

Miscellaneous.

THE DEATH OF LORD RAGLAN.

When winter laid her piercing hand Upon our hapless braves, We said some bitter things, old Man, When counting o'er their graves.

Some fell in battle, but we sung A wreath upon their tomb, For rays of glory struggled through That day of doleful gloom.

Some died of want and nakedness, With plenty by their side; Great God! we cried, who rules the men Whom woe like these betide?

We blamed the bitterly, old Man; We saw not, in our grief, The System weaving at their shrouds— We only saw their Chief.

But then art gone! and now we kneel To part thy silver hair; And feel that one so true and tried Old England ill could spare.

So rest in peace, brave Warrior, rest! Thy great life-battle done; No reckless blame shall blot the fame Thy valor well hath won.

SEPULCHRAL LITERATURE.

In the way of Sepulchral literature, says the Knickerbocker, we remember nothing better than the following copied from an old Scottish tombstone:

"Here lies the body of Alexander McPberon, Who was a very extraordinary person; He was six feet high in his stocking feet, And kept his accoutrements very clean and neat; He was slow At the battle of Waterloo; He was shot by a bullet, Plump through the gullet; It went in at his throat, And came out at the back of his coat."

Being "slew'd" in this way, is a worse death than the Pennsylvania legislator, who came to his end, in the language of a colleague, by "being threw from his horse." The above is very good, indeed, but nothing to compare with the beautiful epitaph written by John Ollapod, of Pennsylvania, on the death of his two infant children:

"Here lies in me babes so dead as nits, Vot Got has killed mit ague fits; He would not let 'em stay mit me, So took 'em home to stay mit he."

The same gentleman also wrote his own epitaph, which runs thus:

"Here lies the body of Zhaun Ollapod— Have mercy on his soul, O Got, As he would do if he was Got, And Got was old Zhaun Ollapod."

LET HER BE.—A Detroit mercantile gentleman who was travelling eastward a short time since, went to the clerk of one of the Ontario boats to be shown to his state room. The clerk handed the applicant a key, at the same time pointing to a door at some little distance, marked B.

Our friend went in the direction indicated, but opened the next door to his own, marked A, where he discovered a lady passenger making her toilet, who upon the stranger's appearance, uttered a low scream.

"Go away! go away!" screamed the lady.

"Letter B," yelled the clerk.

"I am not touching her at all," shouted the indignant merchant.

"In carving a partridge," says Sydney Smith, "I splashed Miss Markham with gravy from head to foot; and though I saw three distinct brown rills of animal juice trickling down her cheek, she had the complaisance to declare that not a drop had reached her. Such circumstances are the triumphs of civilized life."

EDITORIAL PROPRIETIES.—There is good sense in the following remarks from the Newark Daily Advertiser. It will be a proud day for the editorial profession when we will act up to these suggestions. Next to the pleasure of having opinions is that of expressing them; in some persons the latter is the greater of the two. Thousands, indeed, don't care half so much for the real right and wrong upon a subject, as for an opportunity to have a say at it on one side or the other, and it is not of much consequence which. Serious discussions to them are out of the question. A running commentary on events, or popular questions, is one method of accomplishing their wishes, and this is easy and agreeable enough.

Another is a kind of editorial conversation in the columns of a paper. This may be good natured, or otherwise, and affords a mighty convenient way of filling them. But is it very profitable to the public to be obliged to overhear personal altercations, whether in good or bad temper? Gossip or tattle of this sort may be sometimes entertaining, frequently spicy, but the consistency, or inconsistency, the mistakes and faults of an editor are not so interesting to the community as to the parties. Their controversies are often trivial to the last degree, and not seldom tend to lower all concerned in public esteem, certainly in that of the judicious, and rightly too. Personalities, to be tolerable to all but vulgar minds, must be of the good-humored sort; gossip, to be fit for the common ear, should have a foundation of common interest, or agreeable information. It will largely promote the dignity and utility of the press to divert whatever comes under their notice as much as possible, of personal bearing. Let questions be debated on their real nature, without reference to men. Decisions will then be more likely to be correct, than when complicated and distorted with considerations external to them.

CONDUCTING A NEWSPAPER.—A church deacon, who had a most disparaging idea of the qualifications necessary for sermonizing, was once unexpectedly called upon, in the absence of the minister, to deliver a discourse. He gave out a text, and having laid down his propositions, prepared to elaborate them, but unfortunately finding that both language and ideas failed him in the new position in which he was placed, he suddenly stopped, and while the sweat poured down his face, exclaimed despairingly, "If any of you think it a very easy thing to preach, just come up here and try it."

So it is with an editor's duties and responsibilities. Few are aware of his perplexing cares and appreciate them. To write the necessary editorials for a weekly paper, is perhaps a comparatively easy task, although requiring much thought and mental labor to vary the subjects from week to week, so that they may be acceptable and instructive to the reader. But apart from this, the editor, in order to give variety to the journal, and make it, as its name imports, a newspaper, must read papers from all parts of the world, and glean such facts as are new and interesting, to transfer to his own columns, and when it is known that sometimes fifty newspapers are read without affording one item worth copying, it will be seen that this is a very discouraging labor;

besides, there is much discrimination required in the selection of the articles to be presented, and the memory is often asked sorely to remember what articles have already appeared in the paper.

Hence the weekly making up a paper, which is expected to contain nothing heterodox—nothing antagonistic to the reader's political opinions—nothing to offend the most fastidious—and at the same time furnish to every class of readers the necessary amount of mental aliment, is an onerous and wasting service, and to all who think otherwise, we say—"Just come and try it!"

FAT MEN.—There is something cordial about a fat man. Everybody likes him, and he likes everybody. Your Ishmaelites are in truth a barbed race; a lank tribe they are, skeleton and bile. Food does a fat man good, it clings to him, it fructifies on him, he swells nobly out, and fills a generous space in life. He is a living, walking minister of gratitude to the earth, and the fullness thereof; an incarnate testimony against the vanities of care; a radiant manifestation of the wisdom of good humor. A fat man, therefore, almost in virtue of being a fat man, is, per se, a popular man, and commonly he deserves his popularity. In a crowded vehicle the fattest man will ever be the most ready to make room. Indeed, he seems to be half sorry for his size, lest it be in the way of others; but others would not have him less than he is, for his humanity is usually commensurate with his bulk. A fat man has abundance of rich juices. The hinges of his system are well oiled; the springs of his being are noiseless; and so he goes on his way rejoicing, in full contentment and placidity.

A fat man feels his position solid in the world; he knows that his being is cognizable; he knows that he has a marked place in the universe, and that he need take no extra pains to advertise mankind that he is among them; he knows that he is in no danger of being overlooked. Your thin man is uncertain, and therefore he is uneasy. He may vanish any hour into nothing; already he is almost a shadow, and hence it is that he uses such laborious efforts to convince you of his existence; to persuade you that he is more than a nonentity; that he is as positive a subject as his corpulent fellow-creature.

It does really take a deal of wrong to make one really hate a fat man; and if we are not always as cordial to a thin man as we should be, Christian charity should take into account the force of prejudice which we have to overcome against his thinness. A fat man is nearest to that most perfect of figures, a mathematical sphere; a thin man to that most limited of conceivable dimensions, a simple line. A fat man is a being of harmonious volume, and holds relations to the material universe in every direction; a thin man has nothing but length; a thin man, in fact, is but the continuation of a point.—Lectures of Henry Giles.

WORTH KNOWING.—One pound of green copperas (costs seven cents) dissolved in one quart of water, and poured down a privy, will effectually concentrate and destroy the fulest smells. For water closets on board ships and steamboats, about hotels and other places, simple green copperas, dissolved; and for sick rooms, it may be placed under the bed in anything which will hold water, and thus render a hospital or other places of the sick, free from unpleasant smells. For butchers' stalls, fish markets, slaughter houses, sinks, and wherever there are putrid and offensive gases, dissolve copperas and sprinkle it about, and in a few days the 'bad smell' will pass away. If a cat, a rat, or a mouse dies about the house and sends forth an offensive gas, place some dissolved copperas in a cup or jar, anywhere within 'smelling distance,' and the cure is sure. I have known a stock of dry goods which were nearly spoiled by a skunk under a store, to be cleaned and restored simply by sprinkling dissolved copperas about the floor.

FASCICUL.—The editor of a paper, who was a great sufferer from toothache, made the following observation after a violent attack:—"The person who can write editorials while suffering with toothache, could kick up his heels over the grave of Hope, and snap his dying fingers in the face of Time and Sorrow."

SENSATIONS IN BATTLES.—A sergeant in the 71st writes to his father in Glasgow:—

"We have had two or three night's duty before Sebastopol, the trenches being our principal work. The first night I was down the firing was pretty brisk, and the most part of our lads were a little nervous when a round shot came whizzing close to our position. Indeed, I may safely say, that all fresh hands feel a sensation which they would scarcely like to acknowledge, when exposed to shot and shell for the first time—the whiz of a round shot and whistle of the Minie bullets coming often closer to a novice's head than is consistent with that sang froid which everybody would fain pretend; but after a few visits one gets accustomed to all sorts of things; but is sometimes startled by seeing a comrade struck down when least expecting such an occurrence. What surprises me most, is that the casualties are so few where there is such a vast number of projectiles flying about so many men. When a sortie is made—which happened the first night I was down—the effect is beautiful, as the Russians throw out bright lights which illuminate the place all around, and, combined with the flashes of musketry, remind me of the fireworks I have paid a shilling to witness at home. Here your charge for admission is the chance of losing your head."

A bar-keeper in Rutland, Vt., who has been indicted for selling liquor, complains that the authorities have put back the temperance cause at least ten years by prosecuting him. He says that the people were becoming so well trained that they took liquors from him which were two-thirds water, and that if he had been let alone he would have got them so that they would have drank clear water within six months.

UPPER CANADIAN REFINEMENT.—LONDON CITY COUNCIL.—A recent scene in the City Council is thus described by the "Free Press":—

Alderman Moffat, referring to a subject under discussion, alluded to the influence which Alderman Barker had over Mr. Peters, upon which jumped Alderman Barker, and striking his fist on the table, said "you're a liar, and a d—d liar." Cries of order—chair.

Alderman Barker—"I've denied it before, and do so again; you're a mean liar, and a d—d lying scoundrel." Here the Mayor left the chair, but the worthy Alderman continued to pour a perfect volley of abuse, vociferated at the top of his voice, and forced his way over to the spot where Alderman Moffat stood; when, from the exhaustion, he became quiet for a few moments, the chair was resumed. Alderman Barker then rose and tendered his apology to the Council. Hereupon Councillor Glass moved that the apology be accepted, but coupled this with the remark, that it must be understood that Alderman Barker would not again transgress in the way he had done.

Alderman Barker—"I shan't do anything of the kind. Go to h—l with your resolution. When a man tells a lie of me I'll tell him so, and I say again, that Moffat is a mean, lying vagabond." The Mayor again left the chair, and the Council broke up. Alderman Moffat and Glass, still contending, and the last words we caught were to the latter, calling him a d—d puppy.

A man with one eye laid another a wager that he (the one-eyed) saw more than the other. The wager was accepted. "You have lost," said the first; "I can see two eyes in your face, and you can only see one in mine."

Notice.

THE subscriber has opened the shop lately occupied by Mr. William Crabb, in Mr. William Swardon's buildings, Queen Square, facing the Government Buildings, and has for sale

GROCERIES, LIQUORS, &c. wholesale and retail. TEA in variety, prepared cocoa, chocolate, sweet do., sugar, loaf do., crushed do., raisins, dates, zante currants, onions, nuts, biscuit, soap, cavendish tobacco, cigars, snuff, treacle, olive oil, coffee, molasses, citron, orange and lemon peel, Jordan almonds, valencia do., candles, burning fluid, wick, salad oil, Windsor soap, pickles, smoces, mustard, macaroni, vermicelli, sago, arrow root, split peas, starch, corn do., thumb blue, indigo, red wood, logwood, yellow wood, black copperas, saltpetre, soda, cream tartar, alum, liquorice, boxes table salt, whiting, bath brick, black lead, blacking, wine flasks, scrubbing brushes, shoe do., hair do., matches, cloves, cinnamon, nutmeg, allspice, pepper, ginger, rice, cayenne pepper, digby herrings, gelatine, rock candy, sweeties, Annapolis cheese.

In Liquors—BRANDY, GIN, Demerara RUM, WHISKEY; WINE—Sherry, Madeira, Port; bottled Ale, London bottled Porter, Cider. Charlottetown, September 3. 2s HUGH FRASER.

FALL SUPPLIES BEGINNING TO ARRIVE AT THE

CITY DRUG STORE,

NO. 14, QUEEN STREET.

100 TINS white, black, red, blue and yellow PAINTS, 2 casks Linseed Oil, 1 hhd. Sperm do., 1 hhd. Olive do., 1 hhd. machinery do., 3 bls. Copal Varnish, (sold at 2, 3 and 4s. a pint), Paint and Varnish Brushes, Dye-woods, Indigo, Madder, Gudgeon, Bluestone, Copperas, Alum, Starch, Blue, Soda, Potash, Baking Soda, Baking Powder, Chocolate, Cocoa, Farina, Sago and Corn Starch.

—ALSO, IN STORE—A general assortment DRUGS, MEDICINES, Patent do., Perfumery, Brushes, Soaps, &c. &c. W. R. WATSON. September 17.

GREAT BARGAINS AT THE Manchester House, August 20, 1855. THE remaining stock of SUMMER GOODS, including Dress Materials, Trains, English Capes (at cost), Bonnets, Parasols, Shawls, Lace and Muslin Curtains, Toilet Quilts, white and grey Shirtings and Sheetings. Ready made Clothing, Ladies', Gents' and Children's Boots and Shoes, with a large assortment of other Goods, all of recent importation, which will be disposed of at prices so exceedingly low as to be well worthy the attention of purchasers. SAMUEL McMURRAY, Sydney-street.

Clothing at a great reduction in Prices.

CHARLES BELL offers for sale his stock of READY MADE CLOTHING, Hats, Caps and Furnishing GOODS, at a great reduction in price, as his determination is to clear off his present stock, irrespective of profits. The STOCK, as usual, consists of the best and most extensive assortment of men's wearing apparel to be found in the City, and as every care has been taken to get the Clothing made up in a substantial manner, purchasers can rely on getting a good article at a low price. CHARLES BELL, Opposite the Market, Charlottetown. September 17, 1855.

Notice.

THE subscriber requests all persons indebted to him by Note of Hand, Book Account, or otherwise, to come forward and settle their respective amounts on or before the 15th day of October next. If not settled, the same will be put into other hands for collection without further notice. Port Hill, Sept. 24, 1855. DAVID RAMSAY.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted by Note or Book Account to the late Firm of C. & J. Bell are requested to make immediate payment of the same to the subscriber. All accounts not settled on or before the first day of October next, being six months over due, will be placed in the hands of an Attorney for collection. CHARLES BELL, Charlottetown, August 30, 1855. (4)

Trevio Cloth Mills.

THESE Mills are again at work, with new and more extensive machinery, having five times the strength of their former capabilities; they are so arranged that the whole process will proceed simultaneously, and the finish will be arrived at with unusual despatch. Cloth received by Hon W W Lord, Water Street—Mr Terlizick, Kent Street—Mr John Williams, Market Square—and at the Mills by Covehead, July 9. SAMUEL GURNEY.

Grain, Grain, Grain.

THE highest price given for BARLEY and OATS at Coles's Brewery and Distillery. Constantly on hand at prices cheaper than can be purchased in the Market, the best of Rum, Brandy, Gin, Whiskey, and a superior article of old Malt Whiskey. Also:—X, XX, and XXX Ale. Charlottetown, 19th Nov. 1853.

WOOL, WOOL, WOOL.

COLES'S STEAM MILL CARDING MACHINE is now in superior order, being newly fitted up and in full operation Charlottetown, July 3, 1854

REMOVAL.

Auction and Commission Mart. THE subscriber begs to return his sincere thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage he has received since his commencement in business. He now begs to inform them that he has removed to the premises lately occupied by Mrs. FORSYTH, next door to Hon. P. WALKER, where he has ample Storage and Cellarage, and trusts by continued assiduity and attention still to receive further favours. June 4, 1855. WM. DODD.

ALLIANCE LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON ESTABLISHED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT 1824. Capital, Five Millions Sterling. CHARLES YOUNG, Agent for P. E. Island. Pasture to be Let. WELL Watered Pasturage to be Let, on the Farm of the Hon. G. COLES. Charlottetown, June 25, 1855.

Public Lands.

THE Commissioner of Public Lands gives notice that persons who have given bonds for the purchase of lands—having favorable terms offered them—should they not speedily settle their accounts, by calling at the Commissioner's Office, and agreeing to the balance thereon in the terms offered by the Government—render themselves liable to any alteration in these terms which may be thought advisable. September 17, 1855.

For Sale.

THAT beautifully situated FARM at Darnley, known as the subscriber's; it contains 100 acres of land in a high state of cultivation; it is a leasehold for 999 years, the yearly rent of which is £5 11s 1/2d, currency; there are on the premises a large two-story Dwelling House, a large and convenient Barn, with a Threshing Mill, and an out-house for a Granary. Also, a small FARM, containing 24 acres of freehold land, situated in Princeton Royalty, within a few chains of the Darnley Bridge. The above mentioned properties are well worth the attention of persons wishing to purchase. For further particulars enquire of Charlottetown, September 17. Wm. E. CLARK.

Sale of Valuable Estate.

TO BE SOLD by Public Auction, at the Colonial Building in Charlottetown, on Wednesday, the 7th day of November next, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon (if not previously disposed of by private sale) all that valuable and beautifully situated Leasehold Farm and Estate, known as Saint Cuthbert's, the property of Charles Braddock, Esq., containing 138 acres of land, together with the commodious Dwelling House, Grist and other Mills, and Premises situate thereon. The above property is bounded on the North by St. Peter's Road, and on the South by the Hillsborough River, and is about five miles distant from Charlottetown—and is too well known to require further description. It is held under lease for a long term of years of which 978 years are unexpired, subject to a yearly rent of one shilling sterling per acre.

For further particulars apply to the Subscribers (Trustees for sale, &c., under deed dated the seventeenth day of May, 1855), in Charlottetown, or to CHARLES BRADDOCK, Esq., on the Premises. JOHN LONGWORTH, JOSEPH HENSLEY.

TO BE SOLD.

AT Private Sale, and if not disposed of previously, then at Public Auction on the 1st day of May next, at Summer-side on the Premises—all that Lot of Land now in the possession of Mr William H Lane, having a breadth of 50 feet, and running back from the high road to the shore, with the two buildings thereon erected;—one of which is divided into three convenient tenements for business, and the office is at present occupied by Mr Lane as a dwelling house and dry goods store—being one of the best stands for business. The terms are—one half of the purchase money to be paid at time of sale, when a Deed will be given if required,—and the Balance, with interest, at six per cent, to be secured by Mortgage, payable in one year from date of Sale. For title, &c, please apply at the office of CHARLOTTETOWN, July 9. CHARLES YOUNG.

Dwelling House and Land near Charlot-

FOR SALE, the newly built and commodious Dwelling House in Charlottetown Royalty, late the residence of the Hon. Charles Hensley, together with eighteen acres of Land adjoining. The Dwelling House contains—Dining Room, Drawing Room and Study; two Kitchens, with Store-rooms, &c.; and Nine Bed-rooms. There is also Stables, Coach-house, Root-house, Pump, &c., on the premises. The distance from Charlottetown is rather less than one mile. Also to let from year to year, or for a term of years, as agreed upon, several Pasture Lots in Charlottetown Royalty, near the above Dwelling House. For Terms of Sale and Lease apply to the subscriber at the Attorney General's Office, Colonial Building, Charlottetown, July 30. JOSEPH HENSLEY.

Valuable Farm for Sale.

AN excellent FARM, consisting of 75 acres of Freehold Land, on the Emu Vale Road, Lot 65, twelve miles from Charlottetown, (40 acres of which are clear,) with a large DWELLING HOUSE, newly erected and completely finished, is now offered for sale, with immediate possession. For particulars apply to JOHN KENNY, Central Academy. May 28.

Freehold for Sale.

THAT well known Freehold, of 55 acres, "EGLANTINE POINT," Fortune Bay, formerly owned by EDWARD ABELL, is now offered for sale, of which a good and valid title can be given. For further particulars apply to W. B. DEAN, Registered book 24, page 878. July 23.

Notice.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against trespassing on those lands situate on Lot or Township No. 46, the property of Captain Byrne, the heirs of Mrs. Taylor and of Miss Gun Cunningham, and lying between the western boundary of Major Cooke's land, and the eastern boundary of Lot 45. Any person or persons so found trespassing, will be prosecuted with the utmost rigour of the law. ROBERT STEWART, Agent for Captain Byrne, the heirs of Mrs. Taylor and Miss Gun Cunningham. Charlottetown, April 23.

HARRIS, BOWDITCH & Co., Commission Merchants,

RUSSIA WHARF,..... BOSTON. Particular attention is given to consignments of Vessels and Produce from the British Provinces; and the purchase and shipment of all kinds of Merchandize, with a general Insurance Agency. September 10.

GLOBE HOTEL, James W. Cairns,..... Proprietor,

KENT STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I. Pleasantly situated, and every comfort afforded at moderate cost. Horses and vehicles, for hire, in connection with the establishment. September 3.

JAMES MORRIS, Commission Merchant, General Agent and Auctioneer.

QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

WILLIAM KODERAN, Commission Merchant and General Agent,

GISBORNE & HENDERSON'S WHARF, ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND.

R. GUY MACLELLAN, Wholesale & Retail Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,

No. 73 CAMBRIDGE STREET, EAST CAMBRIDGE, MASS.

Card.

THE subscriber begs to inform the inhabitants of this City and the Island generally, that he is about commencing business on the corner of Great George and King Streets, the first corner south of H. Haszard, Esq.'s, and trusts by strict attention to business, and by keeping always on hand a good supply of GOODS, to merit a share of public patronage. Charlottetown, Sept. 24. GEORGE McDOUGALL.

Thomas McEachern

BEGS leave to inform the gentlemen of Charlottetown that he has just arrived from the United States, where he has had many years experience in all kinds of House, Sign and Ornamental Painting. Graining, Marbling, Paper Hanging and Glazing done at the shortest notice and in the neatest manner. 1m September 10.

WANTED TO BORROW—from £200 to £300, in one or more sums, on first rate security. Apply (by letter only) to "A. B.," Islander Office. 3w Sept. 24.

THE EXAMINER IS PRINTED AND PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY BY EDWARD WHELAN, AT HIS OFFICE, KENT STREET, NEARLY OPPOSITE MR. COLES'S BREWERY. Price Fifteen Shillings per Annum; Payable Half Yearly IN ADVANCE