

Provincial Synod.

On motion of Judge McDonald, a special committee, composed of two clerical and two lay delegates, to draft an address to Her Majesty, congratulating her upon having attained the fiftieth year of her reign, and expressing the loyal and dutiful attachment for her of the members of the Church of England in the ecclesiastical province of Canada, has been adopted and a committee appointed.

The memorial from St. Paul's Church, Portland, which asked that the Metropolitan should be compelled to withdraw his license to Rev. Mr. Davenport, of the Mission Church, Portland, was the subject of discussion; and a resolution was carried by a vote of forty-two to sixteen to the effect that the Provincial Synod do not interfere in the matter, for the simple reason that they had no power to enforce any decision to which they might come, and the question of law which was involved had not clearly been defined.

A message was received from the house of bishops, stating that a committee had been appointed to confer with any similar committee that may be appointed from other Christian bodies, to devise if possible an honorable union amongst those bodies. The house of bishops asked that a committee be appointed from the lower house to confer with the bishops and report at the next meeting of the synod. The bishops of Huron, Niagara and Toronto were named to represent the upper house.

There was a long and lively discussion in the house of bishops over the question whether revised editions of the Bible should be authorized for morning and evening lessons in church service, on a petition from Toronto to the diocese on that end. The petition was rejected in the house of bishops, which decided not to sanction the revised version.

In the course of a length address to the Synod Bishop Sullivan, of Algoma, said: A most marvellous transformation had come over the country, and where four years ago there had not been a mile of railway a line now ran through the whole territory of eight hundred miles. He was not retained by any political party (laughter), but he could say that the completion of the Canadian Pacific was not only a great event for the country, but also for the Church. (Applause.) A branch line was now being built to Sault Ste. Marie specially for his benefit. (Laughter.) And when this was completed he would have railway communication with every part of his diocese. (Applause.) The growth of the country was marvellous, and the diocese had steadily progressed all along the line. (Applause.) Three years ago, there were 16 clergymen, to-day, there were 24. But the supply was not equal to the needs of the diocese. There were now 61 church buildings in the diocese, where, three years ago, there had been only 42. The Widows' and Orphans' Fund had grown very slowly, amounting to between \$5,000 and \$6,000, while it ought to reach \$20,000 at least. Dr. Sullivan then referred to the criticisms passed upon his missionary boat, which he did not think were quite just, when the members of the Canadian Church had only contributed some \$373 in all for its maintenance during the last three years. The Bishop of Algoma, in conclusion, appeared for justice and fair play, which he did not think had been altogether accorded him. He urged the members not to jump to conclusions when they heard harsh criticisms passed upon him, but to make enquiries before believing them. While they might hurt him personally he would not permit them to injure his diocese. "The reproach of my diocese," eloquently concluded the Bishop, "is my reproach, and the honor of my diocese is my honor; what touches it touches the apple of my eye." (Loud applause.)

On the same subject, Hon. Thos. White said Manitoba and the Great Northwest, to which the efforts of the domestic side of our missionary society are directed, call for all the assistance that we can possibly give to them. Since three years ago, when I took an active interest in the organization of this missionary society, I have had the pleasure of visiting a large portion of that territory. Last year, in connection with my official duties, I travelled 1,200 miles of the railways, visiting the people in their homes, meeting them in little general assemblies, and consulting with them on the problems in relation to their settlement in that new country. This year again I have had the pleasure of meeting the people of the Northwest in districts where I could not visit before. I have thus acquired a more anxious interest in the welfare of the people and in the possibilities which present themselves for this Canada of ours, arising out of the prosperous settlement of the country. We, as a country, are doing everything that well can be done for the promotion of the material well-being of the people there. His Lordship the Bishop of Algoma this morning dwelt in eloquent terms on the beneficial results to the country and to the church of the completion of the Canadian Pacific— that great enterprise in relation to the wisdom of and the means connected with which we have no right to discuss here. That great railway has opened up the whole of the country to prosperous settlement. At this moment people are going in there, not only from the old world, but from the older provinces of Canada, seeking that wider field of enterprise and development which they can hardly find in the more settled districts of old Canada. The question which presents itself to the church and to us as Christians is—are we doing our full duty to see that the people who go in there and settle shall find conditions conducive to their moral and religious progress as well as to their material advancement. (Applause.) We, in older Canada, can look back to the earlier settlement and can realize how much we are indebted to the generosity of our fellow churchmen in Great Britain. The immigrants who came out here in earlier days had the assistance of those great missionary societies of England in furnishing them with the ministrations of the Gospel. As the country has become developed, as wealth has accumulated (and we have arrived at that position, at which I may fairly say that we have a larger average of well-to-do people than can be found in any part of the known world of the same area), as those circumstances have come around, we, in older Canada, are able to dispense altogether with the missionary contributions from the old world. But our people are moving westward. We are now an old country, and our sons are going to the West and we ought to do for them what their fathers did for those who were pion-

cers in old Canada. (Applause.) Our business is to see that the people of the Northwest will have the means of religious as well as material development. (Applause.) I do not think we will have to wait many years before the balance of power will be west of Lake Superior. I say this after having studied the character of the country. A comparatively few years ago in the United States the power west of Chicago was almost an unknown quantity; to-day west of Chicago is the uncontrollable power. Whatever may be the difference of our political creed; yet in view of the social problems presenting themselves, in view of the spread of agnosticism, which unfortunately is to be seen in parts of older Canada, we all feel that if the forces of agnosticism and scepticism are to prevail, they will prevail in spite of our efforts to give better influence and better instructions. For this reason I have ventured upon this platform to urge upon my brother churchmen throughout the Dominion that they can do no better work as Christians than to send the ministrations of the gospel to the far west. No money that they can spend will bring so valuable a return in peace and prosperity for the future. (Applause.)

Methodist Conference.

The superintendency discussion was resumed on the 13th. Drs. Steward, Pickard and others favored three rather than one superintendant. This is likely to be quite an exciting debate before adjournment. Dr. Stephenson took leave of the conference in a brief address. Dr. Ross received the congratulations of his brethren on to-day having attained his 80th year.

On Monday the general conference report of the committee on temperance was presented. It said: The committee are convinced that God's clock had struck the hour when the Dominion Government should be called upon to redeem the pledge given that they would pass a prohibitory law as soon as the country by adopting the Scott Act showed it was ready for such legislation. The country was now ready, and they called on the Government to give assurance to temperance people previous to the approaching general elections of its purpose, to redeem said pledge at the next session of the Dominion Parliament. It gave great pleasure to the committee to recognize the good work resulting from the adoption of the Scott Act, and the heroic spirit and self-sacrificing work of the noble army of temperance workers who had fought for the act against an unscrupulous and murderous foe; highly commended. The report continued: "We view with horror and unsparingly condemn the methods used by the anti-Scott Act party in attempting to defeat the beneficent purposes of the law, and in persecuting even unto death courageous souls who have worked for its adoption and been instrumental in the movement of the act. We recommend that our people in every county where the Scott Act has been adopted use every honorable means to have the law enforced. To this end we recommend that our people be unceasing in their efforts to obtain the appointment of police magistrates in every county where such appointment has not been made, to have appointed in every county commissioners and inspectors who are in sympathy with the act and organize law and order leagues where possible, and we believe it is the duty of the local government to spare no expense to discover and punish perpetrators of murderous outrage inflicted upon officers of the law who by administering the act have rendered themselves obnoxious to them who defy that law. The report also strongly condemned the action of the senate in attempting to nullify the Scott Act by introducing the wine and beer clauses which, if adopted, would have rendered the act valueless, also in refusing to concur in the bill of amendments to the Scott Act sent up by the house of commons and by which the working of the act would have been greatly facilitated.

Methodist Church at Cherry Valley.
This building, after being closed for a few Sabbaths for repairs, was re-opened on the 12th inst. Rev. Wm. Harrison preached a beautiful sermon in the afternoon. Many of the illustrations were most appropriate and striking. Rev. A. S. Stewart, of Belfast, preached in the evening. His sermon contained much seasonable advice, and will doubtless do great good. There was a large congregation in the afternoon, but in the evening, after filling up every inch of standing room, there appeared to be a large congregation for whom there was no room. Rev. George Steel, the Pastor, expressed thanks to the people and to the Almighty for what had been done. Vernon River Church Choir, led by Mr. Thomas Furness, took charge of the singing. Several anthems besides the hymns were well rendered, and helped to make the services successful.

On the outside of the building a good deal has been done. The church has been raised, partly new silled, and the roof and sides have been shingled. The roof, door and windows have been painted and the walls whitewashed. But inside a complete transformation has been effected. The ceiling has been colored, the walls papered, varnished and blocked. Behind the preacher a Gothic arch has been painted pea green. A new platform and communion rail have been added. The aisle has been covered with cocoa-nut matting, and the platform with tapestry carpet. The seats, windows, etc., have been painted. Between \$100 and \$180 will be expended before all the work is finished. The amount has been secured.

The experimental culture of the tobacco plant in England, sanctioned by the Government under certain restrictions, appears, says the Echo, to be making satisfactory progress. Some of the plants have reached the height of five feet, with leaves some of them three feet long and eighteen inches wide. The first cutting of leaves will take place shortly; but it is as yet too early to be sanguine for the proof of the tobacco is the smoking of it.

M. Edouard Barron, a rich Frenchman who arrived in New York on the 8th inst., on a tour through the United States and Canada, brought over a blooded milk cow to ensure rich milk. The cow is now quarantined for 90 days, and M. Barron has postponed his trip to Montreal to appeal to the Secretary of the Treasury for the cow's release. Apparently M. Barron thought there were no cows in Canada.

It is reported that Germany has abandoned the right to establish a naval station at the Caroline islands.

A Canadian fish seller claims to have received an order recently from a country dealer for a half barrel of Family White-psyche.

John Enright, aged 24, and his wife, aged 20, were found dead in bed in Chicago on the 8th, having been suffocated with coal gas. The couple were married on the Sunday before and had not been seen since Monday.

Advices from Newfoundland say it is reported in St. John's that President Cleveland has intimated his intention again to recommend to Congress the appointment of a commission to consider the whole fishery question. The name of a prominent merchant in St. John's is already spoken of as most likely to represent the colony of Newfoundland on such a commission.

The Gospel Tent.

No tie so sweet or strong below,
That time doth not dissolve;
But when we meet in heaven above,
We'll part no more for ever.

Yielding to the solicitations of many, Messrs. Meikle and Gerrior have prolonged their stay these two weeks past; but now the time is drawing near when those hard-working and highly-gifted evangelists will say "good-bye" to our city of Charlottetown; and, in all probability most of those who have listened to their earnest pleadings will see their faces no more. May the picture of Mr. Meikle, and Mr. Meikle's Bible (for the two are inseparable) be engraven upon every heart, and may the soul-stirring melodies of Mr. Gerrior ring in all ears until the thousands who sincerely worshipped in the gospel tent, rejoin the loved evangelists in that blissful land where pleading shall have given way to praise.

It speaks volumes for the worth of these gospel workers to know that, despite all the entertainments going on in the city, they have not only drawn crowded audiences, but have engaged the rapt attention of the same during the long period of their stay; and their superior mode of teaching is attested by the fact that their hearers were mostly composed of the middle and higher classes, and that their converts are largely composed of young men and women of intellect and good position.

In these days of general education we want less of theorizing, and more of practical preaching; and, whether we realize the fact or not, we certainly owe much to those agencies which give to us better citizens, better church members, and better members of the family circle.

God bless all spiritual teachers who, with humanizing tenderness, seek to elevate the masses; and by example as well as precept, endeavor to draw them heavenward; and, whether we grope through the shadows, or walk in the perfect light, may we at last rejoice our loved Evangelists in that deathless home, sunned by the "Glory Which Excelleth."

S. M.
Charlottetown, Sept. 15, 1886.

Millcove Notes.

We hope the author of "Grand Tracadie Notes," which appeared in the Herald of September 1st, has quite recovered from the peculiar sensation which he experienced on the long-to-be-remembered night of the 17th August, when he was so unceremoniously confronted by so illustrious a person as "his Satanic Majesty," the particulars of which he so vividly depicts. We sincerely hope that the incident did not prey too heavily upon the nerves of the "young girl" whom he alludes to as keeping up so "close."

Our school is doing good work at present under the care of Miss E. McIntyre. Extensive repairs are being begun which, when completed, will greatly enhance its appearance. Mr. Hugh Campbell is the contractor.
D. L. W.
Millcove, Sept. 11.

Boston Markets.

POTATOES—The week opened with a dull tone in the potato market, and on Monday and Tuesday it was hard to sell best stock at over 55c. Receipts have accumulated the past two days, and at the close 50c is a top price for all except fancy Hebrons. Some of the stock is rotting under the influence of the hot weather, and will have to be closed out at low figures. Sweets are in liberal supply, and selling mostly at \$2 to \$2.25 per bbl.

EGGS—The improved tone noticed last week has been maintained, and fresh stock is selling at higher rates. Eastern extras readily command 18c.; Eastern firsts find buyers at 16c.; Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island are firm at 16c. to 17c., and Canadian firsts command 16c.

FISH TRADE—Receipts of Mackerel at Boston for the week have been 5,704 bbls., including 3,458 bbls. from foreign and 2,246 bbls. from the fleet and domestic sources. Dealers have not been so eager to secure supplies, and the upward tendency of prices has been checked. Sales of un-culled lots from Nova Scotia and P. E. Island at \$11 per bbl., and at the close the market was slow at \$11. Last Bay trip here sold at \$12.75 per bbl., sea packed, without bbl. Last sale at Gloucester was at \$13. Inspected cargo lots of Bay are quoted at \$9.50 to \$10 for No. 3; \$12 to \$13 for No. 2; and \$18 to \$22 for No. 1. Small trips of shore have been selling in Portland at 15 to \$25 per bbl. for No. 2 and No. 1. The catch continues to run light, and the total landings by the New England fleet up to date is only 45,641 bbls., against 243,600 bbls. last year, a deficiency of nearly 200,000 bbls. The jobbing demand is fair, but the scarcity of medium 3's retards trade.

Codfish has been in fair request, with an easier tendency in prices. Pickle cured Bank has been selling at \$2 and \$2.37, including medium and large, and dry Bank at \$2.25 to \$2.50 per qtl. The French cargo was disposed of on private terms, but understood under \$2.50 per qtl. Hake are quoted at \$1.25 per qtl. Haddock and Pollock are without movements of importance. Old Pickled Herring are selling at \$3.50 and \$4.50 per bbl, as to quality. New Nova Scotia Shore splits cannot be laid down here under \$6 per bbl, but no demand at present at that price. Smoked Herring steady at 10 to 12c per No. 1; 13c for large, and 15 to 16c per box for medium Scaled. Pickled Salmon nominally \$16 for No. 2 and \$18 for No. 1.

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Lord Randolph's Offence.

A London despatch says that the Scottish Protestant Alliance will meet to consider Lord Randolph Churchill's reply to its protest against the appointment of Henry Matthews to the home secretaryship, which was a Roman Catholic. Rev. James Paton, director of the alliance, has addressed a letter to Lord Randolph Churchill, in which he says: "You have penned an insolent reply to a respectful and public document. Although you are now a cabinet minister, we observe with astonishment and regret that you have not laid aside those weapons of abuse with which you tomahawked your way to power. It is a national calamity when men, pitchforked into a high position, are destitute of decent manners." Mr. Paton concluded his letter by saying that the alliance founded its protest upon the same grounds as those upon which the exclusion of Roman Catholics from the throne is founded.

Canada's Grand Old Man.

In concluding his speech to the Six Nation Indians at Brantford a few days ago, Sir John Macdonald said:—

Now, gentlemen the best of friends must part. (Laughter and cries of "Go on, Sir John.") You may have noticed in the Globe, that truthful paper—(laughter)—it always tells the truth—if you read it backwards. (Laughter.) Well, it told you that I was in a very bad state of health; they said I was fading away, as everything depended on me that as soon as I went down, away went the conservative party, and in came the party of purity and retrenchment. (Laughter.) If there is any grit in the crowd who has been afraid I would die immediately let him look at me now. (Prolonged cheers.) If the grit stock is dependent on my living I am afraid it will drop considerably. (Hear, hear.) Last winter I had a very painful attack of sciatica, (what the Irishman called toothache in his leg), and blisters and other little sweetmeats were applied to it, and one of my friends, a rather amusing person, said: It is too bad that the whole interest of Canada and the conservative party should depend on a fly blister. But, gentlemen I have got rid of the fly blister and I am as good as new, and, God willing, I am going to lead the party to victory at the polls next year. (Loud and continued cheering.)

Bank of P. E. Island, in Liquidation.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Dividend of TEN PER CENT (being dividend No. 5) has been declared payable on all shares at this date. Creditors may obtain cheques for same by calling at the office of the Liquidators.

For Bank of Nova Scotia,
GEO. MACLEOD, Mgr.,
CHAS. C. G. ALDRINE,
L. C. OWEN, Liquidators.
Ch'town, Sept. 15, 1886-61

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Teachers' Provincial Association.

THE Seventh Annual Meeting of this Association will take place in the

Upper Prince Street School, Ch'town, ON—

Tuesday and Wednesday, OCTOBER 5TH AND 6TH.

PROGRAMME.

TUESDAY, 10 a. m.—I. Appointment of Committees.

II.—"A Review of Educational Methods"—John Wickham.

1.30 p. m.—I. Election of Officers.

II. "The Teacher's Influence"—Miss M. Lawson.

III. "Literature"—Geo. W. Sutherland.

8 p. m.—PUBLIC MEETING—Addresses by prominent public men on subjects relating to Education.

WEDNESDAY, 9.30 a. m.—I. Receiving Reports of Committees.

II. "School Organization"—Miss M. Philp.

III. "Principles versus Practice"—A. C. Stewart.

1.30 p. m.—I. "The Structure of the Eye: How Affected by School Work"—Dr. D. G. McKay.

8 p. m.—II. Closing Entertainment: Addresses, Readings, Music.

Particulars of evening meetings later.

Return Tickets at one first-class fare, good from Monday, Oct. 4 to Friday, Oct. 8th, will be issued by the P. E. I. Railway and by the steamer Heather Belle.

A. J. McDUGALL, Secretary.

Sept. 15—wy 31

NATAL DAY.

Grand Opening of the "Old London."

THE Subscriber, having fitted up the "Old London," with the view of making a specialty of the OYSTER TRADE, and having furnished one of the best

OYSTER SALOONS

in the Province, is prepared to open on the 15th inst., when he will supply the public with

OYSTERS, in any manner conceivable—Raw, Stewed or Fried, by the barrel, bushel or pint.

On the Oysters procured at the "Old London," you can bet your life and be sure to win. Sold at a very small advance on cost. They must be handled, even at a loss, every hour of the day and night. Rely on the "Old London" for this. Remember the "OLD LONDON," three doors west of Osborne House, Water Street.

JOHN JOY.

Sept. 15, 1886—eod tf

FLOUR, APPLES, &c.

BY Auction, THURSDAY, Sept. 16, at 10.30 o'clock, in front of my Auction Rooms,—25 Bels. FLOUR (slightly damaged), 100 Bbls. APPLES, via Boston steamer and Pictou Landing—all choice fruit.

—ALSO—

Pears, Grapes, Bananas, Melons, Tomatoes, &c

A. McNEILL, Auctioneer.

Ch'town, Sept. 15.

GRAND MOONLIGHT EXCURSION

THE BEST OF THE SEASON.

A grand Moonlight Excursion, under the auspices of the CITY CORNET BAND, will be held

On Wednesday, Sept. 15th,

in the steamer St. Lawrence.

Steamer will leave Steam Navigation Coy. Wharf at 8 o'clock, p. m.

The String Band will furnish music for dancing.

Refreshments on board.

Tickets—Gents, 40c; Ladies, 30c, to be had at D. O. M. Reddin's, and C. D. Rankin's Drug Stores, of the Committee and at the Wharf.

Should the weather prove unfavorable, the Excursion will be held on the following Friday evening.

By order of Coms,

Sept. 8, 1885—eod

James Paton & Co.

ARE now showing a choice lot of NEW GOODS, direct from London, and marked at Low Prices for Cash.

New Millinery Goods,
New French Dress Goods,
New Mantle Cloths,
New Ladies' Jerseys,
New Plushes and Velvets,

New Feathers and Flowers,
New Cashmeres and Merinos,
New Plain and Fancy Worsteds,
New Buttons, Frillings, Laces &c.,
New Silk and Satins.

New Goods of Every Description arriving daily till our whole Fall Stock is Completed.

JAS. PATON & CO., Successors to W. A. WEEKS & CO., MARKET SQUARE.

Ch'town, Sept. 15, 1886.

LONDON HOUSE.

SEPTEMBER, 1886.

FLANNEL SALE.

WHITE FLANNEL,
WHITE FLANNEL,
WHITE FLANNEL,

BLUE FLANNEL,
BLUE FLANNEL,
BLUE FLANNEL,

FANCY FLANNEL,
FANCY FLANNEL,
FANCY FLANNEL,

SCARLET FLANNEL,
SCARLET FLANNEL,
SCARLET FLANNEL,

GREY FLANNEL,
GREY FLANNEL,
GREY FLANNEL,

Eleven Thousand Yards

now Open

and Selling at the

LOWEST PRICES

Ever Shown.

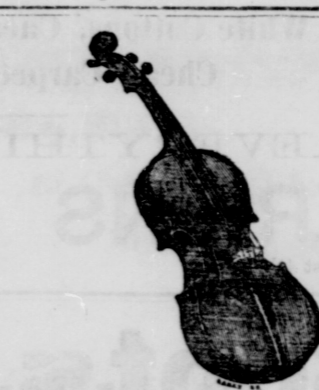
Terms—CASH.

HARRIS & STEWART,

SUCCESSORS TO

GEO. DAVIES & CO.

Ch'town, Sept. 7, 1886.



THE MUSIC STORE

(sign of the "Big Fiddle")

LOWER QUEEN STREET,

—IS—

HEADQUARTERS

—FOR—

ORGANS,

PIANOS,

AND ALL OTHER

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

SHEET MUSIC,

and MUSIC BOOKS.

A large stock of the original and only genuine

BELL ORGANS

—ALSO—

"Emerson" and "Hardman"

PIANOS,

Just Received.

The public are invited to inspect the large and varied stock at the

MUSIC WAREHOUSES,

—OF—

C. P. FLETCHER,

Sign of the "BIG FIDDLE,"

LOWER QUEEN STREET.

Ch'town, Sept. 11, '86—2aw & wy

Phrenological Descriptions of

Character.

ORALLY and in Printed Charts, showing the weak and strong points of character or dispositions, and how to improve the one and restrain the other; what professions or pursuits persons are most adapted for; the most natural mode of managing wayward, turbulent and selfish children, and also who are and who are not well adapted by nature to be united in marriage.—will be given at the ROCKLEY HOUSE, from 9 a. m. to 9.15 p. m., for one week or more.

Examinations will be given at private residences when requested, by

JOHN CAMPBELL,

Professor of Phrenology,

Ch'town, Sept. 11—21 wy 11

Queen's County Rifle Association.

OPEN TO ALL-COMERS

THE Annual Prize Meeting of this Association will be held on Kingston Rifle Range, on THURSDAY next, 16th inst., commencing at 8 a. m., sharp.

1st match, 200 and 400 yds., 5 rounds at each range.

2nd match, 500 and 600 yds., 7 rounds at each range.

Members of the Active Militia must appear in the uniform of their Corps—fall or undress.

Membership fee, \$1. Entrance fee to each match 25c. No sight shots.

Dominion of Canada Rifle Association Medal to highest aggregate.

G. L. DOGHERTY,

President Q. C. Rifle Asso.

Sept. 10, till date.

OUR

September

Bargain!

48 Cents' Worth for 40 Cents.

One Pound of our 30-Cent

Tea, one of our 18-Cent

Teapots—all for