THE DAILY EXAMINER.

FEBRUARY 1, 1892.

Cumberland.

CUMBERLAND, too, has spoken in condemnation of Mercierism in Dominion politics. It was, for Mr. Laurier and the grit party, an unlucky day when the campaign of election petitions was begun by the Quebec boodlers. "Mercierism" and the "unrestricted reciprocity fad" make a heavy load for Mr. Laurier and his friends to carry.

Chili.

IT makes all the difference in the world whose ox is gored. The United States refused to give Italy satisfaction for the New Orleans outrage. But the United States exacted satisfaction from Chili on account of an outrage not so scandalous. The United States cannot boast that the result is "peace, with honor,"—though Chili has been humiliated and peace is assured. The offer of Chili to submit the matter in dispute to arbitration or to the Supreme Court of the United States argues its belief in the possession of a strong case. But, then, Chili is physically weak.

Drinking in Charlottetown.

WE doubt if there is in America, another city of twelve thousand, which can boast of only a baker's dozen of convictions for drunkenness during the month of January. Of course the convictions do not include all who have been drunk. But the fact that there has been, on the average, only one conviction for every two working days and none for Sundays, is creditable, inasmuch as it shows that "Free Rum" does not induce an increasing number to indulge too freely and that the mass of our people know how to restrain their appetites. The use of alcohol is not yet confined to those who have been directed to use it as a medicine. Until it is, we cannot be fully satisfied. But the statements that Charlottetown is "a very drunken city," and that there is here "a carnival of rum," may, in view of the police reports and what we see and know, be dismissed as malignant slanders. Greater temperance is certainly to be desired, and we hope that all lovers of temperance will work prudently to that end.

Spurgeon

SPURGEON, the great preacher, has passed away. Before he was eighteen years of age he became pastor of a small Baptist congregation at Waterbeach. In 1853 he was called to a Baptist Church in Southwick, London, to which his preaching attracted such crowds that the congregation removed first to Exerter Hall and then to the Surrey Music Hall. In 1861 a new chapel, known as the Metropolitan Tabernacle, capable of seating six thousand persons, was completed at Newington Butts. Mr. Spurgeon was the founder of "the Stockwell Orphanage," "the Pastor's College," "the Colportage Association," "the Book Fund," and "the Supplementary Pastor's Aid Fund." Mr. Spurgeon's sermons, of which about 25,000 of each issue were sold, have been published since the first week of 1855, and translated into several foreign languages. As an author, Mr. Spurgeon produced a number of works, the chief one being the "Treasury of David," and he was editor of the well-known magazine, "The Sword and the Trowel." As an orator he was undoubtedly, one of the most powerful of modern times. In 1887 he severed his connection with the Baptist Union, alleging that many of its members held views more in harmony with the teachings of Matthew Arnold and Herbert Spencer than with those of St. Paul and the Christian Fathers. Recently his health has been broken. He retired to Mentone in the hope of regaining, in that quiet health resort, some of the strength he had lost in his last severe illness; and he passed away there at the age of fifty-eight years.

Notes and Comments.

—An esteemed correspondent writes: "It is a matter for congratulation that the Grits have not got hold of the seat so long held by the Grand Old Chieftain. The Kingstonians have held true to the memory of an honored name."

—To-day we have to record the death of Mr. R M. Barratt, one of our best-known and highly-esteemed citizens, who passed away at an early hour this morning. For about half a century Mr. Barratt had been a prominent figure in temperance reform, especially in connection with the order of the Sons of Temperance. He had been a very active member of Zion Church. In Sabbath school as well as congregational work he had filled every available position with ability and unremitting zeal, and had very frequently been called upon to fill preaching appointments in both town and country. His work as Secretary of the Y. M. C. A. is familiar to all our citizens. He had reached the good old age of four-score years.

LA GRIPPE IN QUEBEC.—A late depatch from Quebec says: An aged couple, brother and sister, living some miles distant from any neighborhood, have been found to be suffering with la grippe. The woman is in a critical condition, and the man demented and roaming about in a state of nudity.

GET at sale of boots and shoes at the Dominion Boot and Shoe Store, commencing Tuesday, 2nd February.

Educational.

There is considerable excitement among the students of Victoria University (Methodist) Toronto, occasioned by the expulsion of Rev. Dr. Workman, for heresy. Out of a total of 35, only 18 voted—eight defending Dr. Workman. Following is the Doctor's farewell address:

"It pleases me exceedingly," he said, "that you express so honestly your manly sympathy with liberty of investigation. In my opinion the greatest calamity that can befall the Christian Church, the sorest affliction that can rest upon a college or a university, is what I call, for want of a better term, 'dry rot.' Better death a thousand times than mental stagnation. Indeed, mental stagnation means intellectual death. (Applause.) Are we to believe nothing but that which we have received by tradition from our fathers? Have we learned nothing during the last 1,900 years? Our forefathers studied by the aid of a rush-light; our fathers studied by the aid of a tallow candle; we, their children, study by the aid of electric lights and lamps. If we do not know more than our ancestors knew we are guilty of gross abuse of our advantages. The old is not necessarily the true, nor is the new necessarily false. But it may be said the old is more likely to be true and the new more likely to be false. In matters of demonstration this may be the case, but in matters of criticism and of investigation it is not the case. We live in times of progress; we are borne onward by the march of intellect,

"And I doubt not through the ages one unceasing purpose runs,
And the thoughts of men are widened with the process of the suns."

"Inasmuch as knowledge grows from more to more continually and increasingly, the very fact that certain interpretations and expositions satisfied our fathers afford a sufficient reason in itself why their opinions should fail to satisfy us, their children, without due examination and research; that is, without putting their theories to a practical, personal test. The new wine of modern criticism cannot be confined in the old bottles of ancient traditionalism or of mediæval scholasticism without the inevitable catastrophe of bursting the antiquated bottles following as a natural consequence. (Tremendous cheering.) That which the world desires, that which the church requires, is truth, well certified and well attested truth. The truth must be bought at any cost, and it must not be sold at any price."

The Rev. Frederic E. J. Lloyd has contributed an article to The Week, under the heading, "Education v. Instruction," in the course of which he contends that,—

"An educator who does not as his most obvious duty make the religious trend of a child's mind his first care is not worthy the name, though, sadly enough, he belongs to a class that is largely on the increase at the present time. Manifold opportunities for receiving instruction are placed within the reach of all, so that none need grow up or continue in a state of ignorance, nor is good breeding entirely overlooked, though sadly enough the genus *child* is rapidly becoming a thing of the past. . . . . In our educational systems which have done much valuable work, the individual is, of necessity, sacrificed to the mass, and while instruction in a bewildering array of "branches" is given, the drawing out of the latent powers of the scholar's mind and directing them into proper channels—in a word, education is fatally neglected, with the result that hardly twenty per cent. of the scholars will befit the position into which circumstances in after life may thrust them. The round man in the square hole is the product of the much-instruction and no-education system, and so, also, in large part, is he who fails in life (as so many do) without any obvious or adequate reason. . . . . Instruction alone, as imparted everywhere nowadays, ministers to pride, and this is its prime result. Education properly understood, engenders, above and before all things, humility, because its elemental principles relate to self knowledge. If our children in their earliest years were taught to know more of themselves and less of their books and "branches," they would come in time to think less of themselves and of their attainments and more of their books because able to estimate their value aright, and would read or not read them as an educated and discriminating intellect might dictate."

An article in Lippincott for January, by Amelia E Barr, deals with "The Decline of Politeness." The writer has reference to the States, of course; not to Canada or Prince Edward Island. She declares that,—

"Children are not now taught to honor their father and their mother; and neither the tone of society nor its securities have been improved by neglecting those domestic good manners which sweeten and strengthen life at its very roots. This dereliction supposes another, rude fathers and nagging mothers, who replace their artificial public manners with icy sarcasms, provoking silences, and irritable complainings at home. And true politeness depends upon an undeviating habit. No man is polite enough, no man is human enough, whose public courtesies have not their origin in the gracious sweetness generated upon his own hearth."

"Education is a moral training as well as a bookish acquirement; and in this moral training too much neglect is shown for the social rules of gesture, which centuries of human experience have proved to be necessary. Mischiefs enough come of careless and impertinent language; familiarities of manner are still more dangerous. Bows, courtesies, costumes, ceremonies, have an enormous moral value. The natural inequalities that exist between father and son, teacher and scholar, soldier and officer, must have forms to represent them; gestures of respect are necessary to discipline; and without discipline society would rest on the gospel that all men, women, and children are equal,—that the privileges of one sex or age are the rights of all; and this brings us to that anarchy of creed, opinions, and usages which is the millenium of advanced radicalism. But infant school teaching shows us how important the gestures of the body are to the training of the mind; and any one can see what different beings are the soldier standing at attention and the lout lounging through his existence."

"There is real social danger in discarding all forms of civility, and even some antiquated costumes and ceremonies. They are the symbols of order and of safety: and if they are removed from the growing generation, as well as neglected by our own overworked selves, then we voluntarily take off powerful checks from brutal passions, and we may gird up our loins to meet such evil days as we have at present no conception of. The soldier's uniform, the sailor's peculiar garb, the nun's veil, the clergyman's cloth, the civil oath, the attitude of prayer, the bridal veil, the marriage-ring, the sign of the cross,—these, and many other kindred forms and symbols, are the rivets and bolts that keep home and society from falling into chaos."

WILL you suffer with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is sure to cure you.—Reddin Bros. novldwly

February.

The world lies hushed in white,
Field and hollow and hill;
The forest grim has a purple rim
And the river's heart is still.
Then hey for that dim hour fleet,
Born of the day and the dark,
When the earth flame red doth leap to meet,
Its far-off phantom speak.

And ho! for who comes nigh,
With his yellow hair ablow!
Is warmth and cheer for the traveler here,
Or wilt thou bid him go?
Nay, for he rideth to win,
With the young year bonny and bold;
Then open thy door and let love in,
Good neighbor, from out the cold.

Virginia Woodward Cloud, in The Ladies' Home Journal.

News Notes.

The influenza epidemic has increased the week's mortality in Paris by one hundred daily.

The American Beet Sugar Producers' Association has been formed in San Francisco. The object of the association is to encourage the development of the beet sugar industry in the United States.

The latest census of the United States government office holders show a total of 150,000, as against 100,000 ten years ago. This indicates that office holding is considerably more than keeping pace with the growth in population.

Habitual drunkards are cared for in a singular and withal effective manner in Norway and Sweden. The penalty is imprisonment, and during incarceration they are fed on bread and wine, no water being allowed them. The bread is steeped in wine for an hour before it is brought to the cell night and morning. It tastes good at first, but after eight or ten days the prisoner is so nauseated by it that he refuses it. The cure is considered quite as effective as any gold treatment can be.

The last mails from Chili bring the news of a terrible invasion of locusts from the Argentine Republic. According to reports just received, the locusts are marching southward without abandoning the line of the Cordillera, or approaching the centre where there are important crops. The damage already done to the crops at Porcon and Villarica can only be remedied by charity. All the tract from Innin to Pucon, 40 leagues, is covered with locusts. No remedy is known. They have destroyed all kinds of crops and grass. There is no doubt that among the Indians there will be great misery. All the settlers and the caciques were soon to collect together in order to form a body of 4,000 or 5,000 men, with the object of attacking the insects and destroying them with fire.

Personal

The Duchess of Bavaria, mother of Empress Elizabeth of Austria, died last week.

Cardinal Ledochowski has been appointed successor to the late Cardinal Simeoni.

Alfred Carpenter, the well-known English physician, is dead.

It is stated that Mr. B. W. Shannon, of Kingston, has purchased the Ottawa Citizen. The purchase price is said to have been $30,000.

Mr. Gladstone in his summons to his followers to be present on the re-opening of Parliament, says he hopes then to learn the intentions of the Government in regard to local government for Ireland.

The many friends in New Brunswick of Commissioner Johnson, of the Customs Department, will be pleased to hear that there is no truth whatever in the report that his superannuation has been decided on by the Government.—St. John Sun.

DIED.

This morning, 1st February, R. M. Barratt, in his 81st year.

[Funeral from his late residence, Robison House, on Wednesday at 3 p. m., for People's Cemetery.]

At Upton, on Saturday, the 30th inst., Frances Coulson, relict of Captain, the Hon. Stephen Rice, in her 90th year.

[Funeral on Tuesday, at 1 p. m., to Milton Church.]

At Georgetown, P. E. Island, on the 18th inst, in the 83rd year of his age, Joseph Macdonald, a native of Barney's River, Merigomish, N. S.

Great chance to buy goods cheap at J. B. Macdonald's.

ANNUAL MEETING.

Merchants' Bank P. E. Island.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Merchants' Bank of P. E. Island will be held at its Banking House, Great George Street, Charlottetown, on THURSDAY, the 3rd day of March next, A. D. 1892, at the hour of 11 o'clock, a. m.

As the Bank comes under the new Bank Act on the 1st day of March next, important questions will come up at the Annual Meeting for consideration and decision, and each Shareholder is requested to be present personally or by proxy.

Proxies must be left with the Cashier at least one day previous to the meeting.

WM. McLEAN,
Cashier.

Ch'town, Feb. 1892—2aw (m th) & wy tl dte

Y. M. L. A.

—OF—

St. James' Church.

THE NEXT LECTURE will be delivered by C. B. McNEILL, ESQ., in ST. JAMES' HALL, on

Tuesday Evening Next, Feb. 2nd,

AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

SUBJECT "DANIEL O'CONNELL."

Admission, 15 cents. jan30

Card to Electors of Ward 2.

GENTLEMEN,—Believing that the welfare of the City requires the infusion of new blood and energy in the management of civic affairs, and that the interests of the city will be enhanced by the proper expenditure of the revenue in providing for permanent improvements, I have decided to offer as a candidate for Ward Two at the coming Civic Election. I therefore solicit the support of the Ward, and pledge myself that if elected I will do all I can to keep our city up to its place in the march of progress and improvement.

C. E. ROBERTSON.

jan28

Local and Other Items.

JANUARY went out wild.

A FINE DAY—after the storm.

WONDERFUL WEATHER.—The Southport Ferry Steamer is crossing to-day, Feb. 1.

SEE J. B. Macdonald's advertisement of great sale of dry goods and clothing.

THE SKATING RINK opens this evening. Citizens' Band in attendance. Ice in excellent condition.

ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SEVEN pairs of Women's Fine Boots that Cheap Jack will sell, no matter how much he can get for them.

NOTICE.—Sunday School lesson notes for 1892 now offering at big discounts.—Haszard & Moore.

THE life and work of the greatest of Irish agitators will be the subject of Mr. McNeill's lecture in St. James' Hall to-morrow night.

SELLING AT COST.—Heavy overcoatings and suitings, woollen underwear, fur caps, gloves, etc. Come and see for yourselves.—D. A. BRUCE.

MEETING.—The regular monthly meeting of the Hook & Ladder Company will be held this evening at 7 30 o'clock.—D. Finlayson, Sec'y.

HOCKEY.—A full meeting of the Hockey Club is called for to-morrow (Tuesday) night. Place of meeting will be announced in to-morrow's papers.

EVERY true Irishman and all who admire motive and devoted adherence to principle, should hear Mr. C. B McNeill's lecture to-morrow evening on Daniel O'Connell.

S. E. B. C.—All members of the South End Boating Club are requested to attend the regular quarterly meeting which is to take place at their rooms, Lower Water Street, this evening at 8 o'clock sharp.

CONCERT.—We understand that a concert in aid of the Charlottetown Hospital will be given in the Lyceum about the middle of the month. A special programme is being prepared. Further particulars later on.

FUNERAL NOTICE.—The members of Prince Edward Division No. 1, Victoria No. 4, and Orient No. 161, are requested to meet this (Monday) evening in Wright's Hall, Kent Street, to make arrangements for the funeral of their late Brother R. M. Barrett, P. G. W. P.

JACK THE GLASS BREAKER.—Some unknown person has been amusing himself of late breaking glass in the windows of residences in Halifax, N. S. These acts of vandalism are generally committed about eight o'clock in the evening.

DIPHTHERIA.—We regret to learn from the Pioneer that Mr. Thomas McArthur, of Lot 10, recently lost three of his children by that dread disease, diphtheria. One boy—aged about 14 years—had apparently recoved, but took a relapse and died.

TO-DAY Beer Bros. commenced their annual White Goods sale, and although the storm yesterday left the streets in very poor condition for shoppers, the attendance was very large. No lady should miss attending at her earliest convenience.

MISSIONARY MEETING.—A public meeting, under the auspices of the Women's Missionary Society, will be held in the Second Methodist Church, Upper Prince Street, this (Monday) evening, at half-past seven o'clock. An interesting programme has been prepared. All invited.

THE CITY SNOW PLOUGH was out yesterday and to-day, doing good work on some of the streets. In some cases, however, the plough was not driven over the side of the street where the most snow was lodged. For instance, on Euston Street, east of Clements' corner, the plough was run along on the south side where there was little or no snow, while the north side, where the snow was up to one's knees, was not touched at all.

D. C. S.—The annual general meeting of the Diocesan Church Society will be held in St. Paul's Schoolroom on the evening of Wednesday, the 3rd of February, commencing at 8 o'clock, for the election of officers and transaction of general business. Also, there will be a meeting of the Executive Committee on the previous evening commencing at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of appropriating the Society's funds for the ensuing year.—Percy Pope, Sec'y. tf

THE P. E. Island Hospital has received the following: Collected by Mrs Wm Miller, Marshfield, $19 00. Collected by Mrs R and Miss T Haslam, Springfield, $7 00. Collected by Mrs Albert S Wright, Scarletown, $8 47; Methodist Church, Sunamerside, $4 80; Presbyterian Church, Cavendish, $7 00; Presbyterian Church, Stanley Bridge, $6 00, Montague Union Meeting, $6 07. Collected by Mrs George Forbes, Vernon River, $3 50; collected by Miss Mary Crosby, Freetown, $3; Mrs Arch McPhee, Gallas Point, 50c, (omitted in list previously acknowledged;) Presbyterian congregation of New London and Kensington, $21.

POLICE COURT.—This morning two big strapping fellows named William Pearon and John McLaughlin were arraigned charged with being drunk and incapable. The evidence showed that Pearon was drunk on Queen Street late on Saturday night, and was shouting to attract the police so that he might be arrested. Later on he took up a position near the City Building and refused to move on when ordered to do so by the police. As a consequence he was taken in charge and locked up. In court this morning he said he had no place to go and asked that he be given two months in jail. His Honor asked Pearon when he had been in jail before, and he replied "six years ago for an ordinary drunk." The Marshal said that Pearon was a chum of McLaughlin's, and had no visible means of support. Pearon got the two months he asked for with hard labor. McLaughlin was next ordered to stand up. The evidence in his case was to the effect that he had called at the police station shortly after mid-night on Saturday in an intoxicated condition, and was kept there by the officer in charge. McLaughlin did not deny the allegation. His Honor asked him how many months he would like, and he said he thought two would do. His Honor asked the Marshal if McLaughlin was not a notorious thief, and that officer promptly replied that he would steal anything he could carry away. The Magistrate forthwith ordered that McLaughlin be imprisoned for six months with hard labor. An ordinary drunk was disposed of for a fine of $3 or 4 days.

OUR ANNUAL White Goods Sale

will begin MONDAY, FEBRUARY 1ST, with extraordinary attractions. We have secured a marvellous bargain in Swiss Embroideries and Flouncings, and another in Remnants of White Cottons at away below mill prices.

QUALITY.

Cotton Sheetings,	Embroideries,
Linen Sheetings,	Insertions,
Pillow Cottons,	Flouncings,
Towelings,	Muslins,
Towels,	Linsdales,
Linen Tablings,	Cambrics,
Linen Napkins,	Edgings,
Tray Cloths,	Laces.

BB QUALITY.

EVERY LADY

will find this an unequalled opportunity to replenish her stock of Linen and Cotton Goods, and procure everything necessary for the choicest Summer White Wear.

BEER BROS.

TEA!

(x)

OUR TEA TRADE IS BOOMING!

(x)

DURING the Months of November and December our Tea trade increased so much that we had to send an order to London for another supply, in order to keep us going till we receive our Spring Stock. We attribute this large increase to the fact that we offered the best value in Teas on P. E. Island, and they gave them a fair trial and were convinced that what we stated was true.

We won't sell you any Tea that we cannot warrant!

CALL EARLY AND TRY A SAMPLE LOT.

BEER & GOFF,

Ch'town, Feb. 1, 1892—eod&wy Queen and King Square Stores.

INSURANCE!

(x)

GROUHART & BROW,

GENERAL AGENTS,

Office, Brown's Block, Charlottetown.

How Would These Prics Suit You?

(x)

TO DISPOSE OF OUR HEAVY CLOTHS, and give employment to our help during the dull season, we offer for Six Weeks the following GENUINE REDUCTIONS—New and Nobby Patterns:—

$25.00	Suits	now	selling	for	$20.00.
$23.00	"	"	"	"	18.00.
$21.00	"	"	"	"	16.50
$19.00	"	"	"	"	15.50.
$18.00	"	"	"	"	14.50.

Lower priced material at a proportionate reduction. All our Heavy Overcoating is marked down at COST.

D. A. BRUCE,

The Clothier and Furnisher.

Charlottetown, January 26, 1892—eod & wky

GREAT SALE

—OF—

Household Goods,

—COMMENCING ON—

WEDNESDAY, 20th INST.

JAS. PATON & CO.

will offer during the next Two Weeks their whole stock of WHITE COTTONS, SHEETINGS, PILLOW COTTONS, TABLE LINENS, TABLE CLOTHS, TOWELS, and all kinds of HOUSEHOLD FURNISHINGS at extraordinary reductions from usual selling prices.

From the well-known reliable character of goods kept in stock by JAS. PATON & CO., and at the low prices now marked, they have confidence in asserting that better value has not been submitted in Dry Goods for many years past.

Special Value

—IN ALL KINDS OF—

WHITE GOODS.

White Embroidery,
White Pique,
White Tucked Lawns,
White Checked Muslins,
White Cotton Chemises,
White Cotton Knickers,
White Cotton Night Gowns,
White Cottons,
White Nainsooks,
White Linens, etc., etc.

It will be to every Lady's advantage to attend this Great Sale and secure Bargains before buying their Spring Sewing.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

Jas. Paton & Co.,

BROWN'S BLOCK,

168 Market Square.

Ch'town, Jan. 18, 1892—dy & wky

C. R. SMALLWOOD,

Barrister and Attorney-at-Law,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Office in Cameron Block, lately occupied by F. L. Haszard, Esq., South side of Queen Square.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Ch'town, Jan. 21, 1892—eod & wy 3m