CORRESPONDENCE.

(For Haszard's Gazette.)

Sir,—It has been reported by interested parties, in order to deter the people from signing the Petition for a dissolution of the House of Assembly, that the Governor will not dissolve the House, as his Council are so very much opposed to it. I don't believe it at all, at all; on the contrary, I can fancy him at the Council Board saying to them,—"Gentlemen, I am sure, that you who profess so much liberality, will not, for one instant, on account of your own private interests, want to place your Governor in collision with the people whom he has been sent to govern; and more especially, as you say, that you retain the confidence of the county. If you do, I am sure you can have no valid objections to get it renewed; if you succeed, it will be all right with you, you will remain as you are, if you do not, I must only follow the path of duty, which is the open, plain, constitutional path: that is, I must do as my predecessor did twice during his administration, and which I myself, as you well know, have done since my arrival in the Island, choose my Council from the majority of the people's representatives, in whom they are pleased to put and continue confidence; and as they now say, they have lost all confidence in you, I can see no other safe way of quieting the minds of His Majesty's subjects in this Island, but by opening the safety valve of the Constitutution, that is, opening the Poll Books and letting them settle their accounts with their Representatives, in a constitutional manner, as they have an indisputable right to do it. Gentlemen, I cannot stand any longer in the gap between you and them, I have done it long enough already perhaps, for all the thanks I shall get for it, and I need not tell you, that it is far more expedient, that they should break your political necks, than that mine should be broken on your account, (a laugh and long faces.) And you know the sound advice that Lord Brougham says Charles the Second gave to one of the Governors of the Old Colonies, now the United States, on his taking leave on the eve of his departure for the seat of his government, the King said to him, "Remember don't make an enemy of any man, for you don't know how soon you may have to act with him," and I don't know, how soon I may have to act with your opponents. If the advice was applicable at the time it was given, it is far more so in the responsible times in which we live. I trust you will not be defeated, but if you are, I hope you will make a virtue of necessity, and follow the example of your predecessors, and resign at once, and don't let it be again said, that you clung to office as you did in 1838, like a barnacle to the bottom of a ship, until you were knocked off by a vote of the Assembly, I hope and expect better from you."

Yours, &c.,

August 9th, 1855. A Reformer.

P.S.—Pray can you inform us, why the financial Barometer for the Quarter ending 30th June also, has not been published, with all the wonted boasting about comparative increase over former quarters at the same time of year? Have you neglected copying it from the Government organs, or is it, as some are begining to suspect, a great falling off instead of increase, else we should have seen it ere this.

R.

To the Editor of Haszard's Gazette.

Dear Sir;

Certainly the statements of some persons are not considered to be worthy of much notice, while others whose remarks are for the most part considered authentic whether they are really so or not.

I have perused the School Visitor's Report of the Schools of the Island a few days ago. The account of my own school engaged somewhat more of my attention than any other, which is as follows: "Bungay, Lot 24, on the Register 46. Present 14. Reading 45, not all orally, table, no analysis. Spelling imperfect. Writing 22 specimens of average proficiency. Arithmetic, 15 very slow, highest in interest, Grammar 3 deficient, Geography 2 beginners. His remarks on the above, very low. Teacher and pupils appear in a very disorderly condition; industry and diligence in the discharge of duties strongly recommended."

Now, Sir, instead of the 45 scholars on the Register there were 72, instead of the 14 present there were 38, instead of 5 on Grammar and Geography there were 12, &c., "No analysis." If Mr. Stark had done his duty, he should have first inquired whether such was taught in the school or not and then he would be better able to distinguish facts from mere ideas. If the school is so very low as it is represented to be, and the Teacher and Scholars are in such a disorderly condition, I imagine the school Report is not less so, after the Visitor penned the following remarks on the School Journal: "Examined this School this day and found 38 present and 72 on the Register. The progress exhibited is highly creditable to both Teacher and Scholars. The requirement of the Law is satisfactorily attended to."

In conclusion I wish Mr. Stark every possible success in his present important situation, that he may display more wisdom in the discharge of his own duties and that his future Reports be attended with more accuracy.

I am,

dear Sir,

Your obedient servant,

John McDonald,

Teacher of the Bungay School.

August 4th, 1855.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills, an unfailing Remedy for Scrofulous Sores.—The eldest son of Anthony Barnet, aged 14, of Montreal, was an awful sufferer, with scrofulous sores on his limbs, the parents took him to several doctors, who did all in their power to alleviate him, but he only became worse. A sister of Mr. Barnet, who had been cured of a bad leg by Holloway's Ointment and Pills, took the child under her protection, saying she would try what effect a few weeks' residence with her would do, no sooner had she got him at her own house, than she tried Holloway's Ointment and Pill, they soon caused an improved appearance in the child, and after using them about ten weeks, every symptom of his disorder had vanished like snow, before the sun,—such is the power of these wonderful remedies!! They will also cure all disorders of the skin.

HASZARD'S GAZETTE.

Wednesday, August 15, 1855.

The Corporation of Charlottetown is now in action, and much will depend upon the spirit in which the first set of municipal officers commence proceedings. In all changes of Government, whether municipal or otherwise, most men are apt to expect too much from those intrusted with power, while on the other hand, a dread of being considered as extravagant and wasteful, has the effect of introducing in the latter, a niggardliness, which is the reverse of good policy and sound economy. In public as in private expenditure there is a medium of doing busines, is ever the cheapest in the end. The attempt to get the best articles for less than they are worth, is always attended with loss and mortification. When Contractors are cut down to the lowest penny, it is their interest to slight their work, and those who are called in to judge of the efficiency of what has been performed, cannot help keeping an eye to the rate of remuneration, and are induced to pass work that has been improperly or inefficiently done, upon the maxim, that it is as good as could be afforded at the price. Hence it is, that public work is often slighted, executed so as to please the eye and insure to those concerned, the payment of the job, which is the principal thing looked to; when, after the lapse of a few years, the action of time shows the original defects of the work, and causes a double expenditure—the taking down what has been erected—often a very expensive process—and the rebuilding at a greater cost than could have first accomplished the edifice, in a much better style. We trust the people of Charlottetown to be convinced of this fact. What we would recommend to the municipal authorities is, that when public works are determined upon—and they should not be undertaken except after full consideration of their utility and necessity—they be executed and finished in the most substantial and scientific style. Every member should recollect, that though he is mortal, the Corporation, of which he is a part, is destined to immortality, and that the works ordered by the Corporation, should be in accordance with this difference, so that, though the original founders have mouldered in the dust, the monuments of their good government and prudent administration will proudly rear their heads, and serve as an example to their successors, of the wisdom and propriety of erecting their edifices on solid foundations, and of imperishable materials.

The City Council met for the first time in the Colonial Building in the room appropriated for holding the superior Court of Judicature. His Worship the Mayor informed the Council that John Lawson, Esq., Barrister at Law had been elected Recorder had been presented to His Excellency the Lieut. Governor and was approved of and that he had been duly sworn faithfully to discharge the duties of his office by His Excellency. That Mr. W. B. Welsh had been appointed Clerk and had given the requisite security and been sworn into office and that Mr. Michael O'Hara had been appointed City Marshal and had likewise given security and taken the oaths prescribed by Law. Some necessary preliminary business was then dispatched and several Committees appointed and the Council was adjourned until Friday next.

There were some little business done in the Mayor's Court but of no particular interest.

Mrs. Daly was "at Home" last evening in the Government House to a large party of fashionables, who, after partaking with Capt. Lambert, and the officers of H. M. S. Espiegle, the gaieties of the dance and the festal pleasures of the table, left at a moderate early hour delighted with the kind attention of the distinguished host and hostess. The appearance of the public reception rooms of the Government House is much improved by the introduction of splendid gaseliers into all the apartments.

The Steamer *Lady Le Marchant* arrived yesterday from Shediac. The only items of news we could glean will be found in this day's paper.

The Steamer to-day brought no further news from Europe.

The Fishery Commissioners.—M. H. Perley, Esq., and Mr Cushman, with their secretaries are at present at Halifax, whence they are to sail at an early day on board the Brigt. *Halifax* for the Gulf of St. Lawrence, calling at Pictou and Charlottetown. Professor Agassiz is expected to join the party in the Gulf about the end of the present month. It is also expected that other distinguished persons will join the Commissioners for a short cruise in the Gulf. The Commissioners will remain on the northern fishing grounds as long as the season will permit.

It is said that all barrack stores are to be immediately removed from London, C. W., to Kingston and Montreal, or, perhaps, to the Crimea, with the persons stationed there.

Married,

At Rustico, on Monday, the 13th inst., by the Rev. H. B. Swabey, Henry Winslow, Esq., to Ann, youngest daughter of William Hodges, Esq.

On Tuesday, August 14, by the Rev. C. Lloyd, at Charlottetown, Mr. Malcolm McDonald, of Belfast, to Miss Catherine McDonald, of the same place.

Died,

On Sunday last, Jeffrey Burke, for many years a resident in this Island.

Passengers,

In the Steamer *Lady Le Marchant* from Pictou to Charlottetown, August 13th.—F. N. Gisborne, Esq., Mrs. Penny and serv'nt, Miss Johnson, Mr James Frazer, Mr. Alex. Cameron, Mr. John D McLeod.

Port of Charlottetown.

ARRIVED.

Aug.—Schr. Unicorn, McCalder, New Brunswick; deals. 2—Schrs. Mowat, do.; coal. 6—Greyhound, Barret, do.; barrels. 4—Ellen Matta tall, Tatmagouche; boards. Ploughboy, Robertson, Pictou; coal. 6—Stranger, Scuteman, Bathurst; boards. Samuel Thomas, Shediac, Halifax; goods. Lively Lass, Robertson, Pictou; coal. 7—Vine, Bent, Richibucto; lumber. Lady Jane Grey, McIntyre, Sidney; coal. 8th—Rosebud, Pictou. 9—Tweedside, Sutherland, from a fishing voyage, Betsy, Ma tin, Pictou. Lady Le Marchant Irving, Pictou. Wm. Nelson, Chapell, Bay Verte. Sophronia, Babin, Sydney. 10—Lark, O'Brien, Halifax. Mayflower, Purdy, Pictou. Dove, Robertson, Pugwash. Champion, Lavin, Canso. 11—Amagent, Nicholson, Buctouch. Lady Le Marchant, Irving, Pictou. Rosebud, Matthieson, Pictou. 13—Favorite, Babin, Richibucto. Union, McCalder. New Brunswick. Diligonet, Burr, Salem, U. S. 14—Lady Le Marchant, Irving, Shediac. 15—Widge, Trenaman, Wallace. Helena, Roberts, New York. Teazer, McLellan, Boston.

SAILED.

Aug. 2—Schr. Amagent, Nicholson, Buctouche; bal. 4—Favorite, Babin, Richibuctou; do. Ellen, Mattatull, Pictou; do. 6—Ariel, Moore, Sydney; bal. Greyhound, Barret, Miramichi; do. Alma, Irving, Pictou; do. 8—Ploughboy, Robertson, Pictou; do. Samuel Thomas, Shellnut, Pugwash; goods. Stranger, Seiteman, Pictou; bal. Romp, Sonin, Bostou; fish & knees. Barque Montego, Murchison, Shediac; lumber. 8—Schr. Foam, Beatz, fishing voyage. 9—Wm. Nelson, Chappel, Bay Verte. Peri, Bink, Canso. 10—Lively, Robertson, Pictou. Rival, Murch, Newfd. 11—Lark, O'Brien, Pictou. Sophronia, Babin, Pictou. 13—Rosebud, Pictou. 14—Mayflower, Purdy, Pictou. Dove, Robertson, Pictou. Sarah, Moore, do. Lady LeMarchant, do.

Sailed from Georgetown, on Saturday, August 4, Brigantine Peri, for Belfast.

Lippincott's Cloth Mills.
WEST RIVER, PICTOU, N. S.,

The Subscriber would inform the Inhabitants of Prince Edward Island, that he has erected a NEW Establishment for dressing Cloth, in addition to his old Mills, and having a sufficiency of water power, he will be able to do a greater quantity of works.

AGENTS:

Mr. Kenneth McKenzie, Charlottetown.
Andrew A. McDonald, Esq, Georgetown.

Cloth left with either of the above Agents will be finished and returned with quicker despatch than usual.

Aug. 15. S. LIPPINCOTT.

Flour Corn Meal & Tea.

JUST RECEIVED per Schr. "*Helena*," from New York

300 bbls. extra Superfine Canadian Flour.
150 do. Corn Meal,
50 Chests Tea. Warranted.

GEORGE F. C. LOWDEN.

Charlottetown, August 15th, 1855. 1m

NOTICE.

Mr. GEORGE R. BEER, of Charlottetown, and PHILIP BAKER, Esq., or either of them are duly authorized by Power of Attorney, bearing even date with this, to collect and receive or sue for, all monies due, and owing to me, and to give discharges for the same, and all persons who are indebted to me will please attend to the payment of the same, and save unnecessary cost and trouble.

J. WEATHERBE.

Charlottetown, July 12th, 1855. 1m

AUCTIONS.
Improved Farm Stock for Sale,
BY PUBLIC AUCTION.

AT RASPBERRY HILL FARM, St. Peter's Road, one mile from Charlottetown, on TUESDAY, the 4th September next, the FARMING STOCK, CROP, IMPLEMENTS and HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE of Mr. Beer, sen.

—CONSISTING OF—

8 superior Milch Cows, Durham and Alderney breed,
2 remarkably fine Heifer Calves,
1 Blood Mare,
1 young Mare, 3 years old, fit for a Carriage.
1 useful Farm Horse, 2 fat Pigs,
About 15 tons Hay,
About 4 acres Two-rowed Barley,
3 acres Swedish Turnips, a few Tubs Butter,
1 Waggon, Carts, Plough, Harrows, Harness, &c.,
1 Thrashing Machine, Dairy Utensils,
2 Franklin Stoves, 1 Cooking do.,
Several articles Household Furniture,
A lot of Firewood, (cut and split.)

At the same time, will be offered for Sale, the Leasehold Interest of the Farm, containing about 44 Acres, in a high state of cultivation.

Terms.—For Stock, Crop, &c., on all sums above £5, a credit of Three Months, on approved Notes; less than £5, cash. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, and continue until all is sold.

JAMES MORRIS, Auctioneer.

August 14th, 1855.

AUCTION.

ON the Market Square, on SATURDAY, 1st September next, at the hour of 5 o'clock, afternoon, 1 *THRASHING MACHINE*, on the most approved principle, having all iron Castings, and being in working order. It will be sold to the highest bidder, and a Credit of Six Months allowed to the purchaser on approved security.

BENJ DAVIES, Auctioneer.

Aug. 15.

EXTENSIVE SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, GLASSWARE, HORSES, CARRIAGES, COWS, &c.,

THE Subscriber has been instructed to sell by AUCTION, early in SEPTEMBER, at the residence of JAMES MACKINLAY, Esq., Edenwood, the whole of his valuable HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, GLASSWARE, CHINA-WARE, HORSES, CARRIAGES, MILCH COWS, &c.

For particulars, *vide* Catalogues, to be had on application to the Auctioneer a few days previous to the Sale.

Also,

To Let, for 2 years, 12 acres of valuable LAND, in high cultivation, with the privilege of occupying the Mansion, providing a suitable tenant offers.

JAMES MORRIS, Auctioneer.

Ch. Town, Aug. 15. (All papers.)

(For the Benefit of all concerned.)

TO BE SOLD, at Public Auction, for the benefit of all concerned, on TUESDAY, the 21st day of August instant, at the hour of 11 o'clock, forenoon,

THE HULL, CHAINS, ANCHORS, BOATS, MATERIALS
AND THE
SHIP STORES,

—CONSISTING OF—

between 30 and 40 Bbls. Pork and Beef, 12 barrels Flour, Four Thousand weight of Pilot Bread, several barrels Corn Meal, a quantity of Neats' Tongues and Pigs' Feet, several half-barrels of Mackerel, a quantity of Tongues and Sounds, 1 doz. well-cured Hams, several bbls. Molasses, preserved Meats of all descriptions, besides a large quantity of CABIN STORES of the Ship *Henry Ware*, burthen 539 Tons, Leonard W. Horton, Master, belonging to the Port of Boston, U. S. of America, where she now lies wrecked at the Eastern side of the entrance of South Lake, near East Point, Township No. 47.

JOHN MACGOWAN,

Souris, Aug. 13, 1855. Auctioneer.

Clydesdale Horse "Columbus."

TO BE SOLD, by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the 18th instant, on the Market Square, at 12 o'clock, the well-known celebrated Entire Horse "Columbus."

Terms.—One-half the purchase money down, the remainder in 12 months, on an approved Joint Note.

August 8. Adv & Isl

NAVY AND ARMY LISTS for July, received by Mail for sale at Haszard and Owen's Bookstore.