

THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 3.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, JULY 31, 1878.

NO. 361.

THE DAILY EXAMINER

Is Published every Evening.

OFFICE:

INGS' BUILDING, CORNER OF WATER AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Six Months,	\$2 50
Three Months,	1 25
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PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 9.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT!

ON AND AFTER

MONDAY, APRIL 29th, 1878.

Trains Going West.

STATIONS.	No. 1 Express.	No. 3 Mixed.	No. 5 Mixed.
Georgetown	Dp 4.00 pm	Dp 7.30 am	
Cardigan	" 4.20 "	" 7.50 "	
M. Stew't Jun	ar 5.25 "	ar 9.20 "	
Royalty Jun.	dp 5.35 "	dp 9.30 "	
Ch'town	ar 6.32 "	ar 10.45 "	
Royalty Jun.	ar 6.50 "	ar 11.05 "	P. M.
N. Wiltshire	dp 6.25 am	dp 11.52 "	dp 5.25
Hunter River	" 6.43 "	" 11.55 "	" 5.45
Breadalbane	" 7.18 "	" 12.50 pm	" 6.42
County Line	" 7.30 "	" 1.07 "	" 7.00
Kensington	" 7.55 "	" 1.47 "	" 7.38
Summerside	" 8.05 "	" 1.57 "	" 7.48
Wellington	ar 8.33 "	ar 2.38 "	ar 8.25
Port Hill	ar 9.00 "	ar 3.15 "	ar 9.00
O'Leary	dp 9.15 "	dp 3.40 "	
Alberton	" 9.52 "	" 4.45 "	
Tignish	" 10.22 "	" 5.27 "	
	" 11.18 "	" 6.54 "	
	" 12.00 "	" 8.00 "	
	ar 12.40 pm	ar 8.00 "	

Trains Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 2 Express.	No. 4 Mixed.	No. 6 mixed.
Tignish	Dp 1.50 pm	Dp 6.30 am	
Alberton	" 2.30 "	ar 7.20 "	
O'Leary	" 3.13 "	dp 7.50 "	
Port Hill	" 4.10 "	" 8.57 "	
Wellington	" 4.40 "	" 10.22 "	
Summerside	ar 5.15 "	ar 12.05 pm	A. M.
Kensington	dp 5.30 "	dp 12.40 "	dp 6.30
County Line	" 5.55 "	" 1.17 "	" 7.07
Breadalbane	" 6.23 "	" 1.57 "	" 7.46
Hunter River	" 6.32 "	" 2.07 "	" 7.58
N. Wiltshire	" 7.00 "	" 2.48 "	" 8.35
Royalty Jun.	" 7.12 "	" 3.05 "	" 8.52
Ch'town	ar 7.47 "	ar 4.00 "	ar 9.45
Royalty Jun.	ar 8.05 "	ar 4.10 "	ar 10.05
Mt. Stewart	dp 8.05 am	dp 4.40 "	
Cardigan	" 8.23 "	ar 4.00 "	
Georgetown	ar 9.20 "	ar 5.25 "	
	dp 9.40 "	dp 5.45 "	
	" 10.43 "	" 7.06 "	
	ar 11.05 "	ar 7.35 "	

SOURIS BRANCH.

Trains Going West.

STATIONS.	No. 7 Mixed.	No. 9 Mixed.
Souris	Dp 3.15 p.m.	Dp 6.30 a.m.
Harmony	" 3.31 "	" 6.52 "
St. Peter's	" 4.28 "	" 8.07 "
Morell	" 4.57 "	" 8.38 "
M. Stew't Jun.	Ar 5.25 "	Ar 9.20 "

Train Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 8 Express.	No. 10 Mixed.
M. Stewart Jun	Dp 9.30 am.	Dp 5.35 p.m.
Morell	" 10.02 "	" 6.15 "
St. Peter's	" 10.25 "	" 6.47 "
Harmony	" 11.23 "	" 8.02 "
Souris	Ar 11.40 "	Ar 8.25 "

C. J. BRYDGES, WM. McKECHNIE, Gen. Sup. Gov. Railways. Supt. P. E. I. R. Ch'town, April 20, 1878—

GOOD TEAS.

Ex. S. S. Prince Edward,

80 HALF-CHESTS Prime Congou and Souchong TEAS, at lowest prices for cash or good paper.

WILLIAM DODD, Queen Square.

Ch'town, July 25—pat Si

DR. WILLIAM GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.
The Great English Remedy is an unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhoea, Impotency, and all diseases that follow as a consequence of Self-Abuse; as Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Diseases of Vision, etc. Before taking, Premature Old Age, and After taking, many other diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave. Price, \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, by mail free of postage. Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. Address **W. L. COTTON & CO.**, Windsor, Ontario, Canada.

Sold in Charlottetown by W. R. Watson, Dr. Dodd, C. D. Rankin, P. G. Fraser at Apothecaries Hall, and by all Druggists anywhere.

1878.

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ADDRESS,

W. L. COTTON,

Manager Examiner Printing and Publishing Company.

Ch'town, Dec. 1877.

DR. CLEMENT,

SURGEON DENTIST,

BEGS to inform the citizens of Charlottetown and vicinity that he has opened an office next door to the Reform Club (rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Caldwell), for the practice of Dentistry. He has adopted the following Scale of Charges, to suit the times, and to put Dentistry within the reach of all:—

For a full upper or lower Set of Teeth, \$10 00
For partial Sets—each tooth, 1 00
For Gold Fillings, 1 00
For Amalgam and all composition fillings, 50

ALL WORK GUARANTEED FIRST-CLASS.

In inserting Artificial Teeth, the Best Material only is used, and a perfect fit warranted in all cases, or no pay.

Ch'town, July 6, 1878—pat 3aw ar pres.

WAGSTAFF'S HOTEL.

THE Subscriber having fitted up the Hotel formerly known as

THE RANKIN HOUSE,

in first class style, is now prepared to give comfortable accommodation to

Permanent and Transient Boarders.

Tourists and others will receive every attention at the Wagstaff's Hotel.

WM. WAGSTAFF.

May 25, 1878.

Tinsmithing, Gasfitting, &c.

THE Subscriber thankful for past patronage, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he is still prepared to do all work in his line. Tinsmithing, Gasfitting, and General Jobbing punctually attended to.

On hand, a lot of Tinware, which will be sold very cheap, wholesale and retail. Also wanted, a good steady man to peddle Tinware

GEO. E. MILLNER,
Cor. Great George & Fitzroy Sts.
Ch'town, May 16—

P. E. I. Starch Manufacturing Co.

CAPITAL . . \$25,000,

In Shares of \$25.00 each.

THIS COMPANY has been incorporated by Act of Parliament during the present session, and one-third of the Shares have been taken up by the leading men of Charlottetown. Farmers holding Stock in this Company will have the benefit of the preference in the large purchase of produce which the working of the Company entails.

Applications for Shares to be made to Messrs. Hyndman Bros., until the Directors and Officers of the Company are appointed, April 16, 1878—

JAMES HOBBS, CABINET MAKER.

Cor. Kent and Prince Streets, Charlottetown.

THE SUBSCRIBER, in returning thanks to his customers and the public generally for past favors, would take this method to solicit a further continuance of their patronage. I am better prepared than ever to execute any orders that may be entrusted to me.

The latest styles of all kinds of Household, Office, Church and School Furniture, made from well-selected and seasoned stock, at short notice.

Special attention paid to Cutting, Making and Laying Carpets.

Repairing neatly done, at short notice. I would also invite the attention of Trustees of City and Country Schools to A DESK, one of the Cheapest and Best ever offered here for School purposes. Please call and inspect it at my Show Room.

JAMES HOBBS.

Corner Kent and Prince Streets, }
Ch'town, Feb. 23, 1878. } 3m 2aw

St. Lawrence Marine Ins. Co.

OF P. E. ISLAND.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL . . \$120,000.00.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

ARCHIBALD KESNEY, Esq., President; JOHN F. ROBERTSON, Esq.; ARTEMAS LORD, Esq.; G. D. LONGWORTH, Esq.; W. E. DAWSON, Esq.; THOMAS MORRIS, Esq.; P. W. HYNDMAN, Esq.

Risks taken daily at their Office, Exchange Building.

FRED. W. HYNDMAN,
Secretary.

March 25—ly law

QUEEN INSURANCE CO.,Y, OF ENGLAND.

CAPITAL . . TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise and Produce. Also, on Vessels on the stocks.

Special rates for isolated residences. Losses settled promptly. GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank), Agent for Prince Edward Island June, 1877—

SUBSCRIBE for the DAILY EXAMINER, the Cheapest and most newsy Paper published in the Province.

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

JULY 31, 1878.

Mr. Tilley's Position.

"That"—said Mr. Tilley, referring to the burst of applause with which he was greeted on his return to public life—"has an old-fashioned ring about it. I heard that same ring here nearly thirty years ago. It then augured success; and as such I welcome it now. For the past five years, as Governor of the Province, it was my duty to be guarded in my public utterances, but tonight," said he, "I am free again, and I am rejoiced once more to meet with my fellow-citizens and commune with them on the great public questions of the day." Mr. Tilley has accepted of a requisition, signed by over a thousand of the citizens of St. John, to become a candidate at the approaching Dominion Election. His conduct had been commented upon by the public press from one end of the Dominion to the other; and it is gratifying to know that he now again appears before the people of Canada with the endorsement of his political opponents, an honest public man. It must certainly also be gratifying for him to know that, after thirty years of public service, Mr. Tilley stands—his enemies being his judges—acquitted of having done anything discreditable or of having sacrificed the public interest to advance his own. The charge made against him by the Hon. A. McKenzie, at a public picnic, that he sat and voted in the House, with his commission as Governor in his pocket, he clearly disproves. Mr. Tilley has not been, until now, in a position to deny that false charge. Strong inducements were held out to Mr. Tilley by the Grits to accept re-appointment to the honorable position of Lieutenant-Governor. This is also most gratifying. But Mr. Tilley, very properly, refused to place himself in a position that would give any one the chance to say that he had been bought.

Mr. Tilley says that had he been in Parliament, he would take exception to almost every one of the changes made by Cartwright in the tariff. First, the duty on ship materials, which were, in old times, all free; Mr. Cartwright changed this at the very time the shipping interest most needed fostering. That was an injurious change which will not, Mr. Tilley thinks, be approved of by the people. Second, Mr. Cartwright's tea duty is obnoxious to the country. The removal of 10 per cent. on tea coming from the United States had destroyed our direct tea trade; and give the Americans a monopoly. The consequence is that the Dominion is overrun with tea peddlers from the States; taking from our traders the business that legitimately belonged to them. Third, the sugar duties. Their effect has been to close the sugar refineries of Canada—to drive away from the Dominion 300 or 400 workmen engaged in sugar refining, and to change the whole current of our West India trade. With proper Tariff regulations, Halifax, St. John, Montreal and Quebec, might do a flourishing business in that branch of industry. Fourth, the duty imposed on raw material. The policy of the Liberal-Conservative Government was to enable raw material, which entered into manufactures here, to come in free. The late Government went even further; and permitted machinery that could not be manufactured in Canada, and which was to be used in manufacturing, to enter duty free! The McKenzie administration changed all this by imposing duties on raw material and by imposing a duty of 10 per cent. on machinery. The duty on tobacco was also changed by the present Government, as was also the duty on spirits, imposing a very much larger burden on the articles used by the poor man than on those consumed by the rich. Mr. Tilley says—as every one knows—that it is utterly false that Sir John and his party are going to increase the taxes of the country. It has been falsely stated that Sir John ever named the rate at which he proposed to increase the tariff to thirty-five per cent. No such idea, Mr. Tilley says, ever entered Sir John's head or that of any of his followers. Mr. Tilley is in favor of a readjustment of the tariff, which would render the tax equitable to all classes of the people throughout the Dominion. The word "readjustment" does not suit our opponents. But we want no increase of taxation. We do want the tax properly imposed. Our manufacturing industries, which gives employment to so many of our people should, in Mr. Tilley's opinion, be fostered and not crushed out. The half-fed and half-employed mechanics and laborers of our common country call upon every representative man in the Dominion to apply the proper remedy, or otherwise prove recreant to duty. The future prosperity of the Dominion, Mr. Tilley thinks, largely depends on the vote that will be cast at the coming election.

Mr. Cartwright Dissected.

"Current Events," in *Rose-Belford Canadian Monthly* for August, has the following on the Finance Minister:—

"Perhaps the recent political history of Canada has never been so boldly travestied before an intelligent audience as the Finance Minister attempted to travesty it at Stratroy. His facts are almost invariably wrong, and his figures—well, his figures are plastic and accommodating. No public man, certainly since Confederation, has less right than Mr. Cartwright to attempt a

show of consistency. Whether the *soupeon* of personal pique against the Conservative leader, on the ground that his claims as a financier were contemptuously set aside, be true or not, there is certainly a verisimilitude about it, read in the light of the minister's vindictive speeches against his former chief, which cannot be blinked. The attempt to play upon popular ignorance, or rather popular indifference, not merely to him and his antecedents, but to any party politics more than a year old, is futile. He is now responsible for the financial status and credit of the Dominion, and we have no hesitation in saying—although there is not a sign of a suitable successor on the other side—that he is not the man to play ducks and drakes with the future of the Dominion. His policy has been all wrong from the first to last; he has borrowed money at ruinous rates, when he should have imposed taxes; he blames his predecessors for not imposing taxes when they were not wanted; his forecast of the future has egregiously failed in every year of his tenure of office; and, in addition to all his other deficiencies, he has the foulest tongue, save, perhaps, Mr. Francis Jones in the Dominion. Incompetency is stamped upon the whole course of his administration, and if posterity will not say of him what Sir Francis Dashwood expected contemporaries to remark, "There goes the worst Chancellor of the Exchequer that ever lived," it will be because they have forgotten all about him.

Mr. Cartwright is so eaten up of personal antipathies that he could not do any good as a Minister if he would. In his Stratroy speech, for instance, on another point of attack, he began the old story about the Washington Treaty. He knows what every one else knows, that whatever Sir John Macdonald's faults may be, he is not likely, if only from the self-regarding instincts of the politician, to betray his country. The Finance Minister is not ignorant that Imperial considerations were supreme at Washington, and that, in fact, Sir John was an Imperial representative; and he knows right well that by no possible construction of the Geneva reference could the Fenian claims have been brought within the purview of the Commission. And yet he has the meanness to cast it up as a reproach that the ex-Premier did not effect what he is quite aware was absolutely impossible. Mr. Cartwright is not the only party leader who offends every principle of sound morality and good taste in party warfare, only he occupies a conspicuous station and has made himself peculiarly vulnerable by his flippant and unscrupulous language when dealing with opponents.

[Our readers will be glad to learn that we have private advice which gives assurance of the defeat of Mr. Cartwright.]

Suicide on Exhibition.

A LECTURER ANNOUNCES HIS INTENTION TO SHOOT HIMSELF AFTER THE DELIVERY OF HIS LECTURE AS A PART OF THE PERFORMANCE—HE KEEPS HIS PROMISE.

CHICAGO, July 25, 1878.

A special despatch to the *Times*, from Capron, Ill., says: "A dramatic suicide occurred here on Tuesday night. Early in May last George W. Burleigh, who was an old resident of Ohio, came to this town ostensibly to start a tonsorial establishment. Burleigh was a man of varied accomplishments. He had a fine education, and was versatile in conversation. While at Capron he was often in depressed spirits. Last Sunday he published a card informing the citizens that, in order to gratify an often expressed curiosity on the part of his townsmen to witness some such tragedy as the hanging of Sherry and Connolly, in Chicago, he would on the evening of the 23rd inst., deliver a lecture in Thornton Hall, and at its conclusion gratify his hearers by shooting himself through the forehead. The price of admission would be \$1, and the amount realized should be used in his funeral expenses, and the remainder be invested in the works of Huxley, Tyndall and Darwin for the town library. His idea in ending his life was to secure eternal peace by annihilation. At the appointed time the hall was crowded, and after the delivery of an infidel lecture of wonderful power, in a manner and tone which marked him as an adept, he suddenly drew a Derringer, placed it to his forehead, and, despite attempts to prevent the rash deed, fired and fell into the arms of two friends who were on the wings of the stage for the purpose of hindering the execution of the design. The large sized bullet literally tore his brain to pieces. He left a request that his body be forwarded to Cincinnati friends.

An Astonishing Fact.

A large proportion of the American people are to-day dying from the effects of Dyspepsia or disordered liver. The result of these diseases upon the masses of intelligent and valuable people is most alarming, making life actually a burden instead of a pleasant existence of enjoyment and usefulness as it ought to be. There is no good reason for this, if you will only throw aside prejudice and skepticism, take the advice of druggists and your friends, and try one bottle of Green's August Flower. Your speedy relief is certain. Millions of bottles of this medicine have been given away to try its virtues, with satisfactory results in every case. You can buy a sample bottle for 19 cents to try. Three doses will relieve the worst case. Positively sold by all druggists on the Western Continent.