

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EPICURUS.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1887.

VOL. 19.—NO. 210.

The Daily Examiner

is issued every evening by

The Examiner Publishing Co

From their office, corner of Water and Great George Streets, Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island.

—RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION—

Six months \$2.50
Three months 1.25
One month 50

Advertising at moderate rates.

Contracts may be made for monthly, quarterly, half-yearly, or yearly advertisements, on application.

ALMANAC FOR FEBRUARY, 1887.

MOON'S CHANGES.

First Quarter 1st day, 4h. 14.3m., a. m., N. W. (below horizon).

Full Moon 8th day, 6h. 1.8m., a. m., W.

Last Quarter 14th day, 9h. 19.2m., p. m., S. W.

New Moon 22nd day, 5h. 27.7m., p. m., W.

D. DAY OF WEEK Sun (Sun) Moon (Moon) High (High) Day's (Day's)

M. rises (rises) sets (sets) water (water) len (len)

1 Tuesday h m h m m m m m m m h m

2 Wednesday 7 28 4 49 11 20 3 33 9 31

3 Thursday 26 3 aft 33 5 54 37

4 Friday 24 4 1 29 7 10 40

5 Saturday 23 6 2 19 8 16 43

6 Sunday 21 7 3 24 9 11 46

7 Monday 19 8 4 34 10 9 49

8 Tuesday 18 9 5 54 10 45 51

9 Wednesday 17 11 7 10 11 37 54

10 Thursday 16 13 8 29 12 10 57

11 Friday 14 15 9 44 0 50 10 1

12 Saturday 12 16 10 58 1 34 4

13 Sunday 11 18 morn 2 21 7

14 Monday 9 19 0 8 3 16 10

15 Tuesday 8 21 1 16 4 28 13

16 Wednesday 7 23 2 19 5 49 16

17 Thursday 5 24 3 18 7 6 19

18 Friday 3 25 4 11 8 8 23

19 Saturday 1 27 4 59 8 56 26

20 Sunday 0 50 28 5 39 9 39 29

21 Monday 58 30 6 10 10 32

22 Tuesday 53 31 6 44 10 48 35

23 Wednesday 55 33 7 12 11 24 38

24 Thursday 52 34 7 38 11 51 42

25 Friday 51 35 8 3 morn 45

26 Saturday 49 37 8 28 0 23 48

27 Sunday 47 38 8 54 0 55 51

28 Monday 46 47 5 40 9 22 10 53

CARD.

THE EXAMINER PUBLISHING COMPANY, having lately added to their stock of type and material for Job Printing, are better than ever prepared to execute orders for Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Handbills of all kinds, Visiting or Business Cards, &c., promptly and cheaply, in the best style of the art.

None but first-class workmen are employed in their office, and, as they import their printing presses direct from the manufacturers, they are able to fill all orders on the most favorable terms. The continued patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

W. L. COTTON,
Manager.

Ch'town, Nov. 18, 1886

CARD

THE subscriber begs to notify the public that his business connection with Mr. D. A. Bruce having ended, by mutual consent, he intends to open a Merchant Tailor's Store, in the city, early in the Spring, when he hopes to receive the orders of his friends and to be favored with a share of public patronage.

JAMES McLEOD.

Ch'town, Jan. 5, 1887.
—dy ex pat twks 2aw wky ex pat hr fi

CARD.

MRS. E. RUTH wishes to announce to the ladies of Charlottetown that she is prepared to do MANICURE AND DRESSMAKING in the newest fashions, having had many years practical experience in the United States, patrons can feel assured of getting every satisfaction. Residence, Richmond Street, near Hillsborough Square.

Nov. 29—3mo eod & wky

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City.



FOR BOSTON.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT
THE PALACE STEAMERS
OF THE
INTERNATIONAL S.S. CO.

Leave St. John for Boston, via Eastport and Portland, every Monday, and Thursday at 8.30 a. m. Fare from Charlottetown to Boston, \$6.50, 2nd class; \$2.50, 1st class.

For tickets and other information apply to
A. S. LAR, P. E. Island, N. Y. Co.
or to your nearest Ticket Agent.
Nov. 1, 1886—eod wky

L. ARTHUR & CO., GENERAL Commission Merchants,

121 ATLANTIC AVENUE,
BOSTON, MASS.

Eggs and Produce a Specialty.

July 15—4ly wky

HORACE HASZARD, MANUFACTURERS & GENERAL AGENT.

REPRESENTING:

The Nova Scotia Sugar Refinery (limited), Halifax, N. S.
Messrs J. Lewenz & Hauser Bros., London, England—Teas.
Messrs. Robert Lamb & Co., Dundee, Scotland—Bags, Hessians, &c.
Messrs Thomas Connor & Sons, Portland, N. B.—Ropes, Barlin and Twines.
J. F. Carter, Beverley, Mass.—Oiled Clothing, &c.

WESTERN FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital - - - - - \$1,000,000.00
Cash Assets - - - - - 1,188,200.46
Annual Income Over - - - - - 1,300,000.00

Risks taken on all descriptions of property at Lowest Rates.

HORACE HASZARD,
Agent, P. E. Island.

SUN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Head Office, 164 St. James St., Montreal.

Capital Subscribed - - - - - \$ 500,000.00
Total Assets - - - - - 1,411,004.33
Income, 1885 - - - - - 319,987.05

Agents wanted in unrepresented districts.

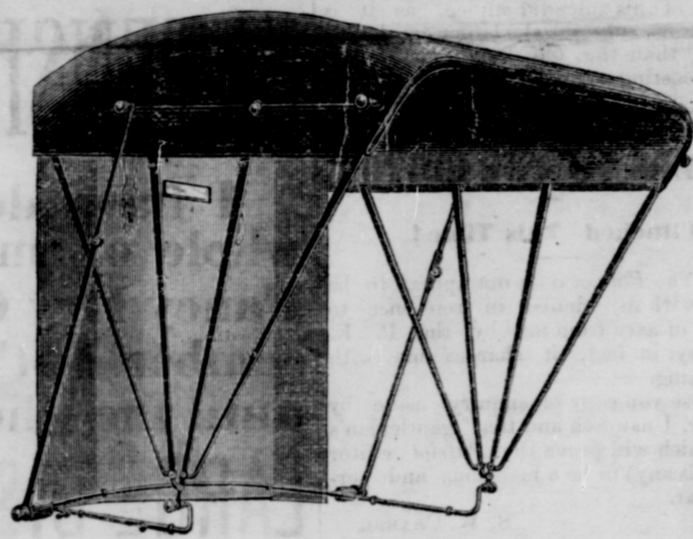
HORACE HASZARD,
Agent, P. E. Island.

Ch'town, Jan. 13, 1887—1mo eod

Carriage Builders Complete Outfitting Warehouse.

Everything in the Line at Lowest Prices.

BUGGY TOPS—Write for Prices.



BUGGY TOPS—Write for Prices.

We offer Better Value in BUGGY TOPS than any other House in Canada.

NORTON & FENNEL,

CITY HARDWARE STORE, QUEEN STREET.

January 5, 1887.—2aw & wky

THAN COLONIALS.

FIFTY PER CENT LESS

BOOKS!! BOOKS!!! BOOKS!!!
LAWYERS, DOCTORS, CLERGYMEN, MERCHANTS, SCHOOLS and COLLEGES Supplied.

BOOKBINDING, STATIONERY.

The undersigned, who attend Leading Book and Picture Sales, and are Purchasers of Valuable Private Libraries in England and the Continent, can supply Books at about 50 per cent. less than usual Cost Price. Pictures, Books, and MSS. bought on order. All new and second-hand Books and Reviews supplied on shortest notice. Libraries furnished throughout. Wholesale Bookbinding and Stationery at exceedingly low rates. Remit by Bank or Postal Draft with order.

J. MOSCRIPT PYE & CO.,
Export Booksellers, Stationers and Publishers,
154 WEST REGENT ST., GLASGOW,
SCOTLAND.

Nov. 13th, 1886—3 mos eod

CHARLOTTETOWN SASH AND DOOR FACTORY!

Peake's No. 3 Wharf,

R. PALMER & CO., PROPRIETORS.

We are now manufacturing and will sell at the Lowest Cash Prices:

Sashes, Doors, Window and Door Frames, Architraves, Spouting and Conductor Mouldings, Ballusters, Newel Posts, Stair Rails, Twists, &c.

We are prepared to do all kinds of Jobbing, in Planing, Joining, Morticing, Tenoning, Jig and Fret Sawing, Turning, &c.

All kinds of Gothic Windows for Churches made at shortest notice.

With new and first-class Machinery, and the latest appliances, we can insure the utmost satisfaction to all who favor us with their patronage.

Jan. 5, 1887.

ADAMSON'S BOTANICAL COUGH BALSAM

SAFE. SURE. PROMPT. 25c.

AWONDERFUL REMEDY

Adamson's Botanic Cough Balsam. It is as pleasant as honey. Coughs, Colds, and Asthma, which lead to Consumption, have been speedily cured by the use of ADAMSON'S BALSAM after all other medicines have failed. Sufferers from either recent or chronic coughs or bronchial affections, can resort to this great remedy, confident of obtaining speedy relief. Do not delay, get it at once.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Bottled at St. Stevens, N. B., by the proprietors,
F. W. KISSMAN & CO., DRUGGISTS,
363 3RD AVE., N. Y.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

Letter From Dr. Jenkins.

SIR,—In the election campaign now going on in this County, the Opposition, having no platform on which to take their stand, are reduced to simple slander of the Dominion Government. They are "extravagant," "corrupt," "boodlers," "they hanged Kiel, an insane man, who was made a martyr to their political necessities." They bring no evidence to support their charges, which are in every case devoid of any foundation and incapable of proof. The Government, as is proved by the public, are more economical than the Mackenzie party, and, notwithstanding the enormous outlay on the Canadian Pacific Railway, the average annual addition to the public debt is very much less since the present party have been in power than it was under their predecessors, who have little or nothing to show for their large expenditures.

Among other things, they bring up the subject of superannuation. Now, the system of superannuation is admittedly an excellent one, but is liable to abuse. This may occur accidentally through want of due care, or it may be wilful and corrupt. An instance of the former is the case of Mr. McNab, late Superintendent of the Island Railway. The Government superannuated him on a medical certificate to the effect that he was affected with heart disease and incapable of performing the duties of his office; proper care may not have been taken here, but there is no suspicion of corrupt motives. Mr. McNab was not put aside to make way for a political opponent, as was the case when the Grits, unfortunately for Canada, acceded to power. Among the many instances, I will cite those of the strong and hearty postmasters of Halifax and St. John, who were superannuated to make room for clamorous partisans; in this case the pocket of the taxpayer has already suffered to the extent of \$22,000, and the drain is still going on; here is an instance of wilful and corrupt abuse of the superannuation fund.

In an official return on the subject, it is shown that under the five sad years of the Mackenzie regime, 79 officials were superannuated, who have drawn from the treasury \$400,000, an average of \$5,083, while they paid to the fund only \$137. During the Macdonald regime the average paid was \$2,100, with \$168 paid in. To carry the comparison still further, the officials superannuated by Mackenzie drew \$37 for the \$1 paid in, while those under the Macdonald Government drew only \$12 for \$1 paid in. So much for the superannuation scandal. It were not that the Grits are desperate, even they would hardly have the audacity to mention the word superannuation in the face of such facts; but being in extremity, and having no other resource, they are obliged to resort to such tactics in the hope that the people may be deceived into giving them support. I think the people in general are too well informed and intelligent to be taken in by sophistry and slander.

Another accusation is that we do not get reciprocity because the present Government are opposed to it. This, with your permission, I will take up in a future number.

J. T. JENKINS.

Feb. 7th, 1887.

They solicit their alms from each faithful Grit crank, And draw for the balance on "John Simpson's Bank."

Horse Breeding

SIR,—As the reputation of the Island, for raising good horses, is somewhat wide, it behooves all interested in this branch of her industries, not only to sustain this reputation but to raise it still higher. Every spring may be seen scores of horses traveling for the service of mares, three-fourths of which are entirely unfit for this purpose. Many of them have unsound feet, curbs, splints, spavins and other blemishes. Frequently these blemishes are so carefully hidden by the avaricious owners that only an expert can detect them; consequently, many people are deceived, and engage the services of very inferior animals. What kind of stock can be expected from such sires? Only scubs.

Like begets like; and though our mares may not always be what we could wish, if we breed to a high standard of horse we are going forward. If, on the other hand, we obtain the services of a poor horse, we are bound to have a worthless colt. I would suggest, as a remedy, that every horse travelling for the service of mares, be provided with a license, and that a board of competent examiners (say three or five) be appointed by the Local Government to examine horses brought to them, and issue licenses to those that possess the necessary qualifications. It may be urged that this would create a monopoly and raise the service fee. If so, I would say if a man wished to travel his horse on his own responsibility, let him do so. There would then be some safeguard, and the man who could not produce a certificate for his horse would be looked upon as an impostor; and it would reasonably be supposed there was something wrong with his horse.

Thanking you for space,
I am, &c.,
HORSEMAN'S WELL-WISHER.

King's County, Feb. 2, '87.

Electors, beware of the tactics now used, The game is to have all the "Tories" abused.

It should be generally known that the multitude of diseases of a scrofula nature generally proceed from a torpid condition of the liver. The blood becomes impure because the liver does not act probably and the certain results are blotches, pimples, eruptions, swellings, tumors, ulcers, and kindred affections, or settling upon the lungs and poisoning their delicate tissues, until ulceration, breaking down, and consumption is established. Dr. Pierce's golden medical discovery will, by acting upon the liver and purifying the blood, cure all these diseases.

The Grit papers are publishing alleged comparisons of the public debts of Canada and the United States. The figures are fraudulent. An Upper Province paper says: "In the Canadian column the gross debt is given; in the United States column the net debt. This sort of a comparison is altogether deceptive, working both ways against Canada. Just like the Grits."

ADAMSON'S BOTANICAL COUGH BALSAM

SAFE. SURE. PROMPT. 25c.

AWONDERFUL REMEDY

Adamson's Botanic Cough Balsam. It is as pleasant as honey. Coughs, Colds, and Asthma, which lead to Consumption, have been speedily cured by the use of ADAMSON'S BALSAM after all other medicines have failed. Sufferers from either recent or chronic coughs or bronchial affections, can resort to this great remedy, confident of obtaining speedy relief. Do not delay, get it at once.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Bottled at St. Stevens, N. B., by the proprietors,
F. W. KISSMAN & CO., DRUGGISTS,
363 3RD AVE., N. Y.

Porto Rico Sugar.

THE good old West India raw sugar is cheaper and has almost crowded it out of the market. We often hear the remark made: "The sugar sold now-a-days is not as sweet as that we used to get years ago." Whether this is so or not we shall not attempt to say—but we do know this, that those who taste our Porto Rico Sugar declare it to be the real article, and "something like the thing." It is sweet—and no mistake, but it is dear—seven cents per pound. Can we sell it cheaper than this? Not if we are to make any profit out of it. But we have promised to give some bargains this winter, and we will begin with this Sugar, and for a little we will offer it at 6 CENTS PER LB. Now this is a genuine bargain and much below the value of the Sugar, and we expect those who want some of it to procure it without delay. It won't last long at this price.

GEO. CARTER & CO., MARKET SQUARE.

Ch'town, Jan. 21—1aw & wky

P. E. ISLAND RAILWAY.

NOTICE
DURING the time the Winter Mail Service will be carried on, via "The Cape," or until further notice, a Special Passenger Train will leave Charlottetown for Cape Traverse at 8 p. m., Sundays excepted, returning to Charlottetown on following days.

Instead of leaving at 8 p. m., on Saturdays, train will leave Charlottetown for Cape Traverse at 12.05 a. m., on Mondays, returning same day.

JAMES COLEMAN,
Superintendent.
Railway Office, Ch'town, Feb. 2, 1887.
ex pat 6, eod wky prs 2 wks

Canadian Book and Bible Co.

HAVE just issued the only authentic Life of His Holiness Pope Leo XIII, with his correspondence, Catholic Dictionary and a host of valuable information about Catholicism. A large work, beautifully prepared, well bound, low in price, sold only by subscription.

We want Agents in every city, town and county. Address: Maritime Branch, Canadian Book & Bible Co., St. John, N. B.
Jan. 22—5aw & wky

PURE GOLD GOODS

ARE THE BEST MADE.
ASK FOR THEM IN CANS,
BOTTLES or PACKAGES.

THE LEADING LINES ARE
BAKING POWDER
FLAVORING EXTRACTS
SHOE BLACKING
STOVE POLISH
COFFEE SPICES
BORAX
CURRY POWDER
CELERY SALT
MUSTARD
POWDERED HERBS.

2 GOLD MEDALS
1 SILVER MEDAL
8 BRONZE MEDALS
1886

ALL GOODS
GUARANTEED GENUINE
PURE GOLD MANFC CO.
31 FRONT ST. EAST, TORONTO.

"Nothing Injurious."

WOODILL'S
& GERMANN
BAKING POWDER

Contains Nothing Injurious.
MAYNARD BOWMAN,
DOMINION ANALYST,
Halifax, N. S.

Dec. 2, 1886.

Alleged Canadian Barbarity.

SOL JACOBS TELLS HIS SIDE OF THE STORY.

Solomon Jacobs, captain of the fishing schooner Molly Adams, has sent to Secretary Baird an account of his rescue of the crew of the schooner Neskititia, of Lockport, N. S., wrecked on Malpeque bar, P. E. I., Sept. 26, and his subsequent treatment while trying to land the shipwrecked sailors and such of the wrecked material as he had saved for the owners. When he asked permission to land these men, the Canadian authorities at Malpeque referred him back and forth to each other and refused to do anything for the care of the men. The captain of the cruiser Critic finally told him he could not save the material on board a Nova Scotia vessel if he went outside three miles to do it. No one on shore would take the wrecked men unless Capt. Jacobs would be responsible for their board. Capt. Jacobs solved the problem by giving the men \$60, enough to pay their passage home, and rations to last their journey. As it was not safe to pass Malpeque bar except in smooth water, and his vessel draws fourteen feet, he lost ten days of valuable time, while the fleet took large quantities of mackerel. Having to feed so many men his provisions ran short, and put into Port Medway; stated the circumstances and asked permission to buy half a barrel of flour, or enough provisions to take his vessel home. The collector absolutely refused provisions and threatened to seize the vessel if he was compelled to go home, a distance of 300 miles, on short rations, and although they had a quick passage, were one day without provisions. Fees, and the construction of American fishermen's rights, he says, differ in every port. He had had not one cent of the money spent for the shipwrecked crew returned nor received a word of thanks from the vessel's owners.

Capt. Jacobs also forwards an affidavit made before Collector Boninot, of Port Hawkesbury, C. B., by two illiterate fishermen, who charged that he had fished within two miles of the shore in 14 feet of water. He points out that the affidavit is manifestly false as his vessel draws fourteen feet of water. The affidavit, he says, is one more in a plot formed by these officials to seize his vessel and intimidate American fishermen. He says he was not near the vicinity named in the affidavit from July 8 to Sept. 6.

ELECTORS remember the Liberal (?) reign And place no such men in office again.

The Century for February.

The variety in the contents of the current Century is not less noticeable than the geographical distribution of their origin. In subjects and contributors, all sections of the country are represented, and appeal is made to many tastes. Politics, biography, travel, fiction of four kinds, art, architecture, astronomy, public questions, war reminiscences, unwritten history, poetry, and humor furnish topics of vital and present interest.

The Life of Lincoln, by Hay and Nicolay, is occupied with Lincoln's first term in Congress and his life as a lawyer, this installment concluding the first portion of the biography and carrying its subject to his fortieth year. His campaign for Congress, his opposition to the principle of the Mexican war, his maiden speech in the House, his bill to abolish slavery in the District of Columbia, his attitude towards appointments to office, and his characteristics as a lawyer are part of the subject-matter of the February chapters. The responsibility for the Mexican war is discussed, and pictures are given of Western life in 1850.

Prof. Langley's New Astronomy Series may appropriately be called the latest news from the sky. The present paper has a fascinating theme, "The Stars," and he treats it in a way to hold the attention. His startling comparisons go far to realize to the reader the wonder and mystery of the subject. In this paper he pays special attention to the work of American astronomers in spectroscopy, and considers the popular notion as to the return of the "Stars of Bethlehem."

Prof. Rodolfo Lanciani, the Director of the new Museo Urbano in Rome and the Curator of all works of art discovered in that department of Italy, contributes an article on the bronzes of Rome, and especially of the two superb statues of athletes discovered in 1856, which are engraved for the first time for this article.

Mr. Atkinson's second paper on "The Strength and Weakness of Nations" (this one on their weakness) is like its predecessor in presenting graphically an array of facts which will long be referred to by writers. His table shows (comparatively): 1. The National Debts per Capita; 2. The Relative Burden of National Taxation; 3. Acres per Head of Population and Debt per Acre; 4. Standing Armies and Navies of the United States; 5. Relative Production of Product per Capita Absorbed by National Taxation. Mr. Atkinson's facts, estimates, and deductions are intimately related to current questions of labor and trade.

In the War Series the important subject of Gettysburg is concluded by a paper of untechnical narrative by the officer who gave the order for the charge in the third day's fight, to wit, General James Longstreet. Portraits of Generals R. E. Lee, Barksdale, Semmes, Pender, and Garnett are among the cuts.

In the department of fiction there is the closing half of Mr. Cable's pathetic story, "Carnero," the fourth part of Mr. Stockton's "Hundredth Man," in which the New York restaurant passes temporarily into other hands, and two one-part stories—"Sphery Ann," a realistic story of Georgia moonshiners, by Mat Crin, and "Part of an Old Story," a fanciful tale of Sicily, by James Lane Allen—all except Mr. Stockton's with illustrations.

The "Topics of the Time" include editorial articles on Mr. Atkinson's papers, on "Labor Parties," "The Harvard Celebration," and "The American School at Athens." There is a suggestive open letter on "Indian Education in the Southwest," by H. O. Laid.