

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

MARCH 4, 1887.

Civic Improvements.

A GREAT many persons are casting about for some suitable means of giving an outward and visible sign of the rejoicing of the people of Charlottetown in the Jubilee of our Queen.

Other cities are establishing art galleries and institutes of learning. What shall we do? It seems to us that the people of Charlottetown could not do better than adopt the suggestion of the Rev. Mr. Carruthers, to improve and beautify Victoria Park.

Another improvement required is the establishment of a central station for our Fire Brigade. This improvement is already under way; and we have only to hope that the building will be a credit to the city, and that the yearly cost involved will not much exceed that of the various stations which it will supercede.

War With Russia.

The leading article in the Fortnightly Review for March is the third in Sir Charles Dilke's series on the present position of European politics. He discusses the position of Russia at great length, beginning with the remark: "In the union of patriotism and religion, which the Russians present, I know of no country in Europe that can approach them, though they may be reviled by the people of the United States."

Says the Boston Herald:—The two poets of the Pilot (O'Rielly and Roche) are probably justified in their belief that Boston would never pay \$10,000 premium and \$5,000 a year salary for the exclusive services of one of the nine Muses.

It is a significant proof of the healthy condition of business affairs in the United States, says the Boston Herald, that the recent strikes in New York and elsewhere have such a slight influence in depressing prices.

Protection

DISCUSSED BY A RESIDENT OF BOSTON—THE "PATRIOT'S" VIEWS CRITICISED.

A protective tariff is an institution older than Christianity, and almost as variously viewed and interpreted. It has been asked by some, "Does a protective tariff protect?" But it is questionable whether the most rampant brawler for free trade conscientiously believes that universal, or absolute free trade, in the present state of commerce between the nations of the earth, is best for any country.

A FEW NUTS FOR THE GRITS. The Patriot is the only P. E. Island paper the writer regularly sees, and it shows that neither its editors, nor its contributors nor its correspondents understand the proper views held by the Yankee citizen on a protective tariff.

The far-spreading western and northern counties of New York raise an immense quantity of farm productions of all sorts, and most of them of the very best quality. Potatoes, oats, meal and flour can be purchased there at a lower figure than at Charlottetown.

A silly notion prevailing among your Island Grits, so called (if their public speeches and writings may be relied on), is that if you elect a Grit government it will only have but to raise its hand or point its finger and Reciprocity and Free Trade with the great Union will be instantly yours.

THIS IS A MOCKERY AND A DELUSION.

What the Union, or more particularly the New England part of it wants, is Canada or rather Canada's fish grounds. For the "Canuks"—as they sneeringly style the inhabitants, they care not a rotten cent; their Munro doctrine has already literally stretched north to the frozen confines of Alaska and the Pole, and it is now scheming to sweep its eagle wings towards the setting and the rising sun, and turning southwardly from the Pole to gobble up all British America.

THE GULF OF DISPARITY between them is not so wide or deep as some imagine. It goes without saying that in some points and characteristics the little one cannot be compared to, or measured by the standard of its monster cousin across the line. But it is a fact worthy of notice, that a tariff which most benefits some states of the Great Union is not as highly adapted to the business and manufacturing lines of some of their sister states.

SECTIONAL LIBERALITY AND FORBEARANCE towards each other, both on the tariff and other commercial questions. In the report of a speech alleged to have been delivered by Dr. Robertson at Murray Harbor, the following passage occurs:—"The speaker, (Dr. R.) then accused the government of injustice in that they protected the manufacturers and not the farmers, as American wool and pork are admitted free, and a high protective tariff is placed on farming machinery."

The principal pleas for free wool are: first, it would multiply the factories required to turn out the numberless fabrics made of it; second, it would afford work and wages to multitudes of artisans and laboring people of both sexes, who now are idle and starving, but who are only too willing to work for a decent living, if employed; third, money, men, and means would thus be kept in the county; fourth, it would help the farmers to profitably raise sheep, the hands employed would be able to buy his surplus farm produce at a remunerative figure; fifth, it would open new and profitable markets for woolen

fabrics abroad, and thus help to make money and other wealth to flow into the country.

Now the above applies to P. E. I. as well as to Uncle Sam's broad acre. Men of intelligence, experience and sound judgment believe that the National Policy of the Dominion advocates the above conditions and limitations of the free trade idea. But on the other hand, the N. P. as well as the overwhelming majority of intelligent citizens of every political feather in the Union, believe that manufacturers of home-made fabrics from home raw materials ought to be protected, and if possible otherwise encouraged.

YOUR LITTLE HOME ON THE WAVES could and ought to have many such factories which you have not. For instance, if you turn your wool to the best advantage you will have none of it to spare to foreigners.

East Boston, Mass., Feb. 24, 1887.

Curiana.

THE All-Comers were victorious yesterday afternoon in their match with the Irish members of the Club, beating them 7 points. The score was as follows:—

Table with columns for ALL-COMERS and IRISH, listing names and scores.

An American Opinion.

The New York Tribune says: "Sir John Macdonald is a remarkable tactician. He entered upon the political campaign, which was ended last week, with all the auguries against him. The execution of Riel's death sentence had impaired his influence in Quebec, which has always been his main stronghold. The Maritime Provinces were apparently dissatisfied with the operation of the tariff and in full political revolt against the Conservative Party.

Saved from the Sea.

A Gloucester, Mass., despatch gives the following particulars of the Blizard affair, referred to in our special despatches of yesterday: The schooner Mable Kenniston, of Gloucester arrived home on the 2nd inst., having in tow the British schooner Blizard, of Lunenburg, N. S., captain and crew of seven men taken off the previous day. From Captain William Bird, of the Blizard, the following is learned: The vessel sailed from Lunenburg December 20, for Kingston, Jamaica. After a rough passage of 20 days she arrived at her destination, meeting with few accidents. She discharged cargo and sailed for Cienfuegos, loaded with cargo consisting of molasses consigned to a Boston firm, sailing from there Feb. 10th.

Killed Herself for Love.

Miss Annie M. Baker, aged 21, daughter of a prominent physician of Jeffersonville, Ind., died on the 28th ult., from the effects of rat poison. She committed suicide because of her disappointment in love. Upon St. Valentine's Day she was to have been married to Adam Bauer, but the marriage was prevented by the father of the young man, who objected on account of his son being 19 years of age. Young Bauer's father went to the county clerk and prevented him from issuing a marriage license.

Newspaper editors in Japan have to send their first proofs of every edition to the Mikado's Minister of State, who draws his blue pencil through anything that is objectionable. Every paper has a jail editor. He is a dummy. The paper is often involved in suits, and when a process is sued out the officer enters the sanctum, takes away with him the dummy editor, who answers all purposes and whose absence does not deprive the paper of any of its working force.

We learn that the Imperial Government has decided to grant a clasp to all who were in action during the suppression of the Northwest rebellion.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH SOCIAL.

THE Ladies of the Congregation intend having a Tea, Refreshment and Fancy Tables in ST. JAMES' HALL.

On THURSDAY, 24th March.

- COMMITTEE: Mrs. JAMES CARRUTHERS. Mrs. D. McNeill, Miss McGill, Mrs. Rankin, Miss Gray, Mrs. A. Low, Miss G. Brown, Mrs. W. R. Frame, Miss K. Hyndman, Mrs. M. McLeod, Miss E. McKinnon, Mrs. A. J. Brown, Miss G. Mason, Mrs. C. McGregor, Miss E. Murray, Mrs. R. Angus, Miss Henderson, Mrs. D. Montgomery.

The ladies have made up an excellent assortment of Pinnettes, Aprons, &c., &c. The public are invited to favor them with their patronage. TICKETS—Admission, 10 cents; Tea and admission, 25 cents. Doors open at 2 o'clock, p. m.

AUCTION SALE

Apples, Lemons, Grapes, Fish, &c.

BY AUCTION, MONDAY, MARCH 7th, AT 11 O'CLOCK: 25 barrels Apples, in prime order, 10 boxes Lemons, 5 kegs Grapes, 20 boxes Boneless Fish, 50 quintals Dry Codfish, 100 barrels Choice Labrador Herring, 20 do do Cape Breton do, To close consignments.

Auction Sale.

Valuable Freehold Farm.

I AM instructed by Mr. Henry Ferguson to Sell by Auction.

MONDAY, MARCH 14th, AT 11 O'CLOCK,

on the Premises, that beautifully situated Farm of 75 acres, on St. Peter's Road, seven miles from Charlottetown, 32 acres of which are in a high state of cultivation, the balance well covered with Hardwood, Scantling, Rails, &c.

VALUABLE Surplus Stock.

I AM instructed, by Owen Connolly, Esq., to Sell by Auction, at his farm, R. 10, 1/2, East.

On Wednesday, March 23rd, AT 11 O'CLOCK,

16 Excellent Milch Cows,

some of them with Calves by their side, others in calf by the thoroughbred Short-horn Bull "PRINCE OF WALES."

4 Farm Horses.

TERMS—Seven Months on approved Joint Notes.

A. McNEILL, AUCTIONEER.

"DEVONPORT" FOR SALE

THAT valuable property, known as "Devonport," situated on the Malpeque Road, within one mile of the city, containing about 250 acres of land, with large and commodious Dwelling House, Barn, Stables, Coach House, Dairy, Ice House, Root House, &c., &c. Good Title guaranteed.

SEEDS FOR GARDEN AND FARM.

By mail or freight, according to weight or your convenience. Safe arrival guaranteed (by mail, by us; by freight, by the carrier.)

How to find out exactly what you want:—

Send for our Seed Catalogue, which contains a short account of everything—flowers, vegetables, clovers, grasses, grains—with engravings of many and hints about growing.

The Catalogue itself is worth your having, and we are willing to send it whether you want any seeds or not—it makes you want them.

We want to hear from every farmer, gardener, and even window gardener, in the Province.

GEO. CARTER & CO., SEEDSMEN, CHTOWN, P. E. I.

Feb. 25, 1887—law & wky



MARCH SALE.

THE people are sick reading advertisements all about Big Discounts and void of meaning; but what L. E. PROWSE advertises to do, you may be sure he will do.

PLEASE READ:

- A lot of Remnants of Dress Goods, about half price. A job lot of Corsets less than half price. A magnificent lot of Embroidery, 20 per cent discount. Job lot of Dress Goods, 20 to 25 per cent discount. Black Cashmeres and Merinoes, excellent value. Gray Cottons, White Cottons, Shirting, Ticking, &c., very low.

Two Thousand (\$2,000) Dollars' Worth of Hats

FROM 20 TO 50 PER CENT. DISCOUNT, FOR 15 DAYS ONLY.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY HATS CHEAP

TRY US: WE MEAN IT EVERY TIME.

L. E. PROWSE,

SIGN OF THE BIG HAT, 74 QUEEN STREET.

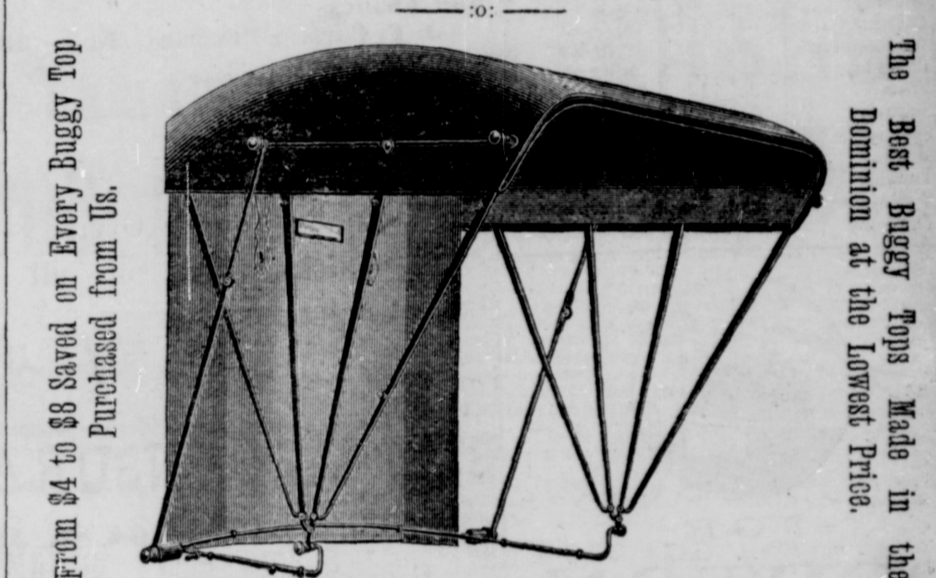
Ch'town, March 4, 1887—cod & wky

THE ONLY COMPLETE

CARRIAGE GOODS WAREHOUSE

AND LARGEST STOCK IN THE PROVINCE.

Over 100 Buggy Tops Sold for Spring Delivery.



NORTON & FENNEL,

CITY HARDWARE STORE, QUEEN STREET.

March 4, 1887.—law & wky

BRITISH WAREHOUSE

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QUEEN STREET.

EXTENSIVE CASH SALE!

I have decided to close out the whole of my stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, commencing December 15th, 1886, and continuing until the whole is disposed of, at

LARGE DISCOUNTS FOR CASH.

A. L. BROWN.

Ch'town, Dec. 14—wky

Island Boots

FOR

ISLAND BOYS.

Nothing Like Home Manufacture to Wear.

For Style, Quality and Good Value in Boots and Shoes, come to

DORSEY, GOFF & CO.

Ch'town, Jan. 20 1887.