

THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 2. CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 26, 1877. NO 191.

ROYAL HOTEL,

King Square, Saint John.

I HAVE much pleasure in informing my numerous friends and the public generally, that I have leased the Hotel formerly known as the CONTINENTAL, and thoroughly renovated the same, making it, as the ROYAL always had the reputation of being, one of the best Hotels in the Provinces.

Excellent Bill of Fare, First-class Wines, Liquors and Cigars, and superior accommodation.

Blackhall's Livery Stable attached.

THOS. F. RAYMOND.

July 3, 1877—6m

American & Foreign Patents.

Gilmore, Smith & Co., Successors to Chipman, Hosmer & Co.

PATENTS procured in all countries. No fee in advance. No charge for services until the patent is granted. Preliminary examinations free. Our valuable pamphlet sent free upon receipt of stamp.

Address, GILMORE, SMITH & CO., Washington, D. C.

ARRAERS OF PAY, BOUNTY, ETC.

FEDERAL Officers, Soldiers and Sailors of the late war, or their heirs, are in many cases entitled to money from the Government, which has been found to be due since final payment. Write full history of service and state amount of pay and bounty received.

Certificates of Adjutant General U. S. A. showing service and honorable discharge therefrom, in place of discharge lost, procured for a small fee.

Enclose stamp to Gilmore & Co., and full reply, with blanks, will be sent free.

PENSIONS. PENSIONS.

ALL Federal Officers, Soldiers and Sailors, wounded, ruptured, or injured, in the line of duty in the late war, and disabled thereby, can obtain a pension.

Widows, and minor children of Officers, Soldiers and Sailors, who have died since discharge of disease contracted or wounds and injuries received in the service and in the line of duty, can procure pensions by addressing Gilmore & Co. Increased rates for pensioners obtained. Bounty Land Warrants procured for service in wars prior to March 3, 1855. There are no warrants granted for service in the late rebellion.

Send stamp to Gilmore & Co., Washington D. C., full instructions.

July 24 1877.

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC

WHILE taking this opportunity of thanking our numerous customers for the liberal patronage in which they have patronized

OUR NEW STUDIO,

we would inform them that we have now increased facilities for the production of first-class work, and are prepared to make PHOTOGRAPHS of a Style and Quality that has never before attempted in this City.

We have on exhibition, at our Rooms, a large number of Photographs of every variety, including the

BEAUTIFUL PHOTO-ENAMEL

the most beautiful style of Photograph known, possessing a softness and delicacy of coloring that has never been equalled. This elegant picture has become deservedly popular elsewhere, and cannot fail to become so here.

Though the finish of our Photographs cannot be excelled, we would direct attention to the beautiful

Glace Pictures

which we make. They possess a highly enamelled surface, and are practically undestructible, and will retain their freshness and beauty for any length of time. If they become soiled they can easily be cleaned, as they will not lose any of their beauty by being wet. This valuable quality, combined with their remarkable elegance, make them very suitable for presents; while the difficulty of their production will prevent them ever becoming so common as to lessen their value. Our patrons can have one or all of their Photos finished in this style—an advantage which cannot be obtained elsewhere.

We give special attention to making Groups of Families, Societies, Schools, &c.

Our pictures of children are sufficient evidence of our success in this difficult branch of our art.

Our ENLARGEMENTS, finished in India Ink, Pastel, Crayon, Oil and Water Colors, have made a favorable reputation for them selves throughout the Lower Provinces.

Parties intending to have Photographs made will find it to their advantage to sit early, as the number of our customers makes some delay in the delivery of the Photos unavoidable. We prefer to have our sitters come by appointment.

Photographs can be obtained for less money elsewhere; but in this case we ask that quality be given the preference; assuring the public that they will find our charges very moderate.

ROSS BROS., Cor. Queen and Dorchester Streets, opposite Connolly's Bank.

Sept. 19, 1877—3m eod

Coarse Salt for Packing.

FIFTY TONS Coarse Salt, three hundred Bags do.

For sale by

HASZARD BROS.

Dec. 8, 1877—1m eod

HERRING! HERRING!

FOR SALE AT

W. W. CLARKE'S.

Water St., Ch'town, Dec. 1—eod tf

GROCERIES.

31 Hhds. SUGAR,

25 Bbls. do.,

235 Packages TEA.

135 Boxes RAISINS,

10 Bbls. CURRANTS,

All of Finest quality and at lowest figure

BEER & SONS.

Ch'town, Nov. 30, 1877.

SEE HERE MEN!

IF you want SLEIGHS or CARRIAGES

made of best American Wood, in latest style, or your Horse Shod in FIRST-CLASS STYLE, call on the undersigned. All work warranted or no pay.

J. C. KEEFE,

North side Queen's Square.

Ch'town, Dec. 5, 1877.

HAY! HAY!

FOR SALE AT

W. W. CLARKE'S.

Water St., Ch'town, Dec. 1—eod tf

CHRISTMAS

—AND—

NEW YEARS

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S are coming. We begin to think about our presents. LEWIS has a large stock of splendid Chromos, Steel Engravings, and Lithographs, large and small. They are a choice collection—something new. Prices to suit the times.

Mouldings

He has Ten Thousand feet of Mouldings, thirty different patterns, all new, suitable for all kinds of pictures. Frames will be made and sold for 25 per cent. lower than any other place in the city.

Frames.

Fancy Frames, all sizes and kinds, from 1 upwards.

Albums, Mottoes.

Brackets, Wall Pockets, Cards, and Transfer Pictures in great variety.

Photographs

and GLACE PICTURES. If you want a good Photograph, go to LEWIS' and you will get it. He has the best facilities in the city for making Pictures; besides, he knows how to make them. His specimens are all his own work, as you will see by calling and looking at them. You will know them all.

Special attention given to Children's Pictures and Family Groups.

Old Pictures copied and enlarged, finished in India ink, water colors, oil, or crayon.

Also, the Photo-Enamel Picture. Persons wishing to learn to make the Photo-Enamel Picture can be taught in one lesson, for \$2. No art required.

For Sale, pictures of MR. & MRS. D. BANKS MCKENZIE, large or small.

Don't forget the place—Upper Great George street (Thomas' Old Stand).

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

—AND—

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS!

IN GREAT ABUNDANCE,

AT HARVIE'S BOOKSTORE.

Ch'town, Dec. 20, 1877.

Labrador Herring!

JUST RECEIVED,

230 BBLs. LABRADOR and Boone Bay

HERRING.

24 H. Bbls. do.

B. WILSON HIGGS.

Ch'town, Dec. 19, 1877.

DIGBIES!

100 BBLs. FRESH DIGBIES,

For sale CHEAP

F. S. HANFORD & CO.

Ch'town, Dec. 21—2i

House to Let.

OF eight rooms, in good repair, lately occupied by Mr. A. McDougall. Immediate possession given. Apply to Mrs. A. McDougall, or the undersigned. None but a careful and good tenant need apply.

RICHARD WEEKS.

Charlottetown, Dec. 13, 1877.—tf

CHEAPEST YET!

IN order to reduce our Large Stock, we will sell, at a great reduction on former prices.

We will sell—

Good Gray Cotton, from 4 1-2 cts.

Good White Cotton, from 8 cts.

Good Print Cotton, from 8 cts.

Good Heavy Winceys, from 6 1-2 cts.

Good Tweed Dress Goods, 7 1-2 cts.

Boy's Winter Tweed, 25 cts.

Heavy Winter Shawls, \$1.25.

All Wool Flannel, 20 cts.

—ALSO—

SCARFS, CLODS, GLOVES

VERY CHEAP.

All other goods at proportionately low prices.

Buying our goods for Cash, we are in a position to sell all goods at our bottom prices.

J. B. MACDONALD,

QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN.

Dec. 7—no pat

A. MCNEILL,

Auctioneer and Commission Merchant

NO. 1 QUEEN STREET.

CHARLOTTETOWN. P. E. ISLAND

—AUCTION SALES, of all descriptions, attended to in city and country at moderate rates.

May 21, 1877.

MORTGAGE SALE.

TO be Sold, by PUBLIC AUCTION on

TUESDAY, the 12th day of FEBRUARY,

1878 at the Court House in Charlottetown,

at 12 o'clock, noon, of the same day,

under and by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage, dated the 3rd day of January, 1860, and made between

PETER MCLEOD and Mary his wife, of the one part, and JOHN KNIGHT, now deceased, of the other part—All that Piece and Parcel of Land being part of Township No. 45, and situated near the head of Souris River, bounded on the west and north by land then in occupation of Donald McCracken, and on the east by land then in the possession of Angus McDonald, and on the south by Souris River—containing fifty-one acres of land, being the farm then and until lately in occupation of the said Peter McLeod, together with all the Buildings and Appurtenances connected therewith.

For terms and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Hodgson & McLeod.

Dated 9th day of November 1877.

JAMES MCFARLANE,

EDWARD J. HODGSON,

VERNON H. KNIGHT,

Trustees and Devises under the will of the late John Knight.

Nov. 10—t sale

GENERAL AGENCY NOTICE.

I BEG to announce to the TRADE of this

City, and the Island generally, that on the 2nd of JANUARY I will have a complete

ASSORTMENT OF SAMPLES,

of the following lines of Goods for Spring and Summer:

English & Canadian

TWEEDS & WOOLLENS,

BOOTS & SHOES,

AMERICAN COTTONS,

Readymade Clothing

AMERICAN

RUBBER GOODS,

IN GREAT VARIETY.

Tobacco & Cigars, Confectionery,

Coffee & Spices, Naval Stores,

Teas, Sugars.

I am also SOLE AGENT for the Lower Provinces for WYATT & Co's (London) CELEBRATED

Pickles, Sauces, Jellies, Etc.,

—AND—

E. James & Son's (Plymouth) celebrated

STARCH, BLUE & DOME LEAD.

This Notice is only to the Trade—no Retail orders being solicited or accepted.

Sample Rooms at No. 9 Queen St., over the Office of Messrs. Hyndman Brothers.

JOHN H. CATHRAE,

Ch'town, Nov. 23, 1877—w & l w e o

SELECTED POETRY.

THE OLD FOGGY.

The old foggy sits in the chimney nook croaking,

As he thinks o' the days tha's awa';

He shakes his auld pow at the laughin' and spooning

O' the youngsters who loodly do crawl;

For weel does he ken a' the world's queer changes,—

He ta was a youngster langsyne,—

An' into the past his auld noodle whiles ranges,

An' thinks o' the days o' his prime.

He minds o' the days when he laughed at the fogies,

Wi' their white powdered hair and their queene, Knee-breeches and buckles, an' monie queer toggies,

That looks funny in his youthful view.

But weel does he ken that the hearts were aye true then

An' may be less sham in thae days,

For the auld world fogies to them wha best knew them,

Proved honest and true in their ways.

Ere the "iron horse" yet had astonished the world,

Screaming wildly o'er river and sea,

The foggy in business ne'er cheated and quarried,

But turned an honest bawbee.

Yet the world went roun' e'en as happy and gay then,

Perhaps wi' a less poupsous air.

For the fogies together they aft took their way then,

An' merrily danced at the fair.

For the foggy was fond o' a hearty guid laughin'.

An' rich honest shake o' the hand,

Could crack a guid joke, an' was proof o' sma, chaffin',

Spoke the tongue o' his ain native land.

As ne'er was afraid whare'er fortune might place him,

Whatever might fa' ta his lot.

Though riches and honours wi' favours might grace him,

Tae proclaim himself proudly a Scor.

Maritime Union.

The Halifax Chronicle reports that the Nova Scotia delegates were cordially received at Fredericton by the New Brunswick Government, all the members of which were present to discuss the important question.

The New Brunswick gentlemen explained at the outset that as they had no authority from their Legislature to move in the matter, the present discussion must necessarily be of an informal character.

They were, however, glad to meet the Nova Scotians, and felt that the visit of the delegation to Fredericton—especially as it represented both parties in Nova Scotia—gave an impetus to the union movement which brought it within the sphere of practical politics.

The financial position of the two Provinces were fully discussed and the conference satisfied that there were no financial difficulties in the way of union, the two Provinces standing on about equal terms in this respect.

In regard to Prince Edward Island, there was a general desire that that Province should join in the movement, but the opinion prevailed that if P. E. Island was unwilling to do so, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick might unite and trust to the Island coming in.

The question of the united Provinces was suggested as one that might be difficult to deal with. The New Brunswickers, perhaps not very seriously, said that if the Nova Scotians would consent to the selection of Fredericton the matter might be considered as settled.

The Nova Scotians, of course, were unable to comply with the wishes of their New Brunswick friends in this respect. They intimated that the question might be left to be determined at the first session of the united Parliament. This was considered to be objectionable by the New Brunswickers, who thought that, as Nova Scotia would have the largest number of members, Halifax would certainly be chosen as the capital.

The suggestion was then made by the Nova Scotians that the matter be left to Her Majesty the Queen. Again the New Brunswickers objected, on the ground that as the Imperial authorities were better acquainted with Halifax than with the other cities, Halifax would certainly be chosen by Her Majesty. The Governor-General was next mentioned as an arbitrator, but this also failed to meet with favor among the New Brunswickers. On this question no progress was made. There was some conversation respecting a plan of union—the Houses of Parliament, number and pay of members, salaries of officials, &c.—but of course nothing like a definite scheme was drawn up.

The conference was merely a preliminary one, designed to bring the public men of the Provinces together and initiate a practical discussion of the question. Further conferences will probably be authorized by the Legislatures of the two Provinces, and the question will then assume a shape in which the people can be invited to pass upon it at the polls.

A traveller, going to bed, was surprised to see a ghost, which—or who—in a sepulchral tone, began, "I am the spirit of one who was foully murdered here."

"That's no business of mine," said the traveller, turning round on his pillow.

"Apply to the proper quarter. Good night."

Age makes us tolerant; I never see a fault which I did not commit.

Terrible Explosion.

There was a terrible explosion in New York, on the 10th, in Greenfield and Steven's five story candy manufactory, Barclay street. A boiler burst tearing away the entire front, and scattering the wreck. The firm employed about 300 hands, mostly girls and boys. Many of them jumped into the fire, others were thrown into the street and buried among the ruins. Thirty-six wounded and one dead were secured up to 1.35 last evening and lodged in the Chambers St. Hospital. Others were sent to Bellevue and other hospitals. A total of fully 125 will be reached. Few escaped uninjured. Until the wreck is cleared it cannot be stated how many are dead.

FACTS AND SCRAPS.

If you think you are too tall marry an extravagant woman, and you will soon find yourself short enough.

The "bounds" of propriety.—Dancing in a long dress.

Unkindness in a woman's heart ought to be a thing unknown.

Although a woman's age is undeniably her own, she never owns it.

It takes all the enjoyment out of a game of croquet to hear it called "an amusement within the reach of the feeblest intellects."

Lightning never strikes twice in the same place, it generally happening that there is nothing there the second time to hit.

"In the sentence 'John strikes William,'" remarked a school teacher, "what is the object of strikes?" "Higher wages and less work," promptly replied the intelligent youth.

"Thought I'd leave my measure on your floor," said a man who fell down in a bar-room. "No necessity for that," said the barmaid, "we know exactly how much you hold."

"A soft answer turneth away wrath," yet a man caught by his wife dealing soft answers to a pretty widow next door says he can show scars to prove that the proverb didn't work well in his case.

He who freely praises what he means to purchase, and he who enumerates the faults of what he has to sell, may set up a partnership with honesty.

Three things principally determine the quality of a man—the leading object which he proposes to himself in life, the manner in which he sets about accomplishing it, and the effect which success or failure has upon him.

A clergyman in Washington, being about to baptize a child, asked the father, "What is your name?" "Thomas Maguire, sir," replied the man. "Well, Thomas, do you spell your name with a big 'G' or a little 'g'?" inquired the minister. "I'd like it middling large, if you please sir," answered the devoted parent.

A noted miser who felt obliged to make a present to a lady, entered a crockery store for the purpose of making a purchase. Seeing a statuette broken into a dozen pieces, he asked the price. The salesman said it was worthless, but he could have it for the cost of packing it into a box. The miser directed it to be sent with his card to the lady, congratulating himself that she would imagine that it was broken while on its way to her. He dropped in to see the effect. The tradesman had carefully wrapped each piece in a separate piece of paper—tableau.

AN IRISH BULL.—At the Middlesex Sessions recently the Judge asked an Irish policeman named O'Connell, "When did you last see your sister?" The policeman replied, "The last time I saw her, my lord, was about eight months ago, when she called at my house and I was out." Here the Court broke into a roar of laughter. The Judge rallied to the charge by asking, "Then you did not see her on that occasion?" Breathless pause till the Irishman answered, "No, my lord, I was not there," at which everybody roared again.

THE QUAKER'S ADDRESS TO HIS WATCH-MAKER.—I hereby send thee my pocket clock, which standeth in need of thy friendly correction. The last time it was at thy friendly school it was in no way benefited or profited thereby, for I perceive by the index of its mind that it is a liar, and the truth is not in it. Purge it, therefore, I beseech thee, and correct it from the error of its ways, and show it the path wherein it should go; and when thou layest thy correcting hand upon it, see that it be without passion, lest thou shouldst drive it to destruction; and when thou seest it conformable to the above-mentioned rules send it home to me with a just and true bill, drawn out in the spirit of moderation, and I will remit it thee in the root of all evil.