber. Louis Ferrior, Pollard, Pictou; coal. Falcon, Grant, do.; do. Ariel, Hubbard, Bermuda; bal. Atalanta, Taylor, Barrington, N. S.; do. 18—Albert Treat, Bowden, Boston; goods. Wm. Nelson, Sellker, Bay Verte; deals. 19—Amelia, Garrior, Sydney; coal. 20—Dashaway, Bolan, Boston; goods. Ellen, Pentz, Pictou; coal.

CLEARED.

Sep. 14—Schr. Lively Lass, James, Canso; bal. Steamer Westmorland, Evans, Shediac. 17—Ploughboy, Robertson, Pictou; bal. Steamer Westmorland, Evans, Pictou. Descala, Boudroit, Arichat; bal. Bee, McRae, Pictou; do. Elizabeth Scott, Sydney; do. 18—Albert Treat, Bowden, Pictou; bal. Wm. Nelson, Sellker, Bay Verte; do. Reward, Demings, Bay Verte; sundries.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Farm Stock! Implements! Hay! Wheat! &., &c.

TO be Sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, on THURSDAY, the 18th day of OCTOBER next, at 11 o'clock at Willow Farm, the residence of RALPH BRECKEN, Esqr. one mile from the City, on the Princetown Road, all his present Stock, viz:

1 Superior Draught HORSE,
1 do MARE in foal by Saladin.
1 Young HORSE, rising four years old,
1 Yearling COLT,
1 Ayrshire COW, (with calf)
1 Island do do
1 English SOW, imported by the Royal Agricultural Society
2 Wood Sleighs, 3 Carts,
1 Iron Plough, 1 Pair Harrows,
2 Horse Hoes, 1 Moulding Plough,
1 Horse Rake, Forks, Shovels Rakes, &c,
1 Jaunting Sleigh and Buffaloes,
1 Box Sleigh, 1 Straw Cutter,
1 Roller, 1 Hay Knife, 1 Stubble Rake,
2 Setts Cart Harness, 1 Sett Plough do,
1 Single Bridle, 1 Riding Saddle,
1 Sett Wagon Harness, 1 Turnip Drill,
Lot of Manure,
23 Tons Superior Hay, 20 Tons Straw,
15 Bushels Mummy Wheat,
1 Acre Swedish Turnips,
With a variety of other articles.

TERMS—All sums under £5, Cash, on delivery; over £5, Six Month credit, on approved joint Notes of Hand.

Sale positive and no reserve.

WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer.
Sept. 25, 1860 1sl & Pro.

Stoves! Stoves!

JUST ARRIVED FROM YARMOUTH, N.S.

FRESH STOCK of the celebrated Cooking, Franklin and Box **STOVES**, with large Metal Boilers, for sale by the following Agents:—

McDONALD & BROTHERS.....Georgetown.
WM. CLEMENTS.....Murray Harbour.
H. J. P. TERLIZZICK.....Charlottetown.
Mr. LYNN.....Wheatly River.
BAGNALL & SHAW.....New Glasgow.
GARRETT & HUDSON.....Fyfe's Ferry.
McKAY & SON.....New London.
REUBEN TUPLIN.....Margate.
D. & P. McNUTT.....Malpeque.
H. GREEN.....Summerside.
D. RAMSAY.....Port Hill.

And at P. STEPHENS's Cheap Store, Orwell, where one of the Stoves can be seen in use. Any parties wanting these Stoves will require to order them immediately, as many have been already engaged. Terms—3 to 12 months, on joint notes of hand.

☞ Please call and see before purchasing elsewhere.
September 25, 1860. 1sl 3m

FIRST QUEEN'S COUNTY TROOP OF CAVALRY.

ATTENTION!

THE Members of this Troop are requested to meet at the Barrack Square for Drill, Inspection of Accoutrements, and Pistol Practice, on TUESDAY, the 9th of OCTOBER, at 3 o'clock, p. m., by order of the Major in Command.

J. H. GATES, Cornet.
September 25, 1860.

Private Training Academy.

THE ensuing quarter in this **INSTITUTION** will open on MONDAY, the FIRST OCTOBER, at 9, a. m.
City, September 25, 1860. 1w.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DONALDSTON FARM TO LET.

FRONTING on TRACADIE BAY, and running back to Winter River, Twelve miles from Town. It consists of

TWO HUNDRED ACRES,

about half of which is in a good state of cultivation. There are on the premises a good DWELLING HOUSE, a large BARN and Cellar, a Garden and large Poultry Yard, Swamp-mud, two good draw Wells, and other watering places. Muscle-mud close to shore.

TERMS reasonable. May be let in 100 acre plots to suit. Possession given at a week's notice. Apply to

JOHN A. McDONELL.
Donaldston September 25, 1860. 4w.

From Albany Direct.

STOVES! STOVES!

JUST RECEIVED, per Brig "*Henry*," 300 STOVES, consisting of Cook, Franklin, Parlour Cook, Air-tight, Box and Ship STOVES, in variety, for sale by the Subscribers, at DODD'S Brick Store, Pownal-street.
September 25.

FELLOW CITIZENS.

THE Subscribers have also received a few COOKING STOVES, adapted for Coal or Wood, among which is the "*Good Samaritan*," the most economical Stove of the age. Call and see, and judge for yourselves.
Sept. 25. DODD & ROGERS.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.

JUST RECEIVED, a few FARMERS' BOILERS, of 30, 45 and 60 gallons, for sale cheap by the Subscribers.
Sept. 25, 1860. 6w. DODD & ROGERS.

FOR BOSTON.

THE new Schr. "ANNIE BELL, Capt. A. J. CROCKER, has superior accommodations. For passage apply at Albert Treat's Office, Queen's Street, or on board, at Peake's Wharf.
September 25, 1860.

Notice.

THE Subscriber has held in charge for the last few days a strayed HORSE, color red, which the owner can have at any time, on proving property and paying expenses.

A. McEACHERN.
St. Peter's Road Lot 34, Sept. 25, 1860. 2i

Wanted,

BY a Single Gentleman, two or three Rooms furnished, with Board, in a private family. Address E. G., Post Office, stating terms per month or quarter.
Charlottetown, September 25, 1860. 1 in pd.

A Card.

MRS. BURRIS takes the liberty to inform the elite and pleasure-going portion of the community, that the opening of her Dancing Classes, having been postponed until the 2d of October—will open on the evening of that day, TUESDAY next, at 8 o'clock.
Charlottetown, Sep 25, 1860. 1 in.

NOTICE TO DEBTORS.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE SUBSCRIBER, having their Accounts furnished, will please settle them by the FIRST of OCTOBER, without fail.

GEORGE DOUGLAS.
Furniture Warehouse, Sept 24, 1860. 2i

A CARD.

THE Subscriber, in tendering his sincere thanks to his friends and numerous customers, who have so liberally patronized him since his commencement in Business in 1827, to the present time, begs to inform them, that owing to ill health he is obliged to make an alteration in his Business. His patrons will therefore, please take notice, that in future he will confine his business exclusively to the sale of Stock on hand, or Stock which he may import or manufacture for sale, but will receive no orders after THURSDAY, the 13th inst., for work of any kind; but would beg to recommend to their notice Mr. A. MURRAY, as a person in whom they may place confidence, and who will gratefully receive all orders for making and repairing, he having served in the Subscriber's Establishment as foreman, for a period of seven years.

In conclusion, the Subscriber requests all those who are indebted to him to settle their respective accounts without delay; and those to whom he is indebted are also requested to send in their accounts for adjustment.

W. SMARDON, Saddler.
Charlottetown, Sept. 18, 1860.

PICKLES! PICKLES! PICKLES!

Just landed ex "Gazelle."

WINGROVE'S LONDON MALT AND WHITE WINE VINEGARS, in quarts and pints; Burgess & Son's London SALAD OIL, Anchovies, Potted MUSTARD, Sardines, Worcester, Reading, Cayenne, Chuttney and other SAUCES; Walnut, Chow Chow, Onion, Piccalilli, Cauliflower and other PICKLES; Capers, &c., &c.

SWABEY & ROBERTS.
Charlottetown, 21st August, 1860. 4i

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, a fine FARM of 50 acres, near CRABB's, Malpeque Road, fronting 15¼ chains on the Malpeque and 27 chains on the Loyalist Road—cropped with about 8 or 9 acres Oats and Potatoes, and six acres Pasture. Some large old Wood on the property. Lately in the occupation of H. N. CRAIG. Apply to SWABEY & ROBERTS.
Charlottetown, July 3, 1860.

FIREWOOD! FIREWOOD!

ONE HUNDRED CORDS OF FIREWOOD for sale by the Subscriber, in quantities to suit purchasers, North side of Queen's Square.

BERTRAM POLLARD.
Charlottetown, September 18, 1860. 3in.

RAFFLE

TO take place at St. Andrew's, on Thursday, the 4th day of October next, for one of the new Patent Prince of Wales Potato Diggers, of the value of £10, in four prizes of £2 10s. each. The winners can have the amount from the Committee in Cash if required. The proceeds to be appropriated in aid of the funds of the new Catholic Church now in course of erection at St. Andrew's.

Tickets 2s. 6d. each can be procured from the following Committee:—

Hon. P. WALKER, P. STEPHENS,
JAMES REDDIN, PIERCE GAUL,
JAMES McGRAITH, DONALD McISAAC,
THOS. MURPHY, Hon. D. BRENAN, Treasurer.
Sept. 11, 1860.

The latest Discovery for Saving Money to the Farmers who Purchase.

THE PRINCE OF WALES
New Patent Potatoe Digger,
OF GEORGE JENKINS, Patentee, Lot 49.

THE above named DIGGER has been tried and proved to be the best invention of the kind ever seen on this Island, and for which Letters Patent have been granted by the Government of this Island. Any one infringing on the same will be prosecuted as the law directs.

The following Agents will take orders for these celebrated Machines, which are warranted to dig from 2½ to 3 acres each day, with proper attendance and care:—

W. W. IRVING and J. ROMANS, Charlottetown, where one of the machines can be seen.
HENRY FARQUHARSON, Southport.
DONALD FARQUHARSON, West River.
GEORGE ADAMS, Vernon River.
DANIEL CARROLL, Contractor, St. Andrew's.
BENJAMIN ACORN, Grand River East, and at
PATRICK STEPHENS's Cheap Store, Orwell, where one of the above can now be seen at work, and one of McKenzie's patent also.

Price and Terms same as those of the Patentee.
September 11, 1860.

Varnish Knotting, &c.

THE Subscriber has received per *Helena*, from New York, the following VARNISHES, which he will sell at greatly reduced prices:—

1 Barrel No. 1 FURNITURE VARISH,
1 do. No. 2 do. do.,
1 do. Coach Body do.,
1 do. Drying Japan do.,
1 do. Black do. do.,
1 do. Knotting.

Best English VARNISHES and PAINTS on sale at former prices.

W. R. WATSON.
City Drug Store, Sept. 11, 1860.

SALE BY AUCTION.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Colonial Building, Charlottetown, on SATURDAY, the First day of DECEMBER next, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, under a Power of Sale, contained in a certain Deed of Release in Mortgage, dated the 20th day of March last, made between John Ball, of Charlottetown, in Prince Edward Island, Merchant, and his wife, of the one part, and Stephen Swabey and Daniel Jackson Roberts, of the same place, Merchants, of the other part: All that Tract of Land situate in STRATFORD, on Lot or Township No. 48, in Prince Edward Island, described in the said Mortgage as bounded as follows: that is to say, commencing at the North-west angle of John street, on the East edge of Hillsborough street, or the Main Post Road leading from Charlottetown Ferry to Georgetown, thence (according to the magnetic North of the year 1764), North 51 degrees, East 200 feet, or until it meets the South-west boundary of a Farm in possession of the Heirs of the late James Welsh, thence following the course of said South-west boundary North 39 degrees, West 60 feet, or until it meets the South-east boundary of a Plot of Land in possession of John Stewart, thence following the course of said South-east boundary, South, 51 degrees West to said Hillsborough street, thence following the course of the same South-easterly 60 feet, to the place of commencement. For particulars and terms of sale, apply to Messrs. SWABEY & ROBERTS, Charlottetown.

Dated this 31st day of August, A. D., 1860.

J. HENSLEY, Solicitor.

CHEAP GROCERIES!

North Side Queen Square, opposite the Market House.

IMPORTATION from Halifax and United States:—Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Wooden and Earthenware, Fancy Goods, Upper and Sole Leather, Buckets, Brooms, Washboards, Clothes-pins, &c.: Soap, Candles, Tobacco, Cigars, MOLASSES, SUGAR, TEA, Rice, Figs, Raisins, Currants, Confectionary, Apples, Onions, Nuts, Biscuits, Crackers, Lozenges, Pepper, Mustard, Coffee, Ginger, Starch, Blacking, Candle-wick, Shoe-finding, &c, Upper and Sole Leather cut to order; and other articles too numerous to mention.

Fresh Fruit—Oranges, Apples, Nuts, &c., just arrived from Boston, a stock of which will be kept up during the Summer.

Ch. Town, April 24, 1860. STEPHEN O'MARA.

HAYING AND HARVESTING Machines and Implements.

RECENTLY received from England and the United States, and for Sale at the Charlottetown

AGRICULTURAL WAREHOUSE & SEED STORE,

Manny's combined MOWER and REAPER, for one and two horses,
Griffin & Son's best SCYTHES, in variety
Patridges best quality Steel HAY FORKS
Horse and Hand HAY RAKES, (large assortment)
CRADLES for Grain, various sizes,
SCYTHE SNEATHS and STONES, in variety.

N. B.—Manny's two horse Machines have been in use in the Island during the last two Summers, and have given every satisfaction, proving themselves to be *the best combined Mowers and Reapers extant*. As the number of Machines on hand is limited Farmers had better make early application to the Subscriber. Terms liberal.

W. W. IRVING.
Charlottetown, June 26, 1860. tf.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE, by Private Contract, the Premises, at present owned and occupied by him, in DORCHESTER STREET. The HOUSE is well fitted for a Private BOARDING HOUSE, and has been used some time as such, it is 43 feet front by 37 feet deep, contains 17 well finished airy Rooms, Winter and Summer Kitchen, with a good Frost-proof Cellar under the whole; also, a Yard, STABLE and OUTHOUSES, 43 by 15 feet, two Stories high.

Any person wishing to open a House of the above description will rarely meet with a better opportunity of getting suited. For Terms, &c., please apply to the owner,

WILLIAM McKAY, or
WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer.

P. S. If the above PROPERTY is not disposed of before TUESDAY, the 2nd day of OCTOBER next, it will on that day be sold at PUBLIC AUCTION, on the Premises, at 12 o'clock, and one week afterwards the whole of the HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, of which due notice will be given by Catalogue.

Sept. 4, 1860. W. McK.

Board and Lodging.

ONE or two single Gentlemen can be accommodated with Board and Lodging in a private family, in a pleasantly situated part of the City, near King's Square.

Terms moderate, please apply at the EXAMINER office.
Charlottetown, Sept. 11, 1860.

Excellent Business Stand for Sale.

THE Subscriber will Let or Sell the Dwelling House, Shop, and Premises lately occupied by him at Traveller's Rest, Lot 19. The stand is a most desirable one, being well adapted for an Innkeeper, Tradesman, or Merchant. It is in the midst of the most flourishing community in the Island, and is within 4 miles of Summerside and St. Eleanor's. It is so well known that further description is unnecessary.

Terms moderate, and possession given immediately.

JAMES MUIRHEAD.
Summerside, Lot 19, Sept. 11, 1860. tf

CRAMP AND PAIN KILLER.

THE world is astonished at the wonderful cures performed by the **Cramp and Pain Killer** prepared by CURTIS & PERKINS. Its equal has never been known for removing pain in all cases; for the cure of Spinal Complaints, Cramp in the Limbs and Stomach, Rheumatism in all its forms, Bilious Colic, Chills and Fever, Burns, Sore Throats and Gravel, it is decidedly the best remedy in the world. Evidence of the most wonderful cures ever performed by any medicine, are on circulars in the hands of Agents.

W. R. WATSON, General Wholesale Agent for the Island and sold by Merchants everywhere.
August 21, 1860.

NEW ZEALAND.

FREE GRANTS OF GOVERNMENT LAND to all eligible persons, who emigrate at their own cost—for the purpose of settling in the Province of Auckland. Every information given upon application to

CHARLES BELL
Emigrant Agent.
City June 12 1860. tf

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.

ALL persons having demands against the Estate of the late William Craig, Farmer, of Middleton, Lot 27, deceased, are requested to furnish the same duly attested within twelve months from this date, and all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to Mr. Jesse Wright, at Bedeque.

JESSE WRIGHT,
HUGH MONTGOMERY, } Executors.
ALEX. CRAIG.
Bedeque, Sept. 11, 1860. RG. 3ins.

Intestate Estate Sale.

BY WILLIAM DODD.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION, on the premises, corner of Fitzroy and Hillsborough Streets, on TUESDAY, the 25th September next, at twelve o'clock, noon, pursuant to a licence duly granted for that purpose by his Honor the Surrogate and Judge of Probate of this Island, bearing date the ninth day of June, 1857,

Part of the Real Estate which belonged to the late John Anderson,

of Charlottetown, Master Mariner, deceased, intestate at the time of his death, that is to say: All that piece of ground measuring forty-five feet on Fitzroy Street, and forty feet on Hillsborough St., (a little more or less), with all the BUILDINGS thereon; and of which said Real Estate the said intestate, John Anderson, died seized, and possessed in fee simple.

CATHERINE ANDERSON,
Administratrix of Estate of late John Anderson.
Charlottetown, August 25, 1860.

EUROPEAN AND NORTH AMERICAN RAILWAY,

From St. John to Shediac.

J. S. CARVELL, Agent.
Charlottetown, P. E. I., Sept. 4, 1860. 3m.

EDUCATION.

AT the Monthly Meeting of the Board of Education, held this day, it was ordered that the following notification be inserted in all the newspapers:—

All Teachers whose terms have expired, or who have entered or may enter into new engagements subsequent to the passing of the amended Education Act (2nd May, 1860,) will be admitted to an examination at the Board Room, on the *last Thursday* of each succeeding month. Candidates are required to attend, as above, on the *day previous*, at ten o'clock, for the purpose of performing preparatory exercises.

JOHN McNEILL,
Secretary of Board of Education.
Charlottetown, June 28, 1860.

TAKE NOTICE.

ALL Persons indebted to the Subscriber by Book Account, or otherwise, are requested to make payment before the FIRST day of DECEMBER next, as any accounts remaining due after that date will be sued for without further notice.

GEORGE F. C LOWDEN.
Charlottetown, September 18, 1860. 3m.