

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, TUESDAY, MAY 13, 1890.

VOL. 25.—NO. 132

WEEKS & BEER, Midsummer Trip, 1890.

QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.

Importers of British and German Dry Goods,
MILLINERY, SMALLWARES, &c.

Also, Full Lines of Teas, Groceries and Warehouse Goods
WHOLESALE ONLY.

Additional to our General Stock are being daily received from the different sources of production, and will be offered Wholesale only at a small advance on cost.
Charlottetown, April 19, 1890—dy 1m

B. S. DAVIES & CO. Merchant Tailors.

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF WOOLENS, in Suits, Overcoatings and Trouserings, suitable for Spring and Summer wear, at the lowest possible prices for Cash.
MR. McDONALD, for the past six years (previous to coming with us) of Boston, where he acquired a thorough knowledge of his business, has charge of our Tailoring Department. As a Cutter of correct styles of Garments, Mr. McDonald has no superior in the Lower Provinces. He has given our customers the very best satisfaction. Men who care to dress well can make no mistake in giving us a call.
Three Cases CHRISTY'S BEST LONDON HATS just opened
MEN'S FINE NECKWEAR, DRESS SHIRTS and UNDERWEAR; Lot of BOYS' SUITS low to clear.
B. S. DAVIES & CO.,
Ch'town, March 25, 1890. CAMERON BLOCK.

Our May Bargain

A TEAPOT GIVEN AWAY FREE WITH EVERY FIVE POUNDS OF TEA.

WISHING to introduce our TEA into every household in the country, we will, during the month of May, offer a special inducement to CASH BUYERS.

To every person buying 5 pounds of Tea, at either 24c., 28c., or 32c., per pound, we will present FREE OF CHARGE a good medium-sized Teapot.

We do this on account of having a large stock of Teapots on hand, and also wishing to have our TEA introduced, knowing that if it is once tried we will have your trade afterwards.
You will find that you will save money by buying your TEA from

BEER & GOFF,

Ch'town, May 1, 1890—dy wky

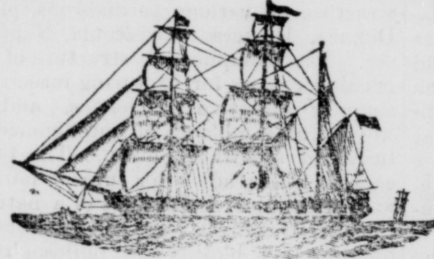
Queen and King Square Stores.

BAR IRON & STEEL

The "Erema" left Liverpool for Charlottetown last October, and is expected here shortly. She has on board for us nearly 100 Tons of Bar Iron and Steel, which will be sold low on arrival.

NORTON & FENNELL.

Charlottetown, April 17, 1890—dy 2w wky



THE BARKENTINE "EREMA," now loading, will sail for Liverpool, G. B., on SATURDAY, the 10th inst. Returning, will sail from Liverpool for Charlottetown about the 15th June next.

For Freight apply in Liverpool to William Bullen, 51 South John Street; in London, to John Piteasim & Sons, 7 Union Court, Old Broad Street, or here to the owners,

PEAKE BROS. & CO.

Ch'town, May 7, 1890—cod tf

REAL ESTATE, BY AUCTION.

Part of the Esker Property.

I AM instructed by Brenton F. Longworth, Esq., to sell by Auction,

ON THURSDAY, 22nd DAY OF MAY,

At 11 o'clock, on the Premises,

A number of valuable BUILDING LOTS between Fitzroy and Easton Streets, as per plan (on handbills).
Terms at sale.

R. BEAIRSTO, Auctioneer.
may 7

19 ACRES VALUABLE LAND, BY AUCTION.

I AM instructed by Robert Crabb, Esq., to sell by Auction, on the premises, corner of Lower Malpeque and Cross Road,

On Wednesday, 28th day of May,
AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK,

Nineteen Acres of superior Land, at present laid down to grass, and all available for Hay and Pasture. Fine stream of water running through the centre.

Also—33 Acres adjoining can be had at a reasonable price on easy terms.

R. BEAIRSTO, Auctioneer.
may 5

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

I HAVE THIS DAY admitted Mr. Donald Nicholson a Partner in the Tobacco Manufacturing Firm of HICKEY & STEWART, the business of which will hereafter be conducted under the name and style of HICKEY & NICHOLSON, and I take this opportunity of sincerely thanking the business public for their liberal patronage in the past, and respectfully solicit a continuance thereof for the future.

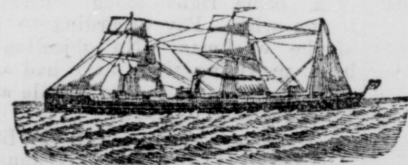
M. HICKEY.

Charlottetown, May 1, 1890.

Referring to the above, the undersigned beg to notify the public that they will continue the Tobacco Manufacturing Business in the old establishment, Lower Queen Street, and hope by strict attention thereto to be able to satisfy the requirements of the trade in their line.

HICKEY & NICHOLSON.

may 6—1m (1w dy then cod)



Halifax and P. E. Island STEAMSHIP CO.

(LIMITED.)

STEAMER "PRINCESS BEATRICE,"
CAPT. A. H. KELLY.

WILL sail from Charlottetown every Thursday afternoon, at 4 o'clock, for Halifax, calling at Port Hastings, Mulgrave, and Hawk-shury, Arichat, Canso, Isaac Harbor and Sheet Harbor.

Returning will sail from Halifax every Monday night, at 10 o'clock, making same calls, and Souris.

The above steamer will make the round trip every week, making same calls until the close of navigation.
Freight and passengers solicited at lowest rates, and through Bills of Lading granted to any port on the continent or United Kingdom Apply to

W. W. CLARKE,
Agent.

Ch'town, May 3, 1890.

P. E. ISLAND ELECTRIC CO.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Stockholders of the above Company will be held at their office, in Charlottetown, on Wednesday, the 14th day of May next, A. D. 1890, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon.

Dated 1st day of May, 1890.

JAMES WADDELL,
Superintendent.

may 1—dy 1d

Bermuda Bottled.

"You must go to Bermuda. If you do not I will not be responsible for the consequences." "But, doctor, I can afford neither the time nor the money." "Well, if that is impossible, try

SCOTT'S EMULSION OF PURE NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

I sometimes call it Bermuda Bottled, and many cases of

CONSUMPTION,
Bronchitis, Cough
or Severe Cold

I have CURED with it; and the advantage is that the most sensitive stomach can take it. Another thing which commends it is the stimulating properties of the Hypophosphites which it contains. You will find it for sale at your Druggist's, in Salmon wrapper. Be sure you get the genuine."
SCOTT & BOWNE, Retailers.

Boston Steamers.

S. S. "CARROLL"

THE sailings are arranged for the month of May, as follows:—

From Charlottetown, Thursday, May 8th and Thursday, May 22nd.

Passengers will find Saloons, State rooms and Sleeping Cabins fitted in best possible style for comfort and convenience, and an obliging and attentive staff of officers.

Freight carried at lowest rates, and Eggs handled with greatest care.

CARVELL BROS.,
Agents.

R. B. GARDNER,
Manager,
Lewis Wharf, Boston.
may 2—dy 2wky

BEST ROUTE TO BOSTON

CANADA ATLANTIC LINE.

ONLY ONE NIGHT AT SEA.

Quickest and Most Direct Route.
Low Fares.

The Magnificent Clyde-built Steel

S. S. "HALIFAX"

Is the largest, safest, fastest and best furnished and most comfortable passenger steamer ever placed on the route between Canada and United States.

Sails from Noble's Wharf, Halifax, every Wednesday, at 10 o'clock, and Lewis Wharf, Boston, every Saturday at 12 o'clock.

Passengers by Tuesday evening trains can go on board on arrival without extra charge. Baggage checked through. Through tickets on sale by P. E. I. Nav. Co., and

F. T. NEWBERRY,
Agent, Ch'town.

ap 30—cod wky, pat

BARTLETT, LYMAN & CO., Commission Merchants.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO
P. E. ISLAND EGGS.

15 North Market and 15 Clinton Sts.,
BOSTON.

Reference—Fourth National Bank.
ap 10—dy 1m cod wky 3m

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

Teachings of Luther.

SIR.—"Observer" is quite right in saying that I am surprised that people "in this out of the way part of the world believe in the teaching of Martin Luther." Many believe what they think are Luther's teachings. Has "Observer" ever read any of the writings of "our great Reformer?" I very much doubt it. If I may judge from his letters to THE EXAMINER, he is a pious, well-meaning man, with not the slightest idea of what Luther really taught, probably never having read a line of what he has written.

In this letter respect, at least, I have the advantage of him. With your permission, I will submit a few extracts in which the great Reformer shall be allowed to speak for himself:

"If you allow the law to rule your conscience, you have to do with conquering sin and death, for the law is nothing else but a sink of all evils, heresies and blasphemies, for it only aggravates sin, accuses, frightens, threatens death, shows God as an angry judge condemning sinners. Wherefore, if prudent, you will drive away that bear-eyed, stammering Moses with his law, and in no way trouble your conscience with his terrors and threats. Let him be to you suspected as a heretic, excommunicate, damned, worse than pope and devil, and on no account to be listened to."
Luther's Works, Edition Walch, vol. vii, p. 2421.

This is "Observer's" doctrine, put into somewhat stronger language than that gentleman would probably care to use. But will your correspondent accept the following:—

"You owe nothing to God, except to believe and confess him. In everything else he leaves you perfect liberty to do exactly what you like, without any peril to your conscience, even—for he is quite indifferent to it—you may abandon your wife, or desert your husband, or not keep any engagement you have contracted, for what concern is it to God whether you do those things or not."
Works, Ed. Walch, viii, 1127.

Again:—
"Beware of trusting in good works. Murder, theft, rapine, are not sins so great as to think you can enter heaven by works. Away with works; they are no good. They are most prejudicial to salvation. If faith is pure it will not look at them; it will reign as sole mistress."
Sermmons in ed. Hoec, p. 72.

"Do not lose courage, though your conscience troubles and struggles against the sense of sin, for the more infamous and polluted you are the more disposed God is to give you His grace."
Works Ed. Leips, xiv, 128.

Is "Observer" aware of the great Reformer's views upon bigamy? When Philip of Hesse, a most licentious man, desired to have two wives, he applied to Luther, who gave the required consent. "It is not forbidden," he said in a public sermon (Works Ed. Erlangen, vol. 32, p. 322), "that a man should have more than one wife. I could not forbid it to-day." And so Philip the Landgrave, his wife (the daughter of Duke George, of Saxony,) being still alive, married Margareta Von Sals, one of the maids of honor to his sister, the Duchess of Rochlitz, in this respect following the example of the crowned and greedy monarch who, under the name of Henry VIII. of England, added murder to the crime of bigamy.

I hardly think that "Observer" will claim that he can trace these doctrines "back to the great meeting of the Apostles and Elders," and I venture to repeat that he knows what Luther has written and said at second hand, that is, "from tradition" only, and has never examined for himself the "great Reformer's" own writings.
GEORGE.

A Good Suggestion.

SIR.—Without wishing to retrospect the dull monotony of the past year, I would remind our citizens that it is our turn to hold a tournament of some kind in Charlottetown this summer. The name may be "Firemen's Tournament," or anything else that may be deemed more appropriate. Last year, both St. John and Halifax had theirs; we had none. Then, we had no suitable grounds; now, we have a splendid park, in which every detail may be carried out with satisfaction. The promoters of that undertaking deserve every encouragement, and this will afford us an opportunity of putting our appreciation into practical shape. That an attraction of this kind will be beneficial, not only to the city, but to the country at large, no one will deny. It will be a means of bringing here a large number of people, and of course each one will leave here at least some money. This money will go into circulation, and the more money in circulation the better for all. What form it may take, I will leave to the citizens to decide. But this I will say, that it should be so arranged as to occupy at least three days.

In the hope that this suggestion will meet with your approval, I am, yours truly,
CITIZEN.

Notes from Georgetown.

Georgetown, when it likes, may be the scene of considerable gaiety—a little of which is not amiss in making life pleasant.

On Thursday evening quite a number from the town and adjoining villages was to have attended a dance in Terpsichore Hall, but—it rained. However, the following night was fine, and the youth and beauty of the town, as well as some of Montague's fairest daughters and gayest sons, assembled and spent a most enjoyable evening "tripping the light fantastic." The "Georgetown" figure especially causing much merriment. A few friends who were visiting the town also joined in. The ladies were charming, the music lovely, and the young men not by any means inattentive—at any rate when the inner man was to be attended to with the good things

of this life. More might be done in the line of concerts, etc.

The Exhibition Association purpose putting in decent shape one of the large public squares for exhibition grounds, and will likely have a Driving Park enclosed. The Company will put new vigor into this object of public good, and will endeavor, no doubt, to surpass the previous management. There is no need of the County Exhibitions clashing with the Provincial; they will rather be a benefit.

Putting the steamer Eldon on the Montague River is a move in the right direction. A printed time table of her movements would be useful.

A steamer on Cardigan Ferry is wanted next.
May 10th, 1890.

Notes By the Way.

Your correspondent visited Mr. William Leslie's Mills, Priest Pond, Lot 46, to see his revolving kiln, patented at Ottawa in 1836 and in Great Britain in 1837. It consists of a horizontal iron cylinder, twenty feet long and two feet in diameter, and can dry ten bushels per hour. The kiln or cylinder revolves slowly in a heated furnace, the grain being fed into it from a hopper at one end, acted upon by the same, and discharged into a shoot at the other end, dried without smoke, as the same cannot reach it; the moisture being carried off meantime by a current of air passing through the cylinder, thus saving the labor of spreading, turning and discharging the grain, as in ordinary kilns, besides doing its work more uniformly without additional cost of fuel, any kind of which will serve. This kiln does excellent work, and Mr. Leslie has some good recommendations to that effect. That the revolving kiln will be the future one in use, there is little doubt.

Glencorralde, between the north side and Souris, is a new settlement. The inhabitants are thrifty, and the soil very fertile. Their postmaster is Mr. James McLennan. M. A. P. McLennan, an enterprising man, has recently erected a sawmill at that place. Their schoolhouse is much superior to many in older sections in these localities, and they have a good teacher in the person of Mr. Stephen Campbell, a veteran in the profession, having successfully taught for upwards of thirty-six years. The pupils under Mr. C.'s tuition showed a general proficiency in the different branches in which they were examined.

Glencorralde, called after a place of that name in Scotland, which, it is said, was the last hiding place of Prince Charles Stewart ere he reached France, and, like its namesake in Scotland, was also the hiding place of some of the inhabitants of King's County, who were instrumental in reinstating a Mr. Heany, who was ejected out of his homestead many years ago on Souris Line Road, and which was the instigation of sending a company of soldiers to that part of the country—an account of which, no doubt, is yet fresh in the minds of some of your readers.
G.

Canadian Credit in Europe.

In Canadian securities of all kinds listed on the London stock market during 1889, the following table shows the rise during the year of government and corporation loans, which may be taken as representative of the whole:

	Rise	Fall
British Columbia 6 p.c. bonds, 1865.	110	1
British Columbia 4 1/2 p.c. bonds, 1865.	115	5
Canadian 4 p.c. stock, 1885.	111	4
Canadian 3 p.c. bonds, 1865.	105	2
Manitoba 5 p.c. bonds, 1874.	116	5
Newfoundland 4 p.c. bonds, 1874.	196	3
Quebec 5 p.c. bonds, 1874.	112	8
Quebec 4 1/2 p.c. bonds, 1874.	108	4
London, city of, 5 p.c. bonds, 1875.	103	2
London, 6 p.c. bonds, 1879.	112	6
Ottawa, 6 p.c. bonds, June, 1873.	110	4
Ottawa, 1873.	107	1
Quebec 6 p.c. bonds, 1875.	119	2
Quebec, 1878.	223	6
Toronto 4 p.c. bonds, 1883.	106	5
Windsor 6 p.c. bonds, 1883.	123	9
Windsor 5 p.c. bonds, 1883.	111	2

This is, certainly, a satisfactory showing. Every Canadian Government and corporation loan listed on the London market has risen in price during the year—some as much as 9 per cent.

The Value of the Sire

The Sire is half the herd. By weeding out the inferior females you will get, from a pure-bred male, in the first cross, a most excellent animal for labour or meat. Then by careful selection and continuous breeding up, in four generations you arrive at fifteen sixteen-bred animals, except that they may not be eligible as breeders.

You may still further improve your grades by selling the original sires when you have bred up to three-quarter blood, replacing them with higher-priced animals of the same blood. Then if you have bred to only the best females from which to continue to breed females for service, you will be surprised to find how short a time it takes to acquire a breed of really superior animals, and that for wool, flesh, milk, or labor, will command the highest prices in the market, thus finding that the investment is one of the best ever made.

Never bred from a grade sire, however cheap the price may be. The progeny of a half-bred sire on females not of improved blood, can never get you a half-blood, however long you may breed, and if you start with females containing some good blood, the business proposition would be all the more against the use of a grade sire. Rather than buy a grade sire at any price you would better join with a neighbor and buy a sire in partnership.

SHEEP DESTROYED.—Prairie fires in Calgary, N. W. T., last week destroyed a thousand sheep belonging to the Canadian Agricultural Company.